## **Insights and Conclusions:**

## Summarise the key findings from the analysis.

Highest and Lowest Health Expenditure: Present the countries or regions with the highest and lowest health expenditure. Use visuals like a table or a card visual to display the actual values. This helps in identifying the extreme cases.

Percentage of Health Expenditure as Share of GDP: Highlight countries or regions where health expenditure represents a significant portion of GDP. You can use a KPI visual or a bar chart to showcase this information.

Average Health Expenditure per Capita: Share insights into the countries or regions with the highest and lowest average health expenditure per capita. Visualize this with a table or bar chart.

Year-to-Year Trends: Discuss the year-to-year percentage change in health expenditure. Use a line chart to visualize the trends. Identify significant increases or decreases over time.

Average Annual Growth Rate: Explain the average annual growth rate of health expenditure over the selected period. This can provide insights into the sustainability of health expenditure. Use a KPI visual or a trendline in a chart.

Geographical Distribution: Mention any regional or geographical patterns in health expenditure. Describe which areas have higher or lower spending. Support this with a map visualization

## Meaningful Conclusions about global health expenditure trends:

Identify Trends: Analyze the trends you've uncovered. For instance, "Over the past decade, global health expenditure has shown a consistent upward trajectory, with several countries significantly increasing their spending."

Economic Impact: Assess the economic impact of health expenditure by examining the percentage of health spending relative to GDP. Explain how this ratio may reflect a country's commitment to healthcare.

Healthcare Priorities: Consider how countries allocate their healthcare budgets. Do some prioritize specific aspects of healthcare (e.g., preventive care, research, infrastructure) over others.

Real-World Implications: Relate findings to real-world implications. For instance, "Countries with low health expenditure per capita may face challenges in providing adequate healthcare services to their populations."

Policy Recommendations: Based on analysis, suggest policy recommendations. These could involve increasing healthcare funding, improving healthcare efficiency, or addressing disparities.