Using source code management patterns to configure and secure your Kubernetes clusters

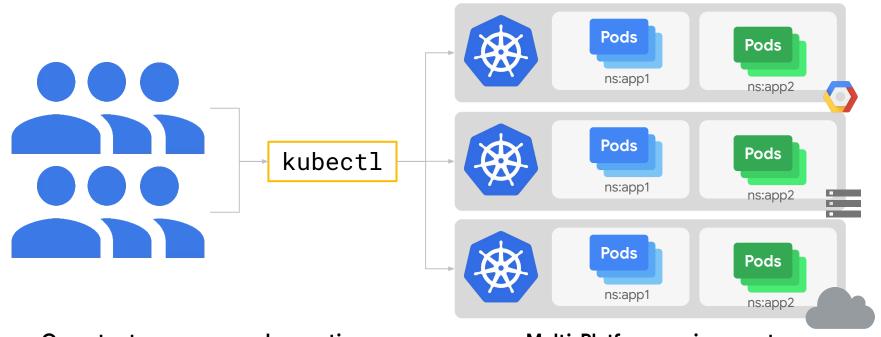
Giovanni Galloro - Customer Engineer, Google Cloud



Online Tech Conference
- Italian edition -

23-24-25 Marzo, 2021



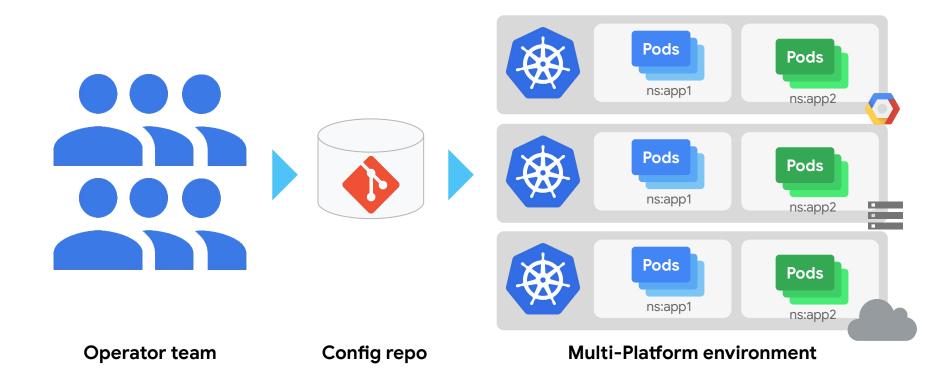


Operator team

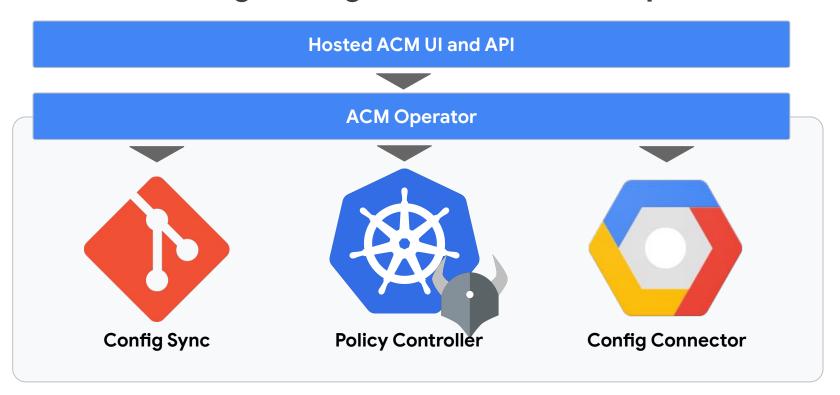
Imperative ops

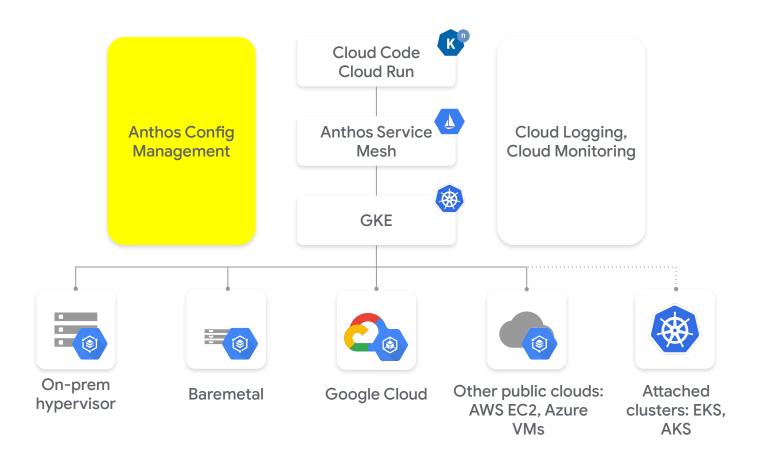
