## **Amazon EC2**



EC2 is one of the most popular of AWS' offering Infrastructure as a Service

It mainly consists in the capability of:

- Renting virtual machines (EC2)
- Storing data on virtual drives (EBS)
- Distributing load across machines (ELB)
- Scaling the services using an auto-scaling group (ASG)

# EC2 sizing & configuration options

- Operating System (OS): Linux, Windows or Mac OS
- How much compute power & cores (CPU)
- How much random-access memory (RAM)
- How much storage space:

Network-attached (EBS & EFS) hardware (EC2 Instance Store)

- Network card: speed of the card, Public IP address
- Firewall rules: security group
- Bootstrap script (configure at first launch): EC2 User Data

## **Types of Instances**

Amazon EC2 (Elastic Compute Cloud) offers a wide range of instance types Here are some of the common EC2 instance families

- General Purpose (T2, M5, M6g, etc.)
- Compute Optimized (C4, C5, C6g, etc.)
- Memory Optimized (R4, R5, R6g, etc.)
- Storage Optimized (I3, I4, D2, etc.)
- Accelerated Computing (P3, P4, G4, etc.)
- High Performance Computing (HPC, HPC6g)

#### General Purpose (T2, M5, M6g, etc.)

Great for a diversity of workloads such as web servers or code repositories Balance between:

- Compute
- Memory
- Networking

#### Compute Optimized (C4, C5, C6g, etc.)

Great for compute-intensive tasks that require high performance processors

- Media transcoding
- High performance web servers
- High performance computing (HPC)
- Dedicated gaming servers

#### Memory Optimized (R4, R5, R6g, etc.)

Advantages: Memory-optimized instances are ideal for applications that require a large amount of RAM, such as in-memory databases, data caching, and analytics. They offer a high memory-to-CPU ratio.

#### Storage Optimized (I3, I4, D2, etc.)

Advantages: Storage-optimized instances are tailored for applications that require high disk I/O performance and large storage capacities, such as NoSQL databases, data warehousing, and big data processing.

#### Accelerated Computing (P3, P4, G4, etc.)

Advantages: These instances are equipped with specialized GPUs or FPGAs, making them well-suited for machine learning, deep learning, high-performance computing (HPC), and graphics-intensive applications.

#### **High Performance Computing (HPC, HPC6g)**

Advantages: These instances are designed for high-performance computing workloads, such as simulations, modeling, and scientific research. They offer low-latency networking and high CPU/GPU capabilities

### Advantages of AWS EC2-Instances

- EC2 instances can be easily scaled up or down as per the requirement.
- EC2 instances are charged based on usage
- It can be easily deployed and managed using Amazon Web Services (AWS) management console, APIs, or CLI.
- It can be deployed in multiple availability zones to ensure high availability and data durability.
- It can be customized with different operating systems, applications, and network configurations.