The fontspec package Font selection for X¬ETEX and LuaETEX

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Part I

Getting started

1 History

This package began life as a LaTeX interface to select system-installed Mac OS X fonts in Jonathan Kew's XaTeX, the first widely-used Unicode extension to TeX. Over time, XaTeX was extended to support OpenType fonts and then was ported into a cross-platform program to run also on Windows and Linux.

More recently, LuaTeX is fast becoming the TeX engine of the day; it supports Unicode encodings and OpenType fonts and opens up the internals of TeX via the Lua programming language. Hans Hagen's ConTeXt Mk. IV is a re-write of his powerful typesetting system, taking full advantage of LuaTeX's features including font support; a kernel of his work in this area has been extracted to be useful for other TeX macro systems as well, and this has enabled fontspec to be adapted for LaTeX when run with the LuaTeX engine.

2 Introduction

The fontspec package allows users of either X¬TEX or LuaTEX to load OpenType fonts in a LaTEX document. No font installation is necessary, and font features can be selected and used as desired throughout the document.

Without fontspec, it is necessary to write cumbersome font definition files for LTEX, since LTEX's font selection scheme (known as the 'NFSS') has a lot going on behind the scenes to allow easy commands like \emph or \bfseries. With an uncountable number of fonts now available for use, however, it becomes less desirable to have to write these font definition (.fd) files for every font one wishes to use.

Because fontspec is designed to work in a variety of modes, this user documentation is split into separate sections that are designed to be relatively independent. Nonetheless, the basic functionality all behaves in the same way, so previous users of fontspec under X₄TeX should have little or no difficulty switching over to LuaTeX.

This manual can get rather in-depth, as there are a lot of details to cover. See the documents fontspec-example.tex for a complete minimal example to get started quickly.

2.1 Acknowledgements

This package could not have been possible without the early and continued support the author of X₃T₂X, Jonathan Kew. When I started this package, he steered me many times in the right direction.

I've had great feedback over the years on feature requests, documentation queries, bug reports, font suggestions, and so on from lots of people all around the world. Many thanks to you all.

Thanks to David Perry and Markus Böhning for numerous documentation improvements and David Perry again for contributing the text for one of the sections of this manual.

Special thanks to Khaled Hosny, who was the driving force behind the support for LuaŁTĘX, ultimately leading to version 2.0 of the package.

3 Package loading and options

For basic use, no package options are required:

\usepackage{fontspec}

Package options will be introduced below; some preliminary details are discussed first.

3.1 Font encodings

The 2016 release of fontspec initiated some changes for font encodings and the loading of xunicode. The 2017 release rolls out those changes as default.

The now-default tuenc package option switches the NFSS font encoding to TU. TU is a new Unicode font encoding, intended for both XaTeX and LuaTeX engines, and automatically contains support for symbols covered by LaTeX's traditional T1 and TS1 font encodings (for example, \%, \textbullet, \"u, and so on). As a result, with this package option, Ross Moore's xunicode package is **not** loaded. Some new, experimental, features are now provided to customise some encoding details; see Part V on page 55 for further details.

Pre-2017 behaviour can be achieved with the euenc package option. This selects the EU1 or EU2 encoding (X¬TEX/LuaTEX, resp.) and loads the xunicode package. Package authors and users who have referred explicitly to the encoding names EU1 or EU2 should update their code or documents. (See internal variable names described in Section 27 on page 69 for how to do this properly.)

3.2 Maths fonts adjustments

By default, fontspec adjusts LEX's default maths setup in order to maintain the correct Computer Modern symbols when the roman font changes. However, it will attempt to avoid doing this if another maths font package is loaded (such as mathpazo or the unicode-math package).

If you find that fontspec is incorrectly changing the maths font when it shouldn't be, apply the no-math package option to manually suppress its behaviour here.

3.3 Configuration

If you wish to customise any part of the fontspec interface, this should be done by creating your own fontspec.cfg file, which will be automatically loaded if it is found by X-TEX or LuaTEX. A fontspec.cfg file is distributed with fontspec with a small number of defaults set up within it.

To customise fontspec to your liking, use the standard .cfg file as a starting point or write your own from scratch, then either place it in the same folder as the main document for isolated cases, or in a location that X_TEX or LuaTEX searches by default; e.g. in MacTEX: ~/Library/texmf/tex/latex/.

The package option no-config will suppress the loading of the fontspec.cfg file under all circumstances.

3.4 Warnings

This package can give some warnings that can be harmless if you know what you're doing. Use the quiet package option to write these warnings to the transcript (.log) file instead.

Use the silent package option to completely suppress these warnings if you don't even want the .log file cluttered up.

4 Interaction with \LaTeX 2 ε and other packages

This section documents some areas of adjustment that fontspec makes to improve default behaviour with \LaTeX 2ε and third-party packages.

4.1 Verbatim

Many verbatim mechanisms assume the existence of a 'visible space' character that exists in the ASCII space slot of the typewriter font. This character is known in Unicode as U+2423: BOX OPEN, which looks like this: '\(\sigma'\).

When a Unicode typewriter font is used, LTEX no longer prints visible spaces for the verbatim* environment and \verb* command. This problem is fixed by using the correct Unicode glyph, and the following packages are patched to do the same: listings, fancyvrb, moreverb, and verbatim.

In the case that the typewriter font does not contain $' \square '$, the Latin Modern Mono font is used as a fallback.

4.2 Discretionary hyphenation: \-

\- ETEX defines the macro \- to insert discretionary hyphenation points. However, it is hard-coded in ETEX to use the hyphen - character. Since fontspec provides features to change the hyphenation character on a per font basis, the definition of \- is changed to adapt accordingly.

4.3 Commands for old-style and lining numbers

\oldstylenums \liningnums

Large for the end of the end of

4.4 Italic small caps

\itshape \slshape \scshape Note that this package redefines the \itshape, \slshape, and \scshape commands in order to allow them to select italic small caps in conjunction. With these changes, writing \itshape\scshape will lead to italic small caps, and \upshape subsequently

then moves back to small caps only. \upshape again returns from small caps to upright regular. (And similarly for for \slshape. In addition, once italic small caps are selected then \slshape will switch to slanted small caps, and vice versa.)

4.5 Emphasis and nested emphasis

\eminnershape

 $\text{ETEX } 2_{\mathcal{E}}$ allows you to specify the behaviour of \emph nested within \emph by setting the \eminnershape command. For example,

\renewcommand\eminnershape{\upshape\scshape}

will produce small caps within \emph{\emph{\...}}.

\emfontdeclare

The fontspec package takes this idea one step further to allow arbitrary font shape changes and arbitrary levels of nesting within emphasis. This is performed using the \emfontdeclare command, which takes a comma-separated list of font switches corresponding to increasing levels of emphasis. An example:

i. \emfontdeclare{\itshape, \upshape\scshape,\itshape} will lead to 'italics', 'small caps', then 'italic small caps' as the level of emphasis increases, as long as italic small caps are defined for the font. Note that \upshape is required because the font changes are cascading.

The implementation of this feature tries to be 'smart' and guess what level of emphasis to use in the case of manual font changing. This is reliable only if you use shape-changing commands in \emfontdeclare. For example:

```
\emfontdeclare{\itshape,\upshape\scshape,\itshape}
...
\scshape small caps \emph{hello}
```

Here, the emphasised text 'hello' will be printed in italic small caps since \emph can detect that the current font shape is already in the second 'mode' of emphasis.

\emreset

Finally, if you have so much nested emphasis that \emfontdeclare runs out of options, it will insert \emreset (by default just \upshape) and start again from the beginning.

4.6 Strong emphasis

\strong \strongenv

The \strong macro is used analogously to \emph but produces variations in weight. If you need it in environment form, use \begin{strongenv}...\end{strongenv}.

As with emphasis, this font-switching command is intended to move through a range of font weights. For example, if the fonts are set up correctly it allows usage such as \strong{...\strong{...}} in which each nested \strong macro increases the weight of the font.

\strongfontdeclare

Currently this feature set is somewhat experimental and there is no syntactic sugar to easily define a range of font weights using fontspec commands. Use, say, the following to define first bold and then black (k) font faces for \strong:

\strongfontdeclare{\bfseries,\fontseries{k}\selectfont}

\strongreset

If too many levels of \strong are reached, \strongreset is inserted. By default this is a no-op and the font will simply remain the same. Use \renewcommand\strongreset{\mdseries} to start again from the beginning if desired.

An example for setting up a font family for use with \strong is discussed in 6.3.1 on page 18.

Part II

General font selection

This section concerns the variety of commands that can be used to select fonts.

These are the main font-selecting commands of this package. The \fontspec command selects a font for one-time use only; all others should be used to define the standard fonts used in a document, as shown in Example 1. Here, the scales of the fonts have been chosen to equalise their lowercase letter heights. The Scale font feature will be discussed further in Section 14 on page 27, including methods for automatic scaling. Note that further options may need to be added to select appropriate bold/italic fonts, but this shows the main idea.

Note that while these commands all look and behave largely identically, the default setup for font loading automatically adds the Ligatures=TeX feature for the \set-mainfont and \setsansfont commands. These defaults (and further customisations possible) are discussed in Section 8 on page 21.

The font features argument accepts comma separated $\langle font \, feature \rangle = \langle option \rangle$ lists; these are described later:

- For general font features, see Section 14 on page 27
- For OpenType fonts, see Part IV on page 34
- For X¬TEX-only general font features, see Part VII on page 61
- For LuaTeX-only general font features, see Part VI on page 59
- For features for AAT fonts in X₇T_FX, see Section 22 on page 62

Example 1: Loading the default, sans serif, and monospaced fonts.

```
\setmainfont{texgyrebonum-regular.otf}
\setsansfont{lmsans10-regular.otf}[Scale=MatchLowercase]
\setmonofont{Inconsolatazi4-Regular.otf}[Scale=MatchLowercase]

\rmfamily Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs\par
\sffamily Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs\par
\ttfamily Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs
```

ick my box with five dozen liquor jugs

ck my box with five dozen liquor jugs

ack my box with five dozen liquor jugs

5 Font selection

In both LuaTEX and XETEX, fonts can be selected either by 'font name' or by 'file name', but there are some differences in how each engine finds and selects fonts — don't be too surprised if a font invocation in one engine needs correction to work in the other.

5.1 By font name

Fonts known to LuaTeX or XaTeX may be loaded by their standard names as you'd speak them out loud, such as *Times New Roman* or *Adobe Garamond*. 'Known to' in this case generally means 'exists in a standard fonts location' such as ~/Library/Fonts on Mac OS X, or C:\Windows\Fonts on Windows. In LuaTeX, fonts found in the TEXMF tree can also be loaded by name.

The simplest example might be something like

```
\setmainfont{Cambria}[ ... ]
```

in which the bold and italic fonts will be found automatically (if they exist) and are immediately accessible with the usual \textit and \textbf commands.

The 'font name' can be found in various ways, such as by looking in the name listed in a application like *Font Book* on Mac OS X. Alternatively, TEXLive contains the otfinfo command line program, which can query this information; for example:

```
otfinfo -a `kpsewhich lmroman1@-regular.otf`
```

results in 'LM Roman 10'.

LuaTeX users only In order to load fonts by their name rather than by their file-name (*e.g.*, 'Latin Modern Roman' instead of 'ec-lmrro'), you may need to run the script luaotfload-tool, which is distributed with the luaotfload package. Note that if you do not execute this script beforehand, the first time you attempt to typeset the process will pause for (up to) several minutes. (But only the first time.) Please see the luaotfload documentation for more information.

5.2 By file name

X₃T_EX and LuaT_EX also allow fonts to be loaded by file name instead of font name. When you have a very large collection of fonts, you will sometimes not wish to have them all installed in your system's font directories. In this case, it is more convenient to load them from a different location on your disk. This technique is also necessary in X₃T_EX when loading OpenType fonts that are present within your T_EX distribution, such as /usr/local/texlive/2\013/texmf-dist/fonts/opentype/public. Fonts in such locations are visible to X₃T_EX but cannot be loaded by font name, only file name; LuaT_EX does not have this restriction.

When selecting fonts by file name, any font that can be found in the default search paths may be used directly (including in the current directory) without having to explicitly define the location of the font file on disk.

Fonts selected by filename must include bold and italic variants explicitly.

```
\setmainfont{texgyrepagella-regular.otf}[
    BoldFont = texgyrepagella-bold.otf ,
    ItalicFont = texgyrepagella-italic.otf ,
    BoldItalicFont = texgyrepagella-bolditalic.otf ]
```

fontspec knows that the font is to be selected by file name by the presence of the '.otf' extension. An alternative is to specify the extension separately, as shown following:

```
\setmainfont{texgyrepagella-regular}[
    Extension = .otf ,
    BoldFont = texgyrepagella-bold ,
    ... ]
```

If desired, an abbreviation can be applied to the font names based on the mandatory 'font name' argument:

```
\setmainfont{texgyrepagella}[
    Extension = .otf ,
    UprightFont = *-regular ,
    BoldFont = *-bold ,
    ... ]
```

In this case 'texgyrepagella' is no longer the name of an actual font, but is used to construct the font names for each shape; the * is replaced by 'texgyrepagella'. Note in this case that UprightFont is required for constructing the font name of the normal font to use

To load a font that is not in one of the default search paths, its location in the filesystem must be specified with the Path feature:

Note that X_{\(\frac{1}{2}\)TeX and LuaTeX are able to load the font without giving an extension, but fontspec must know to search for the file; this can can be indicated by using the Path feature without an argument:}

```
\setmainfont{texgyrepagella-regular}[
    Path, BoldFont = texgyrepagella-bold,
    ...]
```

My preference is to always be explicit and include the extension; this also allows fontspec to automatically identify that the font should be loaded by filename.

In previous versions of the package, the Path feature was also provided under the alias ExternalLocation, but this latter name is now deprecated and should not be used for new documents.

5.3 Querying whether a font 'exists'

```
\verb|\IfFontExistsTF| $$ \langle font\ name \rangle $$ {\langle true\ branch \rangle } {\langle false\ branch \rangle }$
```

The conditional \IfFontExistsTF is provided to test whether the $\langle font \ name \rangle$ exists or is loadable. If it is, the $\langle true \ branch \rangle$ code is executed; otherwise, the $\langle false \ branch \rangle$ code is.

This command can be slow since the engine may resort to scanning the filesystem for a missing font. Nonetheless, it has been a popular request for users who wish to define 'fallback fonts' for their documents for greater portability.

In this command, the syntax for the $\langle font \, name \rangle$ is a restricted/simplified version of the font loading syntax used for \fontspec and so on. Fonts to be loaded by filename are detected by the presence of an appropriate extension (.otf, etc.), and paths should be included inline. E.g.:

```
\IfFontExistsTF{cmr1\0}{T}{F}
\IfFontExistsTF{Times New Roman}{T}{F}
\IfFontExistsTF{texgyrepagella-regular.otf}{T}{F}
\IfFontExistsTF{Users/will/Library/Fonts/CODE2\0\0.TTF}{T}{F}
```

The \IfFontExistsTF command is a synonym for the programming interface function \fontspec_font_if_exist:nTF (Section 27 on page 69).

6 Commands to select font families

For cases when a specific font with a specific feature set is going to be re-used many times in a document, it is inefficient to keep calling \fontspec for every use. While the \fontspec command does not define a new font instance after the first call, the feature options must still be parsed and processed.

\newfontfamily

For this reason, new commands can be created for loading a particular font family with the \newfontfamily command, demonstrated in Example 2. This macro should be used to create commands that would be used in the same way as \rmfamily, for example. If you would like to create a command that only changes the font inside its argument (i.e., the same behaviour as \emph) define it using regular LTFX commands:

```
\newcommand\textnote[1]{{\notefont #1}}
\textnote{This is a note.}
```

Note that the double braces are intentional; the inner pair are used to to delimit the scope of the font change.

```
Example 2: Defining new font families.

\text{newfontfamily\notefont{Kurier}}

This is a note. \text{notefont This is a \emph{note}.}
```

\newfontface

Sometimes only a specific font face is desired, without accompanying italic or bold variants being automatically selected. This is common when selecting a fancy italic font, say, that has swash features unavailable in the upright forms. \newfontface is used for this purpose, shown in Example 3, which is repeated in Section 22.4 on page 63.

Comment for advanced users: The commands defined by \newfontface and \newfontfamily include their encoding information, so even if the document is set to use a legacy TeX encoding, such commands will still work correctly. For example,

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{fontspec}
\newfontfamily\unicodefont{Lucida Grande}
\usepackage{mathpazo}
\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}
\begin{document}
A legacy \TeX\ font. {\unicodefont A unicode font.}
\end{document}
```

6.1 More control over font shape selection

```
BoldFont = \langle font \ name \rangle
ItalicFont = \langle font \ name \rangle
BoldItalicFont = \langle font \ name \rangle
SlantedFont = \langle font \ name \rangle
BoldSlantedFont = \langle font \ name \rangle
SmallCapsFont = \langle font \ name \rangle
```

The automatic bold, italic, and bold italic font selections will not be adequate for the needs of every font: while some fonts mayn't even have bold or italic shapes, in which case a skilled (or lucky) designer may be able to chose well-matching accompanying shapes from a different font altogether, others can have a range of bold and italic fonts to chose among. The BoldFont and ItalicFont features are provided for these situations. If only one of these is used, the bold italic font is requested as the default from the *new* font. See Example 4.

If a bold italic shape is not defined, or you want to specify *both* custom bold and italic shapes, the BoldItalicFont feature is provided.

Example 3:	Defining a single font face.
	\newfontface\fancy{Hoefler Text Italic}% [Contextuals={WordInitial,WordFinal}]
where is all the vegemite	\fancy where is all the vegemite % \emph, \textbf, etc., all don't work

Example 4: Explicit selection of the bold font.

6.1.1 Small caps and slanted font shapes

When a font family has both slanted *and* italic shapes, these may be specified separately using the analogous features SlantedFont and BoldSlantedFont. Without these, however, the Lagrange for slanted (\textsl, \slshape) will default to the italic shape.

Pre-OpenType, it was common for font families to be distributed with small caps glyphs in separate fonts, due to the limitations on the number of glyphs allowed in the PostScript Type I format. Such fonts may be used by declaring the SmallCapsFont of the family you are specifying:

```
\setmainfont{Minion MM Roman}[
   SmallCapsFont={Minion MM Small Caps & Oldstyle Figures}]
Roman 123 \\ \textsc{Small caps 456}
```

In fact, you should specify the small caps font for each individual bold and italic shape as in

```
\setmainfont{ <upright> }[
   UprightFeatures = { SmallCapsFont={ <sc> } } ,
   BoldFeatures = { SmallCapsFont={ <bf sc> } } ,
   ItalicFeatures = { SmallCapsFont={ <it sc> } } ,
   BoldItalicFeatures = { SmallCapsFont={ <bf it sc> } } ,
   BoldItalicFeatures = { SmallCapsFont={ <bf it sc> } } ,
}
```

For most modern fonts that have small caps as a font feature, this level of control isn't generally necessary.

All of the bold, italic, and small caps fonts can be loaded with different font features from the main font. See Section II for details. When an OpenType font is selected for SmallCapsFont, the small caps font feature is *not* automatically enabled. In this case, users should write instead, if necessary,

```
\setmainfont{...}[
   SmallCapsFont={...},
   SmallCapsFeatures={Letters=SmallCaps},
]
```

6.2 Specifically choosing the NFSS family

In LTEX's NFSS, font families are defined with names such as 'ppl' (Palatino), 'lmr' (Latin Modern Roman), and so on, which are selected with the \fontfamily command:

```
\fontfamily{ppl}\selectfont
```

In fontspec, the family names are auto-generated based on the fontname of the font; for example, writing \fontspec{Times New Roman} for the first time would generate an internal font family name of 'TimesNewRoman(1)'. Please note that should not rely on the name that is generated.

In certain cases it is desirable to be able to choose this internal font family name so it can be re-used elsewhere for interacting with other packages that use the LaTeX's font selection interface; an example might be

```
\usepackage{fancyvrb}
\fvset{fontfamily=myverbatimfont}
```

To select a font for use in this way in fontspec use the NFSSFamily feature:

\newfontfamily\verbatimfont[NFSSFamily=myverbatimfont]{Inconsolata}

It is then possible to write commands such as:

```
\fontfamily{myverbatimfont}\selectfont
```

which is essentially the same as writing \verbatimfont, or to go back to the orginal example:

```
\fvset{fontfamily=myverbatimfont}
```

Only use this feature when necessary; the in-built font switching commands that fontspec generates (such as \verbatimfont in the example above) are recommended in all other cases.

If you don't wish to explicitly set the NFSS family but you would like to know what it is, an alternative mechanism for package writers is introduced as part of the fontspec programming interface; see the function \fontspec_set_family:Nnn for details (Section 27 on page 69).

6.3 Choosing additional NFSS font faces

ETEX's font selection scheme (NFSS) is more flexible than the fontspec interface discussed up until this point. It assigns to each font face a *family* (discussed above), a *series* such as bold or light or condensed, and a *shape* such as italic or slanted or small caps. The fontspec features such as BoldFont and so on all assign faces for the default series and shapes of the NFSS, but it's not uncommon to have font families that have multiple weights and shapes and so on.

If you set up a regular font family with the 'standard four' (upright, bold, italic, and bold italic) shapes and then want to use, say, a light font for a certain document element, many users will be perfectly happy to use \newfontface\\switch\\ and use

¹Thanks to Luca Fascione for the example and motivation for finally implementing this feature.

the resulting font \\subsetext{switch}\. In other cases, however, it is more convenient or even necessary to load additional fonts using additional NFSS specifiers.

