

Lab 1: Gregor Karetka

Link to my Digital-electronics-2 GitHub repository:

https://github.com/gkaretka/Digital-electronics-2

Blink example

1. What is the meaning of the following binary operators in C?

- o | bitwise OR (logicky sucet)
- & bitwise AND (logicky sucin)
- o ^ bitwise XOR (logicky xor)
- o ~ bitwise NOT (logicka negacia)
- << bit shift to the left (bitovy posun dolava)
- >> bit shift to the right (bitovy posun doprava)
- 2. Complete truth table with operators: | , & , ^ , ~

b	a	b or a	b and a	b xor a	not b
0	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	1	0	1	1
1	0	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	0	0

Morse code

1. Listing of C code with syntax highlighting which repeats one "dot" and one "comma" on a LED:

```
int main(void)
    // Set pin as output in Data Direction Register
    // DDRB = DDRB or 0010 0000
    DDRB |= (1<<LED_GREEN);</pre>
    // Set pin LOW in Data Register (LED off)
    // PORTB = PORTB and 1101 1111
    PORTB &= ~(1<<LED_GREEN);</pre>
    // Infinite loop
    while (1)
        send_dot();
        send_comma();
    // Will never reach this
    return 0;
* Low level send comma by manipulating pin and delaying
void send_comma(void)
    PORTB |= (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
    _delay_ms(COMMA_DELAY);
    PORTB &= ~(1 << LED_GREEN);
    _delay_ms(ONE_SPACE);
/*
* Low level send dot by manipulating pin and delaying
void send_dot(void)
    PORTB |= (1 << LED_GREEN);</pre>
    _delay_ms(DOT_DELAY);
    PORTB &= ~(1 << LED_GREEN);
    _delay_ms(ONE_SPACE);
```

2. Code for displaying "DE2" in morse code

```
// Morse code array A-Z
char *morse_alphabet[26] = {
   "-", "-..., "---", "-.., "---", "---", "---", "---", "---", "---", "---", "---",
    "-.", "---", ".--.", "--.-", "...", "-", "...-", "...-", ".--", "-..-", "-..-", "-..-",
};
// Morse code array 0 - 9
char *morse_numbers[10] = {
    "----", ".---", "...-", "....", "-....", "--...", "---..", "---.."
};
#define ONE_SPACE
                               500
#define DOT '.'
#define DOT_DELAY
                               ONE_SPACE
#define COMMA '-'
#define COMMA DELAY
                            (ONE_SPACE*3)
#define SPACE '/'
#define SPACE_DELAY
                            (ONE_SPACE*3)
void dispaly_message_morse_code(char *msg);
void display_char_in_morse_code(char c);
void ll_display_char_in_morse_code(char *c);
void send_space(void);
void send_comma(void);
void send_dot(void);
int main(void)
{
   // Set pin as output in Data Direction Register
   // DDRB = DDRB or 0010 0000
   DDRB |= (1<<LED_GREEN);</pre>
   // Set pin LOW in Data Register (LED off)
    // PORTB = PORTB and 1101 1111
    PORTB &= ~(1<<LED_GREEN);</pre>
    // Infinite loop
    while (1)
       /* Char '/' is used for sending additional spaces
        * You can try any combination
        * Tested with:
        * BPC/DE2/
        * DE2/
         * de2/
         */
        char *msg = "DE2/";
        dispaly_message_morse_code(msg);
    // Will never reach this
    return 0;
/*
 * Takes *char(string) as input and separates it into individual characters.
void dispaly_message_morse_code(char *msg)
{
    char *msg_ptr = msg;
    while(*msg_ptr != '\0') {
       if (*msg_ptr == '/') {
           send_space();
       } else {
            display_char_in_morse_code(*msg_ptr);
           send_space();
       }
       msg_ptr++;
* Look-up table for characters in Morse code alphabet/numbers.
void display_char_in_morse_code(char c)
   if (c >= 65 \&\& c <= 95) \{ // \text{ if char is ASCII A-Z} \}
        11_display_char_in_morse_code(morse_alphabet[(uint8_t)c - 65]);
   } else if (c >= 97 && c <= 122) { // if char is ASCII a-z
       ll_display_char_in_morse_code(morse_alphabet[(uint8_t)c - 97]);
    } else if (c >= 48 && c <= 57) { // if char is ASCII 0-9
       11_display_char_in_morse_code(morse_numbers[(uint8_t)c - 48]);
* Low level function for Morse code display, check one by one char and
 * performs action accordingly by sending COMMA or DOT
void ll_display_char_in_morse_code(char *char_codes)
{
    char *msg_ptr = char_codes;
    while(*msg_ptr != '\0') {
       if (*msg_ptr == COMMA) send_comma();
       else if (*msg_ptr == DOT) send_dot();
        msg_ptr++;
* Low level send space by manipulating pin and delaying
*/
void send_space(void)
    PORTB &= ~(1 << LED_GREEN);
    _delay_ms(SPACE_DELAY);
```

```
/*
 * Low level send comma by manipulating pin and delaying
 */
void send_comma(void)
{
    PORTB |= (1 << LED_GREEN);
    _delay_ms(COMMA_DELAY);

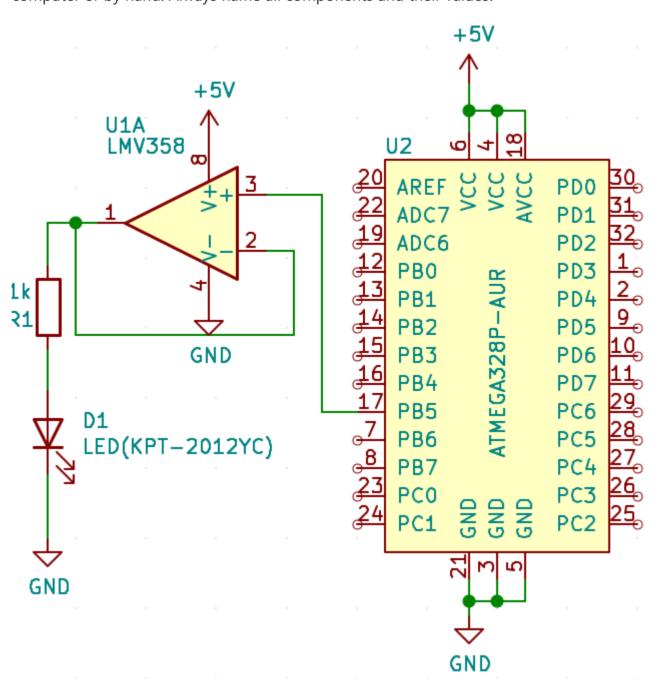
    PORTB &= ~(1 << LED_GREEN);
    _delay_ms(ONE_SPACE);
}

/*
 * Low level send dot by manipulating pin and delaying
 */
void send_dot(void)
{
    PORTB |= (1 << LED_GREEN);
    _delay_ms(DOT_DELAY);

    PORTB &= ~(1 << LED_GREEN);
    _delay_ms(ONE_SPACE);
}</pre>
```

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computer or by hand. Always name all components and their values!



Simulation

∃ README.md

