

▼ Python Programming Lab

Practical no. 4

Topic Covered: Dictionary and Function

Roll no: 13

1. Consider the information given below and answer the following question. Employee_data = { 101:['Shiva', 24, 'Content Strategist'], 102:['Udit',25,'Content Strategist'], 103:['Sonam', 28,'Sr Manager'], 104:['Ansari',29,'Product Lead'],105:['Huzefa',32,'Project Manager']}

a. Get details of the oldest Employee

```
Employee_data={101:['Shiva',24,'Content Strategist'],102:['Udit',25,'Content Strategist'],103:['Sonam',28,'Sr Manager'],104:['Ansari',29,'Product Lead'],105:['Huzefa',32,'Project Manager']}
a=Employee_data[101]
old=a[1]
for i in Employee_data.values():
    if(i[1]>old):
        old=i[1]
print("Oldest employee ",i)
```

Oldest employee ['Huzefa', 32, 'Project Manager']

b. Identify the age of the employee with employee id 159 [If the employee isn't present return NA]

```
if 159 in Employee_data:
    print(Employee_data[159])
else:
    print("NA")
```

NA

c. Count the total number of employees in the organization

```
count=len(Employee_data)
print("Total number of employees in the organization: ",count)
```

Total number of employees in the organization: 5

d. Calculate the mean age of the employees

```
m=0
for i in range(101,106):
    m=m+Employee_data[i][1]
mean=m/len(Employee_data)
print("Mean age of employees: ",mean)
```

Mean age of employees: 27.6

e. Perform the following two tasks and then calculate the updated mean age of the employees. Update the ages of employee id - 104,140, and 164 as 27

```
Employee_data[104][1]=27
Employee_data[140]=['Saloni',27,'Dancer']
Employee_data[164]=['Aman',27,'Dancer']
print("Age of employee id 104: ",Employee_data[104][1])
print("Age of employee id 140: ",Employee_data[140][1])
print("Age of employee id 164: ",Employee_data[164][1])
print(Employee_data)
```

Age of employee id 104: 27
Age of employee id 140: 27

Age of employee id 164: 27

{101: ['Shiva', 24, 'Content Strategist'], 102: ['Udit', 25, 'Content Strategist'], 103: ['Sonam', 28, 'Sr Manager'], 104: ['An



```
m=0
for i in range(101,106):
    m=m+Employee_data[i][1]
mean=(m+Employee_data[140][1]+Employee_data[164][1])/len(Employee_data)
print("Updated mean age of the employees:",mean)
```

Updated mean age of the employees: 27.142857142857142

2. Create a SORTED list of all values from the dictionary input_dict = {'Jack Dorsey': 'Twitter', 'Tim Cook': 'Apple', 'Jeff Bezos': 'Amazon', 'Mukesh Ambani': 'RJIO'} Sample Output: ['Amazon', 'Apple', 'RJIO', 'Twitter']

```
input_dict={'Jack Dorsey': 'Twitter', 'Tim Cook': 'Apple', 'Jeff Bezos': 'Amazon', 'Mukesh Ambani': 'RJIO'}
for item in input_dict.items():
    print(item)
print(list(sorted(input_dict.values())))
```

('Jack Dorsey', 'Twitter')
('Tim Cook', 'Apple')
('Jeff Bezos', 'Amazon')
('Mukesh Ambani', 'RJIO')
['Amazon', 'Apple', 'RJIO', 'Twitter']

3. Scenario: You are the manager of a supermarket. You have a list of items together with their prices that consumers bought on a particular day. Your task is to print each item_name and net_price. item_name = Name of the item. net_price = Quantity of the item sold multiplied by the price of each item.

▼ Input Format

The first line contains the number of items The next lines contains the item's name and price, separated by a space.

