

# examples of normal form games

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Defines prisoners dilemma
Defines battle of the sexes

A few example normal form games:

## Prisoner's dilemma

Probably the most famous game theory example, the prisoner's dilemma is a two player game where  $S_1 = S_2 = C, D$  and:

$$u_1(s_1, s_2) = \begin{cases} 5 & \text{if} \quad s_1 = C \quad \text{and} \quad s_2 = C\\ 10 & \text{if} \quad s_1 = D \quad \text{and} \quad s_2 = C\\ -5 & \text{if} \quad s_1 = C \quad \text{and} \quad s_2 = D\\ 0 & \text{if} \quad s_1 = D \quad \text{and} \quad s_2 = D \end{cases}$$

$$u_2(s_1, s_2) = \begin{cases} 5 & \text{if} \quad s_1 = C \quad \text{and} \quad s_2 = C \\ 10 & \text{if} \quad s_1 = C \quad \text{and} \quad s_2 = D \\ -5 & \text{if} \quad s_1 = D \quad \text{and} \quad s_2 = C \\ 0 & \text{if} \quad s_1 = D \quad \text{and} \quad s_2 = D \end{cases}$$

Traditionally this is interpreted as the case of two criminal partners separately being interrogated and asked to give up the other partner. C stands for cooperating (with their partners) by refusing to give up information, and D stands for defecting and agreeing to testify against the partner. The different payoffs reflect different jail sentences, ranging from nothing (+10) to a long jail sentence (-5), with amounts in between depending on the evidence against them.

The (much more convenient) normal form is:

	С	D
С	5,5	-5,10
D	10,-5	0,0

Notice that (C, C) Pareto dominates (D, D), however (D, D) is the only Nash equilibrium.

#### Battle of the Sexes

Another traditional two player game. The normal form is:

	О	F
О	2,1	0,0
F	0,0	1,2

### A Degenerate Example

One more, rather pointless, example which illustrates a game where one player has no choice:

		X	Y	Z
-	A	2,100	1,7	14,-5

#### Undercut

A game which illustrates an infinite (indeed, uncountable) strategy space. There are two players and  $S_1 = S_2 = \mathbb{R}^+$ .

$$u_1(s_1, s_2) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if} \quad s_1 < s_2 \\ 0 & \text{if} \quad s_1 \ge s_2 \end{cases}$$
$$u_2(s_1, s_2) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if} \quad s_2 < s_1 \\ 0 & \text{if} \quad s_2 \ge s_1 \end{cases}$$