

Binary Search Trees: Introduction

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Data Structures
Data Structures and Algorithms

Learning Objectives

- Provide examples of the sorts of problems we hope to solve with Binary Search Trees.
- Show why data structures that we have already covered are insufficient.

Outline

1 Local Search

2 Attempts

Dictionary Search

Find all words that start with some given string.



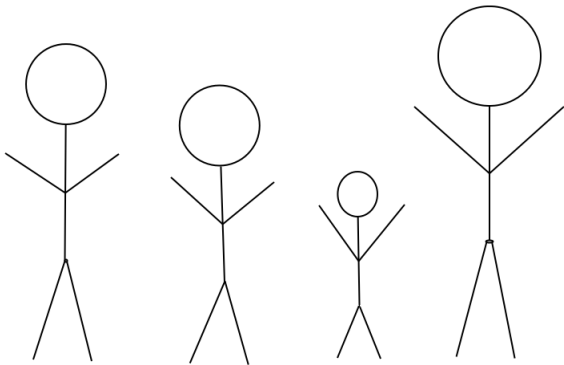
Date Ranges

Find all emails received in a given period.

Inbox				
FROM	KNOW	TO	SUBJECT	SENT TIME ▾
"lawiki.i2p admin" <J5uF>		Bote User <uhOd>	hi	Unknown
anonymous		Bote User <uhOd>	Sanders 2016	Aug 30, 2015 3:27 PM
anonymous		Bote User <uhOd>	I2PCon 2016	Aug 30, 2015 3:25 PM
Anon Developer <gvbM>		Bote User <uhOd>	Re: Bote changess	Aug 30, 2015 2:54 PM
I2P User <uUUX>		Bote User <uhOd>	Hello World!	Aug 30, 2015 2:51 PM

Closest Height

Find the person in your class whose height is closest to yours.



Local Search

Definition

A **Local Search Datastructure** stores a number of elements each with a **key** coming from an ordered set. It supports operations:

- **RangeSearch(x, y)**: Returns all elements with keys between x and y .
- **NearestNeighbors(z)**: Returns the element with keys on either side of z .

Example

1	4	6	7	10	13	15
---	---	---	---	----	----	----

Example

1	4	6	7	10	13	15
---	---	---	---	----	----	----

RangeSearch(5, 12)

1	4	6	7	10	13	15
---	---	---	---	----	----	----

Example

1	4	6	7	10	13	15
---	---	---	---	----	----	----

RangeSearch(5, 12)

1	4	6	7	10	13	15
---	---	---	---	----	----	----

NearestNeighbors(3)

1	4	6	7	10	13	15
---	---	---	---	----	----	----

Dynamic Data Structure

We would also like to be able to modify the data structure as we go.

- `Insert(x)`: Adds a element with key x .
- `Delete(x)`: Removes the element with key x .

Example

1	4	6	7	10	13	15
---	---	---	---	----	----	----

Example

1	4	6	7	10	13	15
---	---	---	---	----	----	----

Insert(3)

1	3	4	6	7	10	13	15
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

Example

1	4	6	7	10	13	15
---	---	---	---	----	----	----

Insert(3)

1	3	4	6	7	10	13	15
---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----

Delete(10)

1	3	4	6	7	13	15
---	---	---	---	---	----	----

Problem

If an empty data structure is given these commands what does it output at the end?

- Insert(3)
- Insert(8)
- Insert(5)
- Insert(10)
- Delete(8)
- Insert(12)
- NearestNeighbors(7)