Constraint

$0 < n \leq 100$

Output Format

Print the item_name and net_price in order

Sample

```
print("Enter the number of items: ")
n=int(input())
items_dict=dict()
for i in range(n):
    print("Enter item",i+1)
    item=input()
    item_name,item_price=item.split(' ')
    item_price=int(item_price)
    if(item_name in items_dict):
        items_dict[item_name]+=item_price
    else:
        items_dict[item_name]=item_price
print("Items and their net price are : ")
for keys in items_dict:
    print(keys,items_dict[keys])
```

```
Enter the number of items:
3
Enter item 1
Bread 15
Enter item 2
Milk 25
Enter item 3
Butter 40
Items and their net price are :
Bread 15
Milk 25
Butter 40
```

4. Create a Nested Dictionary Using the given table in the format: Olympic = {County1 : {Country Code-1 : {Gold : value , Silver : value
Bronze:value} },

County2 : {Country Code-2 : {Gold : value , Silver : value , Bronze : value} },}

Country || Country Code ||Year ||Medal-Gold|| Medal-Silver || Medal- Bronze

Great Britain || GBR ||2012 || 29 || 17 || 19

China || CHN || 2012 || 38 || 28 || 22

Russia || RUS || 2012 || 24 || 25 || 32

United States|| US || 2012 || 46 || 28 || 29

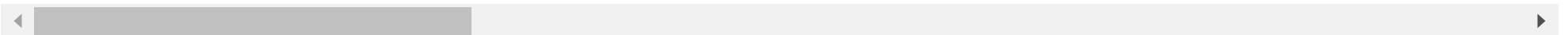
Korea || KOR || 2012 || 13 || 8 || 7

Japan || JPN || 2012 || 7 || 14 || 17

Germany || GER || 2012 || 11 || 11 || 14

```
Olympic={'Great Britain':{'GBR':{'Gold':27,'Silver':17,'Bronze':19}},'China':{'CHN':{'Gold':38,'Silver':28,'Bronze':22}},'Russia':{'R  
      'Korea':{'KOR':{'Gold':13,'Silver':8,'Bronze':7}},'Japan':{'JPN':{'Gold':7,'Silver':14,'Bronze':17}},'Germany':{'GER':{'Gold':11  
print(Olympic)
```

```
      {'Great Britain': {'GBR': {'Gold': 27, 'Silver': 17, 'Bronze': 19}}, 'China': {'CHN': {'Gold': 38, 'Silver': 28, 'Bronze': 22}}
```



a.Find the country with maximum gold medals

```
temp=Olympic['Great Britain']['GBR']['Gold']  
for i in Olympic.values():  
    for j in i.values():  
        while temp<j['Gold']:  
            temp=j['Gold']
```

```

max=i.items()

print(max,"has maximum gold ")

dict_items([('US', {'Gold': 46, 'Silver': 28, 'Bronze': 29})]) has maximum gold

```

b. Find the countries with more than 20 gold medals

```

print("Countries with more than 20 medals are:\n ")
for i in Olympic.values():
    for j in i.values():
        if j['Gold']>20:

            print(i.items())

```



Countries with more than 20 medals are:

```

dict_items([('GBR', {'Gold': 27, 'Silver': 17, 'Bronze': 19})])
dict_items([('CHN', {'Gold': 38, 'Silver': 28, 'Bronze': 22})])
dict_items([('RUS', {'Gold': 24, 'Silver': 25, 'Bronze': 32})])
dict_items([('US', {'Gold': 46, 'Silver': 28, 'Bronze': 29})])

```

c. Evaluate the Dictionary and print the name of each country with its gold medals and total number of medals

```

for i in Olympic.values():
    sum=0
    for j in i.values():
        sum=sum+j['Gold']+j['Silver']+j['Bronze']
        print("all gold medals of ",i.keys() ,"is ", j['Gold'])

    print("Sum of all medals of ",i.keys(),"is ",sum)
    print("\n")

all gold medals of dict_keys(['GBR']) is 27
Sum of all medals of dict_keys(['GBR']) is 63

```

```
all gold medals of dict_keys(['CHN']) is 38
Sum of all medals of dict_keys(['CHN']) is 88
```

```
all gold medals of dict_keys(['RUS']) is 24
Sum of all medals of dict_keys(['RUS']) is 81
```

```
all gold medals of dict_keys(['US']) is 46
Sum of all medals of dict_keys(['US']) is 103
```

```
all gold medals of dict_keys(['KOR']) is 13
Sum of all medals of dict_keys(['KOR']) is 28
```

```
all gold medals of dict_keys(['JPN']) is 7
Sum of all medals of dict_keys(['JPN']) is 38
```

```
all gold medals of dict_keys(['GER']) is 11
Sum of all medals of dict_keys(['GER']) is 36
```

