Git Steps and Commands

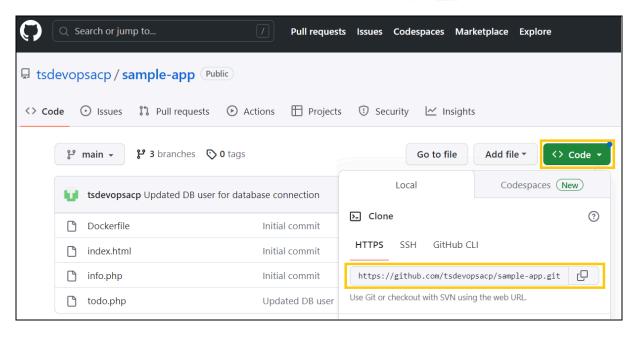
The following is a list of steps and common commands used to perform operations in Github. Steps 1-4 are used only the first time when the github set up is performed with your credentials. Step 5 is used only when a new repository is cloned from github to the local system. Step 7 consists of the most commonly used commands for github operations.

- 1. Create a Github account and save the credentials.
- 2. Install Git on your system: https://git-scm.com/downloads
- 3. After installing you can use either Git Bash, Command Prompt, or terminal to execute Git commands.
- 4. Introduce yourself to Git with the name and public email address of your Github account before doing any operation. The easiest way to do so is:

```
$ git config --global user.name "Your Name Comes Here"
$ git config --global user.email "you@yourdomain.example.com"
```

- 5. To clone a repository in your system:
 - Obtain the repository path from the github repository by copying URL from under the 'Code' tab of the repository as shown below:





- Open Git Bash or Command Prompt
- Select the folder/location where you want to clone it
- Run below command

```
$ git clone <repository path>
```

6. A repository may have multiple branches. To check which branch we are at currently, run the following:

```
$ git status
```

- 7. To push changes in a file from your local system to the remote repository, follow the steps below:
 - Synchronize your local system with remote repository by using the command:

```
$ git pull
```

- Open the file in your local system and make changes to it
- Then run these commands

```
$ git add file_name_with_extension
$ git commit -m "write commit message here"
$ git push
```

In above lines,

git add: will stage the changes to be made

git commit: will commit the changes

git push: will push the changes to the repository



- 8. To create a new branch, use below command:
 - \$ git branch other_branch_name
- 9. To get a list of all existing branches, run below command:
 - \$ git branch
- 10. To change the current branch to some other existing branch, use below command:
 - \$ git checkout other_branch_name
- 11. To delete a branch, use below command:
 - \$ git branch -d other_branch_name

References:

- Git Simple guide
- Git documentation