Homework 2 Christopher Chapline

Chapter 2

Problem 5

 $11010111111010111111\mathbf{0}1010111111\mathbf{0}110$

Problem 11

If the two erroneous bits are not in the same column, then the parity byte at the end of the frame will have an incorrect number based on the count of 1s in those columns. If they occur in the same column, then the parity bits at the end of each byte will reveal a mismatched number of 1s in the bytes that the errors occurred in.

Problem 43a

A will have a 63% chance to win the race. If the backoff time for A is $0 \times T$, then A will win under any circumstance except for when the backoff time for B is also $0 \times T$. If the backoff time for A is $1 \times T$, then A will win as long as the backoff time for B is either $2 \times T$ or $3 \times T$.

Chapter 3

Problem 13

The following ports would not be included:

- 1. *B*2 to D
- 2. B5 to B
- 3. B6 to I

Problem 17

Part a

Bridges B1, B2, and B3 will learn where X is. Y's interface will see the packet.

Part b

Bridges B1, B2, and B3 will learn where Z is. Y's interface will not see the packet.

Part c

Bridge B1 will learn where Y is. Z's interface will not see the packet.

Part d

Bridge B2 will learn where W is. Z's interface will not see the packet.

Chapter 5

Problem 9

Part a

The **AdvertisedWindow** field should be 25 bits. The **SequenceNumber** should be 32 bits to prevent wrap around inside of the 30 second segment lifetime.

Part b

The network speed would depend upon the hardware that you're network is built upon and would be relatively sure. The RTT might fluctuate if there are issues with devices in the network (failures or congestion), so that is less certain. The segment lifetime would be a design choice for your protocol and would thus be certain.

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Chapter 6

Problem 16

Part a

Since the send window will double every round trip time, we can express this as $log_2(1\text{MB}/1\text{KB})$. Thus, it will take roughly 9 round trip times for a slow start to open the send window to 1MB.

Part b

It would take 16 round trips to transfer the file. There would be 7 RTTs before the slow start made it to 1MB. Then it would have to transfer 1MB nine times.

Part c

The overall link throughput is 100 Mbps.