8. A Dudeney number is a positive integer that equals the cube of its sum of digits. For example, 512 = 8 * 8 * 8 is a Dudeney number because 8 = 5 + 1 + 2. Similarly, 4913 = 17 * 17 * 17 is Dudeney as 17 = 4 + 9 + 1 + 3.

Complete the following C program to check if a given number is a Dudeney number.

```
[5 * 1 = 5]
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n;
                  // Input number
                  // Copy of input number n
    int m;
                 // Index variable to extract digits
    int i;
    int s = 0; // Variable to accumulate the sum of digits of n
                  // Next digit in m from right to left scan
    int d;
    scanf("%d", &n);
                       // Read n
                         // Copy n to m
    m = n;
     // Extract and accumulate sum of digits
                                ; ++i) {
     for (i = 0;
                                    // Termination of loop
                                     // Find the next digit in m
                                     // from right to left scan
         d =
                                     // Accumulate the sum of digits in s
                                     // New m after removing
                                     // the right-most digit d
         m =
     }
     // Check for Dudeney number condition and print
                                         )
     if (
         printf("%d is a Dudeney number\n", n);
         printf("%d is not a Dudeney number\n", n);
     else
     return 0;
 }
```