Project Report on

“**Efficient clustering algorithm to segregate tests based on execution behavior**”

For

**PTC (India)**

Submitted By

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For



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Indira College of Commerce & Science, Pune 33

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Project Synopsis

On

“Efficient clustering algorithm to segregate tests based on execution behavior”

Academic Year:

**2018-19 Semester IV**

Front End/Back End/Technologies to be used:

**Python 3.0, anaconda**

**MYSQL**

Platform (Operating System):

**Windows**

Team Members:

**Ganesh Londhe**

**(MCS-II, Roll No:23)**

**Description:**

**Efficient clustering algorithm to segregate tests based on execution behavior**

This project is based on unsupervised learning. clustering analysis is used to gain some valuable insights from our data by seeing what groups the data points fall into when we apply a clustering algorithm k-means.

The project is developed to separate the tests based on the behavior using clustering algorithms. The project will help to analyze the execution of the tests using statistics calculated by program. The project will help to analyze the regression test analysis.

**Scope of the system:**

This project automates below listed activities. Following things can be achieved.

* User can apply this program to any tests in rtcdb by making slight/no change in code.
* Scope is limited to the rtcdb1.

**Possible Outcomes of the System:**

* find out the particular tests along with their duration2.
* Duration = regression test start and end timing
* stores them into a CSV file
* read those tests and perform statistical operations
* store those tests with statistical result
* reading, applying k-means
* plotting them on a line for user report

**Advantages of the system:**

* The system is built to automate the test segregation so that the process stores the entire information.
* Many reports are generated which are there in current systems.
* Well suited for large scale business.

**Limitations of the system:**

* the project is limited to the RTCDB.
* Analysis of yearly report is not generated.

**Index:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Title | Page No |
| 1. Introduction |  |
| * 1. Company Profile | 4 |
| * 1. Existing System and Need for System | 5 |
| * 1. Scope of Work | 7 |
| * 1. Operating Environment – Hardware and Software |  |
|  |  |
| 1. Proposed System |  |
| * 1. Proposed System | 12 |
| * + 1. Feasibility Study | 14 |
| * 1. Objectives of System | 17 |
| * 1. User Requirements | 19 |
|  |  |
| 1. Analysis and Designs |  |
| * 1. E-R Diagram |  |
| * 1. Use Case Diagram | 21 |
| * 1. Activity Diagram | 25 |
| * 1. Sequence Diagram | 28 |
| * 1. Collaboration Diagram | 31 |
| * 1. Class Diagram | 32 |
| * 1. Data Tables | 34 |
|  |  |
| 1. User Manual |  |
| * 1. Organization of Manual | 48 |
|  |  |
| 1. Annexure |  |
| * 1. Annexture1: Output Report. | 72 |
|  |  |
| 1. Future Enhancements | 81 |
|  |  |
| 1. Conclusion | 82 |
|  |  |
| 1. Bibliography | 83 |

**1. Introduction:**

**1.1 Company Profile:**

Intern at software development team named “Creo Licensing and Installation”. Where we write, build and enhance the security for the Licensing and Installation part of the product.

**1.2.1 Existing system and Need for system:**

Current system is only be able to show the last time the test has been run and how much time test took to complete.  
  
**1.2.2 Need for new System:**

Newly developed system has following features:

- shows how many times the test has been run on the product

- what is the minimum time it took to run the test

- what is the maximum time it took to run the test

- mean timing

- standard deviation

- median

**1.3 Scope of the work:**

Scope of the work is limited to the respective company and also limited to the current product.

**1.4 Operating Environment**

Hardware – 2GB RAM, Dual core processor (2GH)

Software(Operating System) – Windows, Linux(Platform independent)

**2.1 Proposed System:**

This project will separate tests based on their timings. This project is about sorting the tests. Including new features like automation, accuracy more data and time saving using Data Mining and Machine Learning based techniques.

**2.1.1 Feasibility study:**

Technically it’s possible to complete the project using existing technologies. As all the technical resources are available within the organization. No estimated cost as the project is carried out along-side regular work.

Since no money is evolved the project is fully profitable. No aspect of the project conflicts with legal requirements like zoning laws, data protection acts or social media laws. This project fits in scheduling feasibility as time required to complete the project is much low.

**2.2 Objective of the system:**

Separate the tests based on time taken.

**2.3 User Requirements:**

Develop and efficient clustering algorithm to segregate tests based on their execution behavior

**3. Analysis and Designs**

**3.1 E-R Diagram:**

**E-R Diagram**

deployment

modelling

Pre-processing

understanding

Data gathering

**3.2 Use case Diagram:**

Time\_stamp\_diff

test\_names

Proj\_id like ‘%p60’

Proj\_id

**Use Case Diagram**

Test\_runs

tests

tasks

finished

started

**3.3 Activity Diagram:**

Yes

No

Represent the data in human readable format

Output from model/s

Data Processing

Fitting the data into

model/s

Store it separately

Is data usable?

