

# Database Modeling

Introduction

- 1) Requirement analysis
- 2) Create ER-diagram
- 3) Organizing data into tables
- 4) Normalizing

1

Gather information

List the types of data

People

Things

Locations

Events

②

Visual

Entities

Primary keys

Relations

# Organizing data into tables

③

ER-diagram => tables

Assign datatypes

④

One big => many small

# Relations

Customer	

Order	

# Relations





# Relations

Order	

Product	

# Relations



# Relations

Shop	

Icecream	

# Relations



# Relations

Country	

UN Representative	

# Relations



# Relations

Candidate

PoliticalParty

Order

OrderRow

Person

Color

Student

Course

Car

ParkingLot

Book

Author

Customer

ParkingLot

Person

Passport

# Relations



One (and only one)



Zero or one



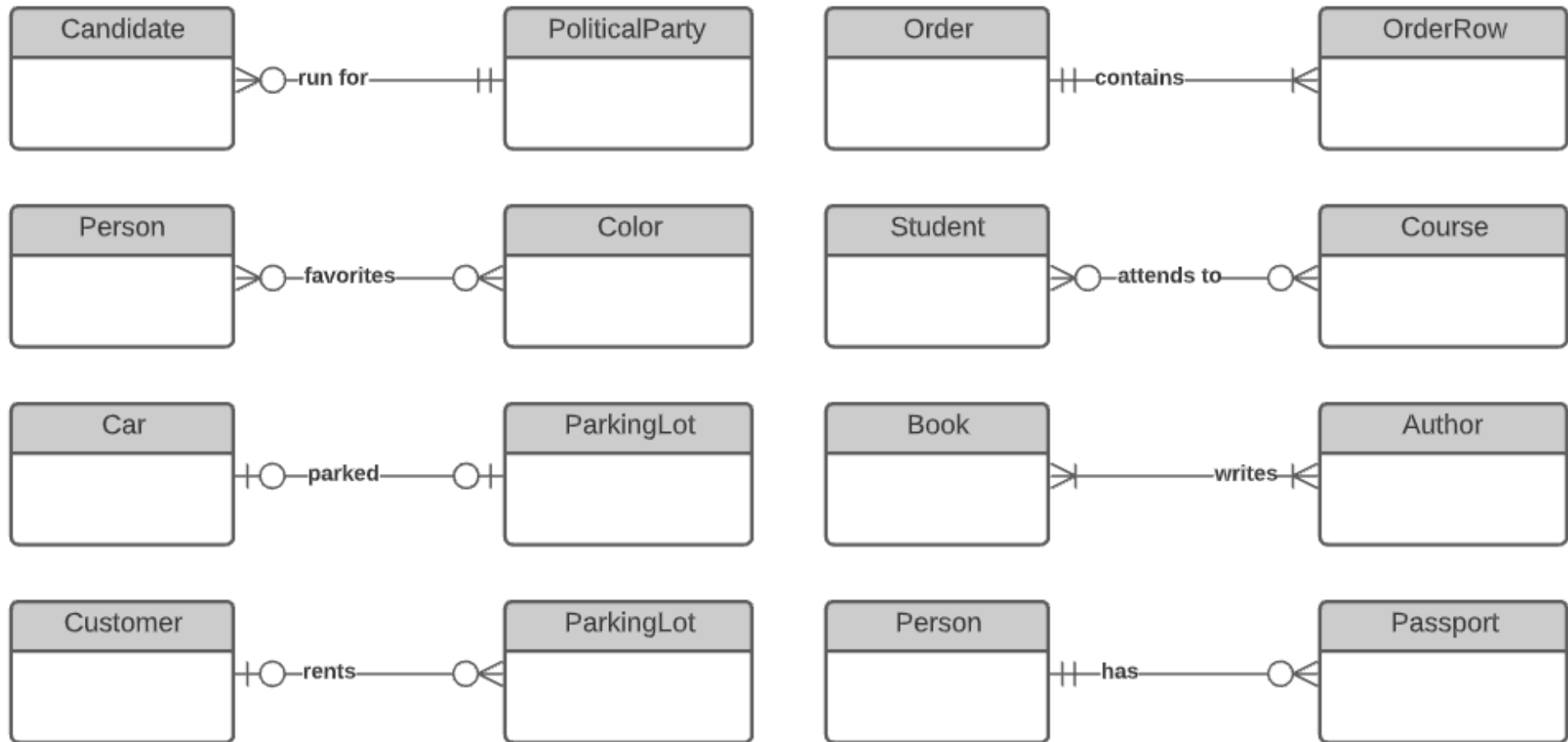
One or many



Zero or many

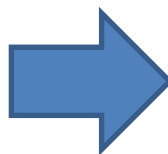


# Relations



# Normalizing

Name	FavoriteColor
Mia	Red
Olivia	Red
James	Green
Liam	Blue
Ava	<i>NULL</i>
<i>NULL</i>	Red



Name	FavoriteColor
Mia	91
Olivia	91
James	92
Liam	93
Ava	NULL
NULL	91

Id	Name
91	Red
92	Green
93	Blue
94	Purple
95	Indigo

# Normalizing

First normal form

Second normal form

Third normal form



# Normalizing

## First normal form

<b>Name</b>	<b>FavoriteColors</b>
Bart	Red, Green, Blue
Lisa	Green, Purple

<b>Name</b>	<b>Color1</b>	<b>Color2</b>	<b>Color3</b>
Bart	Red	Green	Blue
Lisa	Green	Purple	

## Second normal form

 <b>OrderNumber</b>	 <b>ProductId</b>	<b>ProductName</b>
1	3000	Monitor 26"
2	4000	Freezer
3	3000	Monitor 26"

## Third normal form

ProductId	Name	Price	VAT	TotalPrice
1	Bowl	200	50	250
2	Spoon	32	8	40