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best approximation

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One of the problems in approximation theory is to determine points that minimize distances (to a given point or subset). More precisely,

**Problem** - Let  $X$  be a metric space and  $S \subseteq X$  a subset. Given  $x_0 \in X$  we want to know if there exists a point in  $S$  that minimizes the distance to  $x_0$ , i.e. if there exists  $y_0 \in S$  such that

$$d(x_0, y_0) = \inf_{y \in S} d(x_0, y)$$

**Definition** - A point  $y_0$  that satisfies the above conditions is called a **best approximation** of  $x_0$  in  $S$ .

In general, best approximations do not exist. Thus, the problem is usually to identify classes of spaces  $X$  and  $S$  where the existence of best approximations can be assured.

**Example :** When  $S$  is compact, best approximations of a given point  $x_0 \in X$  in  $S$  always exist.

After one assures the existence of a best approximation, one can question about its uniqueness and how to calculate it explicitly.

**Remark** - There is no reason to restrict to metric spaces. The definition of best approximation can be given for pseudo-metric spaces, semimetric spaces or any other space where a suitable notion of "distance" can be given.