Operator Related Problems

(Total 15 questions)

| 1. Program that will take two numbers X and Y as inputs, then calculate and print the values of their addition, subtraction, multiplication, division (quotient and reminder). Sample input (X,Y) | Difficulty levels | | | SL |
|---|-------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----|
| S 10 | * | | _ | 1. |
| Sample input (r) Sample output | | put | Sample input (X.Y) | |
| Multiplication: 50 Quotient: 0 Reminder: 5 -5 10.5 Addition: 5.5 Subtraction: -15.5 Multiplication: -52.5 Quotient: 0 Reminder: -48 | | | | |
| Quotient: 0 Reminder: 5 Addition: 5.5 Subtraction: -15.5 Multiplication: -52.5 Quotient: 0 Reminder: -48 -14 % 3 = -2 -14 % - | | : -5 | | |
| Reminder: 5 -5 10.5 Addition: 5.5 Subtraction: -15.5 Multiplication: -52.5 Quotient: 0 Reminder: -48 | | on: 50 | | |
| Addition: 5.5 Subtraction: -15.5 Multiplication: -52.5 Quotient: 0 Reminder: -48 -14 % 3 = -2 -14 % -3 = -2 -14 % -3 = 2 14 % -3 = 2 15 | | | | |
| Subtraction: -15.5 Multiplication: -52.5 Quotient: 0 Reminder: -48 * -14 % 3 = -2 * -14 % -3 = -2 * -14 % -3 = 2 * 14 % -3 | | | | |
| Multiplication: -52.5 Quotient: 0 Reminder: -48 \$\frac{-14 \% 3 = -2}{\display -14 \% -3 = -2} \display \dinploy \dinfly \display \dinploy \display \dinploy \display \display \dinpl | | | -5 10.5 | |
| Quotient: 0 Reminder: -48 | | | | |
| 2. Program that will calculate the area of a circle having radius r. | | | | |
| ♣ -14 % 3 = -2 ♣ -14 % -3 = -2 ♣ 14 % -3 = 2 ■ Area, A = 2 * Pi * r ■ Area: 31.4 ■ 10.5 ■ Area: 65.94 ■ Program that will take two numbers (a, b) as inputs and compute the value of the equation – (Without using math.h) ■ X = (3.31 * a² + 2.01 * b³) / (7.16 * b² + 2.01 * a³) ■ Sample input (a, b) ■ Sample output ■ 5 10.5 ■ Sample output ■ 5 10.5 ■ Sample output ■ 5 10.5 | | | | |
| 2. Program that will calculate the area of a circle having radius r. | | 70 | <u> </u> | |
| 2. Program that will calculate the area of a circle having radius r. Area, A = 2 * Pi * r Sample input (r) Sample output Area: 31.4 10.5 Area: 65.94 3. Program that will take two numbers (a, b) as inputs and compute the value of the equation – (Without using math.h) $X = (3.31 * a^2 + 2.01 * b^3) / (7.16 * b^2 + 2.01 * a^3)$ Sample input (a, b) Sample output 5 10.5 Sample output 5 10.5 X = 2.315475 | | ❖ -14 % 3 = -2 | | |
| 2. Program that will calculate the area of a circle having radius r. Area, A = 2 * Pi * r Sample input (r) 5 | | ❖ -14 % -3 = -2 | | |
| Area, A = 2 * Pi * r Sample input (r) Sample output Area: 31.4 10.5 Area: 65.94 Program that will take two numbers (a, b) as inputs and compute the value of the equation – (Without using math.h) $X = (3.31 * a^2 + 2.01 * b^3) / (7.16 * b^2 + 2.01 * a^3)$ Sample input (a, b) Sample output $X = (3.31 * a^2 + 2.01 * b^3) / (7.16 * b^2 + 2.01 * a^3)$ | | ❖ 14 % -3 = 2 | | |
| 5 Area: 31.4 10.5 Area: 65.94 3. Program that will take two numbers (a, b) as inputs and compute the value of the equation – (Without using math.h) $X = (3.31 * a^2 + 2.01 * b^3) / (7.16 * b^2 + 2.01 * a^3)$ Sample input (a, b) $5 10.5 Sample output$ $5 10.5 X = 2.315475$ | * | us r. | Program that will calculate the area | 2. |
