# Introduction to Graph Databases with Neo4j

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http://legacy.joind.in/event/view/4525

https://github.com/michaelmoussa/talks/tree/master/intro-to-graph-databases-with-neo4j

#### About me

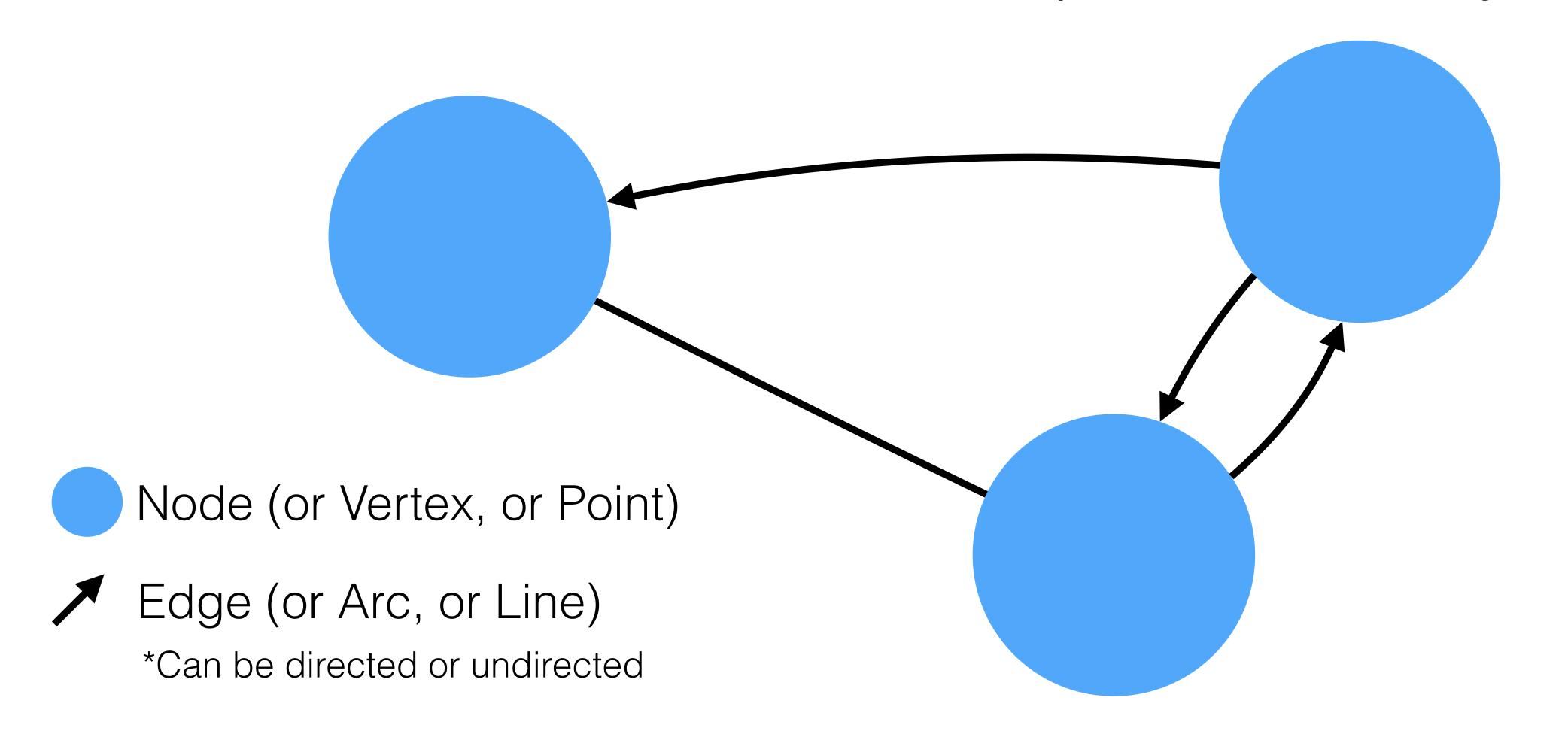
- Web application developer for 16 years
- Senior Software Engineer Payments, **(IIIIII)**



Neo4j Certified Professional

#### What is a Graph?

Structure that models relationships between objects



#### Graph Theory

Study of graphs and their applications

Used to model various problems in biology, chemistry, physics, etc.

