

Stacked Data Matrices Workshop

EES 2019 Italian Voter Study - Stacked Dataset Codebook

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Overview

This document consists in the codebook of the stacked European Election Studies (EES) Italian voter study of 2019 as created by the scripts provided for the workshop. The logic and structure of the codebook resembles those of the True European Voter (TEV) codebook. The variables available in the dataset are grouped as it follows:

- Identification Variables
- Voting Behaviour and Background Variables
- Voter-Party Positional Variables
- Generic and Synthetic Variables

Identification Variables

respid

Unique identifier of individual respondents as it was assigned in the EES 2019 Italian voter study (**respid**; See the [EES2019 Codebook](#)).

party

Unique identifier of the Italian parties participating to the European Parliament (EP) elections of 2019. Values equate to those defined in the original EES 2019 vote choice variable referring to the 2019 EP elections (Q7; See the [EES2019 Codebook](#)). Only parties for which propensity to vote (PTV) variables where available in the EES 2019 Italian voter study have been selected.

Values:

1501 - Democratic Party (*Partito Democratico*)

1502 - Go Italy (*Forza Italia*)

1503 - Northern League (*Lega - Salvini Premier*)

1504 - Five Star Movement (*Movimento 5 Stelle*)

1505 - Italian Left (*Sinistra Italiana*)

1506 - More Europe (*+Europa*)

1507 - Brothers of Italy (*Fratelli d'Italia*)

99 - Missing

stackid

Unique identifier of party-voter dyadic relationships. It represents the combination of EES 2019 Italian voter study (1) respondents' identification numbers (**respid**) and (2) party unique identifier variable (**party**).

Example: The dyad referring to the relationship between the respondent identified by the number 778 and the Italian Democratic Party (*Partito Democratico*; code 1501) would be '778-1501'.

Voting Behaviour and Background Variables

votech

EES 2019 original vote choice variable, referring to 2019 EP elections respondents' self reported vote choice (Q7; See the [EES2019 Codebook](#)).

Values:

1501 - Democratic Party (*Partito Democratico*)
1502 - Go Italy (*Forza Italia*)
1503 - Northern League (*Lega - Salvini Premier*)
1504 - Five Star Movement (*Movimento 5 Stelle*)
1505 - Italian Left (*Sinistra Italiana*)
1506 - More Europe (*+Europa*)
1507 - Brothers of Italy (*Fratelli d'Italia*)

99 - Missing

pid

EES 2019 original party identification variable (Q25; See the [EES2019 Codebook](#)).

Values:

1501 - Does identify with political party 1501
...
1507 - Does identify with political party 1507

99 - Missing

age

Age of the respondents. Computed by subtracting the EES 2019 respondents' birth year variable (D4_1) to the survey year (2019).

Values:

999 - Missing

gndr

The gender of the respondent, recoded from the original EES 2019 gender variable (D3). Recoded from the original in order to create a dichotomous variable given the low number of respondents part of the original category 'Other' (2 observations for the EES 2019 Italian voter study).

Values:

1 - Male
2 - Female
99 - Missing

edu

Years of education of the respondent, recoded from the original EES 2019 education variable (**EDU**).

Values:

1 - 15 years and less
2 - 16-19 years
3 - 20+ years
99 - Missing

Voter-Party Positional Variables

lr_self

Respondent Left-Right self placement measure, rescaled for the original EES 2019 variable (**Q11**; See the [EES2019 Codebook](#)).

Values:

0 - Left
...
1 - Right
99 - Missing

lr_party

Political party Left-Right position. Created computing the mean of all the EES respondents' perceptions of each relevant party position on the left-right dimension (Prefix: **Q13_**; See the [EES2019 Codebook](#)).

Values:

0 - Left
...
1 - Right
99 - Missing

euint__self

Respondent attitude toward the European Union (EU) integration process. Rescaled for the original EES 2019 variable (Q23; See the [EES2019 Codebook](#)).

Values:

0 - EU integration¹ has already gone too far

...

1 - EU integration should be pushed further

99 - Missing

euint__party

Political party position about the European Union (EU) integration process. Created computing the mean of all the EES respondents' perceptions of each relevant party position about the EU integration process (Prefix: Q24_; See the [EES2019 Codebook](#)).

Values:

0 - Against further EU integration

...

1 - Supporting EU integration

99 - Missing

Generic and Synthetic Variables

ptv

The degree of propensity to vote (PTV) for the stack party. Rescaled from the EES 2019 PTV variables (Prefix: Q10_; See the [EES2019 Codebook](#)).

Values:

0 - Very low

...

1 - Very high

99 - Missing

stacked__votech

Dichotomous vote choice variable, measuring whether the respondent voted for the stack party. Recoded from the EES 2019 original vote choice variable (**votech**).

¹In the original [EES 2019 Master Questionnaire](#) reference is made to EU *unification* rather than *integration* process. Nonetheless, the two concepts can be considered almost equivalent.

Values:

0 - Did not vote for the stack party

1 - Did vote for the stack party

99 - Missing

stacked__pid

Dichotomous vote choice variable, measuring whether the respondent identifies with the stack party. Recoded from the party identification variable (`pid`).

Values:

0 - Does not identify with the stack party

1 - Does identify with the stack party

99 - Missing

lr__dist

Distance between respondent and the stack party on the Left-Right dimension. This variable is the absolute difference of the respondent Left-Right self placement measure (`lr_self`) and the party positions on the same *continuum* (`lr_party`).

Values:

0 - Minimum distance between respondent and stack party

...

1 - Maximum distance between respondent and stack party

99 - Missing

euint__dist

Distance between respondent and the stack party about the European Union (EU) integration process. This variable is the absolute difference of the respondent attitude toward the European Union integration process. (`euint_self`) and the party positions on the same *continuum* (`euint_party`).

Values:

0 - Minimum distance between respondent and stack party

...

1 - Maximum distance between respondent and stack party

99 - Missing

age_dich_yhat

Y-hats, calculated by way of binary logistic regressions in the form of predicted probabilities of voting for the stack party (**votech**) on the basis of the respondent age variable (**age**). They are not centered.

Values:

0

...

1

99 - Missing

age_cont_yhat

Y-hats, calculated by way of Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) regressions in the form of linear predictions of the degree of propensity to vote for the stack party (**ptv**) on the basis of the respondent age variable (**age**). They are not centered.

Values:

0

...

1

99 - Missing

socdem_dich_yhat

Y-hats, calculated by way of binary logistic regressions in the form of predicted probabilities of voting for the stack party (**votech**) on the basis of respondents' age (**age**), gender (**gndr**), and education (**edu**) variables. They are not centered.

Values:

0

...

1

99 - Missing

age_cont_yhat

Y-hats, calculated by way of Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) regressions in the form of linear predictions of the degree of propensity to vote for the stack party (**ptv**) on the basis of respondents' age (**age**), gender (**gndr**), and education (**edu**) variables. They are not centered.

Values:

0

...

1

99 - Missing