$$\begin{split} \delta \text{Cov}[\Delta \Sigma(R_n, z_{\text{l}}), \Delta \Sigma(R_{n'}, z_{\text{l'}})] \\ = \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{s}}} \int \frac{l dl}{2\pi} \hat{J}_2 \left(l \frac{R_n}{\chi_{\text{l}}} \right) \hat{J}_2 \left(l \frac{R_{n'}}{\chi_{\text{l'}}} \right) \Sigma_{\text{cr}}(z_{\text{s}}, z_{\text{l}}) \Sigma_{\text{cr}}(z_{\text{s}}, z_{\text{l'}}) \\ \left\{ 2(\alpha_{l'} - 1) C_{\text{g}\kappa_{\text{s}}}(l, z_{\text{l}}) C_{\kappa_{\text{l}}\kappa_{\text{s}}}(l, z_{\text{l'}}) + 2(\alpha_{\text{l}} - 1) C_{\kappa_{\text{l}}\kappa_{\text{l}}}(l, z_{\text{l}}) C_{\kappa_{\text{s}}\kappa_{\text{s}}}(l, z_{\text{l'}}) \right. \\ \times \left. \left\{ + (2(\alpha_{l'} - 1) C_{\text{g}\kappa_{\text{l}}}(l, z_{\text{l}}, z_{\text{l'}}) + 2(\alpha_{\text{l}} - 1) C_{\text{g}\kappa_{\text{l}}}(l, z_{\text{l'}}, z_{\text{l'}}) \right) \left(C_{\kappa_{\text{s}}\kappa_{\text{s}}}(l) + \frac{\sigma_{\text{s}}^2}{\bar{n}_{\text{s}}^2} \right) \end{split}$$

 \mathbf{w}

 $\left(+4(\alpha_{1}-1)(\alpha_{1'}-1) \left[C_{\kappa_{1}\kappa_{1}}(l,z_{1},z_{1'}) \left(C_{\kappa_{8}\kappa_{8}}(l) + \frac{\sigma_{\epsilon}^{2}}{\bar{n}_{s}} \right) + C_{\kappa_{1}\kappa_{8}}(l,z_{1}) C_{\kappa_{1}\kappa_{8}}(l,z_{1'}) \right] \right) \right]$

$$C_{\mathrm{g}\kappa_{\mathrm{s}}}(l, z_{\mathrm{l}}) = \frac{W_{\mathrm{s}}(\chi_{\mathrm{l}})}{\chi_{\mathrm{l}}^{2}} P_{\mathrm{gm}}\left(\frac{l}{\chi_{\mathrm{l}}}, z_{\mathrm{l}}\right) \tag{D9}$$

$$C_{\kappa_1,\kappa_s}(l,z_1) = \int d\chi \frac{W_s(\chi)W_1(\chi)}{\chi^2} P_{\text{mm}}^{\text{NL}} \left(\frac{l}{\chi},z\right)$$
(D10)

$$C_{g\kappa_1}(l, z_1, z_{l'}) = \frac{W_{l'}(\chi)}{\chi_1^2} P_{gm}\left(\frac{l}{\chi_1}, z_1\right) \Theta(z_{l'} - z_1) \quad (D11)$$

$$C_{\kappa_s \kappa_s}(l) = \int d\chi \frac{W_s(\chi)^2}{\chi^2} P_{mm}\left(\frac{l}{\chi}, z_1\right) \tag{D12}$$

$$C_{\kappa_1\kappa_1}(l,z_1,z_{1'}) = \int \mathrm{d}\chi \frac{W_1(\chi)W_{1'}(\chi)}{\chi^2} P_{\mathrm{gm}}\left(\frac{l}{\chi},z\right).$$
(D12)

The Bessel function averaged over n-th radial bin range, $\{R_{\rm n,min}, R_{\rm n,max}\}$, is defined as

$$\hat{J}_2(kR_n) = \frac{2}{R_{\text{n,min}}^2 - R_{\text{n,max}}^2} \int_{R_{\text{n,min}}}^{R_{\text{n,max}}} RdR J_2(kR).$$
(D1.