Answer

3	5	8	10	12
---	---	--------------	----	----

Outline

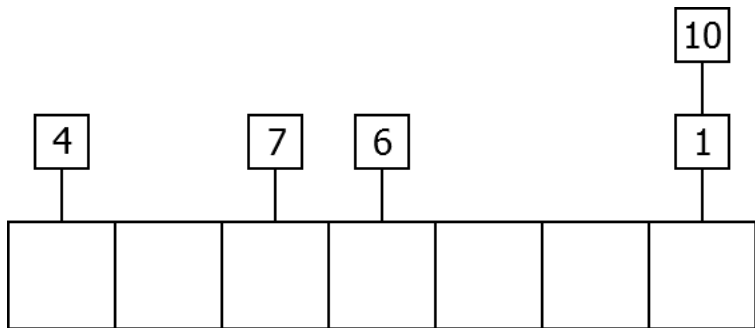
① Local Search

② Attempts

Hash Table

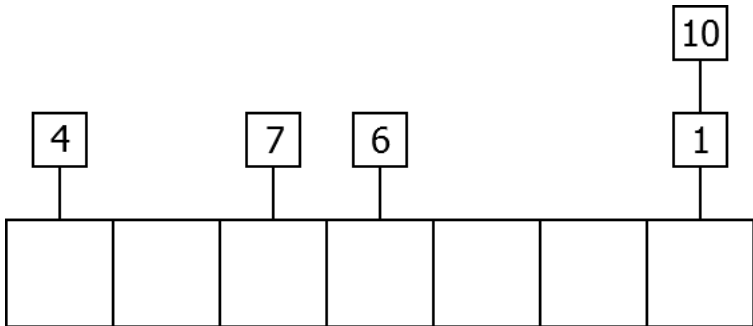
■ RangeSearch:

Impossible ✕



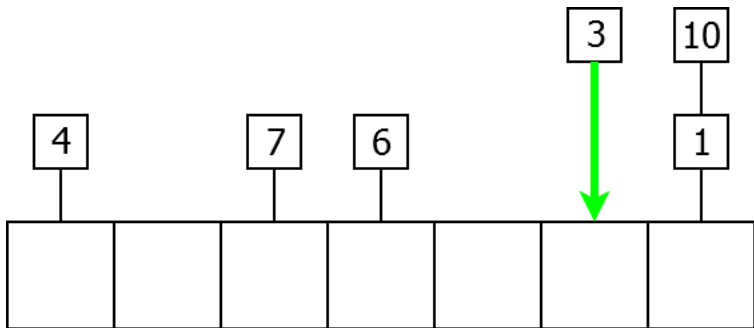
Hash Table

- RangeSearch: Impossible ✕
- NearestNeighbors: Impossible ✕



Hash Table

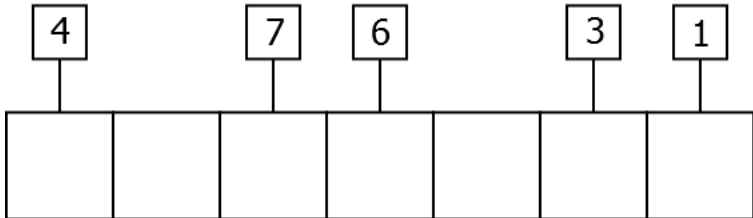
- RangeSearch: Impossible ✗
- NearestNeighbors: Impossible ✗
- Insert: $O(1)$ ✓



Hash Table

- RangeSearch: Impossible ✗
- NearestNeighbors: Impossible ✗
- Insert: $O(1)$ ✓
- Delete: $O(1)$ ✓

~~10~~



Array

■ RangeSearch:

