



bounded linear extension of an operator

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Defines	completion of normed spaces is a covariant functor
Defines	continuous extension of a normed algebra homomorphism

0.1 Bounded Linear Extension

Let X and Y be normed vector spaces and denote by \tilde{X} and \tilde{Y} their completions.

Theorem 1 - Every bounded linear operator $T : X \longrightarrow Y$ can be extended to a bounded linear operator $\tilde{T} : \tilde{X} \longrightarrow \tilde{Y}$. Moreover, this extension is unique and $\|T\| = \|\tilde{T}\|$.

In particular, if Y is a Banach space and $S \subseteq X$ is a (not necessarily [closed](http://planetmath.org/ClosedSet)) subspace of X , an operator $T : S \longrightarrow Y$ has an extension $\tilde{T} : \bar{S} \longrightarrow Y$ to \bar{S} (the [closure](http://planetmath.org/Closure) of S), which is unique and such that $\|T\| = \|\tilde{T}\|$.

0.2 Functorial Property of the Extension

The extension of bounded linear operators between two normed vector spaces to their completions is functorial. More precisely, let **NVec** be the category of normed vector spaces (whose [morphisms](http://planetmath.org/Category) are the bounded linear operators) and **Ban** the category of Banach spaces (whose [morphisms](http://planetmath.org/Category) are also the bounded linear operators). We have that

Theorem 2 - The completion $\sim : \mathbf{NVec} \longrightarrow \mathbf{Ban}$, which associates each normed vector space X with its completion \tilde{X} and each bounded linear operator T with its extension \tilde{T} , is a covariant functor.

This, in particular, implies that $\widetilde{T_1 T_2} = \tilde{T}_1 \tilde{T}_2$.

0.3 Extensions in Spaces with Additional Structure

When the normed vector spaces X and Y have some additional structure (for example, when X and Y are normed algebras) it is interesting to know if the (unique) extension of a morphism $T : X \longrightarrow Y$ preserves the additional structure. The following theorem states that this indeed the case for normed algebras or normed $*$ -algebras.

Theorem 3 - If X and Y be normed vector spaces that are also normed algebras (normed $*$ -algebras) and $T : X \longrightarrow Y$ is a bounded homomorphism

(bounded $*$ -homomorphism), then the unique bounded linear extension \tilde{T} of T is also an homomorphism ($*$ -homomorphism).

Thus, completion is also a covariant functor from the category of normed algebras (normed $*$ -algebras) to category of Banach algebras (Banach $*$ -algebras).