UECS2363 SOFTWARE CONSTRUCTION AND CONFIGURATION CHAPTER 6: BUILD AUTOMATION

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Introduction

- Modern IDE can handle small project nicely.
- More control is needed if projects grow:
 - > 1 person
 - > several days
 - > 1 executable files
- Build tools are vital

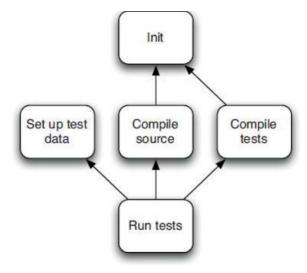


Build Tools - An Overview

 Automated build tools have been a part of software development for a very long time, e.g. Make and its variants.

 It calculates how to reach the specified goal, by executing tasks in correct order, running each tasks your

goal depends on exactly once.



Types of build tools

- Product-Oriented Build Tools
 - Make
- Task-Oriented Build Tools
 - Ant, Nant, MSBuild, etc.



Build tools

- Rake for Rails
- MSBuild for .NET
- Ant, Maven, Buildr, Gradle for Java
- SCons for C/C++



Make

- Powerful product-oriented build tool
- Track dependencies within a build: build only those components that are affected by a particular change.
- Drawbacks:
 - Hard to debug when applications become more complex
 - Makefile problem <space> and <tab>
 - Rely on shell platform dependency



Make

target: component \

Tab = command ;

component

```
Tab = command |
  Tab = piped-command
all: hello
hello: main.o factorial.o hello.o
       g++ main.o factorial.o hello.o -o hello
main.o: main.cpp
       g++ -c main.cpp
factorial.o: factorial.cpp
        g++ -c factorial.cpp
hello.o: hello.cpp
       g++ -c hello.cpp
clean:
        rm -rf *o hello
```



Ant

- Emerged when Java developers need more crossplatform development tool
- Fully cross-platform.
- Include a set of tasks written in Java to perform common operations, e.g. compilation, filesystem manipulation



Ant

- Can be easily extended with new tasks written in Java
- Task-oriented build tool
- Need to write build scripts in XML
- Declarative language



NAnt and MSBuild

- When .NET was introduced, Java developers ported Ant
 -> NAnt
- Microsoft introduced minor variants of Ant -> MSBuild



MSBuild - Overview

- Project File
 - XML format



MSBuild - Items

- represent inputs into the build system and are grouped into item collections.
- Can be used as parameters for tasks, which use the individual items contained in the collection to
- perform the steps of the build process.
 - E.g. item collections, named Compile:

The item collection can be referenced as @ (Compile)



MSBuild - Properties

 Represent key/value pairs that can be used to configure builds e.g. code that create a property named BuildDir with a value of Build

The property can be referenced as \$ (BuildDir)



MSBuild – Items vs Properties

- Items are stored in collections, while properties contain a single scalar value.
- Items cannot be removed from item collections, while properties can have their values changed after they are defined.
- Items can contain metadata and can use the % (ItemMetadata) notation, while properties cannot.



MSBuild - Task

- Reusable units of executable code used by MSBuild projects to perform build operations, e.g
 - compile input files
 - run an external tool
- The execution logic of a task is written in <usingTask> element, e.g.

```
<UsingTask TaskName="TaskName"
    AssemblyName = "AssemblyName"
    TaskFactory = "ClassName"
    Condition = "'String A'=='String B'" />
```



MSBuild - Task

- Common build-in tasks, e.g.
- MakeDir, Copy, Csc
- <MakeDir Directories="\$(BuildDir)" />



MSBuild - Target

- Group tasks together in a particular order and expose sections of the project file as entry points into the build process.
- <Target> element



MSBuild - Command Line

- MSBuild.exe
- MyProj.proj /property:Configuration=Debug



Maven

- Attempts to simplify further of Ant scripts
- Maven will perform almost any build, deploy, test and release task with a single command, provided that your project conforms to the structure dictated by Maven



Maven

- Drawbacks:
 - Extremely hard to build if your project doesn't conform to Maven's assumptions about structure and lifecycle
 - Self-updating in default configuration. May not reproduce your builds.



Other Tools

- Buildr
- Gradle



END OF LECTURE 09

