CENG 3521: Data Mining Fall 2020

ASSIGNMENT 2

Subject: Neural Network.

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Out Date: 11/15/2020 23:59:59 Due Date: 11/29/2020 23:59:59

DECLARATION OF HONOR CODE¹

Student ID	
Name	
Surname	

In the course of Data Mining (CENG 3521), I take academic integrity very seriously and ask you to do as well. That's why, this page is dedicated to some clear statements that defines the policies of this assignment, and hence, will be in force. Before reading this assignment booklet, please first read the following rules to avoid any possible violation on academic integrity.

- This assignment must be done individually unless stated otherwise.
- You are encouraged to discuss with your classmates about the given assignments, but these discussions should be carried out in an abstract way. That is, you cannot copy code (in whole or in part) of someone else, cannot share your code (in whole or in part) with someone else either.
- The previous rule also holds for the material found on the web as everything on the web has been written by someone else.
- You must not look at solution sets or program code from other years.
- You cannot share or leave your code (in whole or in part) in publicly accessible areas.
- You have to be prepared to explain the idea behind the solution of this assignment you submit.
- Finally, you must make a copy of your solution of this assignment and keep it until the end of this semester.

I have carefully read every of the statements regarding this assignment and also the related part of the official disciplinary regulations of Muğla Sıtkı Koçman University and the Council of Higher Education. By signing this document, I hereby declare that I shall abide by the rules of this assignment to prevent any violation on academic integrity.

¹This page should be filled and signed by your handwriting. Make it a cover page of your report.

1 Introduction

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In this assignment, you are expected to make practice on applications of neural networks to cope with a data mining task (i.e., classification). By doing so, you will learn underlying phenomenon behind neural networks in solving different complex problem types. In addition, you will analyze the effects of hyperparameters given to construct a network structure.

2 Single-layer Perceptron

Perceptron networks are single-layered networks activated by a Sigmoid (or logistic) function to produce an output. At the end of the learning phase, it yields a linear model. Therefore, it targets problem where the data objects are linearly separable such as 'AND', 'OR', and 'NOT'. However, it performs insufficient performance on nonlinear problems like 'XOR', 'XNOR'. The structure of a single-layered perceptron network with three input neurons is demonstrated in Figure 1. Here, X represents a feature vector in which the first (i.e., $x_0 = 1$) corresponds to the bias, while θ represents a weight vector. $h_{\theta}(X)$, however, is the activation applied output value ranging from 0 to 1.

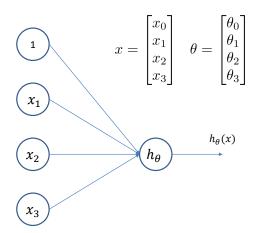


Figure 1: Single-layer perceptron network with three inputs.

2.1 Classification task

The first phase with single-layer perceptron is to use it on classification task and to analyse its performance with varying conditions. Refer to the instruction list below to complete this task.

- 1. Generate a toy/fictional *n*-dimensional dataset (i.e., $D \mid D \in \mathbb{R}^n$) having *m* tuples for binary-class **classification** task.
- 2. Split D such that randomly selected 70% tuples are used for training while 30% tuples are used for testing.
- 3. Apply single-layer perceptron network solver to handle D.

Table 1: The effectiveness	and efficacy	of single-layer	perceptron v	with respect to	the varying

g for 100 iterations	${f Observations}^*$		
Dimension Size (n)	Training Time (in ms) Error (cost)		
100			
1,000			
100			
100			
g for 500 iterations	${f Observations}^*$		
Dimension Size (n)	Training Time (in ms) Error (cost)		
100			
1,000			
100			
100			
	Dimension Size (n) 100 $1,000$ 100 100 100 Ig for 500 iterations		

^{*:}average of ten runs.

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parameter settings.

- 4. For each parameter setting given in Table 1, repeat the previous steps for **ten times**. Then fill each row of the Table 1 with your observations given that parameter setting.
- 5. Discuss the measurements in your report.

2.2 Visualization of decision boundary

The second step with single-layer perceptron is to apply single-layer perceptron network on solving a typical classification problem to visualize 3-D decision boundary. To accomplish this task follow the instructions below:

- 1. Generate a binary-class dataset (D) for classification task.
- 2. There should be at least 500 tuples and three features of which two features are informative to the ground truth vector.
- 3. Split D such that randomly selected 70% tuples are used for training while 30% tuples

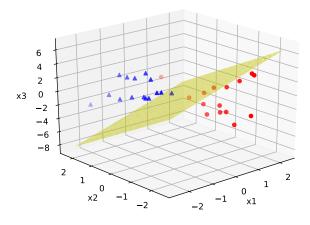


Figure 2: A 3-D decision boundary on binary-class classification problem.

are used for testing.