Multi-Platform environment

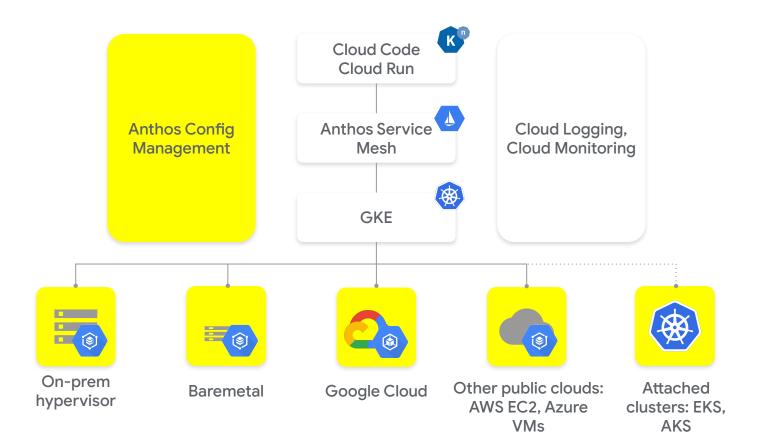








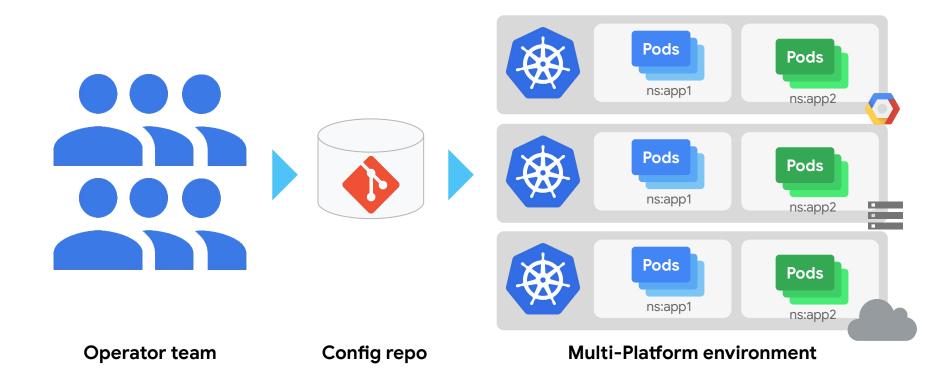




Hosted ACM UI and API





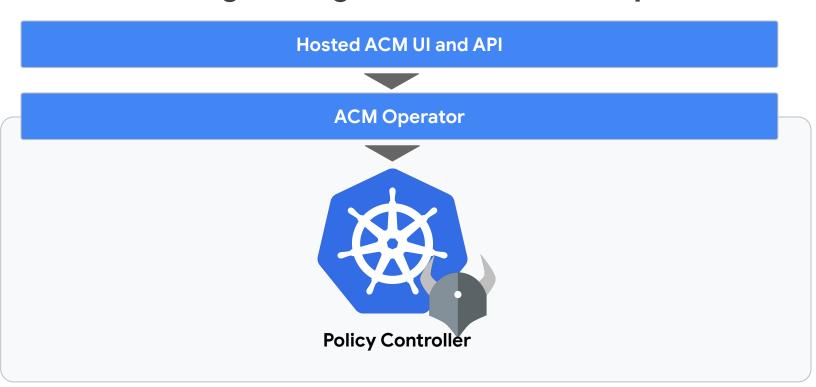




Source Code Management approach to Config Management







Policy controller

Based on Open Policy Agent's

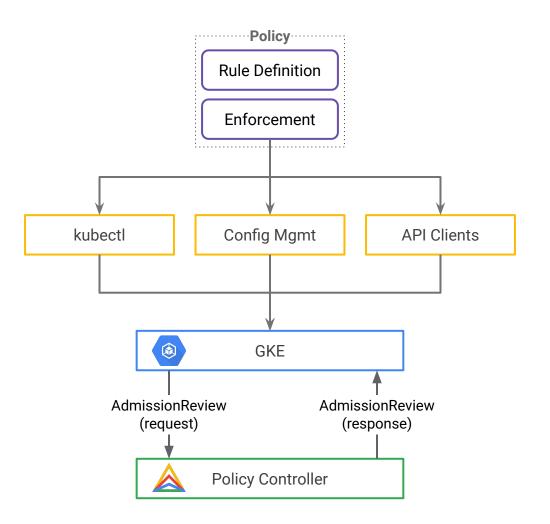
Gatekeeper, **ACM Policy Controller**provides first-class integration between