Leonhard Euler (1707-1783) considered the "father" of graph theory

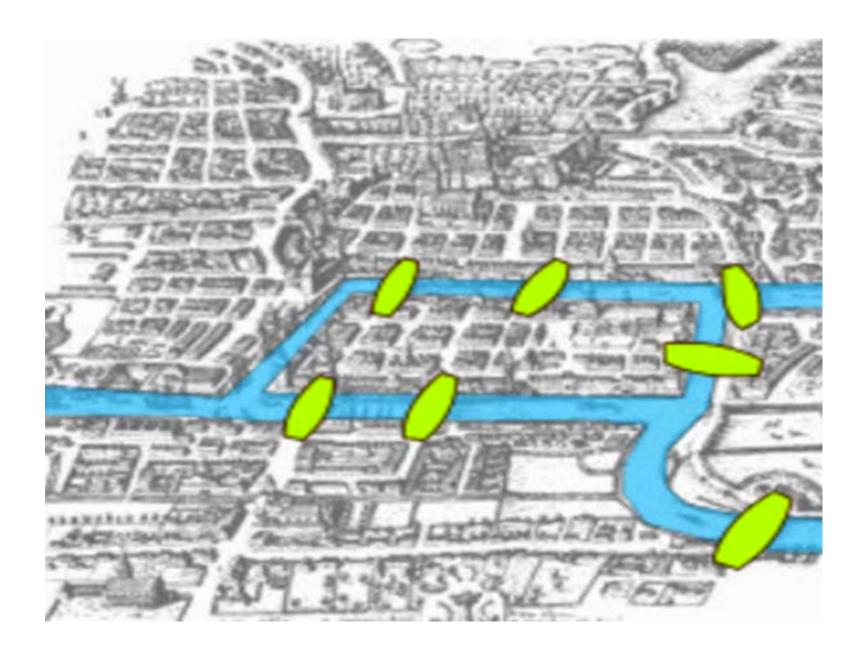


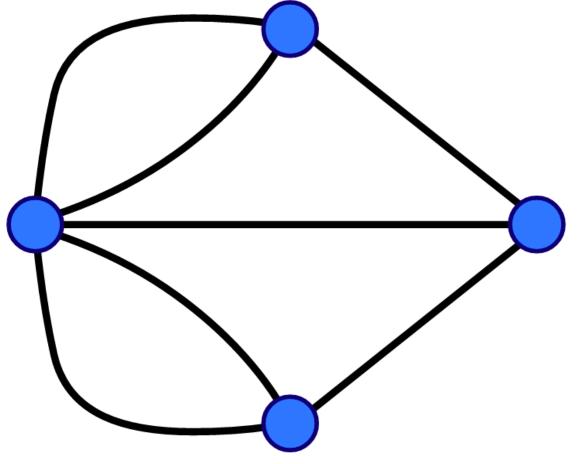
#### Seven Bridges of Königsberg

Can you walk through the city crossing each and every bridge exactly once?

