Homework 4

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```
data("UCBAdmissions")
```

Question 1

```
MLE_fun_full = function(counts) {
    MLE = counts/sum(counts)
    log_lik = (counts[1,1]*log(MLE[1,1])) + (counts[1,2]*log(MLE[1,2])) + (counts[2,1]*
log(MLE[2,1])) + (counts[2,2]*log(MLE[2,2]))

out = list(
    MLE = MLE,
    log_lik = log_lik
)

return (out)
}
```

Question 2

```
MLE fun ind = function(counts){
  row1 tot = sum(counts[1,])
  row2 tot = sum(counts[2,])
  col1 tot = sum(counts[,1])
  col2 tot = sum(counts[,2])
  row1 prob = row1 tot/(row1 tot + row2 tot)
  row2\_prob = 1 - row1\_prob
  col1 prob = col1 tot/(col1 tot + col2 tot)
  col2\_prob = 1 - col1\_prob
  MLE = matrix(nrow = 2,
               ncol = 2,
               dimnames = dimnames(counts)
 MLE[1,1] = row1 prob*col1 prob
 MLE[1,2] = row1 prob*col2 prob
 MLE[2,1] = row2 prob*col1 prob
 MLE[2,2] = row2 prob*col2 prob
  log lik = row1 tot*log(row1 prob) + row2 tot*log(row2 prob) + col1 tot*log(col1 pro
b) + col2 tot*log(col2 prob)
  out = list(
    MLE = MLE,
    log_lik = log_lik
  return (out)
}
```

Question 3

```
UCB_admit_gender_tot = apply(UCBAdmissions,c("Admit","Gender"),sum)
full_model = MLE_fun_full(UCB_admit_gender_tot)
ind_model = MLE_fun_ind(UCB_admit_gender_tot)
lr_stat = -2*(ind_model$log_lik - full_model$log_lik)
p_lr = 1- pchisq(lr_stat, 1)
```

```
## [1] "Full Model"
```

```
## $MLE
## Gender
## Admit Male Female
## Admitted 0.2646929 0.1230667
## Rejected 0.3298719 0.2823685
##
## $log_lik
## [1] -6031.193
```

```
## [1] "Ind. Model"
```

```
## $MLE
## Gender
## Admit Male Female
## Admitted 0.2305482 0.1572114
## Rejected 0.3640165 0.2482238
##
## $log_lik
## [1] -6077.917
```

```
## [1] "Likelihood Stat.= 93.449 P-Value= 0"
```

According to the likelihood ratio statistic and the corresponding p-value, it appears as if the full model fits the data better. Since this shows support the gender and admission chances are not indpenendent random variables, there looks like may be some gender-based bias between admission rates.

Question 4

```
## [1] "Likelihood Ratio by Dept."
```

```
## A B C D E F
## 19.0540099 0.2586429 0.7509844 0.2978665 0.9903864 0.3836167
```

```
## [1] "P-Value by Dept."
```

```
## $A
## [1] 1.270705e-05
##
## $B
## [1] 0.611054
##
## $C
## [1] 0.3861648
##
## $D
## [1] 0.585223
##
## $E
  [1] 0.319648
##
##
## $F
## [1] 0.535674
```

This shows a very different conclusion than using the aggregated model. For every department other than A, the full model and independence model fit equally as well, saying that each gender is most likely admitted at similar rates. Only department A seems to have any gender based bias.