## Example: 1

```
A.java
public class A{
   int a;
   int b;
   int c;

A(int p, int q, int r){
     a=p;
     b=q;
     c=r;
}
```

## B, java

```
class B extends A{
   int d;
   B(int l, int m, int n, int o){
      super(l,m,n);
      d=o;
   }
   void Show(){
      System.out.println("a = " + a);
      System.out.println("b = " + b);
      System.out.println("c = " + c);
      System.out.println("d = " + d);
   }
   public static void main(String args[]){
      B b = new B(4,3,8,7);
      b.Show();
   }
}
```

#### Output:

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

a = 4
b = 3
c = 8
d = 7
Press any key to continue . . . _
```

# Example: 2

## Circle.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class Circle {

//declaring the instance variable protected double radius;

public Circle(double radius) {this.radius = radius;}

public double getArea() {return Math.PI*radius*radius;}
}
```

# Cylinder.java

#### Test.java

```
public class Test{
public static void main(String[] args)
//Circle Class
Circle myCircle = new Circle(1.20);
System.out.println("Area of Circle is "+ myCircle.qetArea());
//Cylinder Class
Cylinder myCylinder = new Cylinder(1.20,2.50);
System.out.println("Area of Cylinder is "+ myCylinder.getArea());
Circle myCircle1 = new Cylinder(1.20,2.50);
System.out.println("Upcasting....");
System.out.println("Area of Cylinder is "+ myCircle1.getArea());
//DownCasting
Circle myCircle2 = new Cylinder(1.20,2.50);
Cylinder myCylinder2;
myCylinder2 = (Cylinder) myCircle2;
System.out.println("DownCasting....");
System.out.println("Area of Circle is "+ myCylinder2.getArea());
```

#### Output:

```
Area of Circle is 4.523893421169302
Area of Cylinder is 27.89734276387736
Upcasting....
Area of Cylinder is 27.89734276387736
DownCasting....
Area of Circle is 27.89734276387736
Press any key to continue . . . _
```

#### Example: 3

## Override.java

```
class A {
int i, j;
A(int a, int b) {
i = a;
j = b;
}
void show() {
    \label{eq:system.out.println("Control is Now in A Class Show() Method"); System.out.println("i and j: " + i + " " + j);}
class B extends A {
int k;
B(int a, int b, int c) {
super(a, b);
k = c;
}
void show() {
    System.out.println("Control is Now in B Class Show() Method");
    super.show(); // this calls show() in Super class (A)
    System.out.println("k: " + k);}
class Override {
public static void main(String args[]) {
B \text{ subOb} = \text{new B}(1, 2, 3);
A \sup Ob = new A(1, 2);
subOb.show(); // this calls show() in B class
supOb.show(); // this calls show() in A class
}
}
```

### Output:

```
Control is Now in B Class Show() Method
Control is Now in A Class Show() Method
i and j: 1 2
k: 3
Control is Now in A Class Show() Method
i and j: 1 2
Press any key to continue . . . _
```

# Example: 4 Overloading.java

```
import javax.swing.*;
public class Overloading {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
       double n1 = getDouble();
        double n2 = getDouble("Enter the second number.");
        double n3 = getDouble("Enter last number.", 0.0, 100.0);
       double average = (n1 + n2 + n3) \times 3.0;
       displayString("Average is " + average);
    }
    private static double getDouble()
    { return getDouble("Enter a number");}
   private static double getDouble(String prompt)
        String tempStr;
        tempStr = JOptionPane.showInputDialog(null, prompt);
        return Double parseDouble (tempStr);
    1
   private static double qetDouble(String prompt, double low, double high) {
       double result;
       String rangePrompt = prompt + " Value must be in range "
                                   + low + " to " + high;
       do {
           result = getDouble(rangePrompt);
       } while (result < low | result > high);
       return result;
   private static void displayString(String output)
    {JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, output);}
```