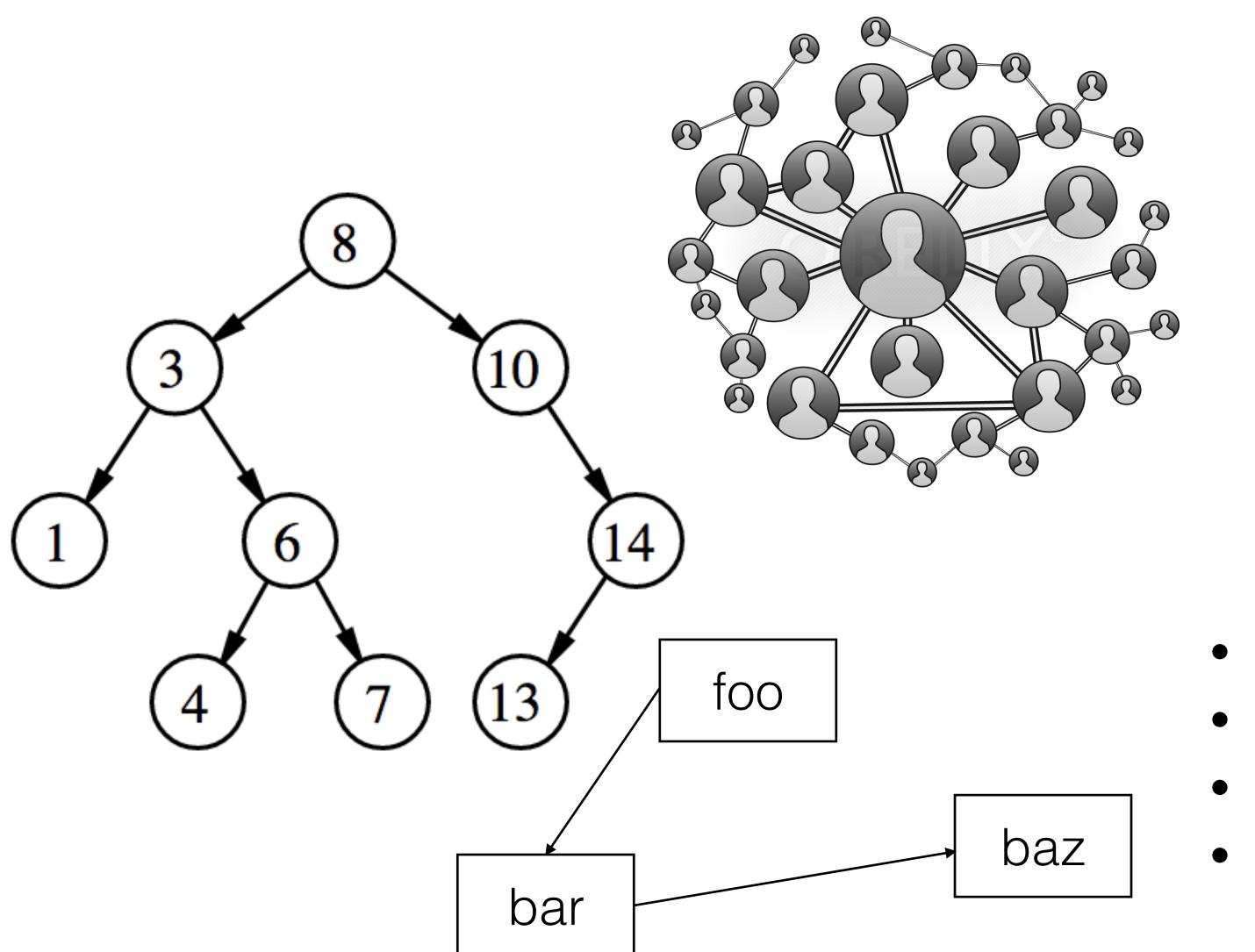
Euler proved in 1736 that the answer is "No".

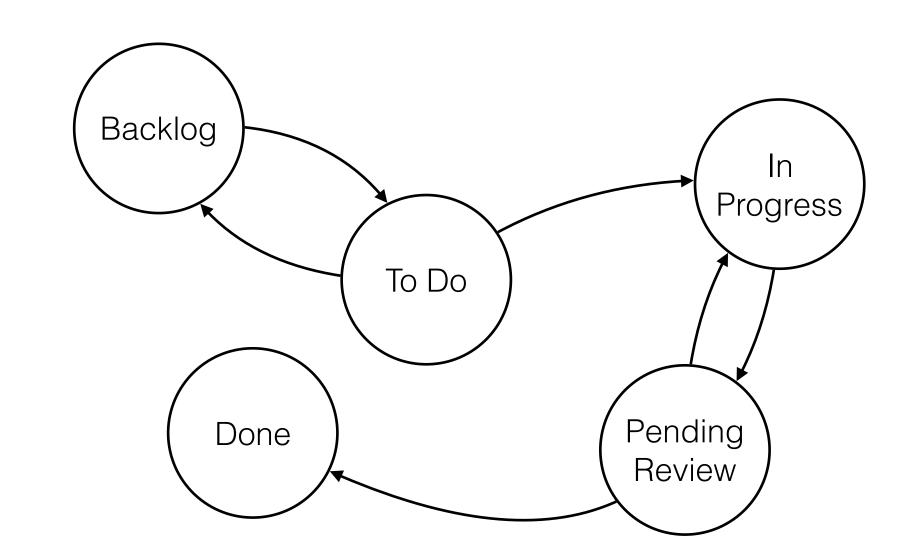
His solution is the first theorem of graph theory.





