UECS3213 / UECS3453 DATA MINING

SESSION: January 2019

TUTORIAL 4

Chapter 4 - Regression Analysis

1. The time *x* in years that an employee spent at a company and the employee's hourly pay, *y*, for 5 employees are listed in the table below.

\boldsymbol{x}	y
5	25
3	20
4	21
10	35
15	38

a) Calculate and interpret the correlation coefficient r. Include a plot of the data in your discussion.

$$r = \frac{n\sum(xy) - (\sum x)\left(\sum y\right)}{\sqrt{n\sum x^2 - \left(\sum x\right)^2}\sqrt{n\sum y^2 - \left(\sum y\right)^2}}$$

Hint:

- b) Find the equation of the *least square regression line* for the abovementioned relationship.
- c) Use the equations in part (b) to predict the hourly pay rate of an employee who has worked for 20 years.

- 2. The table below shows the number of absences, *x*, in a Calculus course and the final exam grade, *y*, for 7 students.
 - a) Find the correlation coefficient, r and interpret your result.

\boldsymbol{x}	1	0	2	6	4	3	3
y	95	90	90	55	70	80	85

- b) Find the equation of the *least square regression line* for the abovementioned relationship.
- c) Use the equations to part (b) to predict the test score for a student with 5 absences.
- 3. The table below shows the height, *x*, in inches and the pulse rate, *y*, per minute, for 9 people. Find the correlation coefficient, *r* and interpret your result.

1	l	l	l	70		l	l	l	l
y	90	85	88	100	105	98	70	65	72

- 4. Consider the following set of points: $\{(-2, -1), (1, 1), (3, 2)\}$
 - a) Find the *least square regression line* for the given data points.
 - b) Plot the given points and the *regression line* in the same rectangular system of axes.
- 5. Given the following data: $\{(-1, 0), (0, 2), (1, 4), (2, 5)\}$
 - a) Find the *least square regression line* for the following set of data
 - b) Plot the given points and the regression line in the same rectangular system of axes.
- 6. The values of y and their corresponding values of y are shown in the table below

- a) Find the least square regression line, y = a x + b.
- b) Estimate the value of y when x = 10.
- 7. The sales of a company (in million dollars) for each year are shown in the table below.

x (year)	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
y (sales)	12	19	29	37	45

- a) Find the *least square regression line* y = a x + b.
- b) Use the least squares regression line as a model to estimate the sales of the company in 2012.

The End