

C) n_estimators

MACHINE LEARNING

1 In Q1 to Q7, only one option is correct, Choose the correct option:

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1.	The value of correlation coefficient w	•
	•	B) greater than -1
	•	D) between 0 and -1
2.	Which of the following cannot be use	
	A) Lasso Regularisation	B) PCA
	C) Recursive feature elimination	D) Ridge Regularisation
3.	Which of the following is not a kernel	
	•	B) Radial Basis Function
	,	D) polynomial
4.	Amongst the following, which one boundaries?	is least suitable for a dataset having non-linear decision
	A) Logistic Regression	B) Naïve Bayes Classifier
	C) Decision Tree Classifier	D) Support Vector Classifier
5.	In a Linear Regression problem, 'X' i	s independent variable and 'Y' is dependent variable, where 'X'
	represents weight in pounds. If you c	onvert the unit of 'X' to kilograms, then new coefficient of 'X' will
	be?	
	(1 kilogram = 2.205 pounds)	
	A) 2.205 × old coefficient of 'X'	B) same as old coefficient of 'X'
	C) old coefficient of 'X' ÷ 2.205	D) Cannot be determined
6.	As we increase the number of estima	tors in ADABOOST Classifier, what happens to the accuracy of
	the model?	
	A) remains same	B) increases
	C) decreases	D) none of the above
7.	Which of the following is not an adva	ntage of using random forest instead of decision trees?
	A) Random Forests reduce overfitting	
	B) Random Forests explains more variance in data then decision trees	
	C) Random Forests are easy to interpret	
	D) Random Forests provide a reliable	e feature importance estimate
In Q8	to Q10, more than one options are o	correct, Choose all the correct options:
8.	Which of the following are correct about	out Principal Components?
	A) Principal Components are calculated using supervised learning techniques	
	B) Principal Components are calculated using unsupervised learning techniques	
	C) Principal Components are linear of	combinations of Linear Variables.
	D) All of the above	
9.	Which of the following are application	ns of clustering?
	A) Identifying developed, developing and under-developed countries on the basis of factors like GDP,	
	poverty index, employment rate, population and living index	
	B) Identifying loan defaulters in a bank on the basis of previous years' data of loan accounts.	
	C) Identifying spam or ham emails	
	D) Identifying different segments of disease based on BMI, blood pressure, cholesterol, blood sugar	
	levels.	
10). Which of the following is(are) hyper p	parameters of a decision tree?
	A) max_depth	B) max_features

D) min_samples_leaf



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Q10 to Q15 are subjective answer type questions, Answer them briefly.

- 11. What are outliers? Explain the Inter Quartile Range (IQR) method for outlier detection.
- 12. What is the primary difference between bagging and boosting algorithms?
- 13. What is adjusted R² in linear regression. How is it calculated?
- 14. What is the difference between standardisation and normalisation?
- 15. What is cross-validation? Describe one advantage and one disadvantage of using cross-validation.

