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1. Write a PL/SQL block of code for inverting a number 9635 to 5369.

```
mysql> delimiter 55
[mysql> create procedure rev_num()
          begin
    ->
    -> declare rev int;
    -> declare n int;
         set n = 9635;
    ->
         set rev = 0;
         while n > 0 do
          set rev = (rev*10) + mod(n,10);
    ->
         set n = floor(n/10);
    ->
    -> end while;
    -> select rev;
    -> end 55
[Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> call rev_num() 55
| rev |
| 5369 |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

2. Write a PL/SQL block of code to generate fibonacci series.

```
mysql> create procedure fib_num()
    ->
         begin
    ->
        declare n int default 5;
        declare a int default 0;
    ->
        declare b int default 1;
    ->
    ->
        declare fib int;
        while n > 0 do
    ->
        select b as fibonacci;
    ->
        set fib = a+b;
    ->
        set a = b;
    ->
    ->
        set b = fib;
    ->
        set n = n-1;
        end while;
    ->
    -> end 55
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
[mysql> call fib_num() 55
+----+
| fibonacci |
     1 |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
| fibonacci |
         1 |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
| fibonacci |
         2 |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
| fibonacci |
         3 |
```

3. Write a PL/SQL block of code to calculate the area of a circle

for a value of radius varying from 3 to 7. Store the radius and the corresponding values of calculated area in a table, Areas.

```
mysql> CREATE PROCEDURE area()
    -> BEGIN
          DECLARE pi DOUBLE DEFAULT 3.14;
          DECLARE ar DOUBLE DEFAULT 0.00;
    ->
          DECLARE i INT DEFAULT 3;
          CREATE TABLE Areas (
    ->
              radius INT,
    ->
              area DOUBLE
    ->
          );
    ->
          WHILE i < 8 DO
              SET ar = pi * i * i;
    ->
              INSERT INTO Areas (radius, area) VALUES (i, ar);
              SET i = i + 1;
    ->
          END WHILE:
    ->
          SELECT * FROM Areas;
    ->
    -> END 55
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
[mysql> call area() 55
radius area
      3 | 28.25999999999998 |
      4 |
                      50.24
      5 |
                       78.5
      6 | 113.03999999999999 |
                      153.86
5 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

4. Write a PL/SQL block of code to calculate the factorial of a

number.

```
mysql> create procedure factorial()
        begin
   ->
   -> declare n int default 7;
   -> declare fact int default 1;
   -> while n > 0 do
   -> set fact = fact * n;
   -> set n = n-1;
   -> end while;
   -> select fact;
    -> end 55
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> call fact() 55
ERROR 1305 (42000): PROCEDURE d077.fact does not exist
mysql> call factorial() 55
| fact |
| 5040 |
```