Foundations of Audio Signal Processing Assignment 7

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Exercise 7.1

Exercise 7.2

a. Linearity: $\widehat{x(\omega) + y(\omega)} = \widehat{x}(\omega) + \widehat{y}(\omega)$

$$\widehat{x(\omega) + y(\omega)} = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} (x(n) + y(n)) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n} + y(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n} + \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} y(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n} = \widehat{x}(\omega) + \widehat{y}(\omega)$$

Linearity: $\widehat{\lambda x(\omega)} = \lambda \hat{x}(\omega)$

$$\widehat{\lambda x(\omega)} = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \lambda x(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n}$$
$$= \lambda \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n} = \lambda \hat{x}(\omega)$$

b. Time Shift: $\hat{x_k}(\omega) = e^{-2\pi i \omega k} \hat{x}(\omega), n' = n - k, n = n' + k$

$$\hat{x}_k(\omega) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x_k(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x(n-k) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n' \in \mathbb{Z}} x(n') \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega (n'+k)}$$

$$= \sum_{n' \in \mathbb{Z}} x(n') \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n'} \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega k}$$

$$= e^{-2\pi i \omega k} \sum_{n' \in \mathbb{Z}} x(n') \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n'} = e^{-2\pi i \omega k} \hat{x}(\omega)$$

c. Frequency Shift: $\widehat{x^{\omega_0}}(\omega) = \hat{x}(\omega + \omega_0)$

$$\widehat{x^{\omega_0}}(\omega) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x^{\omega_0}(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} e^{-2\pi i \omega_0 n} x(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega_0 n - 2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i n(\omega + \omega_0)} = \widehat{x}(\omega + \omega_0)$$

d. Frequency Reversal: $y(n) = \overline{x(n)} \implies \hat{y}(\omega) = \overline{\hat{x}(-\omega)}$

$$\hat{y}(\omega) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} y(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \overline{x(n)} \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x(n) \cdot e^{2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i (-\omega)n} = \overline{\hat{x}(-\omega)}$$

because $\overline{\hat{x}(\omega)} = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \overline{x(n)} \cdot e^{2\pi i \omega n}$. **e.** Time Reversal: $\forall n$, if y(n) = x(-n) then $\hat{y}(\omega) = \hat{x}(-\omega), m = -n$

$$\hat{y}(\omega) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} y(n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x(-n) \cdot e^{-2\pi i \omega n}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x(m) \cdot e^{2\pi i \omega m}$$

$$= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} x(m) \cdot e^{-2\pi i (-\omega)m} = \hat{x}(-\omega)$$

Exercise 7.3

a-c. The solutions can be found inside the code folder.