## ANALYSIS OF A COMPLEX OF STATISTICAL VARIABLES INTO PRINCIPAL COMPONENTS<sup>1</sup>

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

Consider n variables attaching to each individual of a population. These statistical variables  $x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n$  might for example be scores made by school children in tests of speed and skill in solving arithmetical problems or in reading; or they might be various physical properties of telephone poles, or the rates of exchange among various currencies. The x's will ordinarily be correlated. It is natural to ask whether some more fundamental set of independent variables exists, perhaps fewer in number than the x's, which determine the values the x's will take. If  $\gamma_1, \gamma_2, \ldots$  are such variables, we shall