examples/conditional_aggr.pql by Pequel

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Conditional Aggregation Example Script

2.2

Conditional Aggregation Example Script		

examples/conditional_aggr.pql

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SCRIPT NAME

examples/conditional_aggr.pql

DESCRIPTION

Demonstrates the use of conditional aggregations. A conditional aggregate is done with the 'where' clause. This example analyses the COST_PRICE in various ways for the two states: NSW and VIC.

1. PROCESS DETAILS

Input records are read from standard input. The input record contains **8** fields. Fields are delimited by the '|' character.

Output records are written to standard output. The output record contains **14** fields. Fields are delimited by the '|' character.

Input stream is **sorted** by the input field **PRODUCT_CODE** (string).

Input records are **grouped** by the input field **PRODUCT_CODE** (string).

1.1 PRODUCT_CODE

Output Field

Description

Set to input field PRODUCT_CODE

1.2 AVG_COST_PRICE

Output Field

Description

Avg aggregation on input field COST_PRICE.

1.3 MIN_COST_PRICE

Output Field

Description

Min aggregation on input field COST PRICE.

1.4 MAX_COST_PRICE

Output Field

Description

Max aggregation on input field COST_PRICE.

1.5 SUM_COST_PRICE

Output Field

Description

Sum aggregation on input field **COST_PRICE**.

1.6 AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW

Output Field

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Description

Avg aggregation on input field COST_PRICE.

Aggregation condition

LOCATION eq 'NSW';

1.7 MIN_COST_PRICE_NSW

Output Field

Description

Min aggregation on input field COST_PRICE.

Aggregation condition

LOCATION eq 'NSW';

1.8 MAX_COST_PRICE_NSW

Output Field

Description

Max aggregation on input field COST_PRICE.

Aggregation condition

LOCATION eq 'NSW';

1.9 SUM_COST_PRICE_NSW

Output Field

Description

Sum aggregation on input field COST_PRICE.

Aggregation condition

LOCATION eq 'NSW';

1.10 AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC

Output Field

Description

Avg aggregation on input field COST_PRICE.

Aggregation condition

LOCATION eq 'VIC';

1.11 MIN_COST_PRICE_VIC

Output Field

Description

Min aggregation on input field COST_PRICE.

Aggregation condition

LOCATION eq 'VIC';

1.12 MAX_COST_PRICE_VIC

Output Field

Description

2

Max aggregation on input field COST_PRICE.

Aggregation condition

LOCATION eq 'VIC';

1.13 SUM_COST_PRICE_VIC

Output Field

Description

Sum aggregation on input field COST_PRICE.

Aggregation condition

LOCATION eq 'VIC';

1.14 RANGE_COST_PRICE

Output Field

Description

Derived (calculated) field.

Derived Field Evaluation

2. CONFIGURATION SETTINGS

2.1 prefix

directory pathname prefix.: examples

2.2 pequeldoc

generate pod / pdf pequel script Reference Guide.: pdf

2.3 detail

Include Pequel Generated Program chapter in Pequeldoc: 1

2.4 script_name

script filename: examples/conditional_aggr.pql

2.5 header

write header record to output.: 1

2.6 optimize

optimize generated code.: 1

2.7 doc_title

document title.: Conditional Aggregation Example Script

2.8 doc_email

document email entry.: sample@youraddress.com

2.9 doc_version

document version for pequel script.: 2.2

3. TABLES

4. TABLE INFORMATION SUMMARY

4.1 Table List Sorted By Table Name

6

5. EXAMPLES/CONDITIONAL_AGGR.PQL

options

```
prefix(examples)
pequeldoc(pdf)
detail(1)
script_name(examples/conditional_aggr.pql)
header(1)
optimize(1)
doc_title(Conditional Aggregation Example Script)
doc_email(sample@youraddress.com)
doc_version(2.2)
```

