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## Hilbert module

Canonical name	HilbertModule
Date of creation	2013-03-22 13:01:01
Last modified on	2013-03-22 13:01:01
Owner	mhale (572)
Last modified by	mhale (572)
Numerical id	8
Author	mhale (572)
Entry type	Definition
Classification	msc 46C05
Synonym	$C^*$ -module
Related topic	HilbertSpace
Related topic	FinitelyGeneratedProjectiveModule
Defines	pre-Hilbert module

**Definition 1.** A **(right) pre-Hilbert module** over a  $C^*$ -algebra  $A$  is a right  $A$ -module  $\mathcal{E}$  equipped with an  $A$ -valued inner product  $\langle -, - \rangle: \mathcal{E} \times \mathcal{E} \rightarrow A$ , i.e. a sesquilinear pairing satisfying

$$\langle u, va \rangle = \langle u, v \rangle a \quad (1)$$

$$\langle u, v \rangle = \langle v, u \rangle^* \quad (2)$$

$$\langle v, v \rangle \geq 0, \text{ with } \langle v, v \rangle = 0 \text{ iff } v = 0, \quad (3)$$

for all  $u, v \in \mathcal{E}$  and  $a \in A$ . Note, positive definiteness is well-defined due to the notion of positivity for  $C^*$ -algebras. The norm of an element  $v \in \mathcal{E}$  is defined by  $\|v\| = \sqrt{\|\langle v, v \rangle\|}$ .

**Definition 2.** A **(right) Hilbert module** over a  $C^*$ -algebra  $A$  is a right pre-Hilbert module over  $A$  which is complete with respect to the norm.

**Example 1** (Hilbert spaces)

*A complex Hilbert space is a Hilbert  $\mathbb{C}$ -module.*

**Example 2** ( $C^*$ -algebras)

*A  $C^*$ -algebra  $A$  is a Hilbert  $A$ -module with inner product  $\langle a, b \rangle = a^*b$ .*

**Definition 3.** A **Hilbert  $A$ - $B$ -bimodule** is a (right) Hilbert module  $\mathcal{E}$  over a  $C^*$ -algebra  $B$  together with a  $*$ -homomorphism  $\pi$  from a  $C^*$ -algebra  $A$  to  $\text{End}(\mathcal{E})$ .