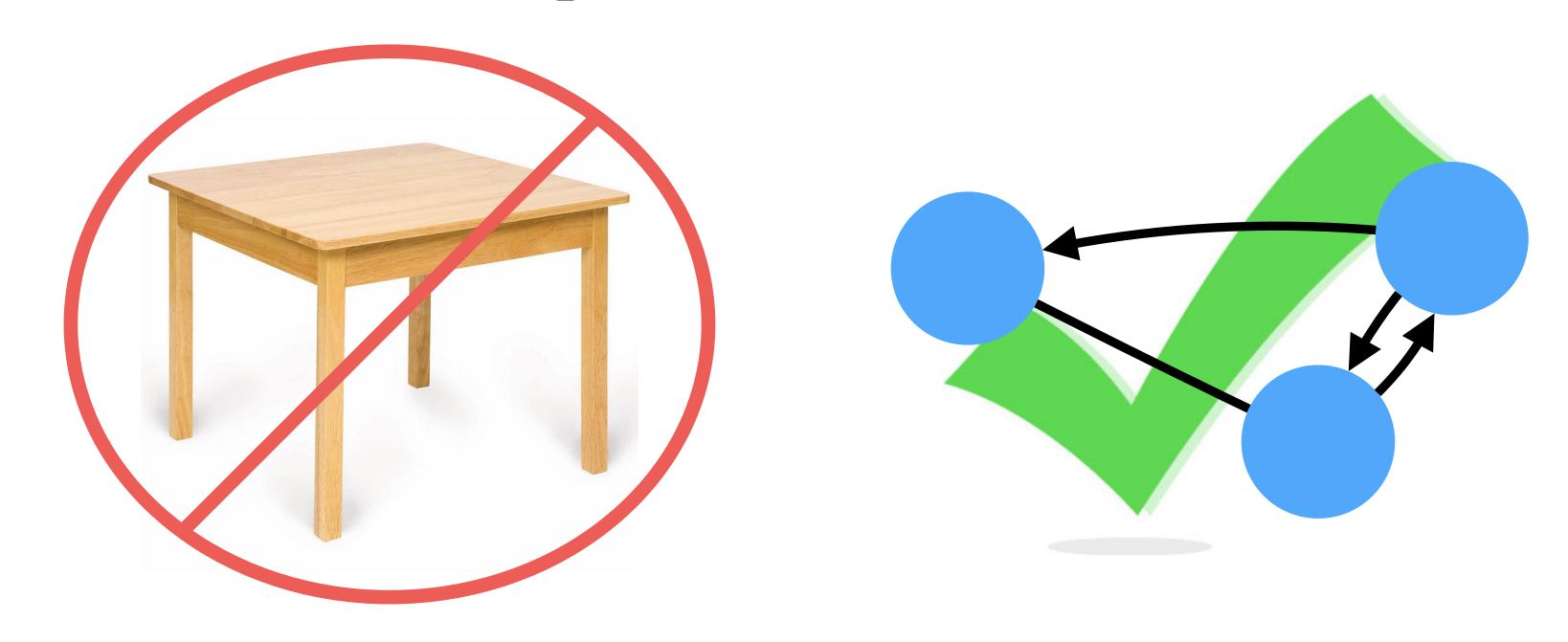
#### Graphs are Everywhere!