description

```
Demonstrates the use of conditional aggregations. A conditional aggregate is done with the 'where' clause. This example analyses the COST_PRICE in various ways for the two states: NSW and VIC.
```

input section

```
PRODUCT_CODE
COST_PRICE
DESCRIPTION
SALES_CODE
SALES_PRICE
SALES_QTY
SALES_DATE
LOCATION
```

sort by

PRODUCT_CODE string

group by

PRODUCT_CODE string

output section

```
PRODUCT_CODE
                                    PRODUCT_CODE
numeric
            AVG_COST_PRICE
                                   avg COST_PRICE
numeric
            MIN_COST_PRICE
                                   min COST_PRICE
                                 max COST_PRICE
numeric
            MAX_COST_PRICE
numeric AVG_COST_PRICE NSW min COST_PRICE where LOCATION eq 'NSW' numeric MIN_COST_PRICE NSW min COST_PRICE where LOCATION = 'NSW'
numeric
            SUM_COST_PRICE
                                   sum COST_PRICE
{\tt numeric} \quad {\tt MAX\_COST\_PRICE\_NSW} \ {\tt max} \ {\tt COST\_PRICE} \ {\tt where} \ {\tt LOCATION} \ {\tt eq} \ {\tt 'NSW'}
numeric
            SUM_COST_PRICE_NSW sum COST_PRICE where LOCATION eq 'NSW'
numeric AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC avg COST_PRICE where LOCATION eq 'VIC' numeric MIN_COST_PRICE_VIC min COST_PRICE where LOCATION eq 'VIC'
            MIN_COST_PRICE_VIC min COST_PRICE where LOCATION eq 'VIC'
numeric MAX_COST_PRICE_VIC max COST_PRICE where LOCATION eq 'VIC'
numeric
            SUM_COST_PRICE_VIC sum COST_PRICE where LOCATION eq 'VIC'
numeric RANGE_COST_PRICE = MAX_COST_PRICE - MIN_COST_PRICE
```

