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Kähler potential

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A Kähler potential is a real-valued function f defined on some coordinate patch of a Hermitean manifold such that the metric of the manifold is given by the expression

 $g_{ij*} = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^i \partial \overline{z}^j}.$

It turns out that, for every Káhler manifold, there will exist a coordinate neighborhood of any given point in which the metric can be expresses in terms of a potential this way.

As an elementary example of a Kähler potential, we may consider $f(z, \overline{z}) = z\overline{z}$. This potential gives rise to the flat metric $ds^2 = dz d\overline{z}$.

Kähler potentials have applications in physics. For example, this function $f(x) = \log(x) + g(x)$ relates to the motion of certain subatomic particles called gauginos.

References

[1] T. Barreiro, B. de Carlos & E. J. Copeland, "On non-perturbative corrections to the Kähler potential" *Physical Review* D57 (1998): 7354 - 7360