- Driving directions
- Production recommendations
- Financial fraud detection
- Identity and access management

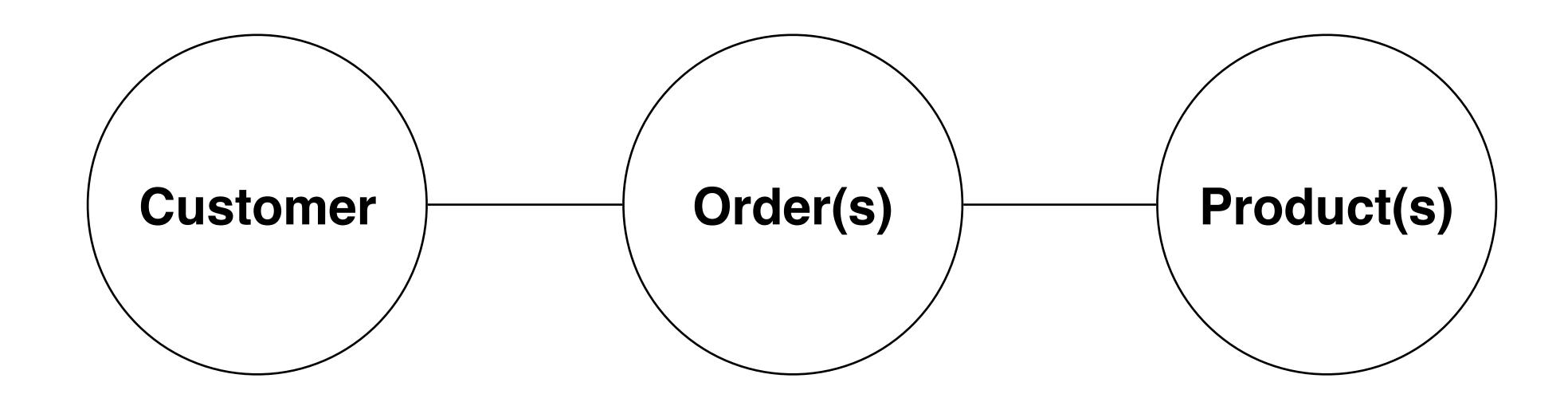
#### Graph Database



- Store information as nodes and relationships
- Relationships between data are first-class citizens

