#### **PBL REPORT**

ON

# MEDICAL STORE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

**DBMS (KCS-551)** 

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## Introduction

#### MEDICAL STORE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

It is a management system of Medical Store, to maintain and manage record of medicines, employees and transactions related information. It is a one stop intelligent solution of problems every medical store owners faces.

Moreover, its friendly GUI makes it more useful and time saving.

Administrator can manage everything, and each employee will

have there own account, thus, making each employee work private from each other. However, ADMIN can observe everything.

Employees will only have rights for adding records, and there attendance is monitored within the application. Employees can reset the password either by their unique User Name or by directly contacting the administrator of the store.

Administrator credentials are given below, they can not be reset by the admin itself, if in case lost or forgotten. Admin needs to contact the engineer for the recovery.

**User Name: admin** 

Password: root

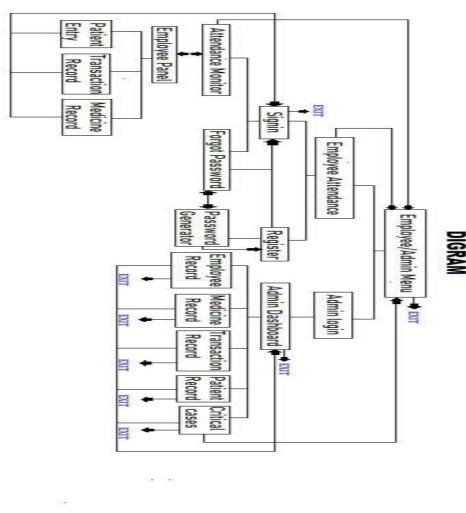
For this project, Java language and MySQL databases are used.

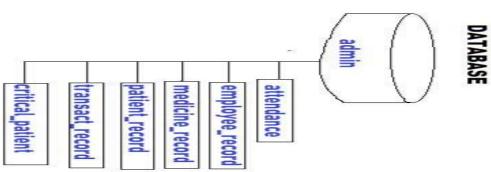
## **Features & Applications**

- 1) It is very useful to monitor the attendance of each employee in your medical store.
- 2) Employees can manage their records with limited access as compared to admin.
- 3) The records saved are in the form of tables having rows and columns, which makes it more comfortable and easier to manage data.
- 4) Admin have some advance rights, other than employees, like managing attendance record, critical cases management system etc., which makes it more powerful software in the market.
- 5) Admin is provided with unique login credential, which can not be modified by anyone, which makes it more secure.
- 6) Each employee have its own login credential, making each employee private from each other.

# Design

### **ER Diagram & Database Flow Chart**





#### Database design

In this project, MySQL database management system is used, in which a database is created under which required tuples(tables) are stored.

In this application "Admin" database is used. It contains six tables as shown.

#### 1) Database

#### 2) Tables

#### **Attendance Record**

#### **Employee Record**

#### **Medicine Record**

#### **Patient Record**

```
MariaDB [admin]> desc patient record;
 Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra
 PatientID | varchar(30) | YES | UNI | NULL
           | varchar(30) | YES |
                                      NULL
 Medicine | varchar(20) | YES
                                      NULL
 Cost
           | double(10,3) | YES
                                      NULL
 AnyDebt | double(10,2) | YES |
                                      NULL
5 rows in set (0.175 sec)
MariaDB [admin]> insert into patient_record values("PID01","Kushagra","Paracetamol","65","0");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.068 sec)
MariaDB [admin]> select * from patient_record;
 PatientID | Name | Medicine | Cost | AnyDebt |
 PID01 | Kushagra | Paracetamol | 65.000 | 0.00 |
 row in set (0.000 sec)
```

#### **Transaction Record**

#### **Critical Patient Record**

## **Implementation**

The medical store management system is made using database (MySQL) and java application connectivity.

Following software are used for making the project:

Xampp database software for MySQL localhost server

In this project, MySQL have following credentials:

a) User Name: root

b) \*\* No password is set, so it needs to be empty.

c) Host: 127.0.0.1

d) Port: 3306

MySQL J (Connector) for MySQL database and Java connectivity.