| 5 Area: 31.4 10.5 Area: 65.94 3. Program that will take two numbers (a, b) as inputs and compute the value of the equation – (Without using math.h) $X = (3.31 * a^2 + 2.01 * b^3) / (7.16 * b^2 + 2.01 * a^3)$ Sample input (a, b) Sample output $5 10.5 Sample output$ $5 10.5 X = 2.315475$ | | put | Sample input (r) | |
| 3. Program that will take two numbers (a, b) as inputs and compute the value of the equation – (Without using math.h) $X = (3.31 * a^2 + 2.01 * b^3) / (7.16 * b^2 + 2.01 * a^3)$ Sample input (a, b) Sample output 5 10.5 X = 2.315475 | | | | |
| | | | 10.5 | |
| | | | | |
| 5 10.5 X = 2.315475 | * | | - (Without using math.h) | 3. |
| 5 10.5 X = 2.315475 | | put | Sample input (a, b) | |
| | | | | |
| | | | 100 -250 | |
| | | | | |

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| 4. | Program that will increm ++ and operators) | ent and decrement a number X by 1 inside the <i>printf</i> function. (Use | ** |
|----|--|--|----|
| | Sample input(X) | Sample output | |
| | 5 | X++: 5 | |
| | | ++X: 6 | |
| | | X: 5 | |
| | | X : 4 | |
| | -5 | X++: -5 | |
| | | ++X: -4 | |
| | | X: -5 | |
| | | X : -6 | |
| | | | |
| 5. | Program that will increm | ent and decrement a number X by Y . (Use += and -= operators) | * |
| | Sample input(X,Y) | Sample output | |
| | 5 10 | Incremented Value: 10 | |
| | | Decremented Value: -5 | |
| | -5 5 | Incremented Value: 0 | |
| | | Decremented Value: -10 | |
| 6. | Program that will multipl | y and divide a number X by Y . (Use *= and /= operators) | * |
| | Sample input(X,Y) | Sample output | |
| | 56 10 | Multiplication: 560 | |
| | | Division: 5 | |
| | -56 -10 | Multiplication: 560 | |
| | | Division: 5 | |
| | | | |
| 7. | | e and initialize an integer and a floating point number. Then it will er and integer to floating conversions using ation | ** |
| | Sample input | Sample output | |
| | -150 123.125 | Assignment: 123.125000 assigned to an int produces 123 | |
| | | Assignment: -150 assigned to a float produces -150.000000 | |
| | | Type Casting: (float) -150 produces -150.000000 | |
| | | Type Casting: (int) 123.125 produces -123 | |
| | | | |

| 8. | Program that will take two numbers conditional operator - ?) | as inputs and print the maximum value. (Using | ** |
|-----|--|--|-----|
| | Sample input (x, y) | Sample output | |
| | 20 100 | Max: 100 | |
| | 50 -20 | Max: 50 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 9. | Program that will evaluate the follow | ving equations - | * |
| | X | = a - b / 3 + c * 2 - 1 | |
| | Y = 1 | a – (b / (3 + c) * 2) - 1 | |
| | Ζ= | a – ((b / 3) + c * 2) - 1 | |
| | Sample input (a, b, c) | Sample output | |
| | 9 12 3 | X = 10 | |
| | | Y = 4 | |
| | | Z = -1 | |
| | | | |
| 10. | Program that will take a , b & c as inp | outs and decide if the statements are True (1) of False | ** |
| | (0) | | |
| | | a) $(a+b) \le 80$ | |
| | | b) $!(a+b) \le 60$ | |
| | | c) $c! = 0$ | |
| | | | |
| | Sample input (a, b, c) | Sample output | |
| | 10 -10 0 | a) 1 | |