```
FontFace = \{\langle series \rangle\} \{\langle shape \rangle\} \{ Font = \langle font name \rangle, \langle features \rangle \}
FontFace = \{\langle series \rangle\} \{\langle shape \rangle\} \{\langle font name \rangle\}
```

The font thus specified will inherit the font features of the main font, with optional additional $\langle features \rangle$ as requested. (Note that the optional $\{\langle features \rangle\}$ argument is still surrounded with curly braces.) Multiple FontFace commands may be used in a single declaration to specify multiple fonts. As an example:

```
\setmainfont{font1.otf}[
  FontFace = {c}{\updefault}{ font2.otf } ,
  FontFace = {c}{m}{ Font = font3.otf , Color = red }
]
```

Writing \fontseries{c}\selectfont will result in font2 being selected, which then followed by \fontshape{m}\selectfont will result in font3 being selected (in red). A font face that is defined in terms of a different series but an upright shape (\updatupdefault, as shown above) will attempt to find a matching small caps feature and define that face as well. Conversely, a font face defined in terms of a non-standard font shape will not.

There are some standards for choosing shape and series codes; the LaTeX 2ε font selection guide² lists series m for medium, b for bold, bx for bold extended, sb for semibold, and c for condensed. A far more comprehensive listing is included in Appendix A of Philipp Lehman's 'The Font Installation Guide'³ covering 14 separate weights and 12 separate widths.

The FontFace command also interacts properly with the SizeFeatures command as follows: (nonsense set of font selection choices)

Note that if the first Font feature is omitted then each size needs its own inner Font declaration.

6.3.1 An example for \strong

If you wanted to set up a font family to allow nesting of the \strong to easily access increasing font weights, you might use a declaration along the following lines:

³texdoc fontinstallationguide

```
UprightFont = *-Light ,
BoldFont = *-Regular ,
FontFace = {k}{n}{*-Black} ,
]
\strongfontdeclare{\bfseries,\fontseries{k}\selectfont}
```

Further 'syntactic sugar' is planned to make this process somewhat easier.

6.4 Math(s) fonts

When \setmainfont, \setsansfont and \setmonofont are used in the preamble, they also define the fonts to be used in maths mode inside the \mathrm-type commands. This only occurs in the preamble because LaTEX freezes the maths fonts after this stage of the processing. The fontspec package must also be loaded after any maths font packages (e.g., euler) to be successful. (Actually, it is only euler that is the problem.4)

Note that fontspec will not change the font for general mathematics; only the upright and bold shapes will be affected. To change the font used for the mathematical symbols, see either the mathspec package or the unicode-math package.

Note that you may find that loading some maths packages won't be as smooth as you expect since fontspec (and X₃T_EX in general) breaks many of the assumptions of T_EX as to where maths characters and accents can be found. Contact me if you have troubles, but I can't guarantee to be able to fix any incompatibilities. The Lucida and Euler maths fonts should be fine; for all others keep an eye out for problems.

However, the default text fonts may not necessarily be the ones you wish to use when typesetting maths (especially with the use of fancy ligatures and so on). For this reason, you may optionally use the commands above (in the same way as our other \fontspec-like commands) to explicitly state which fonts to use inside such commands as \mathrm. Additionally, the \setboldmathrm command allows you define the font used for \mathrm when in bold maths mode (which is activated with, among others, \boldmath).

For example, if you were using Optima with the Euler maths font, you might have this in your preamble:

```
\usepackage{mathpazo}
\usepackage{fontspec}
\setmainfont{Optima}
\setmathrm{Optima}
\setboldmathrm[BoldFont={Optima ExtraBlack}]{Optima Bold}
```

These commands are compatible with the unicode-math package. Having said that, unicode-math also defines a more general way of defining fonts to use in maths mode, so you can ignore this subsection if you're already using that package.

⁴Speaking of euler, if you want to use its [mathbf] option, it won't work, and you'll need to put this after fontspec is loaded instead: \AtBeginDocument{\DeclareMathAlphabet\mathbf{U}{eur}{f}}{n}

7 Miscellaneous font selecting details

The optional argument — from v2.4 For the first decade of fontspec's life, optional font features were selected with a bracketed argument before the font name, as in:

```
\setmainfont[
  lots and lots ,
  and more and more ,
  an excessive number really ,
  of font features could go here
]{myfont.otf}
```

This always looked like ugly syntax to me, because the most important detail — the name of the font — was tucked away at the end. The order of these arguments has now been reversed:

```
\setmainfont{myfont.otf}[
  lots and lots ,
  and more and more ,
  an excessive number really ,
  of font features could go here
]
```

I hope this doesn't cause any problems.

- 1. Backwards compatibility has been preserved, so either input method works.
- 2. In fact, you can write

```
\fontspec[Ligatures=Rare] \{ myfont.otf \} [Color=red]
```

if you really felt like it and both sets of features would be applied.

3. Following standard xparse behaviour, there must be no space before the opening bracket; writing

```
\fontspec{myfont.otf}_{\sqcup}[Color=red]
```

will result in [Color=red] not being recognised an argument and therefore it will be typeset as text. When breaking over lines, write either of:

```
\fontspec{myfont.otf}% \fontspec{myfont.otf}[
[Color=red] Color=Red]
```

Spaces \fontspec and \addfontfeatures ignore trailing spaces as if it were a 'naked' control sequence; e.g., 'M. \fontspec{...} N' and 'M. \fontspec{...}N' are the same.

Part III

Selecting font features

The commands discussed so far such as \fontspec each take an optional argument for accessing the font features of the requested font. Commands are provided to set default features to be applied for all fonts, and even to change the features that a font is presently loaded with. Different font shapes can be loaded with separate features, and different features can even be selected for different sizes that the font appears in. This part discusses these options.

8 Default settings

```
\defaultfontfeatures{\langle font features \rangle}
```

It is sometimes useful to define font features that are applied to every subsequent font selection command. This may be defined with the \defaultfontfeatures command, shown in Example 5. New calls of \defaultfontfeatures overwrite previous ones, and defaults can be reset by calling the command with an empty argument.

Default font features can be specified on a per-font and per-face basis by using the optional argument to \defaultfontfeatures as shown.

```
\defaultfontfeatures[texgyreadventor-regular.otf]{Color=blue}
\setmainfont{texgyreadventor-regular.otf}% will be blue
```

Multiple fonts may be affected by using a comma separated list of font names.

New in v2.4. Defaults can also be applied to symbolic families such as those created with the $\mbox{newfontfamily}$ command and for $\mbox{rmfamily}$, $\mbox{sffamily}$, and \ttfamily :

```
\defaultfontfeatures[\rmfamily,\sffamily]{Ligatures=TeX}
\setmainfont{texgyreadventor-regular.otf}% will use standard TeX ligatures
```

Example 5: A demonstration of the \defaultfontfeatures command.

```
\fontspec{texgyreadventor-regular.otf}
Some default text 0123456789 \\
\defaultfontfeatures{
    Numbers=OldStyle, Color=888888
}
\fontspec{texgyreadventor-regular.otf}
Now grey, with old-style figures:
0123456789
```

Some default text 0123456789

Now grey, with old-style figures: 0123456789

The line above to set TeX-like ligatures is now activated by *default* in fontspec.cfg. To reset default font features, simply call the command with an empty argument:

```
\defaultfontfeatures[\rmfamily,\sffamily]{}
\setmainfont{texgyreadventor-regular.otf}% will no longer use standard TeX ligatures
```

```
\label{lem:defaultfontfeatures} $$ \defaultfontfeatures+{\langle font features \rangle} $$ \defaultfontfeatures+{\langle font name \rangle} {\langle font features \rangle} $$
```

New in v2.4. Using the + form of the command appends the $\langle font \, features \rangle$ to any already-selected defaults.

9 Default settings from a file

In addition to the defaults that may be specified in the document as described above, when a font is first loaded, a configuration file is searched for with the name '\(\langle fontspec'.\)5

The contents of this file can be used to specify default font features without having to have this information present within each document. \(\lambda fontname \rangle \) is stripped of spaces and file extensions are omitted; for example, the line above for TEX Gyre Adventor could be placed in a file called TeXGyreAdventor.fontspec, or for specifying options for texgyreadventor-regular.otf (when loading by filename), the configuration file would be texgyreadventor-regular.fontspec. (N.B. the lettercase of the names should match.)

This mechanism can be used to define custom names or aliases for your font collections. If you create a file MyCharis.fontspec containing, say,

```
\defaultfontfeatures[My Charis]
{
   Extension = .ttf ,
   UprightFont = CharisSILR,
   BoldFont = CharisSILB,
   ItalicFont = CharisSILI,
   BoldItalicFont = CharisSILBI,
   % <any other desired options>
}
```

you can load that custom family with \fontspec{My Charis} and similar. The optional argument to \defaultfontfeatures must match that requested by the font loading command (\fontspec, etc.), else the options won't take effect.

Finally, note that options for font faces can also be defined in this way. To continue the example above, here we colour the different faces:

```
\defaultfontfeatures[CharisSILR]{Color=blue}
\defaultfontfeatures[CharisSILB]{Color=red}
```

And such configuration lines can be stored either inline inside My Charis.fontspec or within their own .fontspec files; in this way, fontspec is designed to handle 'nested' configuration options as well.

⁵Located in the current folder or within a standard texmf location.

10 Working with the currently selected features

```
\label{lem:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma:lemma
```

This command queries the currently selected font face and executes the appropriate branch based on whether the *\(font feature \)* as specified by fontspec is currently active. For example, the following will print 'True':

```
\setmainfont{texgyrepagella-regular.otf}[Numbers=OldStyle] \IfFontFeatureActiveTF{Numbers=OldStyle}{True}{False}
```

Note that there is no way for fontspec to know what the default features of a font will be. For example, by default the texgyrepagella fonts use lining numbers. But in the following example, querying for lining numbers returns false since they have not been explicitly requested:

```
\setmainfont{texgyrepagella-regular.otf}
\IfFontFeatureActiveTF{Numbers=Lining}{True}{False}
```

Please note: At time of writing this function only supports OpenType fonts; AAT/Graphite fonts under the X∃TEX engine are not supported.

This command allows font features to be changed without knowing what features are currently selected or even what font is being used. A good example of this could be to add a hook to all tabular material to use monospaced numbers, as shown in Example 6. If you attempt to *change* an already-selected feature, fontspec will try to deactivate any features that clash with the new ones. *E.g.*, the following two invocations are mutually exclusive:

```
\addfontfeature{Numbers=OldStyle}...
\addfontfeature{Numbers=Lining}...
123
```

Since Numbers=Lining comes last, it takes precedence and deactivates the call Numbers=OldStyle. This command may also be executed under the alias \addfontfeature.

\addfontfeature

10.1 Priority of feature selection

Features defined with \addfontfeatures override features specified by \fontspec, which in turn override features specified by \defaultfontfeatures. If in doubt, whenever a new font is chosen for the first time, an entry is made in the transcript (.log) file displaying the font name and the features requested.

Example 6: A demonstration of the \addfontfeatures command.

```
\fontspec{texgyreadventor-regular.otf}%
                                                              [Numbers={Proportional,OldStyle}]
                                                     `In 1842, 999 people sailed 97 miles in
                                                      13 boats. In 1923, 111 people sailed 54
                                                      miles in 56 boats.'
'In 1842, 999 people sailed 97 miles in 13 boats. In
                                                     {\addfontfeatures{Numbers={Monospaced,Lining}}}
                                                     \begin{tabular}{@{} cccc @{}}
                                                               Year & People & Miles & Boats \\
                                                       \hline 1842 & 999
                                                                             & 75
                                                                                     & 13
                                                               1923 & 111
                                                                                        56
                                                                             &
                                                                                54
                                                                                      &z.
                                                     \end{tabular}}
```

Year People Miles **Boats** 999 75 13 1842 54 1923 111 56

1923, 111 people sailed 54 miles in 56 boats.

Different features for different font shapes 11

```
BoldFeatures={\langle features\rangle}
ItalicFeatures={\langle features \rangle}
BoldItalicFeatures={\langle features \rangle \rangle}
SlantedFeatures={\langle features \rangle}
BoldSlantedFeatures={\( features \) \}
SmallCapsFeatures = \{\langle features \rangle\}
```

It is entirely possible that separate fonts in a family will require separate options; e.g., Hoefler Text Italic contains various swash feature options that are completely unavailable in the upright shapes.

The font features defined at the top level of the optional \fontspec argument are applied to all shapes of the family. Using Upright-, SmallCaps-, Bold-, Italic-, and BoldItalicFeatures, separate font features may be defined to their respective shapes in addition to, and with precedence over, the 'global' font features. See Example 7.

Note that because most fonts include their small caps glyphs within the main font, features specified with SmallCapsFeatures are applied in addition to any other shape-specific features as defined above, and hence SmallCapsFeatures can be nested within ItalicFeatures and friends. Every combination of upright, italic, bold and small caps can thus be assigned individual features, as shown in the somewhat ludi-

```
Example 7: Features for, say, just italics.
                         \fontspec{EBGaramond12-Regular.otf}%
                            [ItalicFont=EBGaramond12-Italic.otf]
Don't Ask Victoria!
                         \itshape Don't Ask Victoria! \\
Don't Ask Victoria!
                         \addfontfeature{ItalicFeatures={Style=Swash}}
                         Don't Ask Victoria! \\
```

Selecting fonts from TrueType Collections (TTC files)

TrueType Collections are multiple fonts contained within a single file. Each font within a collection must be explicitly chosen using the FontIndex command. Since TrueType Collections are often used to contain the italic/bold shapes in a family, fontspec automatically selects the italic, bold, and bold italic fontfaces from the same file. For example, to load the macOS system font Optima:

```
\setmainfont{Optima.ttc}[
  Path = /System/Library/Fonts/ ,
  UprightFeatures = {FontIndex=0} ,
  BoldFeatures = {FontIndex=1} ,
  ItalicFeatures = {FontIndex=2} ,
  BoldItalicFeatures = {FontIndex=3} ,
}
```

Support for TrueType Collections has only been tested in X₄TeX, but should also work with an up-to-date version of LuaTeX and the luaotfload package.

13 Different features for different font sizes

```
SizeFeatures = {
    ...
    { Size = \langle size range \rangle, \langle font features \rangle },
    { Size = \langle size range \rangle, Font = \langle font name \rangle, \langle font features \rangle },
    ...
}
```

The SizeFeature feature is a little more complicated than the previous features discussed. It allows different fonts and different font features to be selected for a given font family as the point size varies.

It takes a comma separated list of braced, comma separated lists of features for each size range. Each sub-list must contain the Size option to declare the size range, and optionally Font to change the font based on size. Other (regular) fontspec features that are added are used on top of the font features that would be used anyway. A demonstration to clarify these details is shown in Example 9. A less trivial example is shown in the context of optical font sizes in Section 14.6 on page 31.

To be precise, the Size sub-feature accepts arguments in the form shown in Table I on page 27. Braces around the size range are optional. For an exact font size (Size=X) font sizes chosen near that size will 'snap'. For example, for size definitions at exactly IIPt and I4Pt, if a I2Pt font is requested *actually* the IIPt font will be selected. This is a remnant of the past when fonts were designed in metal (at obviously rigid sizes) and later when bitmap fonts were similarly designed for fixed sizes.

Example 8: An example of setting the SmallCapsFeatures separately for each font shape.

```
\fontspec{texgyretermes}[
                                      Extension = {.otf},
                                      UprightFont = {*-regular}, ItalicFont = {*-italic},
                                      BoldFont = {*-bold}, BoldItalicFont = {*-bolditalic},
                                      UprightFeatures={Color = 220022,
                                           SmallCapsFeatures = {Color=115511}},
                                        ItalicFeatures={Color = 2244FF,
                                           SmallCapsFeatures = {Color=112299}},
                                         BoldFeatures={Color = FF4422,
                                           SmallCapsFeatures = {Color=992211}},
                                   BoldItalicFeatures={Color = 888844,
                                           SmallCapsFeatures = {Color=444422}},
Upright Small Caps
                                   Upright {\scshape Small Caps}\\
Italic Italic Small Caps
                                   \itshape Italic {\scshape Italic Small Caps}\\
Bold Bold Small Caps
                                   \upshape\bfseries Bold {\scshape Bold Small Caps}\\
Bold Italic Bold Italic Small Caps
                                  \itshape Bold Italic {\scshape Bold Italic Small Caps}
```

Example 9: An example of specifying different font features for different sizes of font with Size-Features.

If additional features are only required for a single size, the other sizes must still be specified. As in:

```
SizeFeatures={
    {Size=-10,Numbers=Uppercase},
    {Size=10-}}
```

Otherwise, the font sizes greater than 10 won't be defined at all!

Interaction with other features For SizeFeatures to work with ItalicFeatures,
BoldFeatures, etc., and SmallCapsFeatures, a strict heirarchy is required:

Suggestions on simplifying this interface welcome.

14 Font independent options

Features introduced in this section may be used with any font.

14.1 Colour

Color (or Colour) uses font specifications to set the colour of the text. You should think of this as the literal glyphs of the font being coloured in a certain way. Notably, this mechanism is different to that of the color/xcolor/hyperref/etc. packages, and in fact using fontspec commands to set colour will prevent your text from changing colour using those packages at all! For example, if you set the colour in a \setmainfont

Table 1: Syntax for specifying the size to apply custom font features.

Input	Font size, s
Size = X-	$s \geq X$
Size = -Y	$s < \mathtt{Y}$
Size = X-Y	$\mathtt{X} \leq s < \mathtt{Y}$
Size = X	s = X

command, \color{...} and related commands, including hyperlink colouring, will no longer have any effect on text in this font.) Therefore, fontspec's colour commands are best used to set explicit colours in specific situations, and the xcolor package is recommended for more general colour functionality.

The colour is defined as a triplet of two-digit Hex RGB values, with optionally another value for the transparency (where <code>%%</code> is completely transparent and FF is opaque.) Transparency is supported by Lual-TeX; XqL-TeX with the xdvipdfmx driver does not support this feature.

If you load the xcolor package, you may use any named colour instead of writing the colours in hexadecimal.

```
\usepackage{xcolor}
...
\fontspec[Color=red]{Verdana} ...
\definecolor{Foo}{rgb}{\0.3,\0.4,\0.5}
\fontspec[Color=Foo]{Verdana} ...
```

The color package is *not* supported; use xcolor instead.

You may specify the transparency with a named colour using the Opacity feature which takes an decimal from zero to one corresponding to transparent to opaque respectively:

```
\fontspec[Color=red,Opacity=0.7]{Verdana} ...
```

It is still possible to specify a colour in six-char hexadecimal form while defining opacity in this way, if you like.

14.2 Scale

```
Scale = \langle number \rangle
Scale = MatchLowercase
Scale = MatchUppercase
```

In its explicit form, Scale takes a single numeric argument for linearly scaling the font, as demonstrated in Example 1. It is now possible to measure the correct dimensions of the fonts loaded and calculate values to scale them automatically.

As well as a numerical argument, the Scale feature also accepts options MatchLowercase and MatchUppercase, which will scale the font being selected to match the current default roman font to either the height of the lowercase or uppercase letters, respectively; these features are shown in Example 11.

Example 10: Selecting colour with transparency.

\fontsize{48}{48}



\fontspec{texgyrebonum-bold.otf} {\addfontfeature{Color=FF000099}W}\kern-0.4ex

{\addfontfeature{Color=0000FF99}S}\kern-0.4ex {\addfontfeature{Color=DDBB2299}P}\kern-0.5ex {\addfontfeature{Color=00BB3399}R}

Example 11: Automatically calculated scale values.

\setmainfont{Georgia}
\newfontfamily\lc[Scale=MatchLowercase]{Verdana}
The perfect match {\lc is hard to find.}\\
\newfontfamily\uc[Scale=MatchUppercase]{Arial}
L O G O \uc F O N T

The perfect match is hard to find. LOGOFONT

The amount of scaling used in each instance is reported in the .log file. Since there is some subjectivity about the exact scaling to be used, these values should be used to fine-tune the results.

Note that when Scale=MatchLowercase is used with \setmainfont, the new 'main' font of the document will be scaled to match the old default. This may be undesirable in some cases, so to achieve 'natural' scaling for the main font but automatically scale all other fonts selected, you may write

```
\defaultfontfeatures{ Scale = MatchLowercase }
\defaultfontfeatures[\rmfamily]{ Scale = 1}
```

One or both of these lines may be placed into a local fontspec.cfg file (see Section 3.3 on page 7) for this behaviour to be effected in your own documents automatically. (Also see Section 8 on page 21 for more information on setting font defaults.)

14.3 Interword space

While the space between words can be varied on an individual basis with the TEX primitive \spaceskip command, it is more convenient to specify this information when the font is first defined.

The space in between words in a paragraph will be chosen automatically, and generally will not need to be adjusted. For those times when the precise details are important, the WordSpace feature is provided, which takes either a single scaling factor to scale the default value, or a triplet of comma-separated values to scale the nominal value, the stretch, and the shrink of the interword space by, respectively. (WordSpace= $\{x\}$ is the same as WordSpace= $\{x,x,x\}$.)

Note that TEX's optimisations in how it loads fonts means that you cannot use this feature in \addfontfeatures.

14.4 Post-punctuation space

If \frenchspacing is *not* in effect, TEX will allow extra space after some punctuation in its goal of justifying the lines of text. Generally, this is considered old-fashioned, but occasionally in small amounts the effect can be justified, pardon the pun.

The PunctuationSpace feature takes a scaling factor by which to adjust the nominal value chosen for the font; this is demonstrated in Example 13. Note that PunctuationSpace=@\(is not \) equivalent to \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{2} renchspacing, although the difference will only be apparent when a line of text is under-full.

Example 12: Scaling the default interword space. An exaggerated value has been chosen to emphasise the effects here.

> \fontspec{texgyretermes-regular.otf} Some text for our example to take up some space, and to demonstrate the default interword space. \bigskip

Some text for our example to take up some space, and to demonstrate the default interword space.

Sometext for our example to take up some space, and to demonstrate the default interword space.

\fontspec{texgyretermes-regular.otf}% [WordSpace = 0.3]

Some text for our example to take up some space, and to demonstrate the default interword space.

Example 13: Scaling the default post-punctuation space.

\nonfrenchspacing

\fontspec{texgyreschola-regular.otf}

Letters, Words. Sentences.

\par \fontspec{texgyreschola-regular.otf}[PunctuationSpace=2]

Letters, Words. Sentences.

\par

Letters, Words. Sentences.

Letters, Words. Sentences.

Letters, Words. Sentences.

 $\label{lem:continuous} $$ \ \operatorname{contspec}(texgyreschola-regular.otf}[PunctuationSpace=\emptyset] $$$

Letters, Words. Sentences.

Note that TEX's optimisations in how it loads fonts means that you cannot use this feature in \addfontfeatures.

14.5 The hyphenation character

The letter used for hyphenation may be chosen with the HyphenChar feature. It takes three types of input, which are chosen according to some simple rules. If the input is the string None, then hyphenation is suppressed for this font. If the input is a single character, then this character is used. Finally, if the input is longer than a single character it must be the UTF-8 slot number of the hyphen character you desire.

This package redefines LATEX's \- macro such that it adjusts along with the above changes.

Note that TeX's optimisations in how it loads fonts means that you cannot use this feature in \addfontfeatures.

14.6 Optical font sizes

Optically scaled fonts thicken out as the font size decreases in order to make the glyph shapes more robust (less prone to losing detail), which improves legibility. Conversely, at large optical sizes the serifs and other small details may be more delicately rendered.

OpenType fonts with optical scaling will exist in several discrete sizes, and these will be selected by X_{\(\frac{1}{2}\)TeX and LuaTeX *automatically* determined by the current font size as in Example 15, in which we've scaled down some large text in order to be able to compare the difference for equivalent font sizes.}

The OpticalSize option may be used to specify a different optical size. With OpticalSize set to zero, no optical size font substitution is performed, as shown in Example 16.

The SizeFeatures feature (Section 13 on page 25) can be used to specify exactly which optical sizes will be used for ranges of font size. For example, something like:

Example 14: Explicitly choosing the hyphenation character.