Java Development kit (JDK) needs to be installed for Java libraries.

**NetBeans IDE.** 

rs2xml.jar file for editing queries into GUI table from SQL database.

Inno Setup Compiler for making executable (.exe) installer for making application independent of IDE.

Following are the hardware requirements for this project:

Minimum CPU: Platinum III or equivalent. Recommended CPU: intel core i3 with 6<sup>th</sup> generation or equivalent.

CPU speed of at least 1 Giga Hertz.

Minimum RAM: 256MB. Recommended RAM: 4GB.

**Operating System: Windows XP. Recommended:** 

Windows 8.1 or higher.

Low end graphics for visuals of at least

64MB. Disk Space: 2GB is recommended.

NetBeans IDE is used for designing GUI and Java coding. As MySQL queries are initiated in Java instructions, MySQL connector J is used which export the extracted SQL query from Java to MySQL database. For this purpose, MySQL JDBC (Java Database Connectivity) driver is added in libraries of Java project. The folder containing .jar file of the connector. The rs2xml.jar file which is added to the libraries of Java project, makes it possible to view any changes in table in GUI.

#### CODING

#### **Panel Change**

dispose(); function closes the old panel.
Calling opening the targeted panel is in
following format: <new\_panel> <var> = new
<new\_panel>(); <new\_panel>.setVisible(true);

#### For Example:

```
private void attendencebtnActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
    // GO TO Attendence
    dispose();
    Attendence_register_login frame = new Attendence_register_login();
    frame.setVisible(true);
}
```

#### **Libraries Used**

- a) To handle various exceptions "java.awt.HeadlessException" is used.
- b) To Provides the connectivity SQL database "java.sql.\*" is used.
- c) To Provides connectivity to rs2xml library "net.proteanit.sql.\*" is used.
- d) To show dialog messages "javax.swing.JOptionPane" is used.

```
import java.awt.HeadlessException; //To handle various exceptions import java.sql.*; //Provides the connectivity SQL database import net.proteanit.sql.*; // Provides connectivity to rs2xml library import javax.swing.JOptionPane; //To show dialog messages
```

#### To View Record in table

#### To display record:

try { } catch() {} function is used to handle errors. First try function is executed, if any error occurs catch function handles the error.

Class.forName(); function loads the drivers.

DriverManager.getConnection() makes the connectivity to the target databases.

PreparedStatement function is used to prepared the statement (query) stored in some string variable. executeQuery() functions executes the query in database. <tableName>.setModel(DbUtils.resultSetToTableModel (<result>)) is used to display record to the table. close() function closes the connection to the database.

```
try{
   Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"); //Loads the driver
   try (Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/admin","root","")) {
     String sql="select * from medicine_record";
     PreparedStatement pstmt=con.prepareStatement(sql);
     ResultSet rs=pstmt.executeQuery();
     output.setModel(DbUtils.resultSetToTableModel(rs));
     con.close();
   }
}
catch(ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e){
   JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null,"Error is: "+e.getMessage());
}
```

#### To add/modify/delete record

If()....else if()....else() functions are used to check if user has not made any invalid input to the textboxes. The last else() statement is used to execute if all conditions are satisfied. try{} and catch() {} functions are used to handle errors. Class.forName(); function loads the drivers. DriverManager.getConnection() makes the connectivity to the target databases.

PreparedStatement function is used to prepare the statement (query) stored in some string variable.

