Lecture 21 Loss Functions Regusoron SE loss:  $L(y, f(x)) = (y-f(x))^2$ Abs. Loss: Lly, f(x)) = |y-f(x)| SE Huber Loss: L(y, f(x))  $= (\frac{1}{2}(y-f(x))^{2})^{2}$   $= (y-f(x))^{2}$ y-f(x)=1 | S(14-fix) - = 28) if 14-fex) > 6 Classification (Binary) Two paremeter jutions (1) Y = 0 or 1 2) /=+

0-1, L(y, f(x)) = 1(y + f(x)) If I use ±1 pameretization then correct dussification ( signs y, fix)
moten
incorrect ( signs dat
match For any f there is some for h so f(x) = Sign(h(x))idea! N(x)>70 for class / h(x) (LO for class -1 margin of a classifier: yh(x) = yh yh >0 @ correct classifications yh < 0 ( incorrect , 4 tyht = correctness of class of pt 0-1: L(yh)=1(yh<0)

Exponential 1856! L(yh) = e-yh Hinge loss: L(gh) = max (0,1-gh) = (yh - 1/2)