```
| Containing the standard of t
```

	Example 15: A	demonstration of automatic optical size selection.
	omatic optical size	/scarebox(d.+) (/iidge
Latin Modern optical size	\for Lat \for Lat cal sizes \for Lat	tical size substitution is suppressed when set to zero. atspec{Latin Modern Roman 5 Regular}[OpticalSize=0] in Modern optical sizes \\ itspec{Latin Modern Roman 8 Regular}[OpticalSize=0] in Modern optical sizes \\ atspec{Latin Modern Roman 12 Regular}[OpticalSize=0] in Modern optical sizes \\ itspec{Latin Modern Roman 12 Regular}[OpticalSize=0]
Latin Modern optical sizes Latin Modern optical sizes	\for	tspec{Latin Modern Roman 17 Regular}[OpticalSize=0]

14.7 Font transformations

In rare situations users may want to mechanically distort the shapes of the glyphs in the current font such as shown in Example 17. Please don't overuse these features; they are *not* a good alternative to having the real shapes.

If values are omitted, their defaults are as shown above.

If you want the bold shape to be faked automatically, or the italic shape to be slanted automatically, use the AutoFakeBold and AutoFakeSlant features. For example, the following two invocations are equivalent:

```
\fontspec[AutoFakeBold=1.5]{Charis SIL}
\fontspec[BoldFeatures={FakeBold=1.5}]{Charis SIL}
```

	Example	17: Articifial font transformations.
		\fontspec{Charis SIL} \emph{ABCxyz} \fontspec{Charis SIL}[FakeSlant=0.2] ABCxyz
ABCxyz	ABCxyz	\fontspec{Charis SIL} ABCxyz \fontspec{Charis SIL}[FakeStretch=1.2] ABCxyz
•	ABCxyz ABCxyz	\fontspec{Charis SIL} \textbf{ABCxyz} \fontspec{Charis SIL}[FakeBold=1.5] ABCxyz

If both of the AutoFake... features are used, then the bold italic font will also be faked.

The FakeBold and AutoFakeBold features are only available with the X₃T_EX engine and will be ignored in LuaT_EX.

14.8 Letter spacing

Letter spacing, or tracking, is the term given to adding (or subtracting) a small amount of horizontal space in between adjacent characters. It is specified with the LetterSpace, which takes a numeric argument, shown in Example 18.

The letter spacing parameter is a normalised additive factor (not a scaling factor); it is defined as a percentage of the font size. That is, for a 10 pt font, a letter spacing parameter of '1.0' will add 0.1 pt between each letter.

This functionality is not generally used for lowercase text in modern typesetting but does have historic precedent in a variety of situations. In particular, small amounts of letter spacing can be very useful, when setting small caps or all caps titles. Also see the OpenType Uppercase option of the Letters feature (Section 16.2 on page 36).

Example 18: The LetterSpace feature.

\fontspec{Didot}
\addfontfeature{LetterSpace=0.0}
USE TRACKING FOR DISPLAY CAPS TEXT \\
\addfontfeature{LetterSpace=2.0}
USE TRACKING FOR DISPLAY CAPS TEXT

USE TRACKING FOR DISPLAY CAPS TEXT USE TRACKING FOR DISPLAY CAPS TEXT

Part IV

OpenType

15 Introduction

OpenType fonts (and other 'smart' font technologies such as AAT and Graphite) can change the appearance of text in many different ways. These changes are referred to as font features. When the user applies a feature — for example, small capitals — to a run of text, the code inside the font makes appropriate substitutions and small capitals appear in place of lowercase letters. However, the use of such features does not affect the underlying text. In our small caps example, the lowercase letters are still stored in the document; only the appearance has been changed by the OpenType feature. This makes it possible to search and copy text without difficulty. If the user selected a different font that does not support small caps, the 'plain' lowercase letters would appear instead.

Some OpenType features are required to support particular scripts, and these features are often applied automatically. The Indic scripts, for example, often require that characters be reshaped and reordered after they are typed by the user, in order to display them in the traditional ways that readers expect. Other features can be applied to support a particular language. The Junicode font for medievalists uses by default the Old English shape of the letter thorn, while in modern Icelandic thorn has a more rounded shape. If a user tags some text as being in Icelandic, Junicode will automatically change to the Icelandic shape through an OpenType feature that localises the shapes of letters.

There are a large group of OpenType features, designed to support high quality typography a multitude of languages and writing scripts. Examples of some font features have already been shown in previous sections; the complete set of OpenType font features supported by fontspec is described below in Section 16.

The OpenType specification provides four-letter codes (e.g., smcp for small capitals) for each feature. The four-letter codes are given below along with the fontspec names for various features, for the benefit of people who are already familiar with OpenType. You can ignore the codes if they don't mean anything to you.

15.1 How to select font features

Font features are selected by a series of \(\frac{feature}{=} = \langle option \rangle \) selections. Features are (usually) grouped logically; for example, all font features relating to ligatures are accessed by writing Ligatures={...} with the appropriate argument(s), which could be TeX, Rare, etc., as shown below in 16.1.1.

Multiple options may be given to any feature that accepts non-numerical input, although doing so will not always work. Some options will override others in generally obvious ways; Numbers={OldStyle,Lining} doesn't make much sense because the two options are mutually exclusive, and XqTeX will simply use the last option that is specified (in this case using Lining over OldStyle).

If a feature or an option is requested that the font does not have, a warning is given in the console output. As mentioned in Section 3.4 on page 8 these warnings can be

suppressed by selecting the [quiet] package option.

15.2 How do I know what font features are supported by my fonts?

Although I've long desired to have a feature within fontspec to display the OpenType features within a font, it's never been high on my priority list. One reason for that is the existence of the document opentype-info.tex, which is available on CTAN or typing kpsewhich opentype-info.tex in a Terminal window. Make a copy of this file and place it somewhere convenient. Then open it in your regular TeX editor and change the font name to the font you'd like to query; after running through plain XaTeX, the output PDF will look something like this:

```
OpenType Layout features found in '[Asana-Math.otf]'
script = 'DFLT'
    \mathsf{language} = \langle \mathsf{default} \rangle
        features = 'onum' 'salt' 'kern'
script = 'cher'
    language = \langle default \rangle
        features = 'onum' 'salt' 'kern'
script = 'grek'
    language = \langle default \rangle
        features = 'onum' 'salt' 'kern'
script = 'latn'
    language = \langle default \rangle
        features = 'onum' 'salt' 'kern'
script = 'math'
    language = \langle default \rangle
        features = 'dtls' 'onum' 'salt' 'ssty' 'kern'
```

I intentionally picked a font that by design needs few font features; 'regular' text fonts such as Latin Modern Roman contain many more, and I didn't want to clutter up the document too much. You'll then need to cross-check the OpenType feature tags with the 'logical' names used by fontspec.

otfinfo Alternatively, and more simply, you can use the command line tool otfinfo, which is distributed with TEXLive. Simply type in a Terminal window, say:

```
otfinfo -f `kpsewhich lmromandunh1@-oblique.otf`
```

which results in:

```
aalt Access All Alternates
cpsp Capital Spacing
dlig Discretionary Ligatures
frac Fractions
```

kern	Kerning
liga	Standard Ligatures
lnum	Lining Figures
onum	Oldstyle Figures
pnum	Proportional Figures
size	Optical Size
tnum	Tabular Figures
zero	Slashed Zero

16 OpenType font features

There are a finite set of OpenType font features, and fontspec provides an interface to around half of them. Full documentation will be presented in the following sections, including how to enable and disable individual features, and how they interact.

A brief reference is provided (Table 2 on the following page) but note that this is an incomplete listing — only the 'enable' keys are shown, and where alternative interfaces are provided for convenience only the first is shown. (E.g., Numbers=OldStyle is the same as Numbers=Lowercase.)

For completeness, the complete list of OpenType features *not* provided with a fontspec interface is shown in Table 3 on page 38. Features omitted are partially by design and partially by oversight; for example, the aalt feature is largely useless in TEX since it is designed for providing a textscgui interface for selecting 'all alternates' of a glyph. Others, such as optical bounds for example, simply haven't yet been considered due to a lack of fonts available for testing. Suggestions welcome for how/where to add these missing features to the package.

16.1 Tag-based features

16.1.1 Ligatures

Ligatures refer to the replacement of two separate characters with a specially drawn glyph for functional or æsthetic reasons. The list of options, of which multiple may be selected at one time, is shown in Table 4. A demonstration with the Linux Libertine fonts⁶ is shown in Example 19.

Note the additional features accessed with Ligatures=TeX. These are not actually real OpenType features, but additions provided by luaotfload (i.e., LuaTeX only) to emulate TeX's behaviour for ASCII input of curly quotes and punctuation. In XaTeX this is achieved with the Mapping feature (see Section 21.1 on page 61) but for consistency Ligatures=TeX will perform the same function as Mapping=tex-text.

16.2 Letters

The Letters feature specifies how the letters in the current font will look. OpenType fonts may contain the following options: Uppercase, SmallCaps, PetiteCaps, UppercaseSmallCaps, UppercasePetiteCaps, and Unicase.

⁶http://www.linuxlibertine.org/

Table 2: Summary of OpenType features in fontspec, alphabetic by feature tag.

		3 1 31			9
ABVM	Diacritics = AboveBase	Above-base Mark	NUMR	VerticalPosition = Numerator	Numerators
		Positioning	ONUM	Numbers = Lowercase	Oldstyle Figures
AFRC	Fractions = Alternate	Alternative Fractions	ORDN	VerticalPosition = Ordinal	Ordinals
BLWM	Diacritics = BelowBase	Below-base Mark	ORNM	Ornament = N	Ornaments
CALT	Contextuals = Alternate	Positioning Contextual Alternates	PALT	CharacterWidth = AlternateProportional	Proportional Alternate Widths
CASE	Letters = Uppercase	Case-Sensitive Forms	PCAP	Letters = PetiteCaps	Petite Capitals
CLIG	Ligatures = Contextual	Contextual Ligatures	PKNA	Style = ProportionalKana	Proportional Kana
CPSP	Kerning = Uppercase	Capital Spacing	PNUM	Numbers = Proportional	Proportional Figures
CSWH	Contextuals = Swash	Contextual Swash	PWID	CharacterWidth = Proportional	Proportional Widths
cvNN	${\tt CharacterVariant} = N : M$	Character Variant N	QWID	CharacterWidth = Quarter	Quarter Widths
C2PC	Letters = UppercasePetiteCaps	Petite Capitals From	RAND	Letters = Random	Randomize
		Capitals	RLIG	Ligatures = Required	Required Ligatures
C2SC	Letters = UppercaseSmallCaps	Small Capitals From	RUBY	Style = Ruby	Ruby Notation Forms
		Capitals	SALT	Alternate = N	Stylistic Alternates
DLIG	Ligatures = Rare	Discretionary Ligatures	SINF	VerticalPosition = ScientificInferior	Scientific Inferiors
DNOM	VerticalPosition = Denominator	Denominators	SMCP	Letters = SmallCaps	Small Capitals
EXPT	CJKShape = Expert	Expert Forms	SMPL	CJKShape = Simplified	Simplified Forms
FALT	Contextuals = LineFinal	Final Glyph on Line	ssNN	StylisticSet = N	Stylistic Set N
		Alternates	SSTY	Style = MathScript	Math script style alternates
FINA	Contextuals = WordFinal	Terminal Forms	SUBS	VerticalPosition = Inferior	Subscript
FRAC	Fractions = On	Fractions	SUPS	VerticalPosition = Superior	Superscript
FWID	CharacterWidth = Full	Full Widths	SWSH	Style = Swash	Swash
HALT	CharacterWidth = AlternateHalf	Alternate Half Widths	TITL	Style = TitlingCaps	Titling
HIST	Style = Historic	Historical Forms	TNUM	Numbers = Monospaced	Tabular Figures
HKNA	Style = HorizontalKana	Horizontal Kana Alternates	TRAD	CJKShape = Traditional	Traditional Forms
HLIG	Ligatures = Historic	Historical Ligatures	TWID	CharacterWidth = Third	Third Widths
HWID	CharacterWidth = Half	Half Widths	UNIC	Letters = Unicase	Unicase
INIT	Contextuals = WordInitial	Initial Forms	VALT	Vertical = AlternateMetrics	Alternate Vertical Metrics
ITAL	Style = Italic	Italics	VERT	Vertical = Alternates	Vertical Writing
JP78	CJKShape = JIS1978	JIS78 Forms	VHAL	Vertical = HalfMetrics	Alternate Vertical Half
JP83	CJKShape = JIS1983	JIS83 Forms	,,,,,,	rotteur Trainitetree	Metrics
JP90	CJKShape = JIS1990	JIS90 Forms	VKNA	Style = VerticalKana	Vertical Kana Alternates
JP04	CJKShape = JIS2004	JIS2004 Forms	VKRN	Vertical = Kerning	Vertical Kerning
KERN	Kerning = On	Kerning	VPAL	Vertical = ProportionalMetrics	Proportional Alternate
LIGA	Ligatures = Common	Standard Ligatures			Vertical Metrics
LNUM	Numbers = Uppercase	Lining Figures	VRT2	Vertical = RotatedGlyphs	Vertical Alternates and
MARK	Diacritics = MarkToBase	Mark Positioning			Rotation
MEDI	Contextuals = Inner	Medial Forms	VRTR	Vertical = AlternatesForRotation	Vertical Alternates for
MKMK	Diacritics = MarkToMark	Mark to Mark Positioning			Rotation
NALT	Annotation = N	Alternate Annotation Forms	ZERO	Numbers = SlashedZero	Slashed Zero
NLCK	CJKShape = NLC	NLC Kanji Forms			

Table 3: List of *unsupported* OpenType features.

AALT Access All Alternates	HNGL Hangul	PSTS Post-base Substitutions
ABVF Above-base Forms	нојо Нојо Kanji Forms	RCLT Required Contextual
ABVS Above-base Substitutions	ISOL Isolated Forms	Alternates
akhn <i>Akhands</i>	JALT Justification Alternates	rkrf Rakar Forms
BLWF Below-base Forms	ь Left Bounds	крнг Reph Forms
BLWS Below-base Substitutions	цмо Leading Jamo Forms	ктво Right Bounds
ссмр Glyph Composition /	LOCL Localized Forms	RTLA Right-to-left alternates
Decomposition	LTRA Left-to-right alternates	RTLM Right-to-left mirrored
CFAR Conjunct Form After Ro	trm Left-to-right mirrored	forms
суст Conjunct Forms	forms	RVRN Required Variation
CPCT Centered CJK Punctuation	меD2 Medial Forms #2	Alternates
curs Cursive Positioning	мдкк Mathematical Greek	size Optical size
DIST Distances	мseт Mark Positioning via	sтсн Stretching Glyph
DTLS Dotless Forms	Substitution	Decomposition
FIN2 Terminal Forms #2	nukt Nukta Forms	тумо Trailing Jamo Forms
FIN3 Terminal Forms #3	орво Optical Bounds	TNAM Traditional Name Forms
FLAC Flattened accent forms	PREF Pre-Base Forms	VATU Vattu Variants
HALF Half Forms	PRES Pre-base Substitutions	vjмo Vowel Jamo Forms
HALN Halant Forms	PSTF Post-base Forms	

Table 4: Options for the OpenType font feature 'Ligatures'.

Feature	Option	Tag
Ligatures =	Required	rlig †
	Common	liga †
	Contextual	clig †
	Rare/Discretionary	dlig †
	Historic	hlig †
	TeX	tlig †
	ResetAll	

 $[\]dagger$ These feature options can be disabled with . . Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with . . Reset.

Example 19: An example of the Ligatures feature.

$strict \rightarrow strict$ $wurtzite \rightarrow wurtzite$ $firefly \rightarrow firefly$

\def\test#1#2{%
 #2 \$\to\$ {\addfontfeature{#1} #2}\\}
\fontspec{LinLibertine_R.otf}
\test{Ligatures=Historic}{strict}
\test{Ligatures=Rare}{wurtzite}
\test{Ligatures=NoCommon}{firefly}

Table 5: Options for the OpenType font feature 'Letters'.

Feature	Option	Tag	
Letters =	Uppercase	case	†
	SmallCaps	smcp	†
	PetiteCaps	pcap	+
	UppercaseSmallCaps	c2sc	+
	UppercasePetiteCaps	c2pc	+
	Unicase	${\tt unic}$	†
	ResetAll		

[†] These feature options can be disabled with . .Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with . .Reset.

Petite caps are smaller than small caps. SmallCaps and PetiteCaps turn lowercase letters into the smaller caps letters, whereas the Uppercase... options turn the *capital* letters into the smaller caps (good, *e.g.*, for applying to already uppercase acronyms like 'NASA'). This difference is shown in Example 20. 'Unicase' is a weird hybrid of upper and lower case letters.

Note that the Uppercase option will (probably) not actually map letters to uppercase. It is designed to select various uppercase forms for glyphs such as accents and dashes, such as shown in Example 21; note the raised position of the hyphen to better match the surrounding letters.

The Kerning feature also contains an Uppercase option, which adds a small amount of spacing in between letters (see Section 16.5 on page 45).

16.2.1 Numbers

The Numbers feature defines how numbers will look in the selected font, accepting options shown in Table 6.

The synonyms Uppercase and Lowercase are equivalent to Lining and Old-Style, respectively. The differences have been shown previously in Section 10 on page 23. The Monospaced option is useful for tabular material when digits need to be vertically aligned.

The SlashedZero option replaces the default zero with a slashed version to prevent confusion with an uppercase 'O', shown in Example 22.

The Arabic option (with tag anum) maps regular numerals to their Arabic script or Persian equivalents based on the current Language setting (see Section 16.9 on page 50). This option is based on a LuaTEX feature of the luaotfload package, not an OpenType feature. (Thus, this feature is unavailable in XTEX.)

16.2.2 Contextuals

This feature refers to substitutions of glyphs that vary 'contextually' by their relative position in a word or string of characters; features such as contextual swashes are accessed via the options shown in Table 7.

Historic forms are accessed in OpenType fonts via the feature Style=Historic; this is generally *not* contextual in OpenType, which is why it is not included in this feature.

	Example 20: Small caps from lowercase or uppercase letters.		
	\fontspec{texgyreadventor-regular.otf}[Letters=SmallCaps]		
	THIS SENTENCE no verb		
THIS SENTENCE NO VERB	\fontspec{texgyreadventor-regular.otf}[Letters=UppercaseSmallCaps]		
this sentence no verb	THIS SENTENCE no verb		

Example 21: An example of the U	Example 21: An example of the Uppercase option of the Letters feature.		
UPPER-CASE example UPPER-CASE example	\fontspec{LinLibertine_R.otf} UPPER-CASE example \\ \addfontfeature{Letters=Uppercase} UPPER-CASE example		

Table 6: Options for the OpenType font feature 'Numbers'.

Feature	Option	Tag	
Numbers =	* *	lnum	•
	Lowercase	${\tt onum}$	†
	Lining	${\tt lnum}$	†
	OldStyle	onum	†
	Proportional	pnum	†
	Monospaced	tnum	†
	Slashed Zero	zero	†
	Arabic	anum	†
	ResetAll		

[†] These feature options can be disabled with . .Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with . .Reset.

Example 22: The effect of the SlashedZero option.

0123456789 0123456789

Table 7: Options for the OpenType font feature 'Contextuals'.

Feature	Option	Tag	
Contextuals =	Swash	cswh	†
	Alternate	calt	†
	WordInitial	${\tt init}$	†
	WordFinal	fina	+
	LineFinal	falt	†
	Inner	medi	†
	ResetAll		

[†] These feature options can be disabled with . .Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with . .Reset.

Table 8: Options for the OpenType font feature 'VerticalPosition'.

Feature	Option	Tag	
VerticalPosition =	Superior Inferior Numerator Denominator ScientificInferior Ordinal ResetAll	sups subs numr dnom sinf ordn	++++

[†] These feature options can be disabled with . .Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with . .Reset.

16.2.3 Vertical Position

The VerticalPosition feature is used to access things like subscript (Inferior) and superscript (Superior) numbers and letters (and a small amount of punctuation, sometimes). The Ordinal option will only raise characters that are used in some languages directly after a number. The ScientificInferior feature will move glyphs further below the baseline than the Inferior feature. These are shown in Example 23

Numerator and Denominator should only be used for creating arbitrary fractions (see next section).

The realscripts package (which is also loaded by xltxtra for $X_{\overline{A}}T_{\overline{E}}X$) redefines the \textsubscript and \textsuperscript commands to use the above font features automatically, including for use in footnote labels. If this is the only feature of xltxtra you wish to use, consider loading realscripts on its own instead.

16.2.4 Fractions

For OpenType fonts use a regular text slash to create fractions, but the Fraction feature must be explicitly activated. Some (Asian fonts predominantly) also provide for the Alternate feature. These are both shown in Example 24.

 $^{^7\}mbox{If you want automatic uppercase letters, look to $\mbox{\sc LME}$X's \mbox{\sc MakeUppercase}$ command.}$

	Example 23: The VerticalPosition feature.			
	\fontspec{LibreCaslonText-Regular.otf}[Ve	rticalPosition=Superior]		
	Superior: 1234567890	\\		
\fontspec{LibreCaslonText-Regular.otf}[VerticalPosition=Numerator]		rticalPosition=Numerator]		
	Numerator: 12345	\\		
\fontspec{LibreCaslonText-Regular.otf}[VerticalPosition=Denominator]		rticalPosition=Denominator]		
	Denominator: 12345	\\		
	\fontspec{LibreCaslonText-Regular.otf}[Ve	rticalPosition=ScientificInferior]		
5	Scientific Inferior: 12345			

Superior: 1234567890 Numerator: 12345 Denominator: 12345 Scientific Inferior: 12345

Table 9: Options for the OpenType font feature 'Fractions'.

Feature	Option	Tag
Fractions =	On Off Reset	+frac -frac
	Alternate	afrc †
	ResetAll	

[†] These feature options can be disabled with . .Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with . .Reset.

	\fontspec{Hiragino Maru Gothic Pro W4} 1/2 1/4 5/6 13579/24680 \\
1/2 1/4 5/6 13579/24680 ½ ¼ % 13579/24680	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:
½ ½ 5 13579/24680	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:

16.3 Style

Ruby' refers to a small optical size, used in Japanese typography for annotations. For fonts with multiple salt OpenType features, use the fontspec Alternate feature instead.

Example 25 and Example 26 both contain glyph substitutions with similar characteristics. Note the occasional inconsistency with which font features are labelled; a long-tailed 'Q' could turn up anywhere!

In other features, larger breadths of changes can be seen, covering the style of an entire alphabet. See Example 27 and Example 28; in the latter, the Italic option affects the Latin text and the Ruby option the Japanese.

Note the difference here between the default and the horizontal style kana in Example 29: the horizontal style is slightly wider.

Example 25: Example of the	Alternate option of the Style feature.
M Q W M Q W	\fontspec{Quattrocento Roman} M Q W \\ \addfontfeature{Style=Alternat} M Q W

Table 10: Options for the OpenType font feature 'Style'.

Feature	Option	Tag	
Style =	Alternate	salt	†
-	Italic	ital	†
	Ruby	ruby	†
	Swash	swsh	†
	Cursive	curs	†
	Historic	hist	+
	TitlingCaps	titl	†
	HorizontalKana	hkna	+
	VerticalKana	vkna	†
	ResetAll		

[†] These feature options can be disabled with . .Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with . .Reset.

Example 26: Example of the Historic option of the Style feature.

	Adobe Jens	on Pro}
MQZ	M Q Z	\\
MQZ	Styl	.e=Historic}
IVI QZ	M Q Z	

Example 27: Example of the TitlingCaps option of the Style feature.

\fontspec{Adobe Garamond Pro}	
TITLING CAPS	\\
\addfontfeature{Style=TitlingCaps}	
TITLING CAPS	
	TITLING CAPS \addfontfeature{Style=TitlingCaps}

Example 28: Example of the Italic and Ruby options of the Style feature.

Latin ようこそ ワカヨタレソ *Latin* ようこそ ワカヨタレソ

\fontspec{Hiragino Mincho Pro}
Latin \kana \\
\addfontfeature{Style={Italic, Ruby}}
Latin \kana

Example 29: Example of the Horizontal Kana and Vertical Kana options of the Style feature.

	\fontspec{Hiragino Mincho Pro}
ようこそ ワカヨタレソ	\kana \\
よりこそりカコグレノ	{\addfontfeature{Style=HorizontalKana}
ようこそ ワカヨタレソ	\kana } \\
	{\addfontfeature{Style=VerticalKana}
ようこそ ワカヨタレソ	\kana }

16.4 Diacritics

Specifies how combining diacritics should be placed. These will usually be controlled automatically according to the Script setting.

16.5 Kerning

Specifies how inter-glyph spacing should behave. Well-made fonts include information for how differing amounts of space should be inserted between separate character pairs. This kerning space is inserted automatically but in rare circumstances you may wish to turn it off.

As briefly mentioned previously at the end of Section 16.2 on page 36, the Uppercase option will add a small amount of tracking between uppercase letters, seen in Example 30, which uses the Romande fonts⁸ (thanks to Clea F. Rees for the suggestion). The Uppercase option acts separately to the regular kerning controlled by the On/Off options.

16.6 Character width

Many Asian fonts are equipped with variously spaced characters for shoe-horning into their generally monospaced text. These are accessed through the CharacterWidth feature.

Japanese alphabetic glyphs (in Hiragana or Katakana) may be typeset proportionally, to better fit horizontal measures, or monospaced, to fit into the rigid grid imposed by ideographic typesetting. In this latter case, there are also half-width forms for squeezing more kana glyphs (which are less complex than the kanji they are amongst) into a given block of space. The same features are given to roman letters in Japanese fonts, for typesetting foreign words in the same style as the surrounding text.

The same situation occurs with numbers, which are provided in increasingly illegible compressed forms seen in Example 32.

Table 11: Options for the OpenType font feature 'Diacritics'.

Feature	Option	Tag	
Diacritics =	MarkToBase MarkToMark AboveBase BelowBase	mkmk abvm	†
	ResetAll		

[†] These feature options can be disabled with ..Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with ..Reset.

Table 12: Options for the OpenType font feature 'Kerning'.

Feature	Option	Tag
Kerning =	On Off Reset	+kern -kern
	Uppercase ResetAll	cpsp †

 $[\]dagger$ These feature options can be disabled with . . Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with ..Reset.

Example 30: Adding extra kerning for uppercase letters. (The difference is usually very small.)

UPPERCASE EXAMPLE UPPERCASE EXAMPLE

\fontspec{Romande ADF Std Bold} UPPERCASE EXAMPLE \\ \addfontfeature{Kerning=Uppercase} UPPERCASE EXAMPLE

Table 13: Options for the OpenType font feature 'CharacterWidth'.

Feature	Option	Tag
CharacterWidth =	Proportional	pwid †
	Full	fwid †
	Half	hwid †
	Third	twid †
	Quarter	qwid †
	AlternateProportional	palt †
	AlternateHalf	halt †
	ResetAll	

 $[\]dagger$ These feature options can be disabled with . . Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with ..Reset.

Example 31: I	Proportional oi	fixed width	forms.
---------------	-----------------	-------------	--------

\def\test{\makebox[2cm][1]{\texta}% $\mbox[2.5cm][1]{\text{textb}}%$ \makebox[2.5cm][1]{abcdef}}

\fontspec{Hiragino Mincho Pro}

 ${\c {\tt CharacterWidth=Proportional} \setminus test} \setminus {\tt CharacterWidth=Propor$

{\addfontfeature{CharacterWidth=Half}\test}

ワカヨタレソ abcdef ようこそ ワカヨタレソ abcdef ワカヨタレソ abcdef

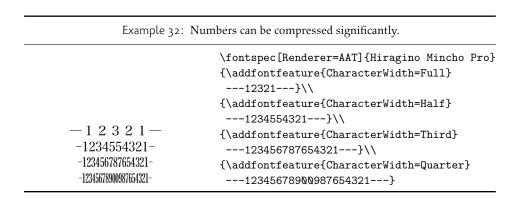


Table 14: Options for the OpenType font feature 'CJKShape'.

Feature	Option	Tag
CJKShape =	Traditional	trad
	Simplified	smpl
	JIS1978	jp78
	JIS1983	jp83
	JIS1990	jp9ℚ
	Expert	expt
	NLC	nlck

 $[\]dagger$ These feature options can be disabled with . . Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with . . Reset.

16.6.1 CJK shape

There have been many standards for how CJK ideographic glyphs are 'supposed' to look. Some fonts will contain many alternate glyphs available in order to be able to display these gylphs correctly in whichever form is appropriate. Both AAT and OpenType fonts support the following CJKShape options: Traditional, Simplified, JIS1978, JIS1983, JIS1990, and Expert. OpenType also supports the NLC option.

16.7 Vertical typesetting

OpenType provides a plethora of features for accommodating the varieties of possibilities needed for vertical typesetting (CJK and others). No capabilities for achieving such vertical typesetting are provided by fontspec, however; please get in touch if there are improvements that could be made.

16.8 Numeric features

16.8.1 Stylistic Set variations — ssnn

This feature selects a 'Stylistic Set' variation, which usually corresponds to an alternate glyph style for a range of characters (usually an alphabet or subset thereof). This feature is specified numerically. These correspond to OpenType features ss@1, ss@2, etc.

Two demonstrations from the Junicode font⁹ are shown in Example 34 and Example 35; thanks to Adam Buchbinder for the suggestion.

Multiple stylistic sets may be selected simultaneously by writing, e.g., StylisticSet={1,2,3}.

The StylisticSet feature is a synonym of the Variant feature for AAT fonts. See Section 23 on page 67 for a way to assign names to stylistic sets, which should be done on a per-font basis.

16.8.2 Character Variants — cvNN

Similar to the 'Stylistic Sets' above, 'Character Variations' are selected numerically to adjust the output of (usually) a single character for the particular font. These correspond to the OpenType features cv\01 to cv\09.

Example 33: Different standards for CJK ideograph presentation.

	\fontspec{Hiragino Mincho Pro} {\addfontfeature{CJKShape=Traditional}
唖噛躯 妍并訝	\text } \\
唖噛躯 姸幷訝	<pre>{\addfontfeature{CJKShape=NLC} \text } \\</pre>
啞嚙軀 妍并訝	{\addfontfeature{CJKShape=Expert} \text }

⁸http://arkandis.tuxfamily.org/adffonts.html

⁹http://junicode.sf.net

Table 15: Options for the OpenType font feature 'Vertical'.

Feature	Option	Tag	
Vertical =	RotatedGlyphs	vrt2	†
	AlternatesForRotation	vrtr	†
	Alternates	vert	+
	KanaAlternates	vkna	+
	Kerning	vkrn	+
	AlternateMetrics	valt	+
	HalfMetrics	vhal	+
	ProportionalMetrics	vpal	†
	ResetAll		

 $[\]dagger$ These feature options can be disabled with . . Off variants, and reset to default state (neither explicitly on nor off) with . . Reset.

Example 34: Insular letterforms, as used in medieval Northern Europe, for the Junicode font accessed with the StylisticSet feature.

Injulan ropmj. StylisticSet=2	Insula	Insular forms.	\fontspec{Junicode} Insular forms. \\
Insular forms. \\		Infulap ropmf.	\addfontfeature{StylisticSet=2} Insular forms. \\

Example 35: Enlarged minuscules (capital letters remain unchanged) for the Junicode font, accessed with the StylisticSet feature.

ENLARGED Minuscules. ENLARGED Minuscules.	\fontspec{Junicode} ENLARGED Minuscules. \\ \addfontfeature{StylisticSet=6} ENLARGED Minuscules. \\
---	---

For each character that can be varied, it is possible to select among possible options for that particular glyph. For example, in Example 36 a variety of glyphs for the character 'v' are selected, in which 5 corresponds to the character 'v' for this font feature, and the trailing : $\langle n \rangle$ corresponds to which variety to choose. Georg Duffner's open source Garamond revival font¹⁰ is used in this example. Character variants are specifically designed not to conflict with each other, so you can enable them individually per character as shown in Example 37. (Unlike stylistic alternates, say.)

Note that the indexing starts from zero.

16.8.3 Alternates - salt

The Alternate feature, alias StylisticAlternates, is used to access alternate font glyphs when variations exist in the font, such as in Example 38. It uses a numerical selection, starting from zero, that will be different for each font. Note that the Style=Alternate option is equivalent to Alternate=Q to access the default case.

Note that the indexing starts from zero. With the LuaTeX engine, Alternate=Random selects a random alternate.

See Section 23 on page 67 for a way to assign names to alternates if desired.

16.8.4 Annotation — nalt

Some fonts are equipped with an extensive range of numbers and numerals in different forms. These are accessed with the Annotation feature (OpenType feature nalt), selected numerically as shown in Example 39. Note that the indexing starts from zero.

16.8.5 Ornament — ornm

Ornaments are selected with the Ornament feature (OpenType feature ornm), selected numerically such as for the Annotation feature. If you know of an Open Source font that supports this feature, let me know and I'll add an example.

16.9 OpenType scripts and languages

Fonts that include glyphs for various scripts and languages may contain different font features for the different character sets and languages they support, and different font features may behave differently depending on the script or language chosen. When multilingual fonts are used, it is important to select which language they are being used for, and more importantly what script is being used.

The 'script' refers to the alphabet in use; for example, both English and French use the Latin script. Similarly, the Arabic script can be used to write in both the Arabic and Persian languages.

The Script and Language features are used to designate this information. The possible options are tabulated in Table 16 on page 53 and Table 17 on page 54, respectively. When a script or language is requested that is not supported by the current font, a warning is printed in the console output.

Because these font features can change which features are able to be selected for the font, they are automatically selected by fontspec before all others and, if X₃T_EX is

iohttp://www.georgduffner.at/ebgaramond/

Example 36: The CharacterVariant feature showing off Georg Duffner's open source Garamond revival font.

