# DETECTING CONSUMER REVIEW FRAUD

SI 671 FALL 2021 MCCOY DOHERTY NICOLAS ORTEGA An exploration into the viability of conducting fraud-detection of consumer-sourced online product reviews by mining the review text with natural language processing techniques to comparatively analyze differentiating patterns and extract features to train an effective machine-learning fraud-detection system.

## THE PROBLEM

Consumers are more likely to trust platforms that accept and display user reviews, but positive and negative fake reviews alike seem a growing form of malpractice in ecommerce, often to the detriment of consumers and competing honest businesses.

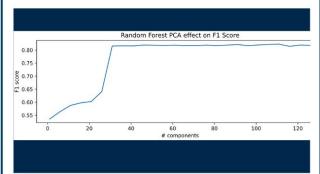
# THE MISSION

Given a dataset of 21K labelled (fraudulent or legitimate) Amazon reviews, we sought out to explore:

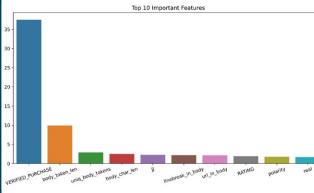
- Can we accurately detect fraudulent reviews using machine learning?
- What features differentiate fraudulent reviews from legitimate ones?
- Is a review being "Amazon verified" substantially indicative of validity?

# THE METHODS

- Feature Engineering using review text
- Binary encoding of human-readable textual features
- 129 non-label features for classification:
  - o Random Forest
  - XGBoost
  - o Multi-Layer Perceptron
- PCA @ 35 components
- F1 score and Recall as evaluation metrics



#### THE RESULTS



- Random Forest (tuned):
  - F1: 82.0457, Recall: 89.00
- MLP (tuned):
  - F1: 81.9454, Recall: 87.8571
- XGBoost (tuned):
  - F1: 81.4798, Recall: 87.0476
- Performance @ PCA=35 components