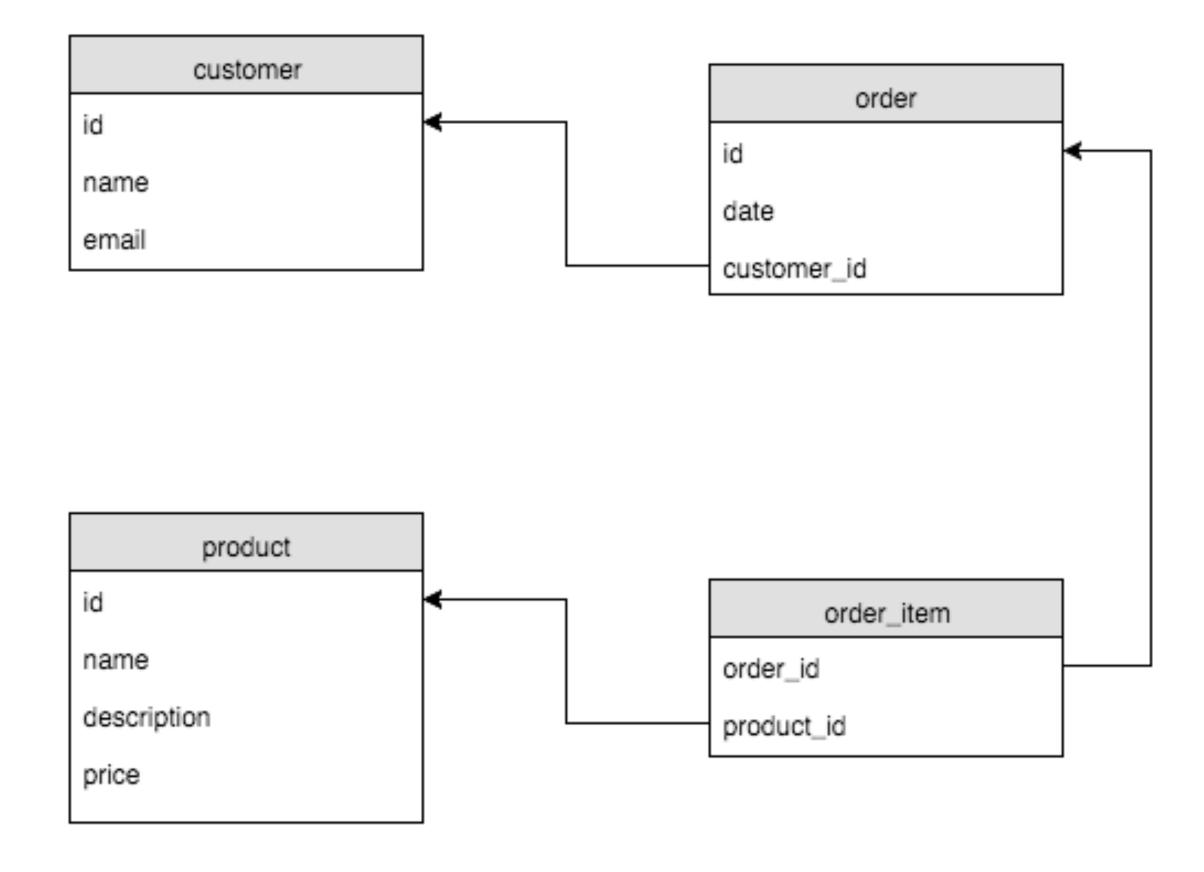
#### E-commerce Example

A customer places order(s) consisting of product(s)