```
very
very

very

very

very

\text{fontspec{EB Garamond 12 Italic} very \\
\fontspec{EB Garamond 12 Italic}[CharacterVariant=5] very \\
\text{fontspec{EB Garamond 12 Italic}[CharacterVariant=5:0] very \\\
\text{fontspec{EB Garamond 12 Italic}[CharacterVariant=5:1] very \\\
\text{very} \fontspec{EB Garamond 12 Italic}[CharacterVariant=5:2] very \\\
\text{fontspec{EB Garamond 12 Italic}[CharacterVariant=5:3] very}
\end{array}
```

 ${\tt Example~37:~The~CharacterVariant~feature~selecting~multiple~variants~simultaneously}.$

```
Ed violet

& violet

Violet

| Solution | Contspec | CEB | Garamond | 12 | Italic | Character | Variant | (12 | Variant | Vari
```

```
Example 38: The Alternate feature.

A & h

\fontspec{LinLibertine_R.otf}
\textsc{a} \& h \\
A & h

\addfontfeature{Alternate=0}
\textsc{a} \& h
```

Example 39: Annotation forms for OpenType fonts.

```
123456789
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)
(1 (2 (3 (4 (5 (6 (7 (8 (9
1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9)
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
0 2 8 4 5 6 7 8 9
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
                          \fontspec{Hiragino Maru Gothic Pro}
123456789
                           1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
123456789
                          \def\x#1{\\{\addfontfeature{Annotation=#1}
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
                                   1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 }}
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.
                          \x\x1\x2\x3\x4\x5\x6\x7\x7\x8\x9
```

being used, will specifically select the OpenType renderer for this font, as described in Section 21.2 on page 61.

See Section 24 on page 68 for methods to create new Script or Language options if required.

16.9.1 Script and Language examples

In the examples shown in Example 40, the Code2000 font¹¹ is used to typeset various input texts with and without the OpenType Script applied for various alphabets. The text is only rendered correctly in the second case; many examples of incorrect diacritic spacing as well as a lack of contextual ligatures and rearrangement can be seen. Thanks to Jonathan Kew, Yves Codet and Gildas Hamel for their contributions towards these examples.

 $^{^{\}tt II} {\tt http://www.code2000.net/}$

العربي العربي हिन्दी हिन्दी लए एलथ

നമ്മുടെ പാരബര്യ നമ്മുടെ പാരബര്യ ਆਦ ਸਿਚੂ ਜੁਗਾਦ ਸਿਚੂ ਆਦਿ ਸਚੂ ਜੁਗਾਦਿ ਸਚੂ

தமிழ் தடேி தமிழ் தேடி רִדְתַּה רִדְתַתה

મર્યાદા-સૂયક નવિદન ર્મયાદા-સૂયક નિવેદન

cấp số mỗi cấp số mỗi

\testfeature{Script=Arabic}{\arabictext}

\testfeature{Script=Devanagari}{\devanagaritext}

\testfeature{Script=Bengali}{\bengalitext} \testfeature{Script=Gujarati}{\gujaratitext} \testfeature{Script=Malayalam}{\malayalamtext} \testfeature{Script=Gurmukhi}{\gurmukhitext}

\testfeature{Script=Tamil}{\tamiltext} \testfeature{Script=Hebrew}{\hebrewtext}

\def\examplefont{Doulos SIL}

\testfeature{Language=Vietnamese}{\vietnamesetext}

Table 16: Defined Scripts for OpenType fonts. Aliased names are shown in adjacent positions marked with red pilcrows (\mathfrak{q}).

Arabic Armenian Balinese Bengali Bopomofo Braille Buginese Buhid Byzantine Music Canadian Syllabics Cherokee **q**CJK **q**CJK Ideographic Coptic Cypriot Syllabary Cyrillic

Default

Deseret

Devanagari

Hangul Jamo Hangul Hanunoo Hebrew **q**Hiragana and Katakana Javanese Kannada Kharosthi Khmer Lao Latin

Ethiopic

Georgian

Glagolitic

Gothic

Greek

Gujarati

Gurmukhi

Limbu Linear B Malayalam **q**Math **q** Maths Mongolian Musical Symbols Myanmar N′ko ${\sf Ogham}$ Old Italic Old Persian Cuneiform Oriya Osmanya

Phags-pa Phoenician Runic Shavian Sinhala

Sumero-Akkadian Cuneiform Syloti Nagri Syriac Tagalog Tagbanwa Tai Le Tai Lu Tamil Telugu Thaana Thai Tibetan

Tifinagh Ugaritic Cuneiform

Table 17: Defined Languages for OpenType fonts. Aliased names are shown in adjacent positions marked with red pilcrows (q).

Abaza	Default	Igbo	Koryak	Norway House Cree	Serer
Abkhazian	Dogri	ljo	Ladin	Nisi	South Slavey
Adyghe	Divehi	Ilokano	Lahuli	Niuean	Southern Sami
Afrikaans	Djerma	Indonesian	Lak	Nkole	Suri
Afar	Dangme	Ingush	Lambani	N'ko	Svan
Agaw	Dinka	Inuktitut	Lao	Dutch	Swedish
Altai	Dungan	Irish	Latin	Nogai	Swadaya Aramaic
Amharic	Dzongkha	Irish Traditional	Laz	Norwegian	Swahili
Arabic	Ebira	Icelandic	L-Cree	Northern Sami	Swazi
Aari	Eastern Cree	Inari Sami	Ladakhi	Northern Tai	Sutu
Arakanese	Edo	Italian	Lezgi	Esperanto	Syriac
Assamese	Efik	Hebrew	Lingala	Nynorsk	Tabasaran
Athapaskan	Greek	Javanese	Low Mari	Oji-Cree	Tajiki
Avar	English	Yiddish	Limbu	Ojibway	Tamil
Awadhi	Erzya	Japanese	Lomwe	Oriya	Tatar
Aymara	Spanish	Judezmo	Lower Sorbian	Oromo	TH-Cree
Azeri	Estonian	Jula	Lule Sami	Ossetian	Telugu
Badaga	Basque	Kabardian	Lithuanian	Palestinian Aramaic	Tongan
Baghelkhandi	Evenki	Kachchi	Luba	Pali	Tigre
Balkar	Even	Kalenjin	Luganda	Punjabi	Tigrinya
Baule	Ewe	Kannada	Luhya	Palpa	Thai
Berber	French Antillean	Karachay	Luo	Pashto	Tahitian
Bench			Latvian	Polytonic Greek	Tibetan
	q Farsi □ Parsi	Georgian Kazakh		,	Turkmen
Bible Cree Belarussian	¬Parsi ¬Persian ¬P	Kebena	Majang	Pilipino	
	The second secon		Makua	Palaung	Temne
Bemba Barrasi:	Finnish	Khutsuri Georgian	Malayalam	Polish	Tswana
Bengali	Fijian	Khakass	Traditional	Provencal	Tundra Nenets
Bulgarian	Flemish	Khanty-Kazim	Mansi	Portuguese	Tonga
Bhili	Forest Nenets	Khmer	Marathi	Chin	Todo
Bhojpuri	Fon	Khanty-Shurishkar	Marwari	Rajasthani	Turkish
Bikol	Faroese	Khanty-Vakhi	Mbundu	R-Cree	Tsonga
Bilen	French	Khowar	Manchu	Russian Buriat	Turoyo Aramaic
Blackfoot	Frisian	Kikuyu	Moose Cree	Riang	Tulu
Balochi	Friulian	Kirghiz	Mende	Rhaeto-Romanic	Tuvin
Balante	Futa	Kisii	Me'en	Romanian	Twi
Balti	Fulani	Kokni	Mizo	Romany	Udmurt
Bambara	Ga	Kalmyk	Macedonian	Rusyn	Ukrainian
Bamileke	Gaelic	Kamba	Male	Ruanda	Urdu
Breton	Gagauz	Kumaoni	Malagasy	Russian	Upper Sorbian
Brahui	Galician	Komo	Malinke	Sadri	Uyghur
Braj Bhasha	Garshuni	Komso	Malayalam	Sanskrit	Uzbek
Burmese	Garhwali	Kanuri	Reformed	Santali	Venda
Bashkir	Ge'ez	Kodagu	Malay	Sayisi	Vietnamese
Beti	Gilyak	Korean Old Hangul	Mandinka	Sekota	Wa
Catalan	Gumuz	Konkani	Mongolian	Selkup	Wagdi
Cebuano	Gondi	Kikongo	Manipuri	Sango	West-Cree
Chechen	Greenlandic	Komi-Permyak	Maninka	Shan	Welsh
Chaha Gurage	Garo	Korean	Manx Gaelic	Sibe	Wolof
Chattisgarhi	Guarani	Komi-Zyrian	Moksha	Sidamo	Tai Lue
Chichewa	Gujarati	Kpelle	Moldavian	Silte Gurage	Xhosa
Chukchi	Haitian	Krio	Mon	Skolt Sami	Yakut
Chipewyan	Halam	Karakalpak	Moroccan	Slovak	Yoruba
Cherokee	Harauti	Karelian	Maori	Slavey	Y-Cree
Chuvash	Hausa	Karaim	Maithili	Slovenian	Yi Classic
Comorian	Hawaiin	Karen	Maltese	Somali	Yi Modern
Coptic	Hammer-Banna	Koorete	Mundari	Samoan	Chinese Hong Kong
Cree	Hiligaynon	Kashmiri	Naga-Assamese	Sena	Chinese Phonetic
Carrier	Hindi	Khasi	Nanai	Sindhi	Chinese Simplified
Crimean Tatar	High Mari	Kildin Sami	Naskapi	Sinhalese	Chinese Traditional
Church Slavonic	Hindko	Kui	N-Cree	Soninke	Zande
Czech	Но	Kulvi	Ndebele	Sodo Gurage	Zulu
Danish	Harari	Kumyk	Ndonga	Sotho	
Dargwa	Croatian	Kurdish	Nepali	Albanian	
Woods Cree	Hungarian	Kurukh	Newari	Serbian	
German	Armenian	Kuy	Nagari	Saraiki	
		•			

Part V

Commands for accents and symbols ('encodings')

The functionality described in this section is experimental.

In the pre-Unicode era, significant work was required by LTEX to ensure that input characters in the source could be interpreted correctly depending on file encoding, and that glyphs in the output were selected correctly depending on the font encoding. With Unicode, we have the luxury of a single file and font encoding that is used for both input and output.

While this may provide some illusion that we could get away simply with typing Unicode text and receive correct output, this is not always the case. For a start, hyphenation in particular is language-specific, so tags should be used when switch between languages in a document. The babel and polyglossia packages both provide features for this.

Multilingual documents will often use different fonts for different languages, not just for style, but for the more pragmatic reason that fonts do not all contain the same glyphs. (In fact, only test fonts such as Code2000 provide anywhere near the full Unicode coverage.) Indeed, certain fonts may be perfect for a certain application but miss a handful of necessary diacritics or accented letters. In these cases, fontspec can leverage the font encoding technology built into LaTeX2 to provide on a per-font basis either provide fallback options or error messages when a desired accent or symbol is not available. However, at present these features can only be provided for input using LaTeX commands rather than Unicode input; for example, typing \`e instead of \ealpha or \textcopyright instead of \ealpha in the source file.

The most widely-used encoding in \LaTeX 2 $_{\mathcal{E}}$ was T1 with companion 'TS1' symbols provided by the textcomp package. These encodings provided glyphs to typeset text in a variety of western European languages. As with most legacy \LaTeX 2 $_{\mathcal{E}}$ input methods, accents and symbols were input using encoding-dependent commands such as \`e as described above. As of 2017, in \LaTeX 2 $_{\mathcal{E}}$ on చ and LuaTeX, the default encoding is TU, which uses Unicode for input and output. The TU encoding provides appropriate encoding-dependent definitions for input commands to match the coverage of the T1+TS1 encodings. Wider coverage is not provided by default since (a) each font will provide different glyph coverage, and (b) it is expected that most users will be writing with direct Unicode input.

For those users who do need finer-grained control, fontspec provides an interface for a more extensible system.

17 A new Unicode-based encoding from scratch

Let's say you need to provide support for a document originally written with fonts in the OT2 encoding, which contains encoding-dependent commands for Cyrillic letters. An example from the OT2 encoding definition file (ot2enc.def) reads:

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\CYRIE}{0T2}{5}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\CYRDJE}{0T2}{6}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\CYRTSHE}{0T2}{7}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\cyrnje}{0T2}{8}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\cyrnje}{0T2}{9}
\DeclareTextSymbol{\cyrdzhe}{0T2}{10}
```

To recreate this encoding in a form suitable for fontspec, create a new file named, say, fontrange-cyr.def and populate it with

```
\DeclareTextSymbol{\CYRIE} {\LastDeclaredEncoding}{"\04\04\} \DeclareTextSymbol{\CYRDJE} {\LastDeclaredEncoding}{"\04\02\} \DeclareTextSymbol{\CYRTSHE}{\LastDeclaredEncoding}{"\04\08\} \DeclareTextSymbol{\cyrnje} {\LastDeclaredEncoding}{"\04\5A} \DeclareTextSymbol{\cyrlje} {\LastDeclaredEncoding}{"\04\59} \DeclareTextSymbol{\cyrdzhe}{\LastDeclaredEncoding}{"\04\5F}
```

The numbers "Q4Q4, "Q4Q2, ..., are the Unicode slots (in hexadecimal) of each glyph respectively. The fontspec package provides a number of shorthands to simplify this style of input; in this case, you could also write

```
\EncodingSymbol{\CYRIE}{"0404}
...
```

To use this encoding in a fontspec font, you would first add this to your preamble:

```
\DeclareUnicodeEncoding{unicyr}{
  \input{fontrange-cyr.def}
}
```

Then follow it up with a font loading call such as

```
\setmainfont{...}[NFSSEncoding=unicyr]
```

The first argument unicyr is the name of the 'encoding' to use in the font family. (There's nothing special about the name chosen but it must be unique.) The second argument to \DeclareUnicodeEncoding also allows adjustments to be made for perfont changes. We'll cover this use case in the next section.

