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— Module Md2LaTeXSystemDesign -
EXTENDS Md2LaTeXCorrectness, FiniteSets
CONSTANTS ANY, PATH Any object, any path
CONSTANTS
   STRING_ALPH, The words of the latin alphabet
   STRING\_ALPH\_NONEMPTY, \triangleq STRING\_ALPH \setminus STRING\_ALPH
   STRING_LATEX All LaTeX Markups/commands, including "".
CONSTANT RECORD Any record
CONSTANT NAT
                   Any integer 0, 1, 2, \ldots
 The preferences define a unique record
CONSTANTS DOMAIN_OF_PREFERENCES, SET_OF_PREFERENCES
 "yes", "on", and "true" are synonyms;
 "no", "off", and "false" are synomyms.
 The way we express "yes", "no" in a JSON file.
 CONSTANTS Y_N, JSON_YES, JSON_NO, EXCLUDED_BY_YES_OR_NO_POLICY
 The preferences are identified with a file 'preferences'.
 In practice, this is a JSON file ${}.preferences.json
   (see Constant SET\_OF\_PREFERENCES),
 even if no semantics push on that.
 isPreferencesFileCompliant${} keep track of preferences compliance.
 VARIABLES preferences,
   is Preferences File Compliant Conjectured,
   is Preferences File Compliant Proved,
   isPreferencesFileCompliant
 Convenient operator.
 Recall that Yes = True and that No = False
JSON\_BOOL \triangleq JSON\_YES \cup JSON\_NO
 YesOrNo policy: BEGINNING -
 So, here is the specification of a file \{\}. preferences. json.
 See CONSTANTS DOMAIN_OF_PREFERENCES, SET_OF_PREFERENCES;
  or Md2LaTeXSystemDesignPreferencesFile
 Such a file must implement, or at least "follow", a specific policy,
 that I named "YesOrNo".
 The YesOrNo policy:
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Goal: The very purpose of all that verbose is about implementing a key -namely, Y_-N - you can see as a switch on/off button.
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## Definitions:

- 1. No: Means "no action"; which we define as follows:
  - i. If you do something, then it is discarded.
  - ii. If you announce something, then it is disregarded.
- 2. Saying "No": The current key is mapped to some value in JSON\_NO.
- 3. Saying "Yes": The current key is mapped to some value in JSON\_YES.

## Statement:

- 1. It is Yes XOR No (see above definitions 2, 3).
- 1.1.1. If you do not say anything, then it is No.
- 1.1.2. If you say "emptyset" (None, NULL, "", ...), then it is No.
- 1.1.3. If you say "No", then it is No.
- 1.2. If you say "Yes", then you do value of key right now.
- 4. You do not neither do nor say anything else.

## Implementation

The "yes or no" key  $Y\_N$ 

(see Statement 1 for existence, Statement 4 for uniqueness)

is always the String "Y/N".

Moreover, we expect you actually do something relevant/nontrivial

This latter requirement cannot be implemented from a general case,

- (a) "relevant" and "nontrivial" are context-dependent.
- (b) The context space is countable but infinite.

A complementary approach is about defining

 $EXCLUDED\_BY\_YES\_OR\_NO\_POLICY$ 

as the minimal set of what is either trivial or irrelevant.

This set is not constructed ;) .

(In practice,  $EXCLUDED\_BY\_YES\_OR\_NO\_POLICY$  should contain,

at least, boolean and numerical value

Hence, we cannot guarantee that the  $\it YesOrNo$  policy is implemented.

But we can check that the policy is "followed", in the sense that:

- i. The policy is partially implemented and:
- ii. If the provided content is actually relevant,

then the policy is (nonprovably) implemented.

Test / action' isFollowing YesOrNoPolicy(f)'

We expect the atom f to be a "first-degree subrecord" of preferences  $(documentclass \mapsto \dots, import\_packages \mapsto \dots, and so on).$ 

isFollowingYesOrNoPolicy(f) is true  $if.f\ f$  follows YesOrNo.

 $isFollowingYesOrNoPolicy(f) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}$ 

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\land Y \_N \in \text{DOMAIN } f
                                     the YesOrNo switch button
   \wedge Cardinality(DOMAIN f) = 2
                                     See Statement 4
         f[Y_N] \in JSON_NO
                                     It is No
      \lor \land f[Y\_N] \in JSON\_YES
                                     It is Yes, and we "do well":
         \land \forall key \in (DOMAIN f) \setminus \{Y \_N\}:
            \land f[key] \in EXCLUDED\_BY\_YES\_OR\_NO\_POLICY
 YesOrNo policy: END
 Either you want to implement YesOrNo (see above),
 either you want to do something entirely different.
isCompatibleWithYesOrNoPolicy(f) \triangleq XOR(
   isFollowing YesOrNoPolicy(f),
   Y_N \notin DOMAIN f
 isPreferencesFollowingSpec = {\tt TRUE}\ if.f
 preferences follow the specs.
 isPreferencesFollowingSpec \triangleq
      First, only a specific range for the keys:
   \land DOMAIN preferences \subseteq DOMAIN\_OF\_PREFERENCES
      Next, every "subrecords" must be compatible with YesOrNo.
   \land \forall key \in DOMAIN \ preferences:
       isCompatible With YesOrNoPolicy(preferences[key])
 Remark: If it is YesOrNo, then it is optional,
 since you cannot turn off a mandatory feature.
 In other words, we have the following criterion:
isOptional(record) \triangleq
    IF
   isFollowingYesOrNoPolicy(record)
    THEN TRUE ELSE FALSE
 Initial state
 InitPreferences \triangleq
   \land \ preferences \in SET\_OF\_PREFERENCES
InitSystemDesign \triangleq
   \land InitCorrectness
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\land InitPreferences
      IF we do not believe that our current preferences file is legal,
      then, there is no process at all, we just go nack to work:
   \land isPreferencesFileCompliantConjectured = TRUE
       Of course, up to now, nothing has been proved:
   \land isPreferencesFileCompliantProved = False
   \land isPreferencesFileCompliant = TRUE
Next step
NextSystemDesign \triangleq
   \land\ NextCorrectness
   \land is Preferences Following Spec
   \land isPreferencesFileCompliantProved' = isPreferencesFollowingSpec
   \land isPreferencesFileCompliantConjectured' = FALSE
   \land isPreferencesFileCompliant' = XOR(
        isPreferencesFileCompliantConjectured',
        isPreferencesFileCompliantProved')
   \land UNCHANGED preferences
Invariants
Properties
We can assume that our preferences comply with all policies:
Under the specs:
\square[isPreferencesFileCompliant]\_\langle
  isPreferencesFileCompliantConjectured,
  is Preferences File Compliant Proved \\
Check with TLC must be OK.
I consider it as an invariant, even if it's not syntactically true,
since isPreferencesFileCompliant { } variables are primed.
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