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## pseudo-orbit

Canonical name Pseudoorbit

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Synonym  $\epsilon$ -pseudo-orbit

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Synonym} & & \epsilon\text{-orbit} \\ \text{Synonym} & & \epsilon\text{-chain} \\ \text{Defines} & & \text{shadow} \\ \text{Defines} & & \text{shadowing} \\ \text{Defines} & & \text{shadowed} \end{array}$ 

Let (X,d) be a metric space,  $f: X \to X$  a function, and let  $\epsilon > 0$ . An  $\epsilon$ -pseudo-orbit for f is a sequence  $\{x_n : n \in \mathbb{Z}, a < n < b\}$ , where  $-\infty \le a < b \le \infty$ , such that  $d(x_{n+1}, f(x_n)) < \epsilon$  for all a < n < b. A periodic pseudo-orbit is an infinite pseudo-orbit  $\{x_n\}$  such that there is some p with  $x_{n+p} = x_n$  for all n.

Given  $\delta > 0$ , the pseudo-orbit  $\{x_n : a < n < b\}$  is said to be  $\delta$ -shadowed by the orbit of x, if  $d(x_n, f^n(x)) < \delta$  for all a < n < b.