18 Adjusting a pre-existing encoding

There are three reasons to adjust a pre-existing encoding: to add, to remove, and to redefine some symbols, letters, and/or accents.

When adding symbols, etc., simply write

```
\DeclareUnicodeEncoding{unicyr}{
  \input{tuenc.def}
  \input{fontrange-cyr.def}
  \EncodingSymbol{\textruble}{"2\BD}}
```

Of course if you consistently add a number of symbols to an encoding it would be a good idea to create a new fontrange-XX.def file to suit your needs.

When removing symbols, use the \UndeclareSymbol{ $\langle cmd \rangle$ } command. For example, if you a loading a font that you know is missing, say, the interrobang (not that unusual a situation), you might write:

```
\DeclareUnicodeEncoding{nobang}{
  \input{tuenc.def}
  \UndeclareSymbol\textinterrobang
}
```

Provided that you use the command \textinterrobang to typeset this symbol, it will appear in fonts with the default encoding, while in any font loaded with the nobang encoding an attempt to access the symbol will either use the default fallback definition or return an error, depending on the symbol being undeclared.

The third use case is to redefine a symbol or accent. The most common use case in this scenario is to adjust a specific accent command to either fine-tune its placement or to 'fake' it entirely. For example, the underdot diacritic is used in typeset Sanskrit, but it is not necessarily included as an accent symbol is all fonts. By default the underdot is defined in TU as:

```
\EncodingAccent{d}{"0323}
```

For fonts with a missing (or poorly-spaced) "0323 accent glyph, the 'traditional' TEX fake accent construction could be used instead:

```
\DeclareUnicodeEncoding{fakeacc}{
  \input{tuenc.def}
  \EncodingCommand{\d}[1]{%
    \hmode@bgroup
    \o@lign{\relax#1\crcr\hidewidth\ltx@sh@ft{-1ex}.\hidewidth}%
    \egroup
  }
}
```

This would be set up in a document as such:

```
\newfontfamily\sanskitfont{CharisSIL}
\newfontfamily\titlefont{Posterama}[NFSSEncoding=fakeacc]
```

Then later in the document, no additional work is needed:

```
...{\titlefont kalita\d m}... % <- uses fake accent
...{\sanskitfont kalita\d m}... % <- uses real accent</pre>
```

To reiterate from above, typing this input with Unicode text ('kalitam') will *bypass* this encoding mechanism and you will receive only what is contained literally within the font.

19 Summary of commands

The $\text{MEX}\ 2\varepsilon$ kernel provides the following font encoding commands suitable for Unicode encodings:

See fntguide.pdf for full documentation of these. As shown above, the following shorthands a provided by fontspec to simplify the process of defining Unicode font range encodings:

Despite its name, \UndeclareSymbol can be used for commands defined by all three of \EncodingCommand, \EncodingAccent, and \EncodingSymbol.

Part VI

LuaT_EX-only font features

20 Custom font features

Pre-2016, it was possible to load an OpenType font feature file to define new OpenType features for a selected font. This facility was particularly useful to implement custom substitutions, for example. As of TeXLive 2016, LuaTeX/luaotfload no longer supports this feature, but provides its own internal mechanisms for an equivalent interface.

Any documents using 'feature file' options will need to transition to the new interface. Figure ${\tt I}$ shows an example. Please refer to the LuaTeX/luaotfload documentation for more details.

Figure 1: An example of custom font features.

Part VII

Fonts and features with X_HT_EX

21 X₃T_EX-only font features

The features described here are available for any font selected by fontspec.

21.1 Mapping

Mapping enables a X¬T¬EX text-mapping scheme, shown in Example 41.

Only one mapping can be active at a time and a second call to Mapping will simply override the first. Using the tex-text mapping is also equivalent to writing Ligatures=TeX. The use of the latter syntax is recommended for better compatibility with LuaTeX documents.

21.2 Different font technologies: AAT and OpenType

X₃T_EX supports two rendering technologies for typesetting, selected with the Renderer font feature. The first, AAT, is that provided (only) by Mac OS X itself. The second, OpenType, is an open source OpenType interpreter.¹² It provides greater support for OpenType features, notably contextual arrangement, over AAT.

In general, this feature will not need to be explicitly called: for OpenType fonts, the OpenType renderer is used automatically, and for AAT fonts, AAT is chosen by default. Some fonts, however, will contain font tables for *both* rendering technologies, such as the Hiragino Japanese fonts distributed with Mac OS X, and in these cases the choice may be required.

Among some other font features only available through a specific renderer, Open—Type provides for the Script and Language features, which allow different font behaviour for different alphabets and languages; see Section 16.9 on page 50 for the description of these features. Because these font features can change which features are able to be selected for the font instance, they are selected by fontspec before all others and will automatically and without warning select the OpenType renderer.

21.3 Optical font sizes

Multiple Master fonts are parameterised over orthogonal font axes, allowing continuous selection along such features as weight, width, and optical size. Whereas an Open-Type font will have only a few separate optical sizes, a Multiple Master font's optical

¹²v2.4: This was called 'ICU' in previous versions of X₃T_EX and fontspec. Backwards compatibility is preserved.

Example 41: X <u>-</u> T <u>F</u>	ZY's Mapping feature.
"¡A small amount of—text!"	\fontspec{Cochin}[Mapping=tex-text] ``!`A small amount oftext!''

size can be specified over a continuous range. Unfortunately, this flexibility makes it harder to create an automatic interface through LaTeX, and the optical size for a Multiple Master font must always be specified explicitly.

```
\fontspec{Minion MM Roman}[OpticalSize=11]
MM optical size test  \\
\fontspec{Minion MM Roman}[OpticalSize=47]
MM optical size test  \\
\fontspec{Minion MM Roman}[OpticalSize=71]
MM optical size test  \\
```

22 Mac OS X's AAT fonts

Warning! X $_{\exists}$ TEX's implementation on Mac OS X is currently in a state of flux and the information contained below may well be wrong from 2013 onwards. There is a good chance that the features described in this section will not be available any more as X_{\exists} TEX's completes its transition to a cross-platformonly application.

Mac OS X's font technology began life before the ubiquitous-OpenType era and revolved around the Apple-invented 'AAT' font format. This format had some advantages (and other disadvantages) but it never became widely popular in the font world.

Nonetheless, this is the font format that was first supported by X_{\(\frac{1}{2}\)TeX (due to its pedigree on Mac OS X in the first place) and was the first font format supported by fontspec. A number of fonts distributed with Mac OS X are still in the AAT format, such as 'Skia'.}

22.1 Ligatures

Ligatures refer to the replacement of two separate characters with a specially drawn glyph for functional or æsthetic reasons. For AAT fonts, you may choose from any combination of Required, Common, Rare (or Discretionary), Logos, Rebus, Diphthong, Squared, AbbrevSquared, and Icelandic.

Some other Apple AAT fonts have those 'Rare' ligatures contained in the Icelandic feature. Notice also that the old TeX trick of splitting up a ligature with an empty brace pair does not work in XaTeX; you must use a opt kern or hbox (e.g., hull) to split the characters up if you do not want a ligature to be performed (the usual examples for when this might be desired are words like 'shelffull').

22.2 Letters

The Letters feature specifies how the letters in the current font will look. For AAT fonts, you may choose from Normal, Uppercase, Lowercase, SmallCaps, and InitialCaps.

22.3 Numbers

The Numbers feature defines how numbers will look in the selected font. For AAT fonts, they may be a combination of Lining or OldStyle and Proportional or Monospaced

(the latter is good for tabular material). The synonyms Uppercase and Lowercase are equivalent to Lining and OldStyle, respectively. The differences have been shown previously in Section 10 on page 23.

22.4 Contextuals

This feature refers to glyph substitution that vary by their position; things like contextual swashes are implemented here. The options for AAT fonts are WordInitial, WordFinal (Example 42), LineInitial, LineFinal, and Inner (Example 43, also called 'non-final' sometimes). As non-exclusive selectors, like the ligatures, you can turn them off by prefixing their name with No.

22.5 Vertical position

The VerticalPosition feature is used to access things like subscript (Inferior) and superscript (Superior) numbers and letters (and a small amount of punctuation, sometimes). The Ordinal option is (supposed to be) contextually sensitive to only raise characters that appear directly after a number. These are shown in Example 44.

The realscripts package (also loaded by xltxtra) redefines the \textsubscript and \textsuperscript commands to use the above font features, including for use in footnote labels.

22.6 Fractions

Many fonts come with the capability to typeset various forms of fractional material. This is accessed in fontspec with the Fractions feature, which may be turned On or Off in both AAT and OpenType fonts.

In AAT fonts, the 'fraction slash' or solidus character, is to be used to create fractions. When Fractions are turned On, then only pre-drawn fractions will be used. See Example 45.

Using the Diagonal option (AAT only), the font will attempt to create the fraction from superscript and subscript characters.

Some (Asian fonts predominantly) also provide for the Alternate feature shown in Example 46.

22.7 Variants

The Variant feature takes a single numerical input for choosing different alphabetic shapes. Don't mind my fancy Example 47:) I'm just looping through the nine (!) variants of Zapfino.

Example 42: Contextual glyph for the beginnings and ends of words.	
	\newfontface\fancy{Hoefler Text Italic}[%
where is all the vegemite	<pre>Contextuals={WordInitial,WordFinal}]</pre>
	\fancy where is all the vegemite

Example 43: A contextual feature for the 'long s' can be convenient as the character does not need to be marked up explicitly.

\fontspec{Hoefler Text}[Contextuals=Inner] 'Inner' fwashes can sometimes `Inner' swashes can \emph{sometimes} contain the archaic long s. contain the archaic long~s.

Example 44	: Vertical position for AA	Γ fonts.
	\fontspec{Skia}	
	Normal	
	\fontspec{Skia}[V	<pre>[erticalPosition=Superior]</pre>
	Superior	
	\fontspec{Skia}[V	<pre>[erticalPosition=Inferior]</pre>
Normal superior inferior 1st 2 nd 3 rd 4 th O th 8 ^{abcde}	Inferior	\\
	\fontspec{Skia}[V	erticalPosition=Ordinal]
	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Qth 8abcde

Example 45: Fractions in AAT fonts. The $^{---}2044$ glyph is the 'fraction slash' that may be typed in Mac OS X with $\mbox{opt+shift+1}$; not shown literally here due to font contraints.

\fontspec[Fractions=On]{Skia} $1{^{\mbox{\mbox{$\sim$}}}}2044}2 \quad 5{^{\mbox{\mbox{\sim}}}}2044}6 \hline \%$ fraction slash 1/2 \quad 5/6 % regular slash 5/6 1/2 5/6 \fontspec[Fractions=Diagonal]{Skia} 13579/24680 13579{^^^2044}24680 \\ % fraction slash 13579/24680 \quad 13579/24680 % regular slash

Example 46: Alternate design of pre-composed fractions.

\fontspec{Hiragino Maru Gothic Pro} 1/2 \quad 1/4 \quad 5/6 \quad 13579/2468\\ 5/6 13579/24680 \addfontfeature{Fractions=Alternate} 13579/24680 1/2 \quad 1/4 \quad 5/6 \quad 13579/24680

Example 47: Nine variants of Zapfino.



\newcounter{var}
\whiledo{\value{var}<9}{%
 \edef\1{%
 \noexpand\fontspec[Variant=\thevar,
 Color=0099\thevar\thevar]{Zapfino}}\1%
 \makebox[0.75\width]{d}%
 \stepcounter{var}}
\hspace*{2cm}</pre>

See Section 23 on page 67 for a way to assign names to variants, which should be done on a per-font basis.

22.8 Alternates

Selection of Alternates *again* must be done numerically; see Example 48. See Section 23 on page 67 for a way to assign names to alternates, which should be done on a per-font basis.

22.9 Style

The options of the Style feature are defined in AAT as one of the following: Display, Engraved, IlluminatedCaps, Italic, Ruby, ¹³ TallCaps, or TitlingCaps.

Typical examples for these features are shown in Section 16.3.

22.10 CJK shape

There have been many standards for how CJK ideographic glyphs are 'supposed' to look. Some fonts will contain many alternate glyphs in order to be able to display these gylphs correctly in whichever form is appropriate. Both AAT and OpenType fonts support the following CJKShape options: Traditional, Simplified, JIS1978, JIS1983, JIS1998, and Expert. OpenType also supports the NLC option.

Example 48: Alternate shape selection must be numerical.

Sphinx Of Black Quartz, Judge Mr Vow Sphinx Of Black Quartz, Judge Mr Vow \fontspec{Hoefler Text Italic}[Alternate=0]
Sphinx Of Black Quartz, {\scshape Judge My Vow} \\
\fontspec{Hoefler Text Italic}[Alternate=1]
Sphinx Of Black Quartz, {\scshape Judge My Vow}

¹³ 'Ruby' refers to a small optical size, used in Japanese typography for annotations.

22.11 Character width

See Section 16.6 on page 45 for relevant examples; the features are the same between OpenType and AAT fonts. AAT also allows CharacterWidth=Default to return to the original font settings.

22.12 Vertical typesetting

X₃T_EX provides for vertical typesetting simply with the ability to rotate the individual glyphs as a font is used for typesetting, as shown in Example 49.

No actual provision is made for typesetting top-to-bottom languages; for an example of how to do this, see the vertical Chinese example provided in the X¬TEX documentation.

22.13 Diacritics

Diacritics are marks, such as the acute accent or the tilde, applied to letters; they usually indicate a change in pronunciation. In Arabic scripts, diacritics are used to indicate vowels. You may either choose to Show, Hide or Decompose them in AAT fonts. The Hide option is for scripts such as Arabic which may be displayed either with or without vowel markings. E.g., \fontspec[Diacritics=Hide] { . . . }

Some older fonts distributed with Mac OS X included '0/' etc. as shorthand for writing 'Ø' under the label of the Diacritics feature. If you come across such fonts, you'll want to turn this feature off (imagine typing hello/goodbye and getting 'helløgoodbye' instead!) by decomposing the two characters in the diacritic into the ones you actually want. I recommend using the proper Lagar input conventions for obtaining such characters instead.

22.14 Annotation

Various Asian fonts are equipped with a more extensive range of numbers and numerals in different forms. These are accessed through the Annotation feature with the following options: Off, Box, RoundedBox, Circle, BlackCircle, Parenthesis, Period, RomanNumerals, Diamond, BlackSquare, BlackRoundSquare, and Double-Circle.

Example 49: Vertical typesetting.

共産主義者は

共産主義者

\fontspec{Hiragino Mincho Pro}
\verttext

\fontspec{Hiragino Mincho Pro}[Renderer=AAT,Vertical=RotatedGlyphs]\rotatebox{-90}{\verttext}% requires the graphicx package

Part VIII

Customisation and programming interface

This is the beginning of some work to provide some hooks that use fontspec for various macro programming purposes.

23 Defining new features

This package cannot hope to contain every possible font feature. Three commands are provided for selecting font features that are not provided for out of the box. If you are using them a lot, chances are I've left something out, so please let me know.

\newAATfeature

\newopentypefeature

New AAT features may be created with this command:

New OpenType features may be created with this command:

\newopentypefeature{\langle feature \rangle \{ \langle option \rangle \} \{ \langle feature \tag \} \}

The synonym \newICUfeature is deprecated.

Here's what it would look like in practise:

\newopentypefeature{Style}{NoLocalForms}{-locl}

\newfontfeature

In case the above commands do not accommodate the desired font feature (perhaps a new X_TT_EX feature that fontspec hasn't been updated to support), a command is provided to pass arbitrary input into the font selection string:

```
\newfontfeature{\langle name \rangle} {\langle input string \rangle}
```

For example, Zapfino used to contain an AAT feature 'Avoid d-collisions'. To access it with this package, you could do some like the following:

```
\newfontfeature{AvoidD} {Special= Avoid d-collisions}
\newfontfeature{NoAvoidD}{Special=!Avoid d-collisions}
\fontspec{Zapfino}[AvoidD, Variant=1]
    sockdolager rubdown \\
\fontspec{Zapfino}[NoAvoidD, Variant=1]
    sockdolager rubdown
```

The advantage to using the \newAATfeature and \newopentypefeature commands instead of \newfontfeature is that they check if the selected font actually

contains the desired font feature at load time. By contrast, \newfontfeature will not give a warning for improper input.

24 Defining new scripts and languages

\newfontscript \newfontlanguage

While the scripts and languages listed in Table 16 and Table 17 are intended to be comprehensive, there may be some missing; alternatively, you might wish to use different names to access scripts/languages that are already listed. Adding scripts and languages can be performed with the \newfontscript and \newfontlanguage commands. For example,

```
\newfontscript{Arabic}{arab}
\newfontlanguage{Zulu}{ZUL}
```

The first argument is the fontspec name, the second the OpenType tag. The advantage to using these commands rather than \newfontfeature (see Section 23 on the preceding page) is the error-checking that is performed when the script or language is requested.

25 Going behind fontspec's back

Expert users may wish not to use fontspec's feature handling at all, while still taking advantage of its Later font selection conveniences. The RawFeature font feature allows font feature selection using a literal feature selection string if you happen to have the OpenType feature tag memorised.

Multiple features can either be included in a single declaration:

[RawFeature=+smcp;+onum]

or with multiple declarations:

[RawFeature=+smcp, RawFeature=+onum]

26 Renaming existing features & options

\aliasfontfeature

If you don't like the name of a particular font feature, it may be aliased to another with the \alias fontfeature { $\langle existing\ name \rangle$ } { $\langle new\ name \rangle$ } command, such as shown in Example 52.

Spaces in feature (and option names, see below) *are* allowed. (You may have noticed this already in the lists of OpenType scripts and languages).

If you wish to change the name of a font feature option, it can be aliased to another

\aliasfontfeatureoption

Example 51: Using raw font features directly.

\[\fontspec\{texgyrepagella-regular.otf}\{ [RawFeature=+smcp] \] \] Pagella small caps

Example	52: Renaming font features.
Roman Letters And Swash	\aliasfontfeature{ItalicFeatures}{IF} \fontspec{Hoefler Text}[IF = {Alternate=1}] Roman Letters \itshape And Swash
Example 53:	: Renaming font feature options.

\aliasfontfeature{VerticalPosition}{Vert Pos} \aliasfontfeatureoption{VerticalPosition}{ScientificInferior}{Sci Inf} \fontspec{LinLibertine_R.otf}[Vert Pos=Sci Inf] Scientific Inferior: 12345

Scientific Inferior: 12345

with the command \alias font feature option { $\langle font feature \rangle$ } { $\langle existing name \rangle$ } { $\langle new \rangle$ } name}, such as shown in Example 53.

This example demonstrates an important point: when aliasing the feature options, the original feature name must be used when declaring to which feature the option

Only feature options that exist as sets of fixed strings may be altered in this way. That is, Proportional can be aliased to Prop in the Letters feature, but 550099BB cannot be substituted for Purple in a Color specification. For this type of thing, the $\mbox{\sc hewfontfeature}$ command should be used to declare a new, e.g., PurpleColor feature:

\newfontfeature{PurpleColor}{color=550099BB}

Except that this example was written before support for named colours was implemented. But you get the idea.

Programming interface

Variables 27.1

\l_fontspec_family_tl \l_fontspec_font In some cases, it is useful to know what the LATEX font family of a specific fontspec font is. After a \fontspec-like command, this is stored inside the \l_fontspec_family_tl macro. Otherwise, LaTeX's own \f@family macro can be useful here, too. The raw TeX font that is defined from the 'base' font in the family is stored in \l_fontspec_font.

\g_fontspec_encoding_tl

Package authors who need to load fonts with legacy LTEX NESS commands may also need to know what the default font encoding is. Since this has changed from EU1/EU2 to TU, it is best to use the variables \g_fontspec_encoding_tl or \UTFencname instead.

Functions for loading new fonts and families 27.2

\fontspec_set_family:Nnn #1 : LATEX family

#2 : fontspec features

#3: font name

Defines a new NFSS family from given $\langle features \rangle$ and $\langle font \rangle$, and stores the family name in the variable $\langle family \rangle$. This font family can then be selected with standard MEX commands \fontfamily{ $\langle family \rangle$ }\selectfont. See the standard fontspec user commands for applications of this function.

\fontspec_set_fontface:NNnn

#1 : primitive font

#2 : LATEX family

#3 : fontspec features

#4: font name

Variant of the above in which the primitive TEX font command is stored in the variable $\langle primitive\ font \rangle$. If a family is loaded (with bold and italic shapes) the primitive font command will only select the regular face. This feature is designed for Lagranger programmers who need to perform subsequent font-related tests on the $\langle primitive\ font \rangle$.

27.3 Conditionals

The following functions in expl3 syntax may be used for writing code that interfaces with fontspec-loaded fonts. The following conditionals are all provided in TF, T, and F forms.

27.3.1 Querying font families

\fontspec_font_if_exist:nTF

Test whether the 'font name' (#1) exists or is loadable. The syntax of #1 is a restricted/simplified version of fontspec's usual font loading syntax; fonts to be loaded by filename are detected by the presence of an appropriate extension (.otf, etc.), and paths should be included inline. E.g.:

```
\fontspec_font_if_exist:nTF {cmr10}{T}{F}
\fontspec_font_if_exist:nTF {Times~ New~ Roman}{T}{F}
\fontspec_font_if_exist:nTF {texgyrepagella-regular.otf}{T}{F}
\fontspec_font_if_exist:nTF {/Users/will/Library/Fonts/CODE2000.TTF}{T}{F}
```

The synonym \IfFontExistsTF is provided for 'document authors'.

\fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF

Test whether the currently selected font has been loaded by fontspec.

\fontspec_if_opentype:TF

Test whether the currently selected font is an OpenType font. Always true for LuaTeX fonts

\fontspec_if_small_caps:TF

Test whether the currently selected font has a 'small caps' face to be selected with \scshape or similar. Note that testing whether the font has the Letters=SmallCaps font feature is sufficient but not necessary for this command to return true, since small caps can also be loaded from separate font files. The logic of this command is complicated by the fact that fontspec will merge shapes together (for italic small caps, etc.).

