A Note on Data Filtering

- High pass Filter

Infinite Impulse Response (IIR) vs., Finite Impulse Response (FIR)

- Notch Filter

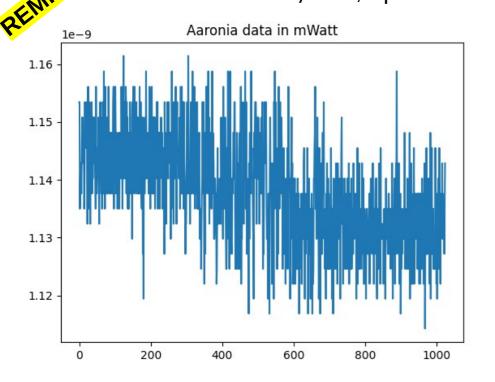
Spur Removal

27 September 2022

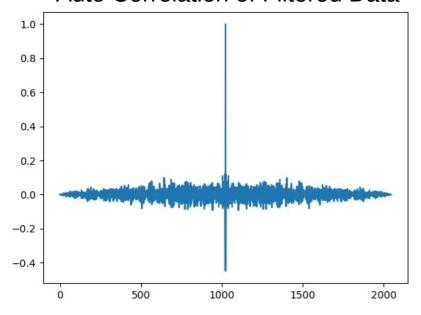


HEPCAT Data – 4GHz (Aaronia SA)

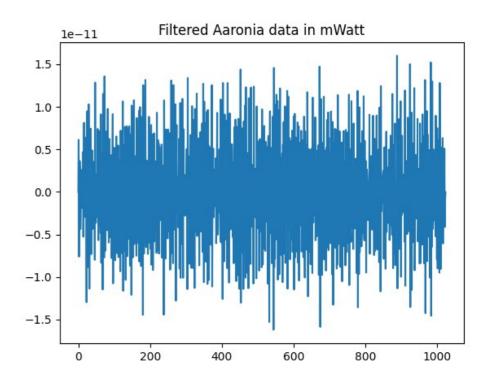
Butterworth, N=8, Fps=48



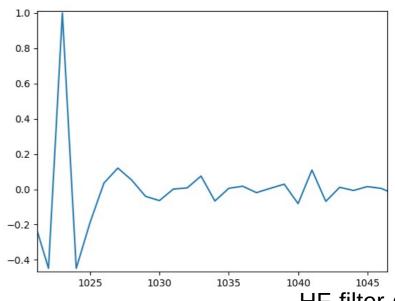
Auto Correlation of Filtered Data



Mean of the norm of Auto Correlation 2.6E-11



Auto Correlation of Filtered Data Zoomed in



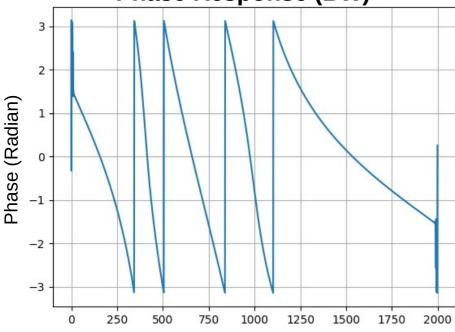
HF-filter-data.py

Butterworth (of IIR Type)

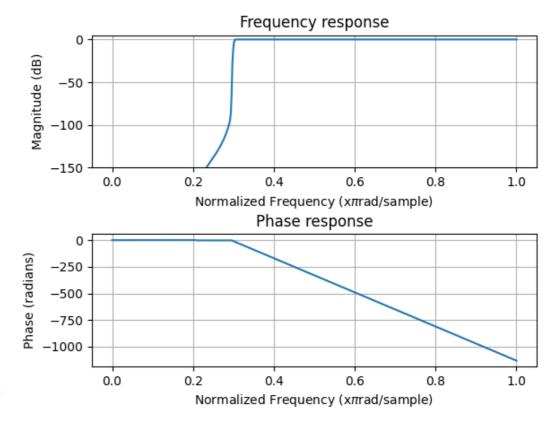
1.0 order = 3 order = 6 order = 9 sqrt(0.5) 0.4 0.2 0.0 0.0 1500 2000 2500

Phase Response (BW)

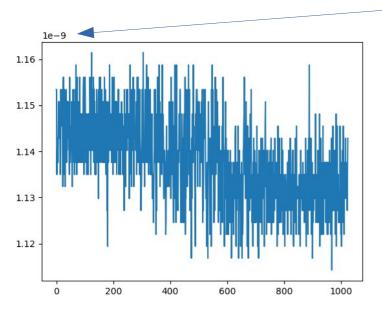
Frequency (Hz)



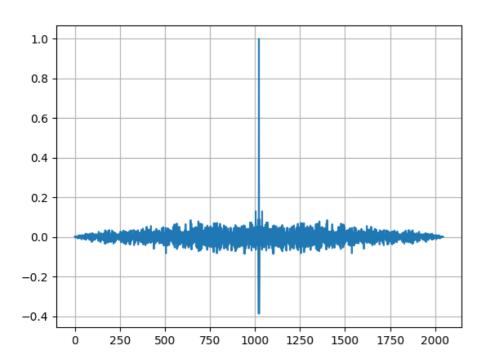
FIR (Blackman Window)