5. Write a Python Program to Count the Number of Each Vowel, consonants and spaces in the given String(Multiline) using Dictionary (Use V_dict for vowels and C_dict for consonants and spaces)

```
str = input( "Enter the string=" )
vowels = 0
consonants = 0

str = str.lower()
for i in range(0, len(str)):
    if(str[i] == 'a' or str[i] == 'e' or str[i] == 'i'
```

```

        or str[i] == 'o' or str[i] == 'u'):
            vowels = vowels + 1
    elif((str[i] >= 'a' and str[i] <= 'z')):
        consonants = consonants + 1

print("Vowels=", vowels)
print("Consonants=", consonants)

Enter the string=Why are you reading my document?
Vowels= 10
Consonants= 16

```

6) Take the string your name as input (Ex. Firstname middlename surname). Generate the mail id as surname followed by first letter from firstname, first letter from middle name, @rk nec.edu and store this into the dictionary as { Mail ID: Name} using function . Do it for 5 students.

```

def mail(name,name_dict):

    lst=name.split(" ")
    id=lst[2]+lst[0][0]+lst[1]+"@rk nec.edu"
    name_dict[id]=name

name_dict={}
for i in range(5):

    name=input("Enter name : ")
    mail(name,name_dict);
print(name_dict)

Enter name : Saloni Vinod Vishwakarma
Enter name : Aishwarya Rai Bachhan
Enter name : Akshay Kumar Bhatia
Enter name : Priya Dilip Panpaliya
Enter name : Radhika Anil Laddha
{'VishwakarmaSVinod@rk nec.edu': 'Saloni Vinod Vishwakarma', 'BachhanARai@rk nec.edu': 'Aishwarya Rai Bachhan', 'BhatiaAKumar@rk

```


7) Use functions to calculate the trip's costs:

(i) Define a function called `hotel_cost` with one argument `nights` as input. The hotel costs \$140 per night. So, the function `hotel_cost` should return `140 * nights`.

```
def hotel_cost(night):  
    return 140*night  
night=int(input("Enter number of nights: "))  
print("\n Total hotel cost is $",hotel_cost(night))
```

Enter number of nights: 5

Total hotel cost is \$ 700

(ii) Define a function called `plane_ride_cost` that takes a string `city` as input. The function should return a different price depending on the location. **Below are the valid destinations and their corresponding round-trip prices. o "Charlotte": 183, "Tampa": 220, "Pittsburgh": 222, "Los Angeles": 475**

```
def plane_ride_cost(city):  
    if (city=="Charlotte"):  
        return 183  
    elif (city=="Tampa"):  
        return 220  
    elif (city=="Pittsburgh"):  
        return 222  
    elif (city=="Los Angeles"):  
        return 475  
    else :  
        return "invalid desitination"  
city=input("Enter location")  
print("Round-trip prices ",plane_ride_cost(city))
```

```
Enter locationLos Angeles
Round-trip prices 475
```

(iii) -Below your existing code, define a function called `rental_car_cost` with an argument called `days`. Calculate the cost of renting the car: Every day you rent the car costs \$40.($\text{cost}=40*\text{days}$)

if you rent the car for 7 or more days, you get

50 off your total (cost = 50). Alternatively (elif), if you rent the car for 3 or more days, you get 20 off your total. You cannot get both of the above discounts. Return that cost.

```
def rental_car_cost(days):
    if (days>=3 and days>=7):
        return (40*days)-50

    elif (days>=3 and days<=7):
        return (40*days)-20

days=int(input("Enter no days : "))
print("Total rent of car is $",rental_car_cost(days))
```

```
Enter no days : 5
Total rent of car is $ 180
```

(iv) -Then, define a function called `trip_cost` that takes two arguments, `city` and `days`. Have your function return the sum of calling the `rental_car_cost(days)`, `hotel_cost(days)`, and `plane_ride_cost(city)` functions.

```
def trip_cost(city,days):
    return rental_car_cost(days)+hotel_cost(days)+plane_ride_cost(city)
city=input("Enter city :")
days=int(input("Enter number of days :"))
print("Total cost of trip is $",trip_cost(city,days))
```

```
Enter city :Tampa
```

Enter number of days :5
Total cost of trip is \$ 1100