

SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER

Class X Session 2023-24

MATHEMATICS STANDARD (Code No.041)

TIME: 3 hours

MAX.MARKS: 80

General Instructions:

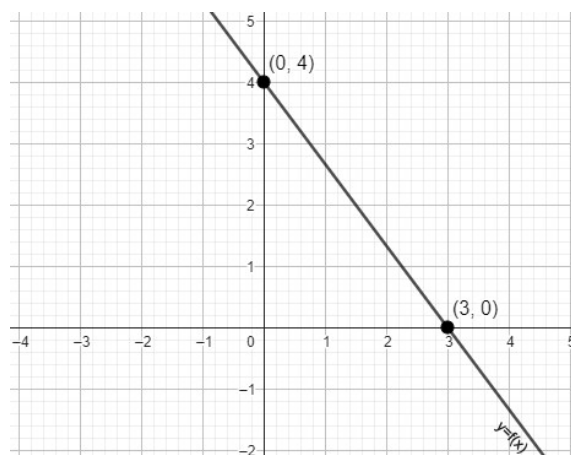
1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A, B, C, D and E.
2. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each
3. Section B has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
5. Section D has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
6. Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with sub-parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
7. All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 Qs of 5 marks, 2 Qs of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2marks questions of Section E
8. Draw neat figures wherever required. Take $\pi = 22/7$ wherever required if not stated.

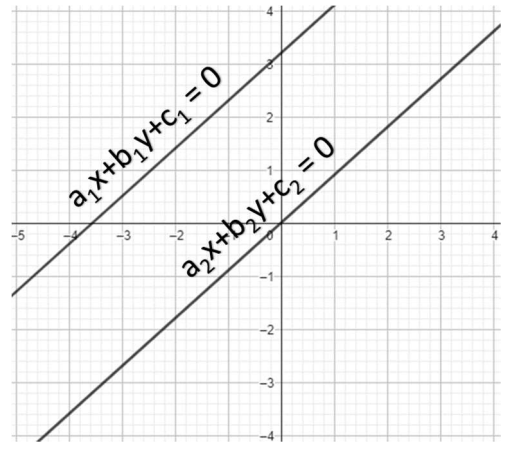
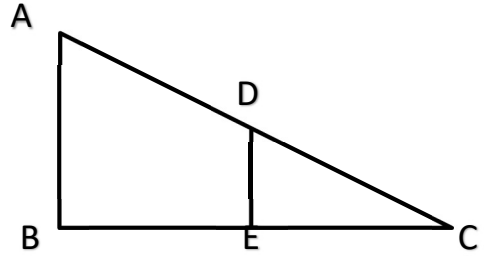
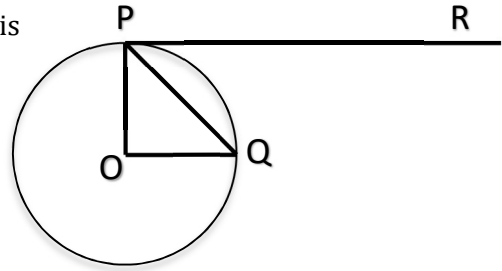
SECTION A

Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each.

1. If two positive integers a and b are written as $a = x^3y^2$ and $b = xy^3$, where x, y are prime numbers, then the result obtained by dividing the product of the positive integers by the LCM (a, b) is
- (a) xy (b) xy^2 (c) x^3y^3 (d) x^2y^2

2. The given linear polynomial $y = f(x)$ has
- (a) 2 zeros
- (b) 1 zero and the zero is '3'
- (c) 1 zero and the zero is '4'
- (d) No zero



3.	<p>The lines representing the given pair of linear equations are non-intersecting. Which of the following statements is true?</p> <p>(a) $\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} = \frac{c_1}{c_2}$</p> <p>(b) $\frac{a_1}{a_2} = \frac{b_1}{b_2} \neq \frac{c_1}{c_2}$</p> <p>(c) $\frac{a_1}{a_2} \neq \frac{b_1}{b_2} = \frac{c_1}{c_2}$</p> <p>(d) $\frac{a_1}{a_2} \neq \frac{b_1}{b_2} \neq \frac{c_1}{c_2}$</p>		1
4.	<p>The nature of roots of the quadratic equation $9x^2 - 6x - 2 = 0$ is:</p> <p>(a) No real roots</p> <p>(b) 2 equal real roots</p> <p>(c) 2 distinct real roots</p> <p>(d) More than 2 real roots</p>		1
5.	<p>Two APs have the same common difference. The first term of one of these is -1 and that of the other is -8. The difference between their 4th terms is</p> <p>(a) 1</p> <p>(b) -7</p> <p>(c) 7</p> <p>(d) 9</p>		1
6.	<p>What is the ratio in which the line segment joining $(2, -3)$ and $(5, 6)$ is divided by x-axis?</p> <p>(a) 1:2</p> <p>(b) 2:1</p> <p>(c) 2:5</p> <p>(d) 5:2</p>		1
7.	<p>A point (x, y) is at a distance of 5 units from the origin. How many such points lie in the third quadrant?</p> <p>(a) 0</p> <p>(b) 1</p> <p>(c) 2</p> <p>(d) infinitely many</p>		1
8.	<p>In $\triangle ABC$, $DE \parallel AB$. If $AB = a$, $DE = x$, $BE = b$ and $EC = c$. Then x expressed in terms of a, b and c is:</p> <p>(a) $\frac{ac}{b}$</p> <p>(b) $\frac{ac}{b+c}$</p> <p>(c) $\frac{ab}{c}$</p> <p>(d) $\frac{ab}{b+c}$</p>		1
9.	<p>If O is centre of a circle and Chord PQ makes an angle 50° with the tangent PR at the point of contact P, then the angle subtended by the chord at the centre is</p> <p>(a) 130°</p> <p>(b) 100°</p> <p>(c) 50°</p> <p>(d) 30°</p>		1