## UECS2103 / UECS2403 / UECS2423 Operating Systems Mid-term

**Duration: 50 minutes** 

Write your name and course on each answer sheet. Total: 60 marks

Answer all questions.

1. User  $\rightarrow$  kernel: The application open and load files into buffer.

Kernel → User: All files have been loaded into buffer.

User  $\rightarrow$  Kernel: The program writes output files to storage.

Kernel  $\rightarrow$  User: All files have been written to storage.

2.

- a) New  $\rightarrow$  Ready  $\rightarrow$  Running  $\rightarrow$  Blocked  $\rightarrow$  Blocked/Suspend  $\rightarrow$  Ready/Suspend  $\rightarrow$  Ready  $\rightarrow$  Running  $\rightarrow$  Blocked  $\rightarrow$  Exit
- b) When T1 waits for input from scanner, it will be blocked instead of the process. The process and T2 may continue to execute while T1 is blocked.
- 3. Thread switching will **interleave** the execution of the instructions and **different sequence** of execution yields to **different result of k**.

$$A1 - A2 - B1 - B2$$
:  $x = 9$ ,  $k = 0$   
 $A1 - B1 - B2 - A2$ :  $x = 9$ ,  $k = 1$ 

4.

Arrival		В		D	Α			Ε												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
HRRN	С	С	С	С	В	В	В	В	В	В	D	D	D	Α	Α	Α	Ε	Ε	Ε	Ε
RR, q=2	С	С	В	В	С	С	D	D	В	В	Α	Α	Ε	Ε	D	В	В	Α	Ε	Ε

- 5. P(2) will be blocked by the wait operation on semaphore n.
  - P(1) will be blocked by the wait operation on semaphore a. Thus, deadlock occurs.
- 6. semaphore semgo = 0, load = 0, clear = 1;

```
Loader() {
    wait(semgo);
    wait(clear);
    //loading item
    signal(load);
}

Launcher() {
    wait(load);
    //launching item
    signal(clear);
}
```