Find the derivative matrices in Exercises 5–8 and evaluate at the given points.

5.
$$\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)}$$
; $x = u \sin v$, $y = e^{uv}$; at $(0, 1)$.

$$x = u\sin(v) \qquad y = e^{uv}$$

$$\frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin(v) & u\cos(v) \\ ve^{uv} & ue^{uv} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

6. $\partial(x, y, z)/\partial(r, \theta, \phi)$; where $x = r \sin \phi \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \phi \sin \theta$, $z = r \cos \phi$; at $(2, \pi/3, \pi/4)$.

$$x = r \sin \phi \cos \theta$$
 $y = r \sin \phi \sin \theta$ $x = r \cos \phi$

$$\frac{\partial(x,y,z)}{\partial(r,\phi,\theta)} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin\phi\cos\theta & -r\sin\phi\sin\theta & r\cos\phi\cos\theta \\ \sin\phi\sin\theta & r\sin\phi\cos\theta & r\cos\phi\sin\theta \\ \cos\phi & 0 & -r\sin\phi \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} & -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 & -\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Compute $\partial z/\partial x$ and $\partial z/\partial y$ in Exercises 21-24 using matrix multiplication and by direct substitution.

21.
$$z = u^2 + v^2$$
; $u = 2x + 7$, $v = 3x + y + 7$.

22.
$$z = u^2 + 3uv - v^2$$
; $u = \sin x$,
 $v = -\cos x + \cos y$.

23.
$$z = \sin u \cos v$$
; $u = 3x^2 - 2y$, $v = x - 3y$.

24.
$$z = u/v^2$$
; $u = x + y$, $v = xy$.

21.

$$z = u^2 + v^2$$
 $u = 2x + 7$ $v = 3x + y + 7$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2u & 2v \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= (4u + 6v \quad 0u + 2v) = (26x + 6y + 70 \quad 6x + 2y + 14)$$

22.

$$z = u^2 + 3uv - v^2 \qquad u = \sin x \qquad v = -\cos x + \cos y$$

25. (a) Compute derivative matrices $\partial(x, y)/\partial(t, s)$ and $\partial(u, v)/\partial(x, y)$ if

$$x = t + s,$$
 $y = t - s,$
 $u = x^{2} + y^{2},$ $v = x^{2} - y^{2}.$

- (b) Express (u, v) in terms of (t, s) and calculate $\partial(u, v)/\partial(t, s)$.
- (c) Verify that the chain rule holds.

26.

(a)
$$x = t + s \qquad y = t - s \qquad u = x^2 + y^2 \qquad v = x^2 - y^2$$

$$\frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(t,s)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1\\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)} = \begin{pmatrix} 2x & 2y\\ 2x & -2y \end{pmatrix}$$

(b)
$$u = (t+s)^{2} + (t-s)^{2} \qquad v = (t+s)^{2} - (t-s)^{2}$$

$$u = 2t^{2} + 2s^{2} \qquad v = 4ts$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial s} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4t & 4s \\ 4s & 4t \end{pmatrix}$$

(c)
$$\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(t,s)} = \frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)} \frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(t,s)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1\\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2t+2s & 2t-2s\\ 2t+2s & -2t+2s \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4t & 4s\\ 4s & 4t \end{pmatrix}$$

27.

(a)
$$x = t^2 + s^2 \qquad y = ts \qquad u = \sin(x+y) \qquad v = \cos(x-y)$$
$$\frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(t,s)} = \begin{pmatrix} 2t & -2s \\ s & t \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(x+y) & \cos(x+y) \\ -\sin(x-y) & \sin(x-y) \end{pmatrix}$$

(b)
$$u = \sin(t^2 - s^2 + ts) \qquad v = \cos(t^2 - s^2 - ts)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial s} \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} & \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (2t+s)\cos\left(t^2-s^2+ts\right) & -(2s+t)\cos\left(t^2-s^2+ts\right) \\ -(2t-s)\sin\left(t^2-s^2-ts\right) & -(2s-t)\sin\left(t^2-s^2-ts\right) \end{pmatrix}$$