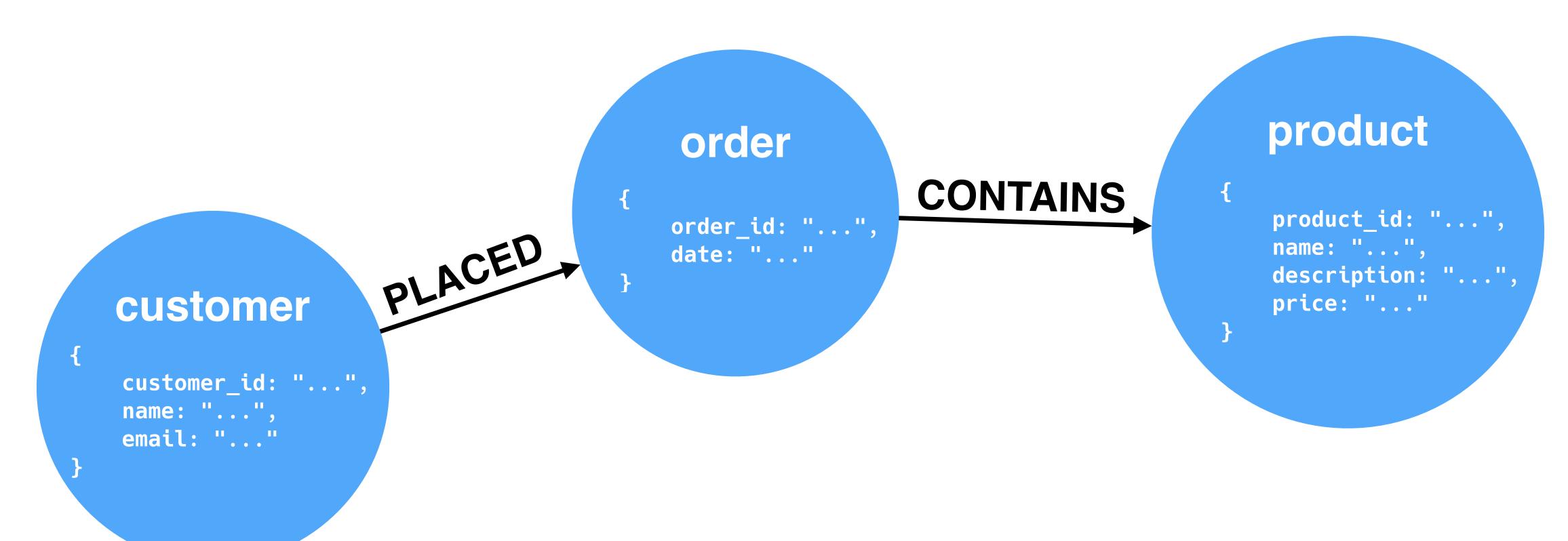
#### E-commerce Example

Modeling in a relational database



#### E-commerce Example

Modeling in a graph database



### E-commerce Example RDBMS Graph DB

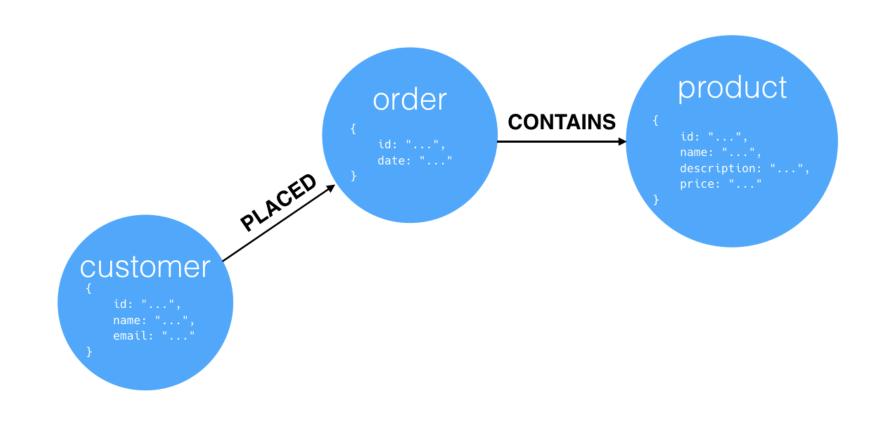
- Highly-structured
- Entities related via JOIN tables and foreign keys
  - customer
    id
    name
    email

    product
    id
    name
    description
    price

    order
    id
    date
    customer\_id

    order\_item
    order\_id
    product\_id

- Schemaless, flexible
- Relationships are as important as the data itself





The world's most popular graph database

- Native graph database
- Open source
- ACID compliant

- Powerful and expressive query language
- Excellent documentation
- Active community

#### Labeled Property Graph

- Entities are **nodes** containing various **properties**.
- Relationships connect those nodes to others, and are enhanced by properties of their own.
- Nodes are grouped with like nodes using <u>labels</u>.

#### Capacity

Nodes: ~34 billion

Relationships: ~34 billion

Properties: 68 billion - 274 billion (depending on datatype)

