# **Introduction to MS Word**

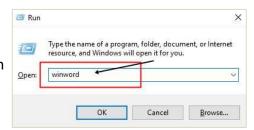
Microsoft Word is a word processor developed by Microsoft. It allows us to create, edit, format, save, print, delete, and view a multidirectional text document. It allows you to create and edit personal and business documents, such as letters, reports, invoices, emails, and books. By default, documents saved in Word 2010 are saved with the **.docx** extension.

# How to open or run MS-Word

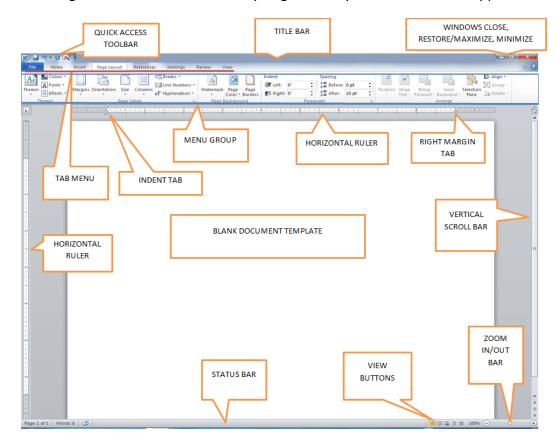
**Step 1:** Click the button Windows key + R. Then the run window will pop out in screen.

**Step 2:** Write winword in Open option in run window.

Step 3: Press OK button and now MS-Word file is open.



Following is the basic window which you get when you start the Word application.



#### **Navigation**

#### **Title Bar**

It is the top most part of the window. It is the place where file information is located.

#### Menu Bar

The Menu bar is directly below the Title bar and it displays the menu.

#### **Quick-Access Toolbar**

The Quick Access Toolbar displays a small selection of the more commonly used commands in the top left hand corner of the application window.

#### Ribbon

It lies below Menu bar. These tabs are divided into groups which we see below the tab and differ according to tab. The groups in MS Word 2010 are the same as the toolbars in previous versions. They are much more organized, making it easier for us to find what we need and complete the task.

#### Ruler

The ruler is generally found below the main toolbars. The ruler is used to change the format of your document quickly.

#### **Document Area**

Just below the toolbar, there is a large area called document area. This is the place where we type text.

#### **Status Bar**

The status bar is the area at the bottom of the Word window that indicates information about the current document. It displays information about what page you are on, as well as your line number on the page and character number on the line.

#### **Features**

# i. Text Formatting

To format a text

- a) Select the text you want to format
- b) Click the Home tab.
- c) Click the Font Dialog Box Launcher.

- d) Select the font, font style, and font size you want
- e) If you want, click the Font Color list arrow, and then click a color.
- f) If you want, select the effect you want in your text.
- g) If you want, select your underline style.
- h) You can see your formatted text in preview
- i) Click OK.

## ii. Paragraph Formatting

To format a paragraph

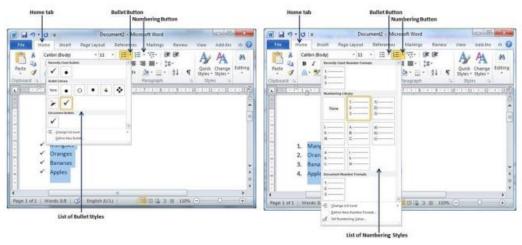
- a) Select the paragraph you want to format
- b) Click the Home tab.
- c) Click the Paragraph Dialog Box Launcher
- d) Select the alignment, indentation, and line spacing you want
- e) You can see your formatted paragraph in preview

## iii. Create a List from Existing Text

**Step 1** – Select a list of text which you want to assign bullets or numbers. You can use any of the text selection method to select the portion of text.

**Step 2** – Click the Bullet Button triangle icon to display a list of bullets you want to assign to the list. You can select any of the bullet style available by simply clicking over it.

Step 3 – If you are willing to create a list of bullets you

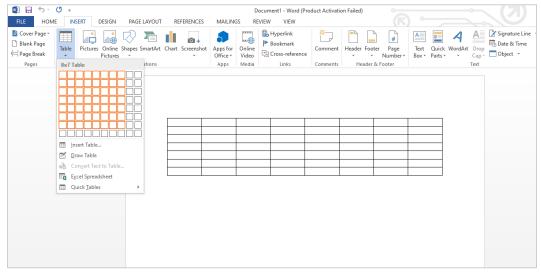


#### iv. Table

A table is a structure of vertical columns and horizontal rows with a cell at every

intersection. Each cell contain text or graphics, and you can format the table in any way you want. Usually the top row in the table is kept as a table header and can be used to put some informative instructions.

## Creating a table



**Step 1** – Click the **Insert** tab followed by the **Table** button. This will display a simple grid as shown below. When you move your mouse over the grid cells, it makes a table in the table that appears in the document. You can make your table having the desired number of rows and columns.

**Step 2** – Click the square representing the lower-right corner of your table, which will create an actual table in your document and word goes in the table design mode. The table design mode has many options to work with.

