

21CS8056

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Compiler Design Lab-4

Imagine you are building a compiler for a simple programming language with the following token class specifications:

- Identifiers consist of letters (a-z, A-Z) and digits (0-9) and are case-sensitive.
- Keywords: *if, else, while, int.*
- Operators: *+, -, *, /.*
- Parentheses: *(,).*

Your task is to write a tokenizer that follows the maximal munch principle.

Write a shell script or a program in C that takes an input program as a string and outputs the sequence of tokens. For simplicity, you can assume that there are spaces between tokens.

If the Input is:

```
if (x = 1) {  
    y = y + 1;  
} else {  
    y = y - 1;  
}
```

The output should be:

1. *if, (, x, =, 1,), {, y, =, y, +, 1, ,, }, else, {, y, =, y, -, 1, ,, }*

CODE:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>  
  
using namespace std;  
  
// prefix of kmp algo  
vector<int> prefix(string &s)  
{  
    int n = s.length();  
    vector<int> pi(n); // DFA  
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)  
    {  
        int j = pi[i - 1];  
        while ((j > 0) && (s[i] != s[j]))  

```

```

        j = pi[j - 1];

        if (s[i] == s[j])
            j++;
        pi[i] = j;
    }

    return pi;
}

// kmp algo to return starting indexes of a specific pattern, p
vector<int> index(string &s, string &p)
{
    string t = p;
    t += '\0';
    t += s;

    int n = p.size();
    vector<int> pi = prefix(t), ans;
    for (int i = n + 1; i < t.size(); i++)
    {
        if (pi[i] == n)
            ans.push_back(i - (2 * n));
    }

    return ans;
}

// applying maximal munch algo on the given string, prog
void maximalMunch(string &prog, vector<string> &patterns)
{
    int n = prog.size();
    // stores len of pattern, index of that pattern in vector
    vector<pair<int, int>> munch(n);

    for (int x = 0; x < patterns.size(); x++)
    {
        // stores starting indexes of pattern[x]
        vector<int> idx = index(prog, patterns[x]);
        for (int i : idx)
        {
            if (munch[i].first < patterns[x].length())
            {
                munch[i].first = patterns[x].length();
                munch[i].second = x;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

}

for (int i = 0; i < prog.size();)
{
    // Delimiter
    if (prog[i] == '\n' || prog[i] == ' ')
        i++;
    // no pattern matches
    else if (munch[i].first == 0)
    {
        cout << "ERROR at index " << i << endl;
        return;
    }
    // pattern matches and printing it
    else
    {
        cout << patterns[munch[i].second] << ", ";
        i = i + munch[i].first;
    }
}

cout << endl;
return;
}

int main()
{
    string prog = "if (x = 1) { y = y + 1; } else { y = y - 1; }";
    vector<string> patterns = {"if", "(", ")", "x", "y", "+", "-", ";", "1", "else", "{", "}", "="};
    // linear time algorithm
    maximalMunch(prog, patterns);

    // Maximal Munch will not work in this case
    // string prog = "abcdef";
    // vector<string> patterns = {"ab", "abcd", "cdef"};
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
sayanpaul@Sayans-MacBook-Air cdlab % cd "/Users/sayanpaul/Desktop/sem/lab_sem6/cdlab/"  
-stdlib=libc++ maximalMunch.cpp -o maximalMunch && "/Users/sayanpaul/Desktop/sem/lab_s  
nch  
if, (, x, =, 1, ), {, y, =, y, +, 1, ;, }, else, {, y, =, y, -, 1, ;, },  
sayanpaul@Sayans-MacBook-Air cdlab %
```