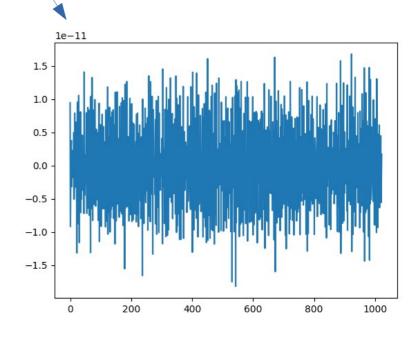
"The Blackman window is a taper formed by using the first three terms of a summation of cosines. It was designed to have close to the minimal leakage possible. It is close to optimal, only slightly worse than a Kaiser window."



HEPCAT Data – 4GHz (Aaronia SA) Unfiltered





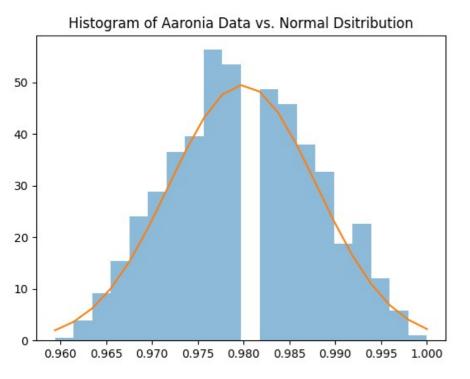


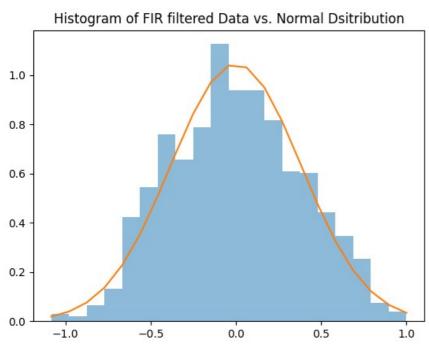
Filtered data using FIR (Blackman Window)

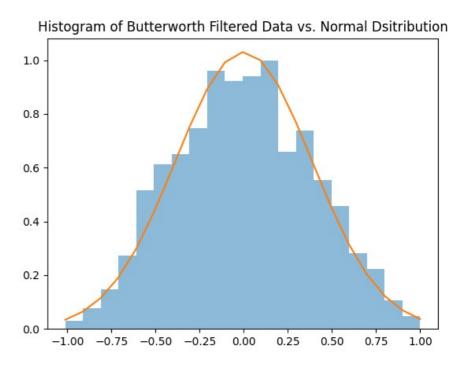
Mean of the norm of Auto Correlation 5.6E-13

200 Times smaller than A.C. of Butterworth

Histogram of Unfiltered Normalised Data

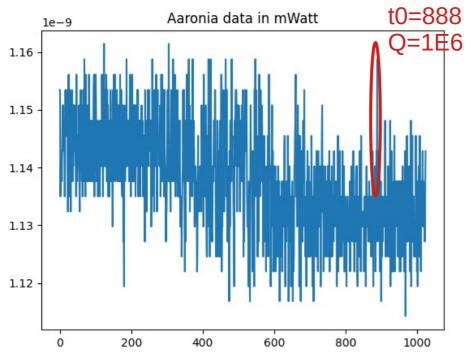


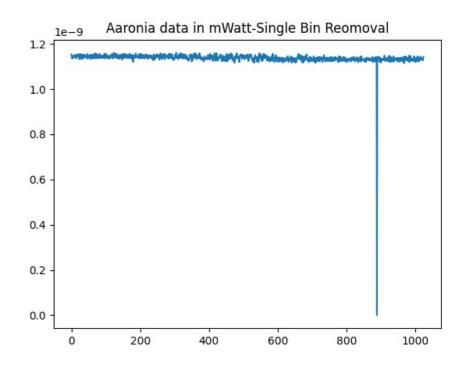


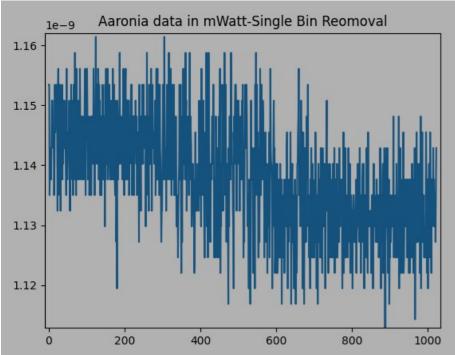


psd4, psd41,psd42.py

Notch Filter for Spurs Removal







Data after single-bin removal

References [Further Work]:

https://docs.scipy.org/doc/scipy/reference/generated/scipy.signal.iirnotch.html https://docs.scipy.org/doc/scipy/reference/generated/scipy.signal.ellip.html