# executeQuery() functions executes the query in database. JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(); function is used to display the successful message.

```
// Adding medicine record
             // Employee Record edit
        if(mednametxt.getText().trim().isEmpty())
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please enter the name of the medicine!");
        else if(mrptxt.getText().trim().isEmpty())
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please enter MRP!");
        else if(disctxt.getText().trim().isEmpty())
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please enter Discount! If NONE, enter 0.");
        else{
            try{
            Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"); //Loads the driver
                try (Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/admin","root","")) {
                    String sql="insert into medicine_record values(?,?,?)";
                    PreparedStatement pstmt=con.prepareStatement(sql);
                    pstmt.setString(1,mednametxt.getText());
                    pstmt.setString(2,mrptxt.getText());
                    pstmt.setString(3,disctxt.getText());
                    pstmt.execute();
                    JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Medicine added successfulluy. Pleae refresh to see the changes!");
                    con.close();
        catch(HeadlessException | ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e){
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Error is: "+e.getMessage());
```

```
// Change/Modifyusername
if(modifyusernametxt.getText().trim().isEmpty())
     JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please enter all fields!");
else if(newusernametxt.getText().trim().isEmpty())
   JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please enter all fields!");
 else{
     String olduser=modifyusernametxt.getText();
     String newuser=newusernametxt.getText();
     Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"); //Loads the driver
        try (Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/admin","root","")) {
             String sql="update employee_record set username='"+newuser+"' where username='"+olduser+"'";
             PreparedStatement pstmt=con.prepareStatement(sql);
             pstmt.execute();
             JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Employee updated successfulluy. Pleae refresh to see the changes!");
            con.close();
 catch(HeadlessException | ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e){
     JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Error is: "+e.getMessage());
```

```
// Deletes the selected record
if (modifyusernametxt.getText().trim().isEmpty())
{
    JOptionPane.shovMessageDialog(null, "Please enter UserName!");
}
else{
    try{
    String olduser=modifyusernametxt.getText();
    Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver"); //Loads the driver
        try (Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/admin", "root", ""))
        String sql="delete from employee_record where username=""+olduser+"";
        PreparedStatement pstmt=con.prepareStatement(sql);
        pstmt.execute();
        JOptionPane.shovMessageDialog(null, "Employee deleted successfulluy.");
        con.close();
    }
}
catch(HeadlessException | ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
    JOptionPane.shovMessageDialog(null, "Error is: "+e.getMessage());
}
```

#### **Password Generator**

private String list =

"abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW XYZ1234567890";

This is the list of all characters from which Randoms are chosen by the program.

try{} and catch() {} functions are used to handle errors.

if()....else() statement is used to check for the condition if length provided is less than 100 or not.

The for() loop is used to get the random characters from the list the number of times, the length is provided.

```
private String list = "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ1234567890";

/**

* This method is called from within the constructor to initialize the form.

* WARNING: Do NOT modify this code. The content of this method is always

* regenerated by the Form Editor.

*/
```

```
// Password Generator:
try{
    int length = Integer.parseInt(len.getText());
    if(length <= 100) {
        StringBuilder str = new StringBuilder();
        for(int i = 0;i<length;i++) {
            int num = getRandomNum();
            char ch = list.charAt(num);
            str.append(ch);
        }
        output.setText(str.toString());
}
else{
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please enter length upto 100 only. You entered: "+length);
        }
}
catch(NumberFormatException e) {
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Error: "+e);
}</pre>
```

# **Snapshots & Result**

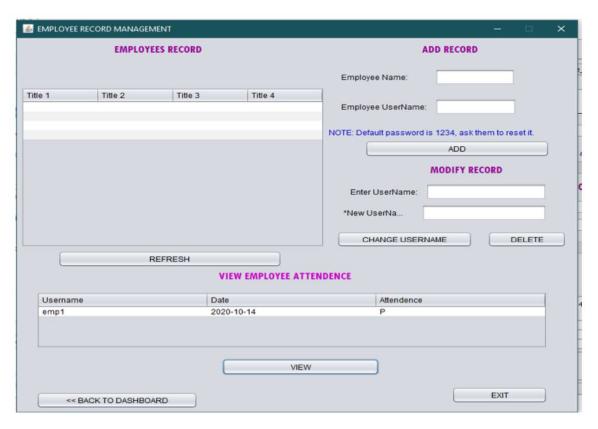
The application run successfully of which certain outputs are as:











## **Conclusion and Future Work**

It is a basic version of the application. It can be used to store data in global database, so that database can be accessed from anywhere around the world. But to be in safe zone, private server is recommended.

## References

1) Official My SQL reference material: https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.6/en/

2) YouTube videos explaining the concepts:

Connectivity: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dO0iKzfXzl0">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dO0iKzfXzl0</a>

**Check Password:** 

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R0slwluImT8&t=906s

3) https://www.google.com