

planetmath.org

Math for the people, by the people.

invariant subspace problem

Canonical name InvariantSubspaceProblem

Date of creation 2013-03-22 17:24:02 Last modified on 2013-03-22 17:24:02 Owner asteroid (17536) Last modified by asteroid (17536)

Numerical id 5

Author asteroid (17536)
Entry type Conjecture
Classification msc 47A15
Classification msc 46-00

Synonym invariant subspace conjecture

Initially formulated for Banach spaces, the **invariant subspace conjecture** stated the following:

Let X be a complex Banach space. Then every bounded operator T in X has a non-trivial http://planetmath.org/ClosedSetclosed invariant subspace, i.e. there exists a closed vector subspace $S \subset X$ such that $S \neq 0$, $S \neq X$ and $T(S) \subseteq S$.

This conjecture was proven to be false when P. Enflo (1975) and . Read (1984) gave examples of bounded operators which did not have the above property.

However, if one considers only Hilbert spaces, this is still an open problem. Today the **invariant subspace conjecture** is formulated as follows:

Let H be a complex Hilbert space. Then every bounded operator T in H has a non-trivial invariant subspace, i.e. there exists a closed vector subspace $S \subset H$ such that $S \neq 0$, $S \neq H$ and $T(S) \subseteq S$.