$O(n)$ ✗

7	10	4	13	1	6	15
---	----	---	----	---	---	----

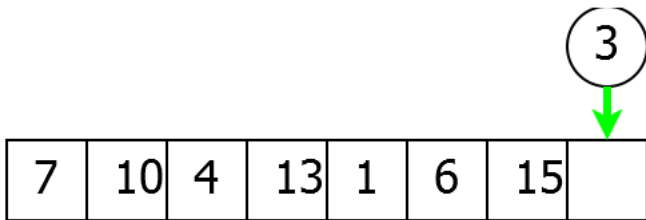
Array

- RangeSearch: $O(n)$ ✗
- NearestNeighbors: $O(n)$ ✗

7	10	4	13	1	6	15
---	----	---	----	---	---	----

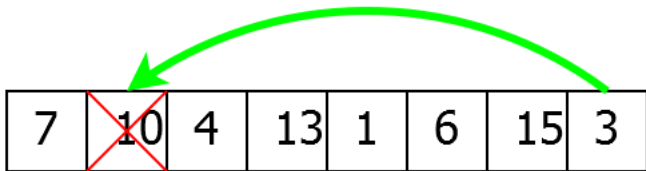
Array

- RangeSearch: $O(n)$ ✗
- NearestNeighbors: $O(n)$ ✗
- Insert: $O(1)$ ✓



Array

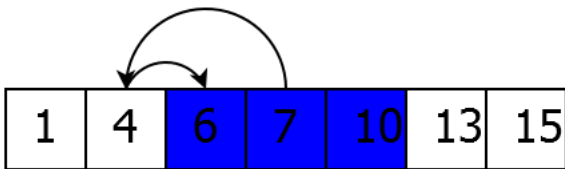
- RangeSearch: $O(n)$ ✗
- NearestNeighbors: $O(n)$ ✗
- Insert: $O(1)$ ✓
- Delete: $O(1)$ ✓



Sorted Array

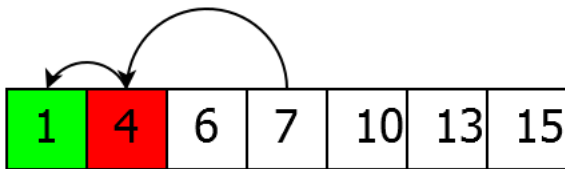
■ RangeSearch:

$O(\log(n))$ ✓



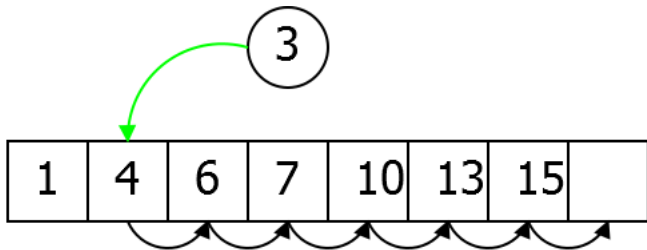
Sorted Array

- RangeSearch: $O(\log(n))$ ✓
- NearestNeighbors: $O(\log(n))$ ✓



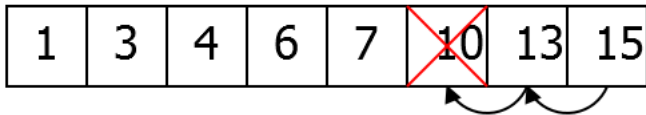
Sorted Array

- RangeSearch: $O(\log(n))$ ✓
- NearestNeighbors: $O(\log(n))$ ✓
- Insert: $O(n)$ ✗



Sorted Array

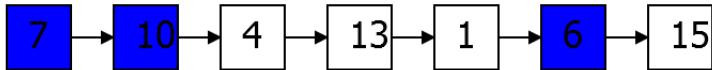
- RangeSearch: $O(\log(n))$ ✓
- NearestNeighbors: $O(\log(n))$ ✓
- Insert: $O(n)$ ✗
- Delete: $O(n)$ ✗



Linked List

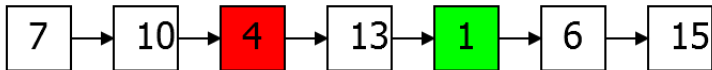
■ RangeSearch:

$O(n)$ ✗



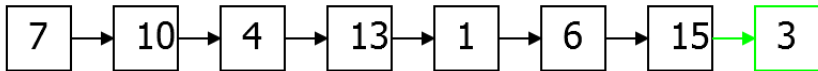
Linked List

- RangeSearch: $O(n)$ ✗
- NearestNeighbors: $O(n)$ ✗



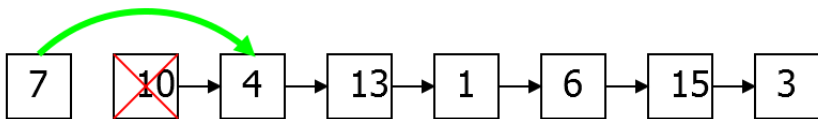
Linked List

- RangeSearch: $O(n)$ ✗
- NearestNeighbors: $O(n)$ ✗
- Insert: $O(1)$ ✓



Linked List

- RangeSearch: $O(n)$ ✗
- NearestNeighbors: $O(n)$ ✗
- Insert: $O(1)$ ✓
- Delete: $O(1)$ ✓



Need Something New

Problem

Previous data structures won't work. We need something new.