27.3.2 Availability of features

fontspec_if_aat_feature:nnTF	Test whether the currently selected font contains the AAT feature (#1,#2).
\fontspec_if_feature:nTF	Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType feature #1. E.g.: \fontspec_if_feature:nTF {pnum} {True} {False}. Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
\fontspec_if_feature:nnnTF	Test whether the currently selected font with raw OpenType script tag #1 and raw OpenType language tag #2 contains the raw OpenType feature tag #3. E.g.: \fontspec_if_feature:nnnTF { Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
\fontspec_if_script:nTF	Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType script #1. E.g.: \fontspec_if_script:nTF {latn} {True} {False}. Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
\fontspec_if_language:nTF	Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType language tag #1. E.g.: \fontspec_if_language:nTF {ROM} {True} {False}. Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
\fontspec_if_language:nnTF	Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType language tag #2 in script #1. E.g.: \fontspec_if_language:nnTF {cyrl} {SRB} {True} {False}. Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
	27.3.3 Currently selected features
tspec_if_current_feature:nTF	Test whether the currently loaded font is using the specified raw OpenType feature tag #1. The tag string #1 should be prefixed with + to query an active feature, and with a – (hyphen) to query a disabled feature.
ntspec_if_current_script:nTF	Test whether the currently loaded font is using the specified raw OpenType script tag #1.
spec_if_current_language:nTF	Test whether the currently loaded font is using the specified raw OpenType language

Part IX

Implementation

28 Loading

```
The expl3 module is fontspec.
 Check engine and load specific modules. For LuaTeX, load luaotfload.
 3\sys_if_engine_luatex:T
 4 { \RequirePackage{luaotfload}
      \directlua{require("fontspec")}
      \RequirePackageWithOptions{fontspec-luatex} \endinput }
 7\sys_if_engine_xetex:T
 8 { \RequirePackageWithOptions{fontspec-xetex} \endinput }
If not one of the above, error:
 9\msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {cannot-use-pdftex}
10 {
   The~ fontspec~ package~ requires~ either~ XeTeX~ or~ LuaTeX.\\\
   You~ must~ change~ your~ typesetting~ engine~ to,~ e.g.,~ "xelatex"~ or~ "lu-
  alatex" instead~ of~ plain~ "latex"~ or~ "pdflatex".
14 \msg_fatal:nn {fontspec} {cannot-use-pdftex}
15 \endinput
16 (/load)
```

29 Declaration of variables and functions

```
17 (*fontspec)
```

Booleans

firsttime As \keys_set:nn is run multiple times, some of its information storing only occurs once while we decide if the font family has been defined or not. When the later processing is occuring per-shape this no longer needs to happen; this is indicated by the 'firsttime' conditional.

```
18 \bool_new:N \l_@@_firsttime_bool

19 \bool_new:N \l_@@_nobf_bool
20 \bool_new:N \l_@@_noit_bool
21 \bool_new:N \l_@@_nosc_bool

These strange set functions are to simplify returning code from LuaTeX:
22 \bool_new:N \l_@@_check_bool
23 \cs_new:Npn \FontspecSetCheckBoolTrue { \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_check_bool }
24 \cs_new:Npn \FontspecSetCheckBoolFalse { \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_check_bool }
```

```
25 \bool_new:N \l_@@_tfm_bool
_{26}\bool_{new:N \l_@@_atsui_bool}
27 \bool_new:N \l_@@_ot_bool
28 \bool_new:N \l_@@_mm_bool
29 \bool_new:N \l_@@_graphite_bool
For dealing with legacy maths:
30 \bool_new:N \g_@@_math_euler_bool
3^{1} \ \bool_new:N \g_@@_math_lucida_bool
_{\rm 3^2}\ bool_new:N \g_@@_pkg_euler_loaded_bool
For package options:
33 \bool_new:N \g_@@_cfg_bool
34 \bool_new:N \g_@@_math_bool
35 \bool_new:N \g_@@_euenc_bool
36\bool_new:N \l_@@_disable_defaults_bool
37 \bool_new:N \l_@@_alias_bool
38 \bool_new:N \l_@@_external_bool
_{39}\bool_{new:N \l_@@_never\_check\_bool}
40 \bool_new:N \l_@@_defining_encoding_bool
41 \bool_new:N \l_@@_script_exist_bool
42 \bool_new:N \g_@@_em_normalise_slant_bool
```

Counters

```
43 \int_new:N \l_@@_script_int
44 \int_new:N \l_@@_language_int
45 \int_new:N \l_@@_strnum_int
46 \int_new:N \l_@@_tmp_int
47 \int_new:N \l_@@_em_int
48 \int_new:N \l_@@_emdef_int
49 \int_new:N \l_@@_strong_int
50 \int_new:N \l_@@_strongdef_int
```

Floating point

Dimensions

```
53 \dim_new:N \l_@@_tmpa_dim
54 \dim_new:N \l_@@_tmpb_dim
55 \dim_new:N \l_@@_tmpc_dim
56 \seq_new:N \g_@@_bf_series_seq
```

Comma lists

```
57 \clist_new:N \g_@@_default_fontopts_clist
58 \clist_new:N \g_@@_all_keyval_modules_clist
59 \clist_set:Nn \l_@@_sizefeat_clist {Size={-}}
```

```
Property lists
```

```
60 \prop_new:N \g_@@_fontopts_prop
61 \prop_new:N \l_@@_nfss_prop
62 \prop_new:N \l_@@_nfssfont_prop
63 \prop_new:N \g_@@_OT_features_prop
64 \prop_new:N \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop
65 \prop_new:N \g_@@_em_prop
Token lists
66 \tl_new:N \g_@@_mathrm_tl
67 \tl_new:N \g_@@_bfmathrm_tl
68 \tl_new: N \g_@@_mathsf_tl
69\tl_new:N \g_00_mathtt_tl
70 \tl_new:N \l_@@_family_label_tl
7^{I} \tl_new:N \l_@0_fake_slant_tl
_{\mbox{\scriptsize 72}}\t\label{tl_new:N_l_QQ_fake_embolden_tl}
_{73} \tl_new:N \l_@@_fontname_up_tl
_{74}\tl_new:N \l_@@_fontname_bf_tl
_{75} \tl_new:N \l_@@_fontname_it_tl
76 \tl_new:N \l_@@_fontname_bfit_tl
77 \tl_new:N \l_@@_fontname_sl_tl
_{7} \verb|\tl_new:N \ \l_@@\_fontname\_bfsl_tl|
79 \tl_new:N \l_@@_fontname_sc_tl
80 \tl_new:N \l_@@_fontfeat_up_clist
81 \tl_new:N \l_@@_fontfeat_bf_clist
82 \tl_new:N \l_@@_fontfeat_it_clist
83 \tl_new:N \l_@@_fontfeat_bfit_clist
84 \text{ lnew:N l @@ fontfeat sl clist}
85 \text{ lnew:N l_@@_fontfeat_bfsl_clist}
86 \tl_new:N \l_@@_fontfeat_sc_clist
87 \text{lnew:N l_@@_script_name_tl}
88 \tl_new:N \l_fontspec_script_tl
89 \tl_new:N \l_@@_lang_name_tl
90 \tl_new:N \l_fontspec_lang_tl
91 \text{ lnew:N } l_@@_mapping_tl
92 \tl_new:N \g_@@_hexcol_tl
93 \text{ lnew:N } g_00_\text{opacity_tl}
94 \tl_set:Nn \g_00_hexcol_tl {000000}
```

96 \tl_set: Nn \g_@@_postadjust_tl { \l_@@_wordspace_adjust_tl \l_@@_punctspace_adjust_tl }

29.1 Generic functions

95 \tl_set:Nn \g_@@_opacity_tl {FF~}

```
\@@_keys_set_known:nnN
```

```
97\cs_new:Nn \@@_keys_set_known:nnN

98 {

99\debug\ \typeout\{:::: Keys~set:~\{#1\}~\{#2\} \}

100 \keys_set_known:nnN \{#1\} \{#2\} #3
```

```
ioi (debug) \typeout{:::: Leftover:~{#3} }
                          102 }
                          103 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \@@_keys_set_known:nnN {nx}
           \@@_head_ii:n Expands to the first two \langle items \rangle of #1.
                          104 \cs_set:Npn \@@_head_ii:n #1 { \@@_head_ii:w #1 *** \q_stop}
                          105 \cs_set:Npn \@@_head_ii:w #1#2#3 \q_stop { #1#2 }
                          106 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \@@_head_ii:n {o}
\@@ int mult truncate: Nn Missing in expl3, IMO.
                          107 \cs_new:Nn \@@_int_mult_truncate:Nn
                          108 {
                                 \int_set:Nn #1 { \__dim_eval:w #2 #1 \__dim_eval_end: }
                          109
                          110
                          29.2 expl3 variants
                          III \cs_generate_variant:Nn \int_set:Nn {Nv}
                          112 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_set:nn {nx}
                          113 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \keys_set_known:nnN {nx}
                          114 \cs generate variant: Nn \prop put: Nnn {Nxx}
                          115 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_put:Nnn {NxV}
                          116 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_gput_if_new:Nnn {NxV}
                          117 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_gput:Nnn {Nxn}
                          118 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_get:NnNT {NxN}
                          119 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \prop_get:NnNTF {NxN}
                          120 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \str_if_eq:nnTF {nv}
                          121 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:nTF {x}
                          122 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:nF {x}
                          123 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_empty:nF {f}
                          124 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_eq:nnT {ox}
                          125 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_replace_all:Nnn {Nnx}
                          126 (/fontspec)
                                 Error/warning/info messages
                          30
                          127 (*fontspec)
                              Shorthands for messages:
                          128 \cs_new:Npn \@@_error:n
                                                                               {fontspec} }
                                                          { \msg_error:nn
                          129 \cs_new:Npn \@@_error:nn
                                                                               {fontspec} }
                                                          { \msg_error:nnn
                          130 \cs_new:Npn \@@_error:nx
                                                          { \msg_error:nnx
                                                                               {fontspec} }
                          131 \cs_new:Npn \@@_warning:n { \msg_warning:nn
                                                                               {fontspec} }
                          132 \cs_new:Npn \00_warning:nx { \msg_warning:nnx {fontspec} }
                          133 \cs new:Npn \00 warning:nxx { \msg warning:nxx {fontspec} }
                          134 \cs_new:Npn \@@_info:n
                                                          { \msg_info:nn
                                                                               {fontspec} }
```

135 \cs_new:Npn \@@_info:nx

136 \cs_new:Npn \@@_info:nxx

137 \cs_new:Npn \@@_trace:n

{ \msg_info:nnx

{ \msg_info:nnxx

{ \msg_trace:nn

Allow messages to be written with spaces acting as normal:

138 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \msg_new:nnn {nnx}

{fontspec} }

{fontspec} }
{fontspec} }

```
139 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \msg_new:nnnn {nnxx}
140 \cs_new:Nn \@@_msg_new:nnn
141 { \msg_new:nnx {#1} {#2} { \tl_trim_spaces:n {#3} } }
142 \cs_new:Nn \@@_msg_new:nnnn
143 { \msg_new:nnxx {#1} {#2} { \tl_trim_spaces:n {#3} } { \tl_trim_spaces:n {#4} } }
144 \char_set_catcode_space:n {32}
30.1 Errors
145 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {only-inside-encdef}
146 {
    \exp_not:N#1can only be used in the second argument
147
148 to \string\DeclareUnicodeEncoding.
149 }
150 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {only-import-tu}
151 {
_{152} The "\string\ImportEncoding" command can only take "TU" as an argument at this stage.
153 }
154 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-size-info}
155 {
    Size information must be supplied.
    For example, SizeFeatures={Size={8-12},...}.
157
158 }
159 \@@_msg_new:nnnn {fontspec} {font-not-found}
160 {
   The font "#1" cannot be found.
161
162 }
163 {
164 A font might not be found for many reasons.
165 Check the spelling, where the font is installed etc. etc.\\\
166 When in doubt, ask someone for help!
167 }
168 \@@_msg_new:nnnn {fontspec} {rename-feature-not-exist}
    The feature #1 doesn't appear to be defined.
170
171 }
172 {
   It looks like you're trying to rename a feature that doesn't exist.
173
174 }
175 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-glyph}
176 {
     '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl' does not contain glyph #1.
177
178 }
179 \00_msg_new:nnnn {fontspec} {euler-too-late}
180 €
181
    The euler package must be loaded BEFORE fontspec.
182 }
183 {
184 fontspec only overwrites euler's attempt to
185 define the maths text fonts if fontspec is
186 loaded after euler. Type <return> to proceed
187 with incorrect \string\mathit, \string\mathbf, etc.
```

```
188 }
189 \@@_msg_new:nnnn {fontspec} {no-xcolor}
191
    Cannot load named colours without the xcolor package.
192 }
193 {
    Sorry, I can't do anything to help. Instead of loading
194
    the color package, use xcolor instead.
196 }
197 \00 msg new:nnnn {fontspec} {unknown-color-model}
198 {
    Error loading colour `#1'; unknown colour model.
200 }
201 {
202 Sorry, I can't do anything to help. Please report this error
    to my developer with a minimal example that causes the problem.
203
204 }
205 \00_msg_new:nnnn {fontspec} {not-in-addfontfeatures}
206 {
    The "#1" font feature cannot be used in \string\addfontfeatures.
207
208 }
209 {
    This is due to how TeX loads fonts; such settings
    are global so adding them mid-document within a group causes
    confusion. You'll need to define multiple font families to achieve
    what you want.
213
214 }
30.2 Warnings
215 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {tu-clash}
216 {
    I have found the tuenc.def encoding definition file but the TU encoding is not
    defined by the LaTeX2e kernel; attempting to correct but you really should up-
    to the latest version of LaTeX2e.
219
220 }
221 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {tu-missing}
223 The TU encoding seems to be missing; please update to the latest version of La-
  TeX2e.
224 }
225 \00_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {addfontfeatures-ignored}
    \string\addfontfeature (s) ignored \msg_line_context:;
228 it cannot be used with a font that wasn't selected by a fontspec command.
229
    The current font is "\use:c{font@name}".\\
230
    \int_compare:nTF { \clist_count:n {#1} = 1 }
      { The requested feature is "#1". }
       { The requested features are "#1". }
233
234 }
```

```
235 \00_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {feature-option-overwrite}
236 {
237
    Option '#2' of font feature '#1' overwritten.
238 }
239 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {script-not-exist-latn}
240 {
24I Font '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl' does not contain script '#1'.\\
    'Latin' script used instead.
243 }
244 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {script-not-exist}
245 {
246 Font '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl' does not contain script '#1'.
248 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {aat-feature-not-exist}
249 {
    '\l_keys_key_tl=\l_keys_value_tl' feature not supported
250
251 for AAT font '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'.
252 }
253 \00_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {aat-feature-not-exist-in-font}
254 {
255 AAT feature '\l_keys_key_tl=\l_keys_value_tl' (#1) not available
    in font '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'.
257 }
258 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {icu-feature-not-exist}
259 {
    '\l_keys_key_tl=\l_keys_value_tl' feature not supported
260
   for OpenType font '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'
262 }
263 \00 msg new:nnn {fontspec} {icu-feature-not-exist-in-font}
264 {
265 OpenType feature '\l_keys_key_tl=\l_keys_value_tl' (#1) not available
266 for font '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'
267 with script '\l_00_script_name_tl' and language '\l_00_lang_name_tl'.
269 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-opticals}
270 {
    '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl' doesn't appear to have an Optical Size axis.
271
272 }
{\tt 273 \setminus @@\_msg\_new:nnn \{fontspec\} \{language-not-exist\}}
274 {
275 Language '#1' not available
276 for font '\l_fontspec_fontname_tl'
    with script '\l_@@_script_name_tl'.\\
    'Default' language used instead.
278
279 }
280 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {only-xetex-feature}
282 Ignored XeTeX only feature: '#1'.
283 }
284 \@@ msg new:nnn {fontspec} {only-luatex-feature}
285 {
```

```
Ignored LuaTeX only feature: '#1'.
286
287 }
288 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-mapping}
289 {
290
    Input mapping not (yet?) supported in LuaTeX.
291 }
292 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-mapping-ligtex}
293 {
294 Input mapping not (yet?) supported in LuaTeX.
    Use "Ligatures=TeX" instead of "Mapping=tex-text".
296 }
297 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {cm-default-obsolete}
298 {
    The "cm-default" package option is obsolete.
301 \00_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {fakebold-only-xetex}
302 {
303 The "FakeBold" and "AutoFakeBold" options are only available with XeLaTeX.
304 Option ignored.
305 }
308 The "FontIndex" feature is only supported by TTC (TrueType Collection) fonts.
309 Feature ignored.
310 }
311 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {feat-cannot-remove}
The "#1" feature cannot be deactivated. Request ignored.
314 }
30.3 Info messages
315 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {defining-font}
    Font family '\l_fontspec_family_tl' created for font '#2'
317
    with options [\l_@@_all_features_clist].\\
318
319
    This font family consists of the following NFSS series/shapes:\\
320
   \l_fontspec_defined_shapes_tl
32I
322 }
_{323}\ensuremath{\mbox{00_msg\_new:nnn}} {fontspec} {no-font-shape}
325 Could not resolve font "#1" (it probably doesn't exist).
326 }
327 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {set-scale}
328 {
329 \l_fontspec_fontname_tl\space scale = \l_@@_scale_tl.
330 }
_{33^{\text{I}}}\ \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {setup-math}
333 Adjusting the maths setup (use [no-math] to avoid this).
334 }
```

```
335 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {no-scripts}
336 {
337 Font "\l_fontspec_fontname_tl" does not contain any OpenType `Script' in-
  formation.
338 }
339 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {opa-twice}
340 {
_{34^{\mathrm{I}}} Opacity set twice, in both Colour and Opacity.\\
342 Using specification "Opacity=#1".
343 }
344 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {opa-twice-col}
_{346} Opacity set twice, in both Opacity and Colour.\\
    Using an opacity specification in hex of "#1/FF".
347
348 }
349 \@@_msg_new:nnn {fontspec} {bad-colour}
350 {
351 Bad colour declaration "#1".
352 Colour must be one of:\\
353 * a named xcolor colour\\
    * a six-digit hex colour RRGGBB\\
    * an eight-digit hex colour RRGGBBTT with opacity
356 }
    Reset 'space' behaviour:
357 \char_set_catcode_ignore:n {32}
358 (/fontspec)
```

31 Opening code

31.1 Package options

```
359 \DeclareOption{cm-default}
360 { \@@_warning:n {cm-default-obsolete} }
361 \DeclareOption{math}{\bool_set_true:N \g_@@_math_bool}
362 \DeclareOption{no-math}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}
363 \DeclareOption{config}{\bool_set_true:N \g_@@_cfg_bool}
364 \DeclareOption{no-config}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_cfg_bool}
365 \DeclareOption{euenc}{\bool_set_true:N \g_@@_euenc_bool}
366 \DeclareOption{tuenc}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_euenc_bool}
367 \DeclareOption{quiet}
368 {
    \msg_redirect_module:nnn { fontspec } { warning } { info }
    \msg_redirect_module:nnn { fontspec } { info } { none }
370
371 }
372 \DeclareOption{silent}
373 {
    \msg_redirect_module:nnn { fontspec } { warning } { none }
   \msg_redirect_module:nnn { fontspec } { info } { none }
376 }
377 \ExecuteOptions{config,math,tuenc}
378 \ProcessOptions*
```

31.2 Encodings

Soon to be the default, with a just-in-case check:

```
379 \bool_if:NF \g_@@_euenc_bool
380
       \file_if_exist:nTF {tuenc.def}
381
382
383
           \cs_if_exist:cF {T@TU}
384
                \@@_warning:n {tu-clash}
385
386
                \DeclareFontEncoding{TU}{}{}
                \DeclareFontSubstitution{TU}{lmr}{m}{n}
387
388
         }
389
390
           \@@_warning:n {tu-missing}
391
           \bool_set_true:N \g_@@_euenc_bool
392
393
394
_{395}\bool_if:NTF \g_@@_euenc_bool
396
    {
397 (xetexx)
              \tl_set:Nn \g_fontspec_encoding_tl {EU1}
398 (luatex)
              \tl_set:Nn \g_fontspec_encoding_tl {EU2}
399 }
    { \tl_set:Nn \g_fontspec_encoding_tl { TU } }
401 \tl_set:Nn \rmdefault {lmr}
402 \tl_set:Nn \sfdefault {lmss}
403 \tl_set:Nn \ttdefault {lmtt}
404 \RequirePackage [\g_fontspec_encoding_tl] {fontenc}
405 \tl_set_eq:NN \UTFencname \g_fontspec_encoding_tl % for xunicode if needed
To overcome the encoding changing the current font size, but only if a class has been
loaded first:
406 \tl_if_in:NnT \@filelist {.cls} { \normalsize }
Dealing with a couple of the problems introduced by babel:
407 \tl_set_eq:NN \cyrillicencoding \g_fontspec_encoding_tl
408 \tl_set_eq:NN \latinencoding
                                   \g_fontspec_encoding_tl
409 \AtBeginDocument
     \tl_set_eq:NN \cyrillicencoding \g_fontspec_encoding_tl
    \tl_set_eq:NN \latinencoding
                                       \g_fontspec_encoding_tl
412
413 }
That latin encoding definition is repeated to suppress font warnings. Something to do
```

That latin encoding definition is repeated to suppress font warnings. Something to do with \select@language ending up in the .aux file which is read at the beginning of the document.

```
414 \bool_if:NT \g_@@_euenc_bool
415 {
416 \langle \langle \cs_set_eq:NN \fontspec_tmp: \XeTeXpicfile
417 \langle \langle \cs_set:Npn \XeTeXpicfile \{\}
418 \RequirePackage{xunicode}
```

```
_{\mbox{419}} \cs_set_eq:NN \XeTeXpicfile \fontspec_tmp: _{\mbox{420}} }
```

32 expl3 interface for primitive font loading

```
n,\@@_primitive_font_gset:Nnn
                                                                                                                                          421 \cs_set:Npn \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn #1#2#3
                                                                                                                                          422 {
                                                                                                                                                                         \font #1 = #2 ~at~ #3 \scan_stop:
                                                                                                                                          423
                                                                                                                                          424
                                                                                                                                          425 \cs_set:Npn \@@_primitive_font_gset:Nnn #1#2#3
                                                                                                                                                                          \global \font #1 = #2 ~at~ #3 \scan_stop:
                                                                                                                                          427
                                                                                                                                          428
ont_suppress_not_found_error:
                                                                                                                                          _{429}\cs_set:Npn \ensuremath{@0\_font\_suppress\_not\_found\_error:}
                                                                                                                                                                          \int_set_eq:NN \xetex_suppressfontnotfounderror:D \c_one
                                                                                                                                          431
                                                                                                                                          432
                                                                                                                                [ pTF]@_primitive_font_if_null:N
                                                                                                                                          433 \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \@@_primitive_font_if_null:N {p,TF,T,F}
                                                                                                                                          434 {
                                                                                                                                                                          \ifx #1 \nullfont
                                                                                                                                          435
                                                                                                                                                                                  \prg_return_true:
                                                                                                                                          436
                                                                                                                                                                         \else
                                                                                                                                          437
                                                                                                                                                                                    \prg_return_false:
                                                                                                                                          438
                                                                                                                                                                         \fi
                                                                                                                                          439
                                                                                                                                                             }
                                                                                                                                          440
                                                                                                                               [ TF]@_primitive_font_if_exist:n
                                                                                                                                          441 \prg_set_conditional:Nnn \@@_primitive_font_if_exist:n {TF,T,F}
                                                                                                                                          442 {
                                                                                                                                                                           \group_begin:
                                                                                                                                          443
                                                                                                                                                                                   \verb|\@cont_suppress_not_found_error:|\\
                                                                                                                                          444
                                                                                                                                                                                  \label{local_primitive_font_set:Nnn l_00_primitive_font {#1} {10pt}} $$ \end{minipage} $$ \end{minip
                                                                                                                                                                                  \@@_primitive_font_if_null:NTF \l_@@_primitive_font
                                                                                                                                          446
                                                                                                                                                                                           { \group_end: \prg_return_false: }
                                                                                                                                                                                            { \group_end: \prg_return_true: }
                                                                                                                                          448
                                                                                                                                          449
tive_font_glyph_if_exist:NnTF
                                                                                                                                          {\tt 450 \prg_new\_conditional:Nnn \emsupersection} $$ $$ \proons $
                                                                                                                                                                          \etex_iffontchar:D #1 #2 \scan_stop:
                                                                                                                                          452
                                                                                                                                                                                  \prg_return_true:
                                                                                                                                          453
                                                                                                                                                                         \else:
                                                                                                                                          454
                                                                                                                                                                                  \prg_return_false:
                                                                                                                                          455
                                                                                                                                          456
                                                                                                                                                                         \fi:
                                                                                                                                          457 }
```

33 User commands

This section contains the definitions of the commands detailed in the user documentation. Only the 'top level' definitions of the commands are contained herein; they all use or define macros which are defined or used later on in Section 35.1 on page 95.

