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rigged Hilbert space

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Classification	msc 81Q20
Synonym	Gelfand triple
Defines	dual Hilbert space
Defines	adjoint map
Defines	eigen spectrum

In extensions of Quantum Mechanics [?, ?], the concept of rigged Hilbert spaces allows one “to put together” the discrete spectrum of eigenvalues corresponding to the bound states (eigenvectors) with the continuous spectrum (as, for example, in the case of the ionization of an atom or the photoelectric effect).

Definition 0.1. A *rigged Hilbert space* is a pair (\mathcal{H}, ϕ) with \mathcal{H} a Hilbert space and ϕ a dense subspace with a topological vector space structure for which the inclusion map i is continuous. Between \mathcal{H} and its dual space \mathcal{H}^* there is defined the *adjoint map* $i^* : \mathcal{H}^* \rightarrow \phi^*$ of the continuous inclusion map i . The duality pairing between ϕ and ϕ^* also needs to be compatible with the inner product on \mathcal{H} :

$$\langle u, v \rangle_{\phi \times \phi^*} = (u, v)_{\mathcal{H}}$$

whenever $u \in \phi \subset \mathcal{H}$ and $v \in \mathcal{H} = \mathcal{H}^* \subset \phi^*$.

References

- [1] R. de la Madrid, “The role of the rigged Hilbert space in Quantum Mechanics.”, Eur. J. Phys. 26, 287 (2005); *quant – ph/0502053*.
- [2] J-P. Antoine, “Quantum Mechanics Beyond Hilbert Space” (1996), appearing in *Irreversibility and Causality, Semigroups and Rigged Hilbert Spaces*, Arno Bohm, Heinz-Dietrich Doebner, Piotr Kielanowski, eds., Springer-Verlag, ISBN3 – 540 – 64305 – 2.