

In your written documentation, explain how to use your programs to solve $Ax = b$ using methods described on page 68 of the textbook (5):

- A. Factorization: $LU = A$
- B. fwdSubst to solve for y in $Ly = b$
- C. backSubst to solve for x in $Ux = y$.

For A:

We need to solve $A=LU$

L is a lower triangular matrix, and U is an upper triangular matrix.

Firstly, we calculate the elimination matrix and its inverse, which is M_k and L_k . the input is square matrix and pivot index.

Then we apply elimination to U and accumulate L to get L and U

For B:

We need to solve $Ly=b$

L is the lower triangular matrix and b is the right hand side vector

For C:

We need to solve $Ux=y$

U is the upper triangular matrix and b is the right hand side vector

$A=[[1,2,2],[4,4,2],[4,6,4]]$; $b=[3,6,10]$

So we have A and b ; then use `myLU` to decompose the matrix, and solve $Ly=b$ through `fwdSubst`, solve $Ux=y$ through `backSubst`