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Git Commit

To create your first commit, type the following:

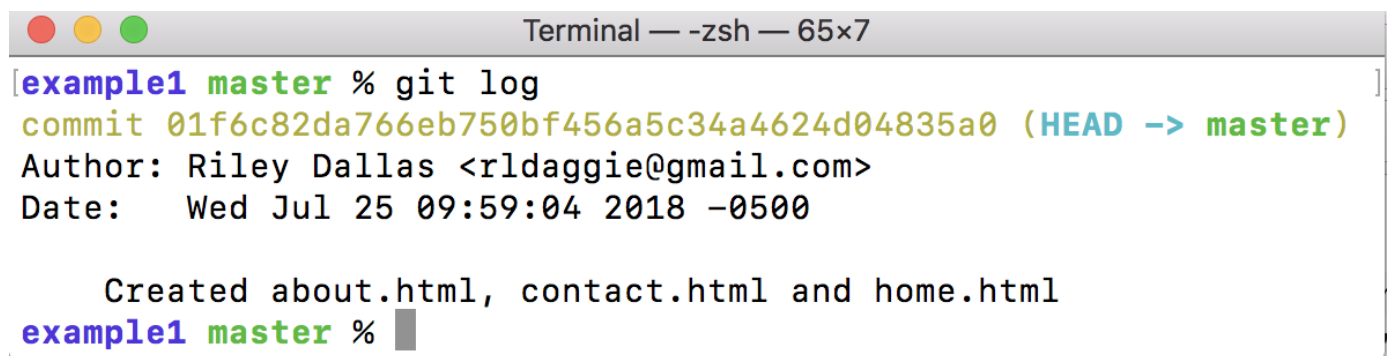
```
git commit -m"Created about.html, contact.html and home.html"  
git status
```

Note that:

- The `-m` flag is your commit message.
- The message in red ("Created about.html, contact.html and home.html") is your commit message. This is how you know what change you're *committing* to. In the screenshot below, you can see how our commit message is displayed when we `git log`.
- Make sure that you **always** wrap your commit messages in quotes.

Congratulations! You've made your first commit.

`git log` is how we view our commit history in our terminal. Type `git log` again, and you should see your first commit in the timeline:



```
Terminal — -zsh — 65x7  
[example1 master % git log  
commit 01f6c82da766eb750bf456a5c34a4624d04835a0 (HEAD -> master)  
Author: Riley Dallas <rldaggie@gmail.com>  
Date:   Wed Jul 25 09:59:04 2018 -0500  
  
    Created about.html, contact.html and home.html  
example1 master %
```

Committing your changes to Git is a fundamental concept; one that you'll perform repeatedly as a developer. In the next section, we'll do another round of commits for extra practice.