**Step 3** – This is optional step that can be worked out if you want to have a fancy table. Click the Table Styles button to display a gallery of table styles. When you move your mouse over any of the styles, it shows real time preview of your actual table.

**Step 4** – To select any of the styles, just click the built-in table style and you will see that the selected style has been applied on your table.

#### Mail Merge in MS-Word

When you use the Word Mail Merge feature, Word merges a main document with a recipient list to generate a set of output documents:

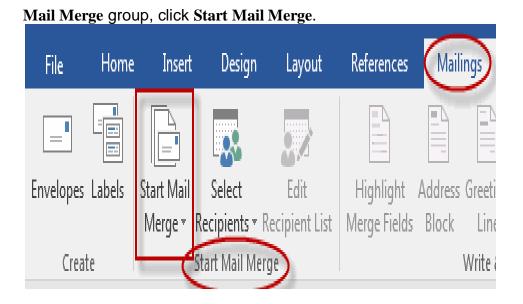
- The main document contains the basic text that is the same in all of the output documents. It may contain a letterhead, text, and instructions in merge fields for inserting text (such as recipient names and addresses) that vary from one output document to another.
- The recipient list is a database that contains the data that is to be merged into the output documents. For example, the recipient list is a Microsoft Access database file or an Excel worksheet. This database is typically a list of names, addresses, phone numbers, and other categories of personal information.
- The output documents are the result of the mail merge. The text in an output document can be the same in all output documents, but you can apply formatting to specific documents.

# How to Use Mail Merge in Microsoft Word

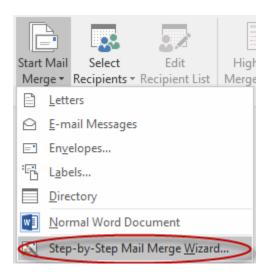
Mail Merge is most often used to print or email form letters to multiple recipients. Using Mail Merge, you can easily customize form letters for individual recipients. Mail merge is also used to create envelopes or labels in bulk.

This feature works the same in all modern versions of Microsoft Word: 2010, 2013, and 2016.

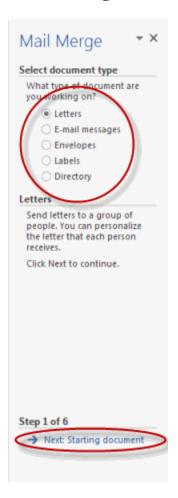
1. In a blank Microsoft Word document, click on the Mailings tab, and in the Start



2. Click Step-by-Step Mail Merge Wizard.



3. Select your document type. In this demo we will select **Letters**. Click **Next: Starting document**.



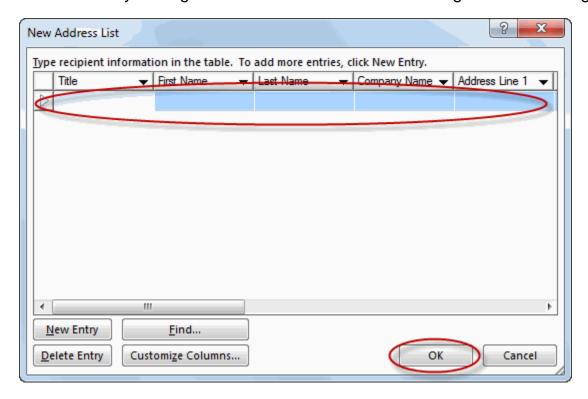
4. Select the starting document. In this demo we will use the current (blank) document. Select **Use the current document** and then click **Next: Select recipients**.



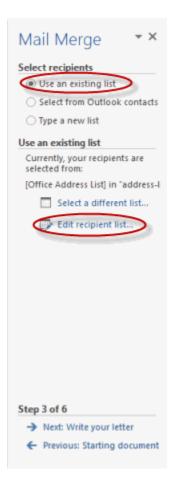
5. Select recipients. In this demo we will create a new list, so select **Type a new list** and then click **Create**.



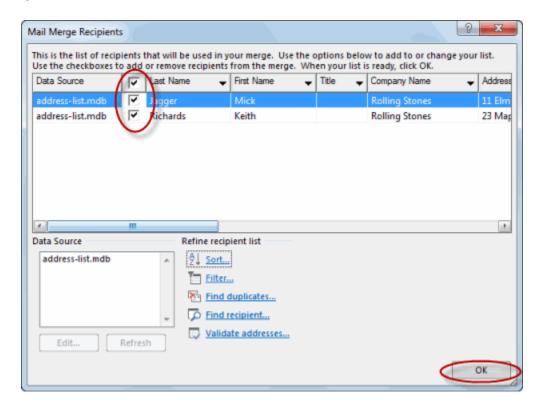
Create a list by adding data in the New Address List dialog box and clicking OK.



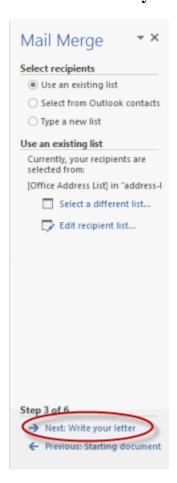
- Save the list.
- Note that now that a list has been created, the Mail Merge Wizard reverts to Use an existing list and you have the option to edit the recipient list.