Relationship types: 65,000



































































































































































































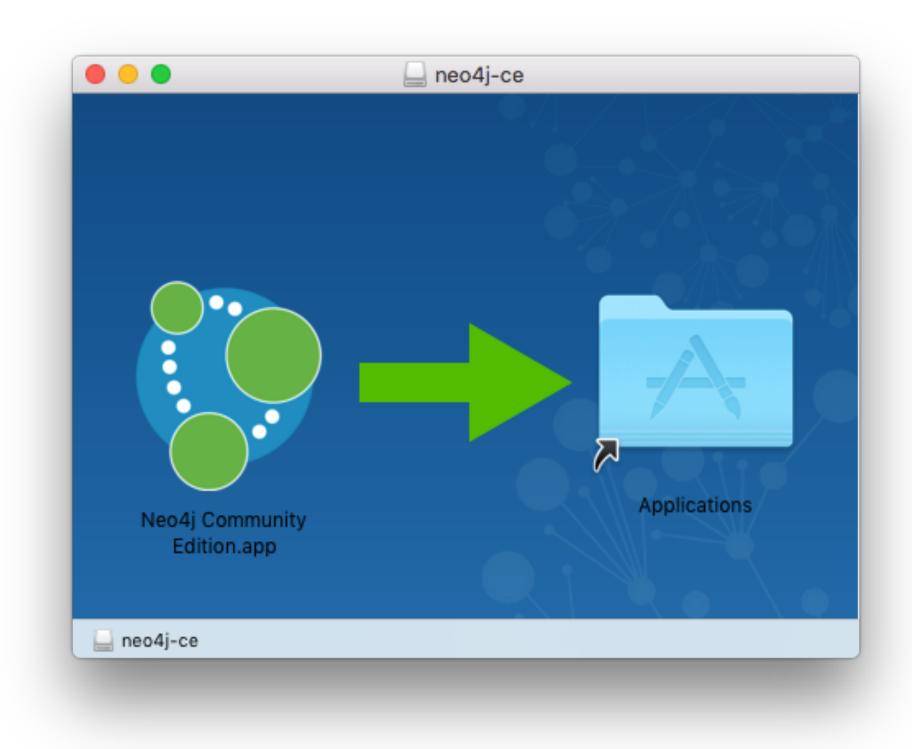




#### Cypher

- Neo4j's query language
- Declarative
- SQL-inspired
- Open source!
  - http://opencypher.org

#### Installing Neo4j



http://neo4j.com/download/

### 

#### Neo4j-PHP-Client

https://github.com/graphaware/neo4j-php-client

composer require graphaware/neo4j-php-client

#### It's a REST API behind the scenes...

```
$ curl --header "Authorization: Basic <....>" http://localhost:7474/db/data/
  "extensions" : { },
  "node": "http://localhost:7474/db/data/node",
  "node index": "http://localhost:7474/db/data/index/node",
  "relationship index": "http://localhost:7474/db/data/index/relationship",
  "extensions info": "http://localhost:7474/db/data/ext",
  "relationship types": "http://localhost:7474/db/data/relationship/types",
  "batch": "http://localhost:7474/db/data/batch",
  "cypher": "http://localhost:7474/db/data/cypher",
  "indexes": "http://localhost:7474/db/data/schema/index",
  "constraints": "http://localhost:7474/db/data/schema/constraint",
  "transaction": "http://localhost:7474/db/data/transaction",
  "node labels": "http://localhost:7474/db/data/labels",
  "neo4j version" : "2.3.2"
```

```
<?php
require once 'vendor/autoload.php';
use Neoxygen\NeoClient\ClientBuilder;
$client = ClientBuilder::create()
    ->addConnection(
        'default', 'http', 'localhost', 7474,
        true, 'username', 'password'
    ->setAutoFormatResponse(true)
    ->build();
```

```
$cypher = 'MATCH (bob:Customer {email: { email } })
                 -[:PLACED]->(order)
                 -[:CONTAINS]->(product)
           RETURN order.date,
                  COLLECT(product.name) AS product list';
$client->sendCypherQuery(
    $cypher,
    ['email' => 'bob@example.com']
);
$result = $client->getRows();
```

```
Array
    [order.date] => Array
             [0] = 2016-02-05
    [product_list] => Array
             [0] \Rightarrow Array
                      [0] => Dog biscuits
                      [1] => Squeaky dog toy
```

```
$cypher = 'MATCH (bob:Customer {email: { email } })
                 -[:PLACED]->(order)
                 -[:CONTAINS]->(product)
           RETURN order.date,
                  COLLECT(product.name) AS product list';
$client->sendCypherQuery(
    $cypher,
    ['email' => 'bob@example.com']
$result = $client->getResult()->getTableFormat();
```

```
Array
    [0] \Rightarrow Array
             [order.date] => 2016-02-05
             [product_list] => Array
                      [0] => Dog biscuits
                      [1] => Squeaky dog toy
```

#### Reference Material

- Official Documentation
  - http://neo4j.com/docs/stable
- Cypher Refcard
  - http://neo4j.com/docs/stable/cypherrefcard
- Online Training
  - http://neo4j.com/graphacademy/ online-training
- Neo4j Certification
  - http://neo4j.com/graphacademy/ neo4j-certification

- GraphGists
  - http://neo4j.com/graphgists
- Slack
  - https://neo4j-users-slackinvite.herokuapp.com
- Twitter
  - https://twitter.com/neo4j
- Chef Cookbook
  - https://supermarket.chef.io/ cookbooks/neo4j

# USE THE RIGHT TOOL FOR THE JOB

#### http://legacy.joind.in/event/view/4525

```
MATCH (:Attendee)-[:HAS]->(q:Question)
RETURN q.text;
```