6. PEQUEL GENERATED PROGRAM

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
\# vim: syntax=perl ts=4 sw=4
#Generated By: pequel Version 2.4-5, Build: Wednesday November 16 21:56:42 GMT 2005
           : http://sourceforge.net/projects/pequel/
#Script Name : conditional_aggr.pql
#Created On : Wed Nov 16 13:56:08 2005
#Perl Version: /usr/bin/perl 5.6.1 on solaris
#For
#Options:
#prefix(examples) directory pathname prefix.
#pequeldoc(pdf) generate pod / pdf pequel script Reference Guide.
#detail(1) Include Pequel Generated Program chapter in Pequeldoc
#script_name(examples/conditional_aggr.pql) script filename
#header(1) write header record to output.
#optimize(1) optimize generated code.
\#doc\_title(Conditional\ Aggregation\ Example\ Script)\ document\ title.
#doc_email(sample@youraddress.com) document email entry.
\#doc\_version(2.2) document version for pequel script.
#-----
                                                use strict;
                                 => int
use constant _I_PRODUCT_CODE
                                          0;
use constant _I_COST_PRICE
                                 => int
                                          1;
use constant _I_DESCRIPTION
                                 => int.
                                          2;
use constant _I_SALES_CODE
                                 => int
                                          3;
                                 => int
use constant _I_SALES_PRICE
                                          4;
use constant _I_SALES_QTY
                                 => int
                                          5;
use constant _I_SALES_DATE
                                 => int.
                                          6;
use constant _I_LOCATION
                                 => int.
                                          7;
use constant _O_PRODUCT_CODE
                                 => int
                                          1;
use constant _O_AVG_COST_PRICE
                                 => int
                                          2;
use constant _O_MIN_COST_PRICE
                                 => int
                                          3;
use constant _O_MAX_COST_PRICE
                                 => int.
                                          4;
use constant _O_SUM_COST_PRICE
                                 => int.
                                          5;
use constant _O_AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW
                                 => int
                                          6;
                                 => int
use constant _O_MIN_COST_PRICE_NSW
                                          7;
use constant _O_MAX_COST_PRICE_NSW
                                 => int
                                          8;
use constant _O_SUM_COST_PRICE_NSW
                                 => int.
                                          9;
use constant _O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC
                                 => int
                                         10;
                                 => int
use constant _O_MIN_COST_PRICE_VIC
                                         11;
use constant _O_MAX_COST_PRICE_VIC
                                 => int
                                         12;
use constant _O_SUM_COST_PRICE_VIC
                                 => int.
                                         13;
use constant _O_RANGE_COST_PRICE
local $\="\n";
                                 => int
                                        14;
local $,="|";
print STDERR '[examples/conditional_aggr.pql ' . localtime() . "] Init";
use constant VERBOSE => int 10000;
use constant LAST ICELL => int 7;
my @I VAL;
my @O VAL;
my $ inprecs=0;
my %AVERAGE;
my $key I PRODUCT CODE;
my $previous_key__I_PRODUCT_CODE = undef;
foreach my $f (1..14) { $0_VAL[$f] = undef; }
# Sort:PRODUCT_CODE(asc:string)
open(DATA, q{cat - | sort -t'|' -y -k 1,1 2>/dev/null |}) || die "Cannot open input: $!";
&PrintHeader();
print STDERR '[examples/conditional_aggr.pql ' . localtime() . "] Start";
use Benchmark;
my $benchmark_start = new Benchmark;
while (<DATA>)
   ++$ inprecs;
   print STDERR '[examples/conditional_aggr.pql ' . localtime() . "] $_inprecs records." if ($_inprecs % VERB
OSE == 0);
   chomp;
   @I_VAL = split("[|]", $_);
   $key__I_PRODUCT_CODE = $I_VAL[_I_PRODUCT_CODE];
   if (!defined($previous_key__I_PRODUCT_CODE))
   {
       $previous key I PRODUCT CODE = $key I PRODUCT CODE;
   }
   elsif ($previous_key__I_PRODUCT_CODE ne $key__I_PRODUCT_CODE)
       $O_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE] = ($AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE}{_COUNT} == 0 ? 0 : $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE}
}{_SUM} / $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE}{_COUNT});
```