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- 4. Apply single-layer perceptron network to fit a model on D.
- 5. Plot testing objects and hypothesis plane on 3-D surface as shown in Figure 2.

3 Multi-layer Perceptron

Multi-layer perceptron (fully connected type neural network) is a stacked version of single-layer perceptron. Unlike to the single-layer perceptron, it is also used to solve nonlinear problems. Activation functions defined in the layers enable multi-layer perceptron networks to yield a nonlinear model. At least three layers take part in this kind of networks. The first is called as *input* layer where the data tuples are given, the next is called as *hidden* layer where progress the information taken from the input layer (or from the previous hidden layer) to the following hidden layer or to the output layer. The last layer, however, is *output* layer that gives the predicted value. A three layered (one hidden layer) neural network is given in Figure 3.

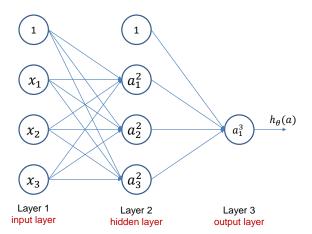


Figure 3: Multi-layer perceptron network with one hidden layer.

3.1 Error convergence with multi-layer perceptron

In this task your are expected to apply multi-layer perceptron to obtain error values throughout the training. To do that, follow the instructions in the following list:

- 1. Load digit dataset (D).
- 2. Split D such that randomly selected 70% tuples are used for training while 30% tuples are used for testing.
- 3. Apply multi-layer perceptron network (one hidden layer with 50 neurons) with 100 iterations to handle D.
- 4. Plot error values as a function of iteration as shown in Figure 4.

5. Discuss your observation.

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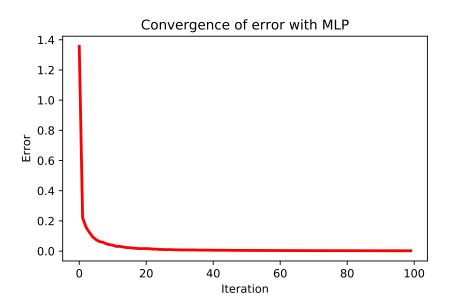


Figure 4: An example convergence plot for error values.

3.2 Effects of multi-layet perceptron structure on train & test scores.

In addition to the convergence analysis with respect to the error, you are also expected to analyse train and test scores (accuracy) as a function of hidden layer size and neurons. To do that, follow the procedure explained below:

- 1. Load digit dataset (D).
- 2. Split D such that randomly selected 70% tuples are used for training while 30% tuples are used for testing.
- 3. Apply multi-layer perceptron network with one to H hidden layer size to handle D.
- 4. The structure of perceptron networks should be as follows:
 - For a network $h \mid 1 \leq h \leq H$ the number of neurons in hidden layers is $2^h, 2^{h-1}, \dots, 2^1$ from the first to the last hidden layers. A demonstration on this structure is illustrated in Figure 5.
- 5. Plot score (accuracy) values as a function of hidden layer size as shown in Figure 6.

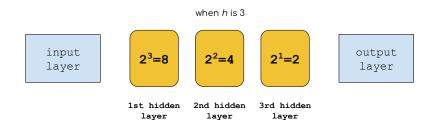


Figure 5: Demonstration for the structure of multi-layer perceptron

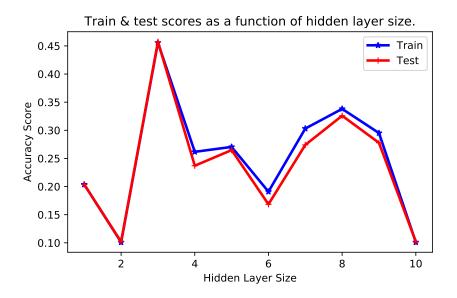


Figure 6: An example convergence plot for error values.

Notes

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- Your source code should be designed as **easy-to-follow**. **Place comment** in it as much as possible. **Separate each task** through apparent patterns.
- Use LATEX to prepare your reports. Include the observation tables here to your report. Once again, filled and signed declaration form should be first page of your report. Reports must not exceed 5 pages in total.
- Do not miss the deadline.
- Save your work until the end of this semester.
- The assignment must be original, individual work. Duplicate or very similar assignments are both going to be considered as cheating.
- You can ask your questions via **Piazza** (https://piazza.com/mu.edu.tr/fall2020/ceng3521) and you are supposed to be aware of everything discussed in Piazza.
- You will submit your work on CENG3521 course page at https://dys.mu.edu.tr with the file

hierarchy as below 2 :

 $\rightarrow <\!\! \mathrm{student}$ id>.zip

 $\rightarrow Assignment2.py$

 $\rightarrow \overline{\text{Report2.pdf}}$

²do not place any file into a directory. Just compress all the files together.