Calculate double integrals over a rectangle R.

a)

$$\iint_{R} xy\sqrt{1+x^{2}+y^{2}} \, dxdy \qquad R: 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 1$$

b)

$$\iint_{R} \frac{1}{(x+y+1)^{3}} dxdy \qquad R: 0 \le x \le 2, 0 \le y \le 1$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{2} \frac{1}{(x+y+1)^{3}} dxdy$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \left[-\frac{1}{2(x+y+1)^{2}} \right]_{0}^{2} dy$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \left(-\frac{1}{2(3+y)^{2}} + \frac{1}{2(y+1)^{2}} \right) dy$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{(3+y)^{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{(y+1)^{2}} dy$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left[-\frac{1}{3+y} \right]_{0}^{1} + \frac{1}{2} \left[-\frac{1}{1+y} \right]_{0}^{1}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left[-\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} \right] + \frac{1}{2} \left[-\frac{1}{2} + 1 \right] = \frac{5}{24}$$

c)

$$\iint_{R} x \sin(xy) dxdy \qquad R: 0 \le x \le 2, \pi \le y \le 2\pi$$

$$= \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{1} x \sin(xy) dxdy$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} x \sin(xy) dydx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \left[-\cos(xy) \right]_{\pi}^{2\pi} dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} \left(-\cos(2\pi x) + \cos(\pi x) \right) dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{1}{2\pi} \sin(2\pi x) \right]_{0}^{1} + \left[\frac{1}{\pi} \sin(\pi x) \right]_{0}^{1} = 0$$

d)

$$\iint_{R} (2x - 3y^{2}) dxdy \qquad R : -1 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 2$$

$$= \int_{0}^{2} \int_{-1}^{1} (2x - 3y^{2}) dxdy$$

$$= \int_{0}^{2} [x^{2} - 3y^{2}x]_{-1}^{1} dy$$

$$= \int_{0}^{2} -6y^{2}dy$$

$$= [-2y^{3}]_{0}^{2}$$

$$= -16$$