33.0.1 Font selection

\fontspec

This is the main command of the package that selects fonts with various features. It takes two arguments: the font name and the optional requested features of that font. Then this new font family is selected.

```
458 NewDocumentCommand \fontspec { O{} m O{} }
459 {
460 \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \f0family {#1,#3} {#2}
461 \fontencoding { \l_00_nfss_enc_tl }
462 \selectfont
463 \ignorespaces
464 }
```

\setmainfont

The following three macros perform equivalent operations setting the default font for a particular family: 'roman', sans serif, or typewriter (monospaced). I end them with \normalfont so that if they're used in the document, the change registers immediately.

```
_{465}\ \DeclareDocumentCommand \setmainfont { O{} m O{} }
             466 {
                  \label{lem:local_set_family:Nnn } $$ \operatorname{g_00_rmfamily_family } {\#1,\#3} {\#2} $$
                  \tl_set_eq:NN \rmdefault \g_@@_rmfamily_family
              468
                  \use:x { \exp_not:n { \DeclareRobustCommand \rmfamily }
             469
             470
                    \exp not:N \fontencoding { \l @@ nfss enc tl }
              47 I
                    \exp_not:N \fontfamily { \g_@@_rmfamily_family }
              472
                    \exp_not:N \selectfont
             473
              474
                  }
              475
                  \str_if_eq_x:nnT {\familydefault} {\rmdefault}
              476
                    { \tl_set_eq:NN \encodingdefault \l_@0_nfss_enc_tl }
             477
                  \normalfont
              478
                  \ignorespaces
             479
             480 }
\setsansfont
             _{481} \DeclareDocumentCommand \setsansfont { O{} m O{} }
             482 {
                  483
                  \tl_set_eq:NN \sfdefault \g_@@_sffamily_family
                  \use:x { \exp_not:n { \DeclareRobustCommand \sffamily }
             485
              486
                    \exp_not:N \fontencoding { \l_@0_nfss_enc_tl }
              487
                    \exp_not:N \fontfamily { \g_@@_sffamily_family }
              488
                    \exp not:N \selectfont
             489
              490
```

```
491
                     \str_if_eq_x:nnT {\familydefault} {\sfdefault}
                492
                       { \tl_set_eq:NN \encodingdefault \l_@0_nfss_enc_tl }
                493
                     \normalfont
                494
                     \ignorespaces
                495
                496 }
 \setmonofont
               _{497} \DeclareDocumentCommand \setmonofont { O{} m O{} }
               498 {
                     \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \g_@@_ttfamily_family {#1,#3} {#2}
                499
                     \tl_set_eq:NN \ttdefault \g_@@_ttfamily_family
                500
                     \use:x { \exp_not:n { \DeclareRobustCommand \ttfamily }
                501
                502
                       \exp_not:N \fontencoding { \l_@@_nfss_enc_tl }
                503
                       \exp_not:N \fontfamily { \g_@0_ttfamily_family }
                504
                       \exp_not:N \selectfont
                505
                506
                507
                508
                     \str_if_eq_x:nnT {\familydefault} {\ttdefault}
                       { \tl_set_eq:NN \encodingdefault \l_@0_nfss_enc_tl }
                509
                     \normalfont
                510
                    \ignorespaces
                511
\setromanfont This is the old name for \setmainfont, retained ad infinitum for backwards compati-
                bility. It was deprecated in 2010.
                513 \cs_set_eq:NN \setromanfont \setmainfont
                These commands are analogous to \setmainfont and others, but for selecting the
    \setmathrm
                font used for \mathrm, etc. They can only be used in the preamble of the document.
    \setmathsf
\setboldmathrm
                \setboldmathrm is used for specifying which fonts should be used in \boldmath.
   \setmathtt
               _{514}\DeclareDocumentCommand \setmathrm { O{} m O{} }
                515 {
                    \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \g_@@_mathrm_tl {#1} {#2}
                516
                517 }
                _{519}\DeclareDocumentCommand \setboldmathrm { O{} m O{} }
               520 {
                    \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \g_@0_bfmathrm_tl {#1} {#2}
                521
                522 }
               523
                _{524}\\ ( O() m O() }
                     \fontspec_set_family:Nnn \g_@@_mathsf_tl {#1} {#2}
               527 }
               529 \DeclareDocumentCommand \setmathtt { O{} m O{} }
```

\fontspec_set_family:Nnn \g_00_mathtt_tl {#1} {#2}

531 532 }

```
533 \@onlypreamble\setmathrm
534 \@onlypreamble\setboldmathrm
535 \@onlypreamble\setmathsf
536 \@onlypreamble\setmathtt
```

If the commands above are not executed, then \rmdefault (etc.) will be used.

```
537 \tl_set:Nn \g_@@_mathrm_tl {\rmdefault} 538 \tl_set:Nn \g_@@_mathsf_tl {\sfdefault} 539 \tl_set:Nn \g_@@_mathtt_tl {\ttdefault}
```

\newfontfamily

This macro takes the arguments of \fontspec with a prepended \(\lambda instance cmd \). This command is used when a specific font instance needs to be referred to repetitively \(e.g., \) in a section heading) since continuously calling \fontspec_select:nn is inefficient because it must parse the option arguments every time.

\fontspec_select:nn defines a font family and saves its name in \l_fontspec_family_tl. This family is then used in a typical NFSS \fontfamily declaration, saved in the macro name specified.

```
540 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newfontfamily { m O{} m O{} }
541 {
    542
    \use:x
543
544
     \exp_not:N \DeclareRobustCommand \exp_not:N #1
545
546
       \exp not:N \fontfamily { \use:c {g @@ \cs to str:N #1 family} }
547
       \exp_not:N \fontencoding { \l_@@_nfss_enc_tl }
548
       \exp_not:N \selectfont
549
550
    }
551
552 }
```

\newfontface

\newfontface uses the fact that if the argument to BoldFont, etc., is empty (i.e., BoldFont={}), then no bold font is searched for.

33.0.2 Font feature selection

\defaultfontfeatures

This macro takes one argument that consists of all of feature options that will be applied by default to all subsequent \fontspec, et al., commands. It stores its value in \g_fontspec_default_fontopts_tl (initialised empty), which is concatenated with the individual macro choices in the [...] macro.

```
557 \DeclareDocumentCommand \defaultfontfeatures { t+ o m }
558 {
559 \IfNoValueTF {#2}
560 { \@@_set_default_features:nn {#1} {#3} }
561 { \@@_set_font_default_features:nnn {#1} {#2} {#3} }
562 \ignorespaces
```

```
563 }
564 \cs_new:Nn \@@_set_default_features:nn
565 {
566 \IfBooleanTF {#1} \clist_put_right:Nn \clist_set:Nn
567 \g_@@_default_fontopts_clist {#2}
568 }
```

The optional argument specifies a font identifier. Branch for either (a) single token input such as \rmdefault, or (b) otherwise assume its a fontname. In that case, strip spaces and file extensions and lower-case to ensure consistency.

```
569 \cs_new:Nn \@@_set_font_default_features:nnn
     \clist map inline:nn {#2}
571
572
       \tl_if_single:nTF {##1}
573
        { \t = 1.00_{tmp_tl} { cs:w g_00_ cs_to_str:N ##1 _family\cs_end: } }
574
        { \00_{\text{sanitise\_fontname:Nn }l_00_{\text{tmp\_tl }\{\#1\}}}
575
576
       \IfBooleanTF {#1}
577
578
         \prop_get:NVNF \g_@@_fontopts_prop \l_@@_tmp_tl \l_@@_tmpb_tl
579
          { \tl_clear:N \l_@@_tmpb_tl }
580
581
         \tl_put_right: Nn \l_@@_tmpb_tl {#3,}
582
         \prop_gput:NVV \g_@@_fontopts_prop \l_@@_tmp_tl \l_@@_tmpb_tl
        }
583
        {
584
         \tl_if_empty:nTF {#3}
585
          { \prop_gremove:NV \g_@@_fontopts_prop \l_@@_tmp_tl }
586
                               \g_00_fontopts\_prop \l_00_tmp_t1 \ \{\#3,\} \ \}
587
          { \prop_put:NVn
588
589
      }
```

\addfontfeatures

In order to be able to extend the feature selection of a given font, two things need to be known: the currently selected features, and the currently selected font. Every time a font family is created, this information is saved inside a control sequence with the name of the font family itself.

This macro extracts this information, then appends the requested font features to add to the already existing ones, and calls the font again with the top level \fontspec command.

The default options are *not* applied (which is why \g_fontspec_default_fontopts_tl is emptied inside the group; this is allowed as \l_fontspec_family_tl is globally defined in \@@_select_font_family:nn), so this means that the only added features to the font are strictly those specified by this command.

\addfontfeature is defined as an alias, as I found that I often typed this instead when adding only a single font feature.

```
591 \DeclareDocumentCommand \addfontfeatures {m}
592 {
593 \debug \typeout{^^J:::::::::::::::'J: addfontfeatures}
594 \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
595 {
```

```
596
       \group_begin:
597
         \keys_set_known:nnN {fontspec-addfeatures} {#1} \l_@@_tmp_tl
598
         \prop_get:cnN {g_00_ \f0family _prop} {options} \l_00_options_tl
         \prop_get:cnN {g_@@_ \f@family _prop} {fontname} \l_@@_fontname_tl
599
600
         \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_disable_defaults_bool
601 (debug)
                    \label{localization} $$ \sup_{0^{-1}} e^{0^{-1}} \in \mathbb{R}^{0^{-1}}. $$
         \use:x
602
          {
603
           \@@_select_font_family:nn
604
             { \l_@@_options_tl , #1 } {\l_@@_fontname_tl}
605
606
607
       \group_end:
       \fontfamily\l_fontspec_family_tl\selectfont
608
609
610
       \@@_warning:nx {addfontfeatures-ignored} {#1}
611
612
     \ignorespaces
613
614 }
615 \cs_set_eq:NN \addfontfeature \addfontfeatures
```

33.0.3 Defining new font features

\newfontfeature

\newfontfeature takes two arguments: the name of the feature tag by which to reference it, and the string that is used to select the font feature.

\newAATfeature

This command assigns a new AAT feature by its code (#2,#3) to a new name (#1). Better than \newfontfeature because it checks if the feature exists in the font it's being used for.

```
626 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newAATfeature {mmmm}
627 {
628 \keys_if_exist:nnF { fontspec } {#1}
629 { \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {#1} }
630 \keys_if_choice_exist:nnnT {fontspec} {#1} {#2}
631 { \@@_warning:nxx {feature-option-overwrite} {#1} {#2} }
632 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn {#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}
633 }
```

\newopentypefeature

This command assigns a new OpenType feature by its abbreviation (#2) to a new name (#1). Better than \newfontfeature because it checks if the feature exists in the font it's being used for.

```
634 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newopentypefeature {mmm}
                        635 {
                             \keys_if_exist:nnF { fontspec / options } {#1}
                        636
                        637
                               { \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {#1} }
                        638
                             \keys_if_choice_exist:nnnT {fontspec} {#1} {#2}
                        639
                               { \@@_warning:nxx {feature-option-overwrite} {#1} {#2} }
                        640
                        641
                             \exp_args:Nnnx \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn {#1}{#2}{ \@@_strip_plus_minus:n {#3} }{#3}
                        642
                        643 }
                        644
                        645 \cs_new:\n \@@_strip_plus_minus:n { \@@_strip_plus_minus_aux:\nq #1 \q_nil }
                        646 \cs_new:Npn \00_strip_plus_minus_aux:Nq #1#2 \q_nil
                            { \str_case:nnF {#1} { {+} {#2} {-} {#2} } {#1#2} }
                        648
         \newICUfeature
                        649 \cs_set_eq:NN \newICUfeature \newopentypefeature % deprecated
      \aliasfontfeature User commands for renaming font features and font feature options.
                        650 \DeclareDocumentCommand \aliasfontfeature {mm}
                        651 {
                        \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_alias_bool
                        653
                        654
                             \clist_map_inline: Nn \g_@@_all_keyval_modules_clist
                        655
                        656
                                \keys_if_exist:nnT {##1} {#1}
                        657
                        658
                        659 (debug) \typeout{:::: Key~exists~##1~/~#1}
                                   \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_alias_bool
                        660
                                   \keys_define:nn {##1}
                        661
                                     { \#2 .code:n = { \keys_set:nn {\#\#1} { \#1 = {\#\#\#1} } } }
                         662
                        663
                        664
                              }
                        665
                        666
                             \bool_if:NF \l_@@_alias_bool
                               { \@@_warning:nx {rename-feature-not-exist} {#1} }
                        667
                        668 }
\aliasfontfeatureoption
                        669 \DeclareDocumentCommand \aliasfontfeatureoption {mmm}
                        670 {
                             \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_alias_bool
                        671
                        672
                        673
                             \clist_map_inline: Nn \g_@@_all_keyval_modules_clist
                        674
                                \keys_if_exist:nnT { ##1 / #1 } {#2}
                        675
                        676
                        _{677} \langle debug \rangle \typeout{:::: Keyval~exists~##1~/~#1~=~#2}
                                   \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_alias_bool
                        678
```

```
\keys_define:nn { ##1 / #1 }
                         679
                                      { \#3 .code:n = { \keys_set:nn {\#\#1} { \#1 = {\#2} } } }
                         68o
                         68 I
                         682
                              }
                         683
                         684
                              \bool_if:NF \l_@@_alias_bool
                         685
                                { \@@_warning:nx {rename-feature-not-exist} {#1/#2} }
                         686 }
         \newfontscript Mostly used internally, but also possibly useful for users, to define new OpenType
                         'scripts', mapping logical names to OpenType script tags.
                         687 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newfontscript {mm}
                         688 {
                         689 \fontspec_new_script:nn {#1} {#2}
                         690 }
                         Mostly used internally, but also possibly useful for users, to define new OpenType
       \newfontlanguage
                         'languages', mapping logical names to OpenType language tags.
                         691 \DeclareDocumentCommand \newfontlanguage {mm}
                             \fontspec_new_lang:nn {#1} {#2}
                         693
                         694 }
                        dfont would never be uppercase, right?
\DeclareFontsExtensions
                         695 \DeclareDocumentCommand \DeclareFontsExtensions {m}
                         696 {
                              \clist_set:Nn \l_@0_extensions_clist { #1 }
                             \tl_remove_all:Nn \l_@@_extensions_clist {~}
                         699 }
                         700 \DeclareFontsExtensions{.otf,.ttf,.OTF,.TTF,.ttc,.TTC,.dfont}
\IfFontFeatureActiveTF
                         701 \DeclareDocumentCommand \IfFontFeatureActiveTF {mmm}
                         703 (debug)
                                      704 (debug)
                                      \typeout{:IfFontFeatureActiveTF \exp_not:n{{#1}{#2}{#3}}}
                                \@@_if_font_feature:nTF {#1} {#2} {#3}
                         706
                         707 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \@@_if_font_feature:n {TF}
                         708
                                \tl_gclear:N \g_@@_single_feat_tl
                         709
                                \group_begin:
                         710
                                  \verb|\@C_font_suppress_not_found_error:|\\
                         711
                                  \00_{init}:
                         712
                                  \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_ot_bool
                         713
                                  \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_never_check_bool
                         714
                                  \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_firsttime_bool
                         715
                                  \clist_clear:N \l_@@_fontfeat_clist
                         716
                                  \00 get features: Nn \1 00 rawfeatures sclist {#1}
                         717
                         718
                                \group end:
                         719
```

```
720 \debug \typeout\{:::> \exp_not:N\l_@@_rawfeatures_sclist->~{\l_@@_rawfeatures_sclist}\}
721 \debug \typeout\{:::> \exp_not:N\g_@@_single_feat_tl->~{\g_@@_single_feat_tl}\}
722
723 \tl_if_empty:NTF \g_@@_single_feat_tl \ \prg_return_false: \}
724 \{
725 \ \exp_args:NV \fontspec_if_current_feature:nTF \g_@@_single_feat_tl
726 \ \{ \prg_return_true: \} \{ \prg_return_false: \}
727 \}
728 \}
```

34 Programmer's interface

These functions are not used directly by fontspec when defining fonts; they are designed to be used by other packages who wish to do font-related things on top of fontspec itself.

Because I haven't fully explored how these functions will behave in practise, I am not giving them user-level names. As it becomes more clear which of these should be accessible by document writers, I'll open them up a little more.

All functions are defined assuming that the font to be queried is currently selected as a fontspec font. (I.e., via \fontspec or from a \newfontfamily macro or from \setmainfont and so on.)

```
\fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
```

Test whether the currently selected font has been loaded by fontspec.

\fontspec_if_aat_feature:nnTF

Conditional to test if the currently selected font contains the AAT feature (#1,#2).

```
733 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_aat_feature:nn {TF,T,F}
     \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
735
736
       \prop_get:cnN {g_00_ \f0family _prop} {fontdef} \l_00_fontdef_tl
737
       \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\l_@@_fontdef_tl} {\f@size pt}
738
       \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_atsui_bool
739
740
         \00 make AAT feature string:nnTF {#1}{#2}
741
           \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
742
        }
743
        {
744
         \prg_return_false:
745
746
      }
747
748
       \prg_return_false:
749
      }
750
751 }
```

\fontspec_if_opentype:TF Test whether the currently selected font is an OpenType font. Always true for LuaTeX fonts.

```
752 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_opentype: {TF,T,F}
753 {
                              \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
754
755
                                            \label{lem:converse_general} $$ \operatorname{g_00}_{f0family\_prop} {fontdef} \label{lem:converse} $$ \end{figure} $$ \e
756
                                            \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\l_@@_fontdef_tl} {\f@size pt}
757
                                           \@@_set_font_type:
758
                                           \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_ot_bool \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
759
760
                                     {
761
                                            \prg_return_false:
 762
763
764 }
```

\fontspec_if_feature:nTF

Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType feature #1. E.g.: \fontspec_if_feature:nTF {pnum} {True} {False} Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.

```
765 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_feature:n {TF,T,F}
766 {
                     \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
767
768
                               \prop_get:cnN {g_@@_ \f@family _prop} {fontdef} \l_@@_fontdef_tl
769
                               \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\l_@@_fontdef_tl} {\f@size pt}
770
                               \@@_set_font_type:
771
                               \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_ot_bool
772
773
                                       \label{lem:cnn} $$ \operatorname{g_00}_{\operatorname{prop}} {\rm script-num} \ l_00_{\rm tmp\_tl} $$
774
                                       \label{local_script_int} $$ \left( \frac{1_00_{tmp_tl}}{2} \right) $$ int_set: Nn \left( \frac{1_
775
776
                                       \prop_get:cnN {g_@@_ \f@family _prop} {lang-num} \l_@@_tmp_tl
777
                                       \label{localization} $$ \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{1_00_{\rm tmp_t1}}{2} \right) $$
778
779
                                       \prop_get:cnN {g_@@_ \f@family _prop} {script-tag} \l_fontspec_script_tl
780
                                       \label{lem:convergence} $$ \operatorname{cnN} \{g_00_{\operatorname{long-tag}} \leq 1_{\operatorname{lontspec_lang_tl}} $$
781
782
                                       \@@_check_ot_feat:nTF {#1} {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
783
                                  }
784
                                  {
785
786
                                        \prg_return_false:
787
                         }
788
789
                               \prg_return_false:
790
791
```

\fontspec_if_feature:nnnTF

Test whether the currently selected font with raw OpenType script tag #1 and raw OpenType language tag #2 contains the raw OpenType feature tag #3. E.g.: \fontspec_if_feature:nTF {la Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.

```
794 {
                                                                                        795
                                                                                                        \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
                                                                                        796
                                                                                                                \prop_get:cnN {g_@@_ \f@family _prop} {fontdef} \l_@@_fontdef_tl
                                                                                        797
                                                                                                                \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\l_@@_fontdef_tl} {\f@size pt}
                                                                                        798
                                                                                                                \@@_set_font_type:
                                                                                        799
                                                                                                                \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_ot_bool
                                                                                         800
                                                                                        801
                                                                                                                      \label{local_script_int} $$ \end{area} $$ 
                                                                                        802
                                                                                                                      \@@_iv_str_to_num:Nn \l_@@_language_int {#2}
                                                                                         803
                                                                                                                      \00_check_ot_feat:nTF {#3} \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
                                                                                         804
                                                                                         805
                                                                                                                   { \prg_return_false: }
                                                                                         806
                                                                                         807
                                                                                         808
                                                                                                            { \prg_return_false: }
                                                                                         809 }
                                                                                        Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType script #1. E.g.:
      \fontspec_if_script:nTF
                                                                                          \fontspec_if_script:nTF {latn} {True} {False} Returns false if the font is
                                                                                          not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
                                                                                         810 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_script:n {TF,T,F}
                                                                                                         \fontspec if fontspec font:TF
                                                                                        812
                                                                                        813
                                                                                                                \prop_get:cnN {g_@@_ \f@family _prop} {fontdef} \l_@@_fontdef_tl
                                                                                        814
                                                                                                                \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\l_@@_fontdef_tl} {\f@size pt}
                                                                                        815
                                                                                                                \@@_set_font_type:
                                                                                        816
                                                                                                                \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_ot_bool
                                                                                         817
                                                                                         818
                                                                                         819
                                                                                                                       \@@_check_script:nTF {#1} \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
                                                                                         821
                                                                                                                   { \prg_return_false: }
                                                                                         822
                                                                                                            { \prg_return_false: }
                                                                                         823
                                                                                         824 }
\fontspec_if_language:nTF
                                                                                         Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType language tag #1.
                                                                                          E.g.: \fontspec_if_language:nTF {ROM} {True} {False}. Returns false if the
                                                                                           font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
                                                                                         825 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_language:n {TF,T,F}
                                                                                         826 {
                                                                                        827
                                                                                                         \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
                                                                                                            {
                                                                                        828
                                                                                                                \label{lem:converse_general} $$ \operatorname{g_00}_{f0family\_prop} {fontdef} \label{lem:converse} $$ \end{figure} $$ \e
                                                                                        829
                                                                                         830
                                                                                                                \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\l_@@_fontdef_tl} {\f@size pt}
                                                                                         831
                                                                                                               \@@_set_font_type:
                                                                                                               \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_ot_bool
                                                                                         832
                                                                                         833
                                                                                        834
                                                                                                                       \prop_get:cnN {g_@@_ \f@family _prop} {script-num} \l_@@_tmp_tl
                                                                                        835
                                                                                                                      \label{local_script_int} $$ \left( \frac{1_00_tmp_tl}{1_00_tmp_tl} \right) $$
```