```
$O_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW] = ($AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW}{_COUNT} == 0 ? 0 : $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_CO
ST_PRICE_NSW}{_SUM} / $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW}{_COUNT});
            $O_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC] = ($AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC}{_COUNT} == 0 ? 0 : $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_CO
ST_PRICE_VIC \{ SUM \} / \$AVERAGE \{ O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC \} \{ COUNT \} );
            $O_VAL[_O_RANGE_COST_PRICE] = $O_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE] - $O_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE];
            print STDOUT
                  $0_VAL[_O_PRODUCT_CODE],
                  $0 VAL[ O AVG COST PRICE],
                  $O_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE],
                  $0 VAL[ O MAX COST PRICE],
                  $0_VAL[_O_SUM_COST_PRICE],
                  $0_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW],
                  $0_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE_NSW],
                  $0 VAL[ O MAX COST PRICE NSW],
                  $O_VAL[_O_SUM_COST_PRICE_NSW],
                  $0_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC],
                  $0_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE_VIC],
                  $O_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE_VIC],
                  $0_VAL[_O_SUM_COST_PRICE_VIC],
                  $0_VAL[_O_RANGE_COST_PRICE]
            $previous_key__I_PRODUCT_CODE = $key__I_PRODUCT_CODE;
            @O VAL = undef;
            %AVERAGE = undef;
      }
      $0_VAL[_O_PRODUCT_CODE] = $I_VAL[_I_PRODUCT_CODE];
      $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE}{_SUM} += $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE];
      $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE}{_COUNT}++;
      $0_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE] = $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE]
            if (!defined($0_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE]) || $1_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE] < $0_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE]);</pre>
      $0_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE] = $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE]
            if (!defined($O_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE]) || $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE] > $O_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE]);
      $O_VAL[_O_SUM_COST_PRICE] += $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE] unless ($I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE] eq '');
      if ($I_VAL[_I_LOCATION] eq 'NSW') {
            $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW}{_SUM} += $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE];
            $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW}{_COUNT}++;
            $0_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE_NSW] = $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE]
                  $0_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE_NSW] = $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE]
                  if (!defined($O_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE_NSW]) || $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE] > $O_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE_NS
W]);
            $0_VAL[_0_SUM_COST_PRICE_NSW] += $1_VAL[_1_COST_PRICE] unless ($1_VAL[_1_COST_PRICE] eq '');
      elsif ($I_VAL[_I_LOCATION] eq 'VIC') {
            $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC}{_SUM} += $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE];
            $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC}{_COUNT}++;
            $0_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE_VIC] = $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE]
                  if (!defined($O_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE_VIC]) || $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE] < $O_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE_VI
C]);
            $0_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE_VIC] = $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE]
                  if (!defined($O_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE_VIC]) || $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE] > $O_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE_VI
C]);
            $O_VAL[_O_SUM_COST_PRICE_VIC] += $I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE] unless ($I_VAL[_I_COST_PRICE] eq '');
      }
}
 \verb|SO_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE| = ($AVERAGE\{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE\}\{_COUNT\} == 0 ? 0 : $AVERAGE\{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE\}\{_SUM\} | SO_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE] | SO_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE]
  $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE}{_COUNT});
$O_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW] = ($AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW}{_COUNT} == 0 ? 0 : $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE
 _NSW}{_SUM} / $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW}{_COUNT});
$O_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC] = ($AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC}{_COUNT} == 0 ? 0 : $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC}
 _VIC}{_SUM} / $AVERAGE{_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC}{_COUNT});
$O_VAL[_O_RANGE_COST_PRICE] = $O_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE] - $O_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE];
      $0_VAL[_O_PRODUCT_CODE],
      $0_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE],
      $0_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE],
      $0_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE],
      $0_VAL[_O_SUM_COST_PRICE],
      $0_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW],
      $0_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE_NSW],
      $0_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE_NSW],
      $0_VAL[_O_SUM_COST_PRICE_NSW],
      $0_VAL[_O_AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC],
      $0_VAL[_O_MIN_COST_PRICE_VIC],
      $0_VAL[_O_MAX_COST_PRICE_VIC],
      $0_VAL[_O_SUM_COST_PRICE_VIC],
      $0_VAL[_O_RANGE_COST_PRICE]
close(DATA);
print STDERR '[examples/conditional_aggr.pql ' . localtime() . "] $_inprecs records.";
my $benchmark_end = new Benchmark;
```

```
 \label{lem:my benchmark_timediff} $$ my $\end{\colored} $$ print STDERR '[examples/conditional_aggr.pql ' . localtime() . "] Code statistics: $$ @{[timestr($benchmark_timed)] } $$ and $$ is the statistics of the statistics of
iff)]}";
 #------
sub PrintHeader
                   local $\="\n";
                  local $,="|";
                 print STDOUT
                                    'PRODUCT_CODE',
                                    'AVG_COST_PRICE',
                                    'MIN_COST_PRICE',
                                    'MAX_COST_PRICE',
                                    'SUM_COST_PRICE',
                                    'AVG_COST_PRICE_NSW',
                                    'MIN_COST_PRICE_NSW',
                                    'MAX_COST_PRICE_NSW',
                                    'SUM_COST_PRICE_NSW',
                                    'AVG_COST_PRICE_VIC',
                                    'MIN_COST_PRICE_VIC',
                                    'MAX_COST_PRICE_VIC',
                                   'SUM_COST_PRICE_VIC',
                                    'RANGE_COST_PRICE'
}
```

7. ABOUT PEQUEL

This document was generated by Pequel.

https://sourceforge.net/projects/pequel/

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