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radian

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The radian is a of angle used in the higher mathematics. The magnitude of an angle α is one radian, if the arc corresponding the angle α as a central angle of a circle is equally long as the radius of the circle. Thus, a radian is equal to $\frac{180}{\pi}$, minutes and seconds approximately 57° 17′ 44.80625″.

In degrees, a circle has 360 degrees, while in radians a circle has 2π radians. In fact, many angles of equilateral polygons are equal to a multiple of π divided by some integer: for example, the interior angle of an equilateral triangle's vertex is $\frac{\pi}{3}$, while the interior angle of an equilateral pentagon's vertex is $\frac{3\pi}{5}$.