| | | b) 1 | |
| | | c) 0 | |
| | | | |
| 11. | Program that will take a , b & c as inp (0) | outs and decide if the statements are True (1) of False | *** |
| | 1) (| $(a+b) \le 80 \&\& c \ge 0$ | |
| | • | $(a + b) \le 60 \text{ det } t \ge 0$ $(a - b) = 0 \mid c! = 0$ | |
| | | a = b = 0 $c = 0$ $c = 0$ $c = 0$ | |
| | | $= b \mid ! (b < c)) \&\& c > 0$ | |
| | , , | | |
| | Sample input (a, b, c) | Sample output | |
| | 10 -10 0 | 1) 0 | |
| | | 2) 1 | |
| | | 3) 1 | |
| | | 4) 0 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| 12. | Program that will take calculathe formula, (here, dot (.) sta | ate the roots of a quadratic equation $(a.x^2 + b.x + c = 0)$ from ands for multiplication) - | *** |
|-----|--|---|-----|
| | | $root = \frac{-b \pm sqrt(b^2 - 4.a.c)}{2.a}$ | |
| | Sample input (a, b, c) | Sample output | |
| | 2 4 -16 | 2.00 -4.00 | |
| | 1 2 3 | Imaginary | |
| 3. | Program that will evaluate th | e equation | *** |
| | | $2\cos^2 x - \sqrt{3}\sin x + \log\frac{x}{2}$ | |
| | ; wh | ere 1<= x <=180 [No checking needed] | |
| | Sample input (x) | Sample output | |
| | 30 | 1.810066 | |
| | 120 | 0.778151 3.954243 | |
| | | | |
| 1.1 | Program that will take a floating point number X as input and evaluate A,B,C where- A = Value when X is rounded up to the nearest integer | | |
| 14. | A = Value v | when X is rounded up to the nearest integer | |
| L4. | B = Value v | when X is rounded up to the nearest integer when X is rounded down to the nearest integer te value of X | |
| 14. | B = Value v | when X is rounded down to the nearest integer | |
| 14. | B = Value v C = Absolu | when X is rounded down to the nearest integer te value of X | |
| 14. | B = Value v C = Absolu Sample input(X) | when X is rounded down to the nearest integer te value of X Sample output | |
| | B = Value v C = Absolut Sample input(X) 10.6 -77.9 | when X is rounded down to the nearest integer te value of X Sample output A = 11, B = 10, C = 10.6 | ** |
| 14. | B = Value v C = Absolut Sample input(X) 10.6 -77.9 | when X is rounded down to the nearest integer te value of X Sample output A = 11, B = 10, C = 10.6 A = 78, B = 77, C = 77.9 | ** |
| | B = Value v C = Absolut Sample input(X) 10.6 -77.9 Program to find size of int, flo | when X is rounded down to the nearest integer te value of X Sample output A = 11, B = 10, C = 10.6 A = 78, B = 77, C = 77.9 Doat, double and char of the system. Sample output Size of int in byte(s) = 4 | ** |
| | B = Value v C = Absolut Sample input(X) 10.6 -77.9 Program to find size of int, flo | when X is rounded down to the nearest integer te value of X Sample output A = 11, B = 10, C = 10.6 A = 78, B = 77, C = 77.9 Doat, double and char of the system. Sample output Size of int in byte(s) = 4 Size of float in byte(s) = 4 | ** |
| | B = Value v C = Absolut Sample input(X) 10.6 -77.9 Program to find size of int, flo | when X is rounded down to the nearest integer te value of X Sample output A = 11, B = 10, C = 10.6 A = 78, B = 77, C = 77.9 Doat, double and char of the system. Sample output Size of int in byte(s) = 4 | ** |