Selecting Edit recipient list opens up the Mail Merge Recipients dialog box, where you can edit the list and select or unselect records. Click OK to accept the list as is.



# Click Next: Write your letter.

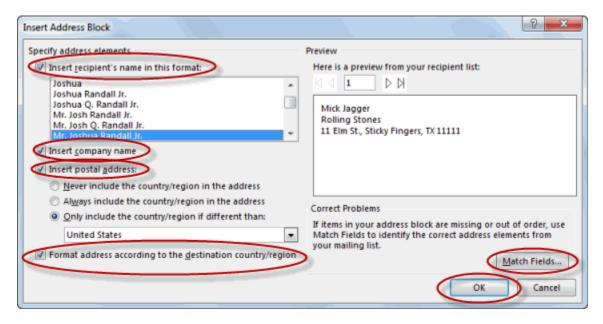


Write the letter and add custom fields.

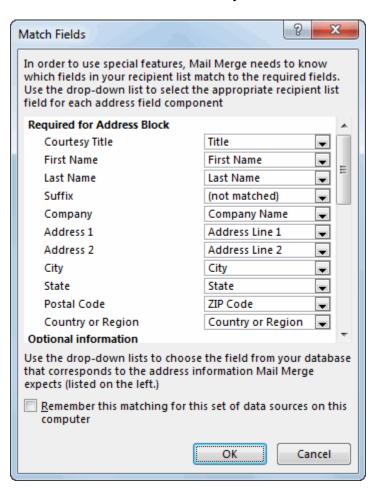
 Click Address block to add the recipients' addresses at the top of the document.



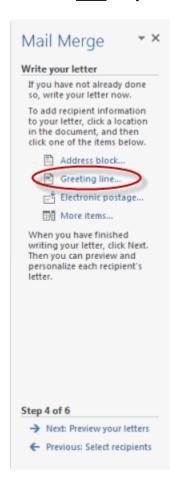
In the Insert Address Block dialog box, check or uncheck boxes and select options on the left until the address appears the way you want it to.



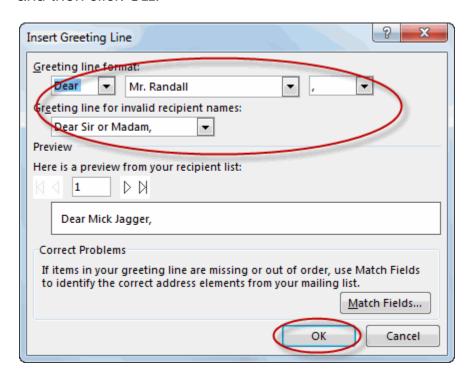
Note that you can use **Match Fields** to correct any problems. Clicking **Match Fields** opens up the **Match Fields** dialog box, in which you can associate the fields from your list with the fields required by the wizard.



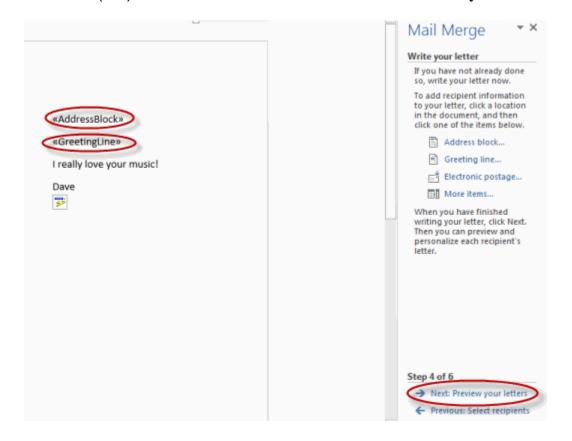
7. Press Enter on your keyboard and click Greeting line... to enter a greeting.



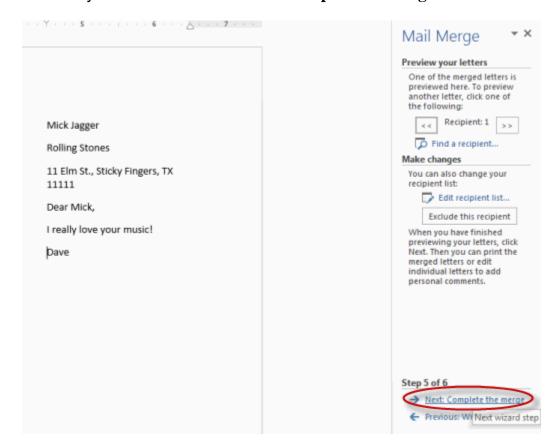
8. In the **Insert Greeting Line** dialog box, choose the greeting line format by clicking the drop-down arrows and selecting the options of your choice, and then click **OK**.



9. Note that the address block and greeting line are surrounded by chevrons (« »). Write a short letter and click **Next: Preview your letters**.



# Preview your letter and click Next: Complete the merge.



Click **Print** to print your letters or **Edit individual letters** to further personalize some or all of the letters.

