ANO: 10° ANO DATA: SET

TEMA: PROPRIEDADES ALGÉBRICAS DOS RADICAIS

TIPO: FICHA DE TRABALHO Nº2

LR MAT EXPLICAÇÕES

1. Simplifica o mais possível cada uma das seguintes expressões.

1.1)
$$\sqrt{40}$$

1.2)
$$\sqrt{128}$$

1.3)
$$(\sqrt{5})^2$$

$$1.4)\sqrt[3]{32}$$

1.5)
$$(5\sqrt{2})^2$$

1.6)
$$\left(\frac{2}{3}\sqrt[3]{3}\right)^3$$

1.7)
$$\sqrt{2^2 \times 3^3}$$

1.8)
$$\sqrt[3]{5^8 \times 2^{12}}$$

1.9)
$$\sqrt{10^2}$$

1.10)
$$\sqrt{10^{-2}}$$

1.11)
$$\sqrt[3]{2.7 \times 10^4}$$

1.12)
$$\frac{\sqrt{0.64}}{10^{-1}}$$

2. Efetua os cálculos e simplifica.

2.1)
$$12\sqrt{2} - 5\sqrt{2} + 93\sqrt{2}$$

2.2)
$$6\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{2}$$

2.3)
$$\sqrt{48} - 4\sqrt{3}$$

$$2.4)\,\frac{\sqrt{16}\times\sqrt{8}}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

$$2.5) \left(\sqrt{5}\right)^3 \times \left(\sqrt{5}\right)^2 \div 5$$

2.6)
$$-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{4} - 3\sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{5}$$

$$2.7$$
) $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{18} - \sqrt{32}$

$$2.8) - \sqrt{216} + 2\sqrt{6} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} - \sqrt{125}$$

$$2.9)\sqrt{24} + \sqrt{54} - \sqrt{96} + \sqrt{6}$$

2.10)
$$(\sqrt{3} + 1)(\sqrt{3} + 1) - (4 + 2\sqrt{3})$$

$$2.11)\ 2\sqrt[3]{4} - 5\sqrt[3]{4} + 2$$

2.12)
$$\sqrt[3]{2} + \sqrt[3]{16} + \sqrt[3]{54} + \sqrt[3]{128}$$

$$2.13) \ 2 \times \sqrt[3]{\frac{81}{-8}} - \sqrt[3]{3}$$

$$2.14) \left(\sqrt{5}\right)^2 - 3\sqrt{5}$$

2.15)
$$\sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{5} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{5}$$

$$2.16) \left(\sqrt{2} + 5\right)^2$$

$$2.17) (\sqrt{3} - 5)(\sqrt{3} + 5)$$

$$2.18) \left(2\sqrt{11}-3\right)^2$$

$$2.19) \left(5\sqrt{3}\right)^2 - 10\sqrt{3}$$

$$2.20)3\sqrt{2}\times5\sqrt{2}$$

2.21)
$$2\sqrt{7} (3\sqrt{7} - 1)$$

2.22)
$$(3 - 5\sqrt{2})(3 + 5\sqrt{2})$$

2.23)
$$(2 + \sqrt{10})^2$$

2.24)
$$(\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{3})^2$$

$$2.25$$
) $\sqrt{3}$ ($\sqrt{27} - 2$)

2.26)
$$(1 - \sqrt{13})(1 + \sqrt{13})$$

Recorda os casos notáveis:
$$(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2 \times a \times b + b^2$$

$$(a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$$

3. Calcula o valor exato das seguintes expressões.

3.1)
$$\left(\sqrt{3}\right)^2 \times 3^{-3} \div 2^{-2} - \left(\sqrt{7}\right)^0$$

3.3)
$$\left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^{-1} \div \left(2 + \left[\left(\sqrt{16} + 2^3\right) - 4\right]\right) \times 3$$

3.2)
$$\pi^2 \times \left(\frac{1}{\pi}\right)^{-2} - \sqrt[3]{0,001} \times \sqrt{\frac{1}{10^{-2}}}$$

3.4)
$$2(\sqrt{3}-1) + [(\sqrt{3})^2]^3 \times \sqrt{3} - (\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{7})^0$$

4. Calcula e simplifica.

4.1)
$$\left(\sqrt{0,1}\right)^{-2}$$
 4.2) $\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^{-5}$ 4.3) $\left(\sqrt[3]{5}\right)^{-4}$ 4.4) $\left(\sqrt[4]{3^{-2}}\right)^{-3}$

4.3)
$$(\sqrt[3]{5})^{-4}$$

$$4.4) \left(\sqrt[4]{3^{-2}}\right)^{-3}$$

5. Calcula e simplifica.

5.1)
$$\sqrt[3]{\sqrt[3]{2}}$$

5.3)
$$\sqrt[5]{3\sqrt[3]{-2}}$$

5.2)
$$\sqrt{3\sqrt{2}}$$

5.4)
$$\left(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}\right)^2 + \frac{\sqrt[4]{\sqrt[3]{2}}}{\sqrt[3]{\sqrt[4]{2}}} - \sqrt{24}$$

6. Reduz ao mesmo índice os seguintes radicais.

6.1)
$$\sqrt[3]{5}$$
 e $\sqrt{2}$

6.2)
$$\sqrt[4]{12}$$
 e $\sqrt[8]{5}$

6.3)
$$\sqrt[3]{7}$$
 e $\sqrt[4]{2}$