Preparing data for

further processing

Understanding data

& requirements

Data gathering

**Activity Diagram**

**3.4 Sequence Diagram:**

Stat Ops

DM Techniques

Database

User

M Learning

Get & store Data

Stored

Recognize pattern

Perform StatOps

Apply ML Algo

Visualize result

**Sequence Diagram**

3.5 Collaboration Diagram:

: User

1: getDataFromDB()

3: apply ML()

2: performStatOps()

: Apply ML algo

: writeToDict

: statOps

4: represent the data()

Comment here

: Visualization

**Collaboration Diagram**

**3.6 Class Diagram:**

StatOps

- readDataFromCSV

- dictFromCSV

- dataToCSV

+ getDataFromCVS()

+ performStatOps()

+ writeDataToCSV()

Get Data

- connection

- sql\_query

- dataFromDB

- dataToDict

- dataToCSV

+ getDataFromDB()

+ storeDataToDict()

+ storeDataToCSV()

1 1

1

1

plot

- readDataFromCSV

- testNames

- testMean

- dictAll

- annotText

- getPosition

- test

+ getDataFromCVS()

+ applyMLAlgo()

+ scatterData()

+ update\_annote()

+ show()

+ writeDataToCSV()

**Class Diagram**

**4. User Manual**

This is a scripted program. User need to hit the ENTER KEY to run the program.

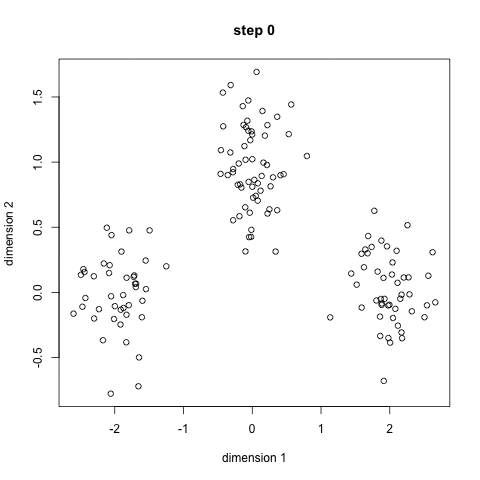
**Brief about K-Means:**

Clustering is a Machine Learning technique that involves the grouping of data points. Given a set of data points, we can use a clustering algorithm to classify each data point into a specific group. In theory, data points that are in the same group should have similar properties and/or features, while data points in different groups should have highly dissimilar properties and/or features. Clustering is a method of unsupervised learning and is a common technique for statistical data analysis used in many fields.

In Data Science, we can use clustering analysis to gain some val­uable insights from our data by seeing what groups the data points fall into when we apply a clustering algorithm.

**K-Means Clustering**

K-Means is probably the most well know clustering algorithm. It’s taught in a lot of introductory data science and machine learning classes. It’s easy to understand and implement in code! Check out the graphic below for an illustration.



**K-Means Clustering**

1. To begin, we first select a number of classes/groups to use and randomly initialize their respective center points. To figure out the number of classes to use, it’s good to take a quick look at the data and try to identify any distinct groupings. The center points are vectors of the same length as each data point vector and are the “X’s” in the graphic above.
2. Each data point is classified by computing the distance between that point and each group center, and then classifying the point to be in the group whose center is closest to it.
3. Based on these classified points, we recompute the group center by taking the mean of all the vectors in the group.
4. Repeat these steps for a set number of iterations or until the group centers don’t change much between iterations. You can also opt to randomly initialize the group centers a few times, and then select the run that looks like it provided the best results.

K-Means has the advantage that it’s pretty fast, as all we’re really doing is computing the distances between points and group centers; very few computations! It thus has a linear complexity *O*(*n*).

On the other hand, K-Means has a couple of disadvantages. Firstly, you have to select how many groups/classes there are. This isn’t always trivial and ideally with a clustering algorithm we’d want it to figure those out for us because the point of it is to gain some insight from the data. K-means also starts with a random choice of cluster centers and therefore it may yield different clustering results on different runs of the algorithm. Thus, the results may not be repeatable and lack consistency. Other cluster methods are more consistent.

K-Medians is another clustering algorithm related to K-Means, except instead of recomputing the group center points using the mean we use the median vector of the group. This method is less sensitive to outliers (because of using the Median) but is much slower for larger datasets as sorting is required on each iteration when computing the Median vector.

**FUTURE Enhancements :**

daily, monthly, quarterly and yearly reports are not generated.

Project can go real and give a live status of the tests.

**Conclusion:**

The project has completed the basic needs and requirements of the client and is ready to use.

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