

Problem Set #2

Quiz, 5 questions

1
point

1.

Consider a directed graph with distinct and nonnegative edge lengths and a source vertex s . Fix a destination vertex t , and assume that the graph contains at least one s - t path. Which of the following statements are true? [Check all that apply.]

☐

The shortest (i.e., minimum-length) s - t path might have as many as $n - 1$ edges, where n is the number of vertices.

☐

The shortest s - t path must include the minimum-length edge of G .

☐

There is a shortest s - t path with no repeated vertices (i.e., a "simple" or "loopless" such path).

☐

The shortest s - t path must exclude the maximum-length edge of G .

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2.

Consider a directed graph G with a source vertex s , a destination t , and nonnegative edge lengths. Under what conditions is the shortest s - t path guaranteed to be unique?

- ☐ When all edges lengths are distinct positive integers and the graph G contains no directed cycles.
 - ☐ When all edge lengths are distinct positive integers.
 - ☐ None of the other options are correct.
 - ☐ When all edge lengths are distinct powers of 2.
-

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point

3.

Consider a directed graph $G = (V, E)$ and a source vertex s with the following properties: edges that leave the source vertex s have arbitrary (possibly negative) lengths; all other edge lengths are nonnegative; and there are no edges from any other vertex to the source s . Does Dijkstra's shortest-path algorithm correctly compute shortest-path distances (from s) in this graph?

- ☐ Only if we add the assumption that G contains no directed cycles with negative total weight.
 - ☐ Never
 - ☐ Always
 - ☐ Maybe, maybe not (depends on the graph)
-

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4.

Consider a directed graph G and a source vertex s . Suppose G has some negative edge lengths but no negative cycles, meaning G does not have a directed cycle in which the sum of the edge lengths is negative. Suppose you run Dijkstra's algorithm on G (with source s). Which of the following statements are true? [Check all that apply.]

☐

It's impossible to run Dijkstra's algorithm on a graph with negative edge lengths.

☐

Dijkstra's algorithm might loop forever.

☐

Dijkstra's algorithm always terminates, but in some cases the paths it computes will not be the shortest paths from s to all other vertices.

☐

Dijkstra's algorithm always terminates, and in some cases the paths it computes will be the correct shortest paths from s to all other vertices.

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5.

Consider a directed graph G and a source vertex s . Suppose G contains a negative cycle (a directed cycle in which the sum of the edge lengths is negative) and also a path from s to this cycle. Suppose you run Dijkstra's algorithm on G (with source s). Which of the following statements are true? [Check all that apply.]

- ☐ Dijkstra's algorithm always terminates, and in some cases the paths it computes will be the correct shortest paths from s to all other vertices.
- ☐ Dijkstra's algorithm might loop forever.
- ☐ Dijkstra's algorithm always terminates, but in some cases the paths it computes will not be the shortest paths from s to all other vertices.
- ☐ It's impossible to run Dijkstra's algorithm on a graph with a negative cycle.

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