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## Thom class

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Owner antonio (1116)

Last modified by antonio (1116)

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Author antonio (1116)
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Defines orientability with respect to a generalized homology theory

Let  $h^*$  be a generalized cohomology theory (for example, let  $h^* = H^*$ , singular cohomology with integer coefficients). Let  $\xi \to X$  be a vector bundle of dimension d over a topological space X. Assume for convenience that  $\xi$  has a Riemannian metric, so that we may speak of its associated sphere and disk bundles,  $S(\xi)$  and  $D(\xi)$  respectively.

Let  $x \in X$ , and consider the fibers  $S(\xi_x)$  and  $D(\xi_x)$ . Since  $D(\xi_x)/S(\xi_x)$  is homeomorphic to the d-sphere, the Eilenberg-Steenrod axioms for  $h^*$  imply that  $h^{*+d}(D(\xi_x), S(\xi_x))$  is isomorphic to the coefficient group  $h^*(\text{pt})$  of  $h^*$ . In fact,  $h^*(D(\xi_x), S(\xi_x))$  is a free module of rank one over the ring  $h^*(\text{pt})$ .

**Definition 1** An element  $\tau \in h^*(D(\xi), S(\xi))$  is said to be a *Thom class* for  $\xi$  if, for every  $x \in X$ , the restriction of  $\tau$  to  $h^*(D(\xi_x), S(\xi_x))$  is an  $h^*(\text{pt})$ -module generator.

Note that  $\tau$  lies necessarily in  $h^d(D(\xi), S(\xi))$ .

**Definition 2** If a Thom class for  $\xi$  exists,  $\xi$  is said to be *orientable* with respect to the cohomology theory  $h^*$ .

**Remark 1** Notice that we may consider  $\tau$  as an element of the reduced  $h^*$ -cohomology group  $\tilde{h}^*(X^{\xi})$ , where  $X^{\xi}$  is the Thom space  $D(\xi)/S(\xi)$  of  $\xi$ . As is the case in the definition of the Thom space, the Thom class may be defined without reference to associated disk and sphere bundles, and hence to a Riemannian metric on  $\xi$ . For example, the pair  $(\xi, \xi - X)$  (where X is included in  $\xi$  as the zero section) is homotopy equivalent to  $(D(\xi), S(\xi))$ .

**Remark 2** If  $h^*$  is singular cohomology with integer coefficients, then  $\xi$  has a Thom class if and only if it is an orientable vector bundle in the ordinary sense, and the choices of Thom class are in one-to-one correspondence with the orientations.