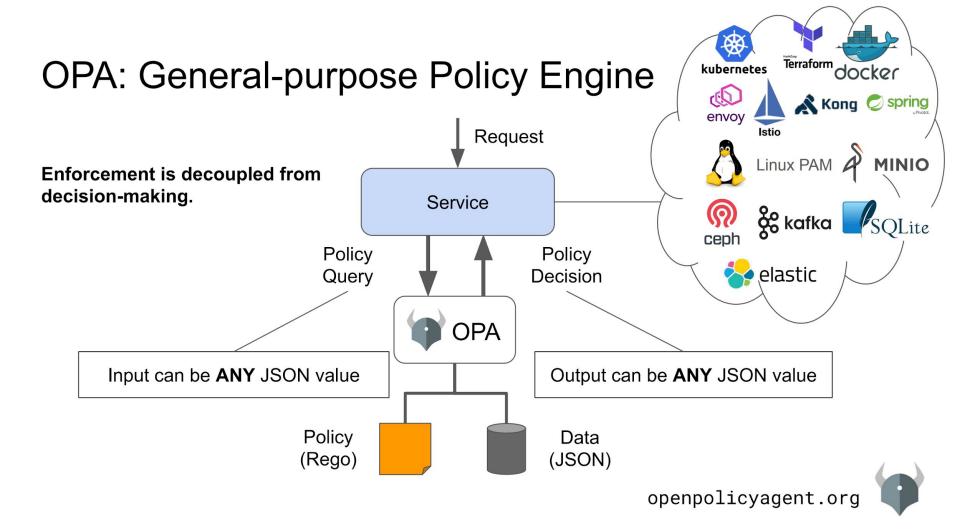
OPA and Kubernetes via a custom

controller.

It turns Rego policies into Kubernetes objects, allowing them to be customized and deployed using standard workflows.

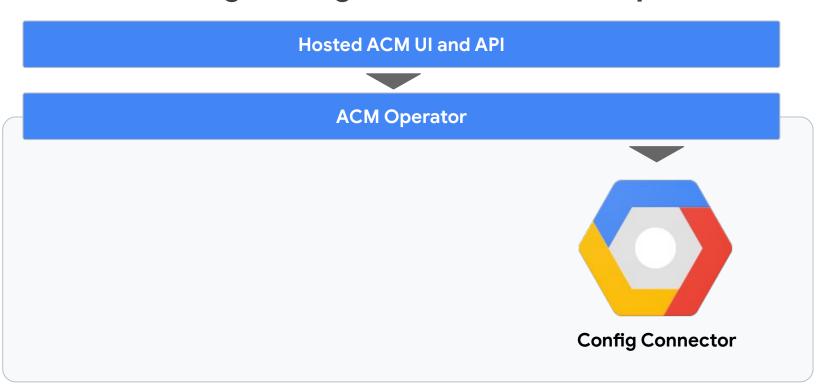






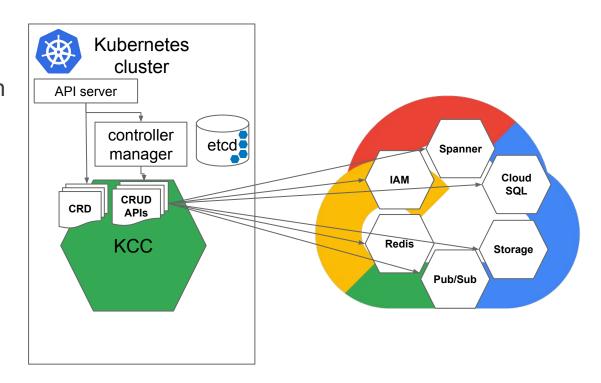
Pod Security Policies → **Gatekeeper Constraints**

PSP Field Name	OPA GK Constraint Template
privileged	privileged-containers
hostPID, hostIPC	host-namespaces
hostNetwork, hostPorts	host-network-ports
<u>volumes</u>	<u>volumes</u>
<u>allowedHostPaths</u>	host-filesystem
<u>allowedFlexVolumes</u>	flexvolume-drivers
runAsUser, runAsGroup, supplementalGroups	users*
<u>fsGroup</u>	users*
<u>readOnlyRootFilesystem</u>	read-only-root-filesystem
<u>allowPrivilegeEscalation</u>	allow-privilege-escalation
defaultAddCapabilities, requiredDropCapabilities, allowedCapabilities	capabilities
seLinux	seLinux
<u>allowedProcMountTypes</u>	proc-mount
Annotations for AppArmor profile	<u>apparmor</u>
Annotations for seccomp profile	seccomp
<u>forbiddenSysctls.allowedUnsafeSysctls</u>	forbidden-sysctls



How does KCC work?

KCC resources are registered via Custom Resource Definitions watched by the KCC controller







A & **Q**