793 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_feature:nnn {TF,T,F}

```
837
                                 838
                                           \@@_check_lang:nTF {#1} \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
                                 839
                                 840
                                          { \prg_return_false: }
                                 841
                                 842
                                       { \prg_return_false: }
                                 843 }
                                 Test whether the currently selected font contains the raw OpenType language tag #2
  \fontspec_if_language:nnTF
                                  in script #1. E.g.: \fontspec_if_language:nnTF {cyrl} {SRB} {True} {False}.
                                  Returns false if the font is not loaded by fontspec or is not an OpenType font.
                                 844 \prg_new_conditional: Nnn \fontspec_if_language:nn {TF,T,F}
                                 845 {
                                      \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
                                 846
                                 847
                                       {
                                         \label{lem:converse_general} $$ \operatorname{g_00}_{f0family\_prop} {fontdef} \label{lem:converse} $$ \end{figure} $$ \operatorname{fontdef}_{t1} $$
                                 848
                                         \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\l_@@_fontdef_tl} {\f@size pt}
                                 849
                                 850
                                        \@@_set_font_type:
                                 851
                                         \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_ot_bool
                                 852
                                           \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_script_tl {#1}
                                 853
                                           \@@_iv_str_to_num:Nn \l_@@_script_int {#1}
                                 854
                                           \@@_check_lang:nTF {#2} \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
                                 855
                                 856
                                          { \prg_return_false: }
                                 857
                                 858
                                       }
                                       { \prg_return_false: }
                                 859
                                 860 }
                                 Test whether the currently loaded font is using the specified raw OpenType script tag
ontspec_if_current_script:nTF
                                  #1.
                                 861 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_current_script:n {TF,T,F}
                                 862 {
                                      \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
                                 863
                                 864
                                         \prop_get:cnN {g_@@_ \f@family _prop} {fontdef} \l_@@_fontdef_tl
                                 865
                                         \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\l_@@_fontdef_tl} {\f@size pt}
                                 866
                                         \@@_set_font_type:
                                 867
                                         \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_ot_bool
                                 868
                                 869
                                           \prop_get:cnN {g_@@_ \f@family _prop} {script-tag} \l_@@_tmp_tl
                                           \str_if_eq:nVTF {#1} \l_@@_tmp_tl
                                 871
                                             {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
                                 872
                                 873
                                 874
                                          { \prg_return_false: }
                                       }
                                 875
                                        { \prg_return_false: }
                                 876
                                 877 }
```

836

\prop_get:cnN {g_@@_ \f@family _prop} {script-tag} \l_fontspec_script_tl

tspec_if_current_language:nTF Test whether the currently loaded font is using the specified raw OpenType language

```
tag #1.
                               878 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_current_language:n {TF,T,F}
                               88o
                                   \fontspec_if_fontspec_font:TF
                               881
                                      \prop_get:cnN {g_@@_ \f@family _prop} {fontdef} \l_@@_fontdef_tl
                               882
                                      \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font {\l_@@_fontdef_tl} {\f@size pt}
                              883
                               884
                                      \@@_set_font_type:
                                      \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_ot_bool
                              885
                              886
                                        \prop_get:cnN {g_00_ \f0family _prop} {lang-tag} \l_00_tmp_tl
                               887
                                        \str_if_eq:nVTF {#1} \l_@@_tmp_tl
                               888
                               889
                                          {\prg_return_true:} {\prg_return_false:}
                               890
                                       { \prg_return_false: }
                               891
                               892
                               893
                                     { \prg_return_false: }
   \fontspec_set_family:Nnn
                              #1 : family
                               #2 : fontspec features
                               #3: font name
                                   Defines a new font family from given \( \frac{features}{} \) and \( \frac{font}{} \), and stores the name
                               in the variable \langle family \rangle. See the standard fontspec user commands for applications of
                               this function.
                                   We want to store the actual name of the font family within the \langle family \rangle variable
                               because the actual LTFX family name is automatically generated by fontspec and it's
                               easier to keep it that way.
                                   Please use \fontspec_set_family: Nnn instead of \@@_select_font_family:nn,
                               which may change in the future.
                               895 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_family:Nnn
                               896 {
                                    \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_family_label_tl { #1 }
                                    \@@_select_font_family:nn {#2}{#3}
                               899
                                   \tl_set_eq:NN #1 \l_fontspec_family_tl
                               901\cs_generate_variant:Nn \fontspec_set_family:Nnn {c}
\fontspec_set_fontface:NNnn
                               902 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_fontface:NNnn
                               903 {
                                   \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_family_label_tl { #1 }
                                    \@@_select_font_family:nn {#3}{#4}
                                   \tl_set_eq:NN #1 \l_fontspec_font
                                    \tl_set_eq:NN #2 \l_fontspec_family_tl
                               908 }
  \fontspec_font_if_exist:n
                              909 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_font_if_exist:n {TF,T,F}
```

910 {

```
911
                                      \group_begin:
                               912
                                        \00_{\text{init}}:
                               913
                                        \@@_if_detect_external:nT {#1} { \@@_font_is_file: }
                               914
                                        \@@_primitive_font_if_exist:nTF { \@@_construct_font_call:nn {#1} {} }
                                          { \group_end: \prg_return_true: }
                               915
                                          { \group_end: \prg_return_false:
                               916
                               917
                               918 \cs_set_eq:NN \IfFontExistsTF \fontspec_font_if_exist:nTF
                               Test whether the currently loaded font is using the specified raw OpenType feature tag
ntspec_if_current_feature:nTF
                               #1.
                               919 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_current_feature:n {TF,T,F}
                                   {
                               920
                                      \exp_args:Nxx \tl_if_in:nnTF
                               921
                                        { \fontname\font } { \tl_to_str:n {#1} }
                               922
                                        { \prg_return_true: } { \prg_return_false: }
                               923
                               924
  \fontspec_if_small_caps:TF
                               925 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \fontspec_if_small_caps: {TF,T,F}
                               926
                                      \@@_if_merge_shape:nTF {sc}
                               927
                               928
                                          \tl_set_eq:Nc \l_@@_smcp_shape_tl { \@@_shape_merge:nn {\f@shape} {sc} }
                               929
                               930
                               931
                                          932
                               933
                               934
                                      \cs_if_exist:cTF { \f@encoding/\f@family/\f@series/\l_@@_smcp_shape_tl }
                               935
                               936
                                          \tl_if_eq:ccTF
                               937
                                            { \f@encoding/\f@family/\f@series/\l_@@_smcp_shape_tl }
                               938
                                            { \f@encoding/\f@family/\f@series/\updefault }
                               939
                                            { \prg_return_false: }
                               940
                                            { \prg_return_true: }
                               941
                               942
                                        { \prg_return_false: }
                               943
                                   }
                               944
```

35 Internals

35.1 The main function for setting fonts

\@@_select_font_family:nn

This is the command that defines font families for use, the underlying procedure of all \fontspec-like commands. Given a list of font features (#1) for a requested font (#2), it will define an NFSS family for that font and put the family name (globally) into \l_fontspec_family_tl. The TEX '\font' command is (globally) stored in \l_fontspec_font.

This macro does its processing inside a group to attempt to restrict the scope of its internal processing. This works to some degree to insulate the internal commands from having to be manually cleared.

Some often-used variables to know about:

- \l_fontspec_fontname_tl is used as the generic name of the font being defined.
- \l_@@_fontid_tl is the unique identifier of the font with all its features.
- \l_@@_fontname_up_tl is the font specifically to be used as the upright font.
- \l_@@_basename_tl is the (immutable) original argument used for *-replacing.
- \l_fontspec_font is the plain TEX font of the upright font requested.

```
945 \cs_new_protected:Nn \@@_select_font_family:nn
946 {
947 (debug\\typeout{^^J^^J::::::::::::::::::1]:: fontspec_select:nn~ {#1}~ {#2} }
     \group_begin:
948
     \@@_font_suppress_not_found_error:
949
     \00_{\text{init}}:
950
951
     \@@_sanitise_fontname:Nn \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
                                                            {#2}
952
     \@@_sanitise_fontname: Nn \l_@@_fontname_up_tl {#2}
953
     \@@_sanitise_fontname:Nn \l_@@_basename_tl
                                                            {#2}
954
955
     \@@_if_detect_external:nT {#2}
956
      { \keys_set:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} {Path} }
957
958
     \@@_init_ttc:n {#2}
959
     \@@_load_external_fontoptions:Nn \l_fontspec_fontname_tl {#2}
960
961
     \@@_extract_all_features:n {#1}
962
     \tl_set:Nx \l_@@_fontid_tl { \tl_to_str:N \l_fontspec_fontname_tl-:-\tl_to_str:N \l_@@_all_:
963
964
965 \langle debug \rangle \land fontid: \l_@@_fontid_t1 
966
     \@@_preparse_features:
967
    \@@_load_font:
    \00_set_scriptlang:
969
     \@@_get_features:Nn \l_@@_rawfeatures_sclist {}
970
     \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_firsttime_bool
971
972
     \@@_save_family_needed:nTF {#2}
973
974
        \00_save_family:nn {#1} {#2}
976 (debug) \@@_warning:nxx {defining-font} {#1} {#2}
977
978
979 (debug)
           \typeout{Font~ family~ already~ defined.}
981
     \group_end:
982 }
```

\fontspec_select:nn This old name has been used by 3rd party packages so for compatibility:

983 \cs_set_eq:NN \fontspec_select:nn \@@_select_font_family:nn

\@@_sanitise_fontname:Nn

Assigns font name #2 to token list variable #1 and strips extension(s) from it in the case of an external font. We strip spaces for luatex for consistency with luaotfload, although I'm not sure this is necessary any more. At one stage this also lowercased the name, but this step has been removed unless someone can remind me why it was necessary.

```
984 \cs_new:Nn \@@_sanitise_fontname:Nn
985 {
986
     \tl_set:Nx #1 {#2}
987 (luatex) \tl_remove_all:Nn #1 {~}
     \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_@@_extensions_clist
989
        \tl_if_in:NnT #1 {##1}
990
991
             \tl_remove_once:Nn #1 {##1}
992
            \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_extension_tl {##1}
993
             \clist_map_break:
994
995
996
997 }
```

\@@_if_detect_external:nT Check if either the fontname ends with a known font extension.

```
998 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \@@_if_detect_external:n {T}
999 {
rooo (debug) \typeout{:: @@_if_detect_external:n { \exp_not:n {#1} } }
     \clist_map_inline:Nn \l_@@_extensions_clist
1002
        \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_tmpa_bool
1003
        \exp_args:Nx % <- this should be handled earlier
1004
        \tl_if_in:nnT {#1 <= end_of_string} {##1 <= end_of_string}</pre>
1005
          { \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_tmpa_bool \clist_map_break: }
1006
1007
     \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_tmpa_bool \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
1008
1009 }
```

\@@_init_ttc:n For TTC fonts we assume they will be loading the italic/bold fonts from the same file, so prepopulate the fontnames to avoid needing to do it manually.

```
1019 \cs_new: Nn \@@_load_external_fontoptions: Nn
                           1020 {
                           roor(debug) \typeout{:: @@_load_external_fontoptions:Nn \exp_not:N #1 {#2} }
                                 \@@_sanitise_fontname:Nn #1 {#2}
                           1023
                                 \tl_set:Nx \l_@@_ext_filename_tl {#1.fontspec}
                                 \tl_remove_all:Nn \l_@0_ext_filename_tl {~}
                           1024
                                 \prop_if_in:NVF \g_@@_fontopts_prop #1
                           1025
                           1026
                                   \exp_args:No \file_if_exist:nT { \l_@@_ext_filename_tl }
                           1027
                                    { \file_input:n { \l_@@_ext_filename_tl } }
                           1028
                                  }
                           1029
                           1030 }
\@@_extract_all_features:
                           1031 \cs_new: Nn \@@_extract_all_features:n
                           1032 {
                           1033 (debug) \typeout{:: @@_extract_all_features:n { \unexpanded {#1} } }
                                 \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_disable_defaults_bool
                           1035
                           1036
                                   \clist_set:Nx \l_@@_all_features_clist {#1}
                           1037
                           1038
                                   \prop_get:NVNF \g_@@_fontopts_prop \l_fontspec_fontname_tl \l_@@_fontopts_clist
                           1039
                                    { \clist_clear:N \l_@@_fontopts_clist }
                           1040
                           1041
                                   \prop_get:NVNF \g_@@_fontopts_prop \l_@@_family_label_tl \l_@@_family_fontopts_clist
                           1042
                                    { \clist_clear:N \l_@@_family_fontopts_clist }
                                   \tl_clear:N \l_@@_family_label_tl
                           1044
                           1045
                                   \clist_set:Nx \l_@@_all_features_clist
                           1046
                           1047
                                      \g_@@_default_fontopts_clist,
                           1048
                                     \l_@@_family_fontopts_clist,
                           1049
                                     \l_@@_fontopts_clist,
                           1050
                                     #1
                           1051
                           1052
                           1053
                           1054 }
                            #1 : feature options
   \@@_preparse_features:
                            #2: font name
                                Perform the (multi-step) feature parsing process.
                                Convert the requested features to font definition strings. First the features are
                            parsed for information about font loading (whether it's a named font or external font,
                            etc.), and then information is extracted for the names of the other shape fonts.
                           1055 \cs_new:Nn \@@_preparse_features:
                           1056 {
                           1057 (debug) \typeout{:: 00_preparse_features:}
```

Detect if external fonts are to be used, possibly automatically, and parse fontspec fea-

tures for bold/italic fonts and their features.

```
1058
                           1059
                                 \@@_keys_set_known:nxN {fontspec-preparse-external}
                           1060
                                  { \l_@@_all_features_clist }
                           1061
                                 \l_@@_keys_leftover_clist
                            When \l_fontspec_fontname_tl is augmented with a prefix or whatever to create
                            the name of the upright font (\l_@@_fontname_up_t1), this latter is the new 'general
                            font name' to use.
                                \tl_set_eq:NN \l_fontspec_fontname_tl \l_@@_fontname_up_tl
                           1063
                                 \@@_keys_set_known:nxN {fontspec-renderer} {\l_@@_keys_leftover_clist}
                           1064
                           1065
                                  \l_@@_keys_leftover_clist
                                \@@_keys_set_known:nxN {fontspec-preparse} {\l_@@_keys_leftover_clist}
                           1067
                                  \l_@@_fontfeat_clist
                           1068 }
            \@@_load_font:
                           1069 \cs_new: Nn \@@_load_font:
                           1070 {
                           1071 (debug)\typeout{:: @@_load_font}
                           1072 (debug)\typeout{Set~ base~ font~ for~ preliminary~ analysis: \@@_construct_font_call:nn { \l_@
                                \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font
                                    1074
                                \@@_primitive_font_if_null:NT \l_fontspec_font { \@@_error:nx {font-not-
                           1075
                              found} {\l_@@_fontname_up_tl} }
                           1076 \@@_set_font_type:
                           1077 (debug) \typeout{Set~ base~ font~ properly: \@@_construct_font_call:nn { \l_@@_fontname_up_tl }
                                \@@_primitive_font_gset:Nnn \l_fontspec_font
                                    { \@@_construct_font_call:nn { \l_@@_fontname_up_tl } {} } {\f@size pt}
                           1079
                                \l_fontspec_font % this is necessary for LuaLaTeX to check the scripts prop-
                           1080
                              erly
                           1081 }
\@@_construct_font_call:nn Constructs the complete font invocation. #1 : Base name
                            #2 : Extension
                            #3: TTC Index
                            #4: Renderer
                            #5 : Optical size
                            #6: Font features
                               We check if (Font features) are empty and if so don't add in the separator colon.
                           1082 \cs_set:Nn \@@_construct_font_call:nnnnnn
                           1083 {
                           1084 (xetexx)
                                       " \@@_fontname_wrap:n { #1 #2 #3 }
                           1085 (luatex)
                                       " \@@_fontname_wrap:n { #1 #2 } #3
                           то86
                                   \str_if_eq_x:nnF {#6}{} {:#6} "
                           1087
                           1088 }
                            In practice, we don't use the six-argument version, since most arguments are con-
                            structed on-the-fly:
                           1089 \cs_set:Nn \@@_construct_font_call:nn
```

```
1090 {
1091
      \@@_construct_font_call:nnnnnn
1092
        {#1}
1093
        \1_@@_extension_tl
        \l_@@_ttc_index_tl
1094
        \l_fontspec_renderer_tl
1095
        \l_@@_optical_size_tl
1096
1097
1098 }
```

nt_is_file:,\@@_font_is_name:

The \@@_fontname_wrap:n command takes the font name and either passes it through unchanged or wraps it in the syntax for loading a font 'by filename'. X¬T¬EX's syntax is followed since luaotfload provides compatibility.

```
1099 \cs_new:Nn \@@_font_is_name:
     {
1100
       \cs_set_eq:NN \@@_fontname_wrap:n \use:n
1101
1102
1103 \cs_new:Nn \@@_font_is_file:
     {
1105
        \cs_set:Npn \@@_fontname_wrap:n ##1 { [ \l_@@_font_path_tl ##1 ] }
1106
```

\@@_set_scriptlang: Only necessary for OpenType fonts. First check if the font supports scripts, then apply defaults if none are explicitly requested. Similarly with the language settings.

```
1107 \cs_new:Nn \@@_set_scriptlang:
1108 {
     \bool_if:NT \l_@@_firsttime_bool
1109
1110
        \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_@@_script_name_tl
IIII
1112
          \@@_check_script:nTF {latn}
            \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_script_name_tl {Latin}
1115
            \tl_if_empty:NT \l_@@_lang_name_tl
1116
1117
              \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_lang_name_tl {Default}
1118
1119
            \keys_set:nx {fontspec-opentype} {Script=\l_@@_script_name_tl}
1120
            \keys_set:nx {fontspec-opentype} {Language=\l_@@_lang_name_tl}
1121
           }
1122
1123
            \@@_info:n {no-scripts}
1124
1125
         }
1126
         {
1127
          \tl_if_empty:NT \l_@@_lang_name_tl
1128
1129
            \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_lang_name_tl {Default}
1130
1131
          \keys_set:nx {fontspec-opentype} {Script=\l_@@_script_name_tl}
1132
          \keys_set:nx {fontspec-opentype} {Language=\l_@0_lang_name_tl}
1133
```

```
1134 }
1135 }
1136 }
```

\@@_get_features:Nn

This macro is a wrapper for \keys_set:nn which expands and adds a default specification to the original passed options. It begins by initialising the commands used to hold font-feature specific strings. Its argument is any additional features to prepend to the default.

Do not set the colour if not explicitly spec'd else \color (using specials) will not work.

```
1137 \cs_set:Nn \@@_get_features:Nn
1138 {
1139 (debug) \typeout{:: @@_get_features:Nn \exp_not:N #1 { \exp_not:n {#2} } }
     \@@_init_fontface:
1140
     \@@_keys_set_known:nxN {fontspec-renderer} {\l_@@_fontfeat_clist,#2}
        \l_@@_keys_leftover_clist
     \@@_keys_set_known:nxN {fontspec} {\l_@@_keys_leftover_clist} \l_@@_keys_leftover_clist
1144 (*xetexx)
     \verb|\bool_if:NTF \l_@@\_ot_bool|
1145
1146
1147 (debug)
            \typeout{::: Setting~ keys~ for~ OpenType~ font~ features:~"\1_@@_keys_leftover_clist
           \tracingall
1148
          \keys_set:nV {fontspec-opentype} \l_@@_keys_leftover_clist
1149
       %
          \EROROR
1150
       }
1151
1152
1153 (debug)
            \typeout{::: Setting~ keys~ for~ AAT~ font~ features:~"\l_@@_keys_leftover_clist"}
          \bool_if:NT \l_@@_atsui_bool
1154
            { \keys_set:nV {fontspec-aat} \l_@@_keys_leftover_clist }
1155
       }
1156
1157 (/xetexx)
1158 (*luatex)
            \typeout{::: Setting~ keys~ for~ OpenType~ font~ features:~"\l_@@_keys_leftover_clist
1159 (debug)
     \keys_set:nV {fontspec-opentype} \l_@@_keys_leftover_clist
1161 (/luatex)
1162
      \tl_if_empty:NF \l_@@_mapping_tl
1163
1164
        { \@@_update_featstr:n { mapping = \l_@@_mapping_tl } }
1165
      \str_if_eq_x:nnF { \l_@@_hexcol_tl \l_@@_opacity_tl }
1166
                        { \g_@@_hexcol_tl \g_@@_opacity_tl }
1167
        { \@@_update_featstr:n { color = \l_@@_hexcol_tl\l_@@_opacity_tl } }
1168
1169
     \tl_set_eq:NN #1 \l_@@_rawfeatures_sclist
1170
1171 }
```

\@@_save_family_needed:nTF

Check if the family is unique and, if so, save its information. (\addfontfeature and other macros use this data.) Then the font family and its shapes are defined in the NFSS.

Now we have a unique (in fact, too unique!) string that contains the family name and every option in abbreviated form. This is used with a counter to create a simple

```
NFSS family name for the font we're selecting.
                   1172 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \@@_save_family_needed:n {TF}
                   1173 {
                   1174
                   1175 (debug) \typeout{save~ family:~ #1}
                   rr76 (debug) \typeout{== fontid_tl: "\l_@@_fontid_tl".}
                   1177
                         \cs_if_exist:NT \l_@@_nfss_fam_tl
                   1178
                         {
                   1179
                          \cs_{eq:cN \{g_00_UID_\l_00_fontid_tl\} \l_00_nfss_fam_tl} \\
                   1180
                   1181
                   1182
                         \cs_if_exist:cF {g_@@_UID_\l_@@_fontid_tl}
                   1183
                          % The font name is fully expanded, in case it's defined in terms of macros, be-
                      fore having its spaces zapped:
                   1185
                          \tl_set:Nx \l_@@_tmp_tl {#1}
                          \tl_remove_all:Nn \l_@@_tmp_tl {~}
                   1186
                   1187
                          \cs_if_exist:cTF {g_00_family_ \l_00_tmp_tl _int}
                   1188
                           { \int_gincr:c {g_@@_family_ \l_@@_tmp_tl _int} }
                   1189
                                           {g_@@_family_ \l_@@_tmp_tl _int} }
                           { \int new:c
                   1190
                   1191
                          \tl_gset:cx {g_@0_UID_\l_@0_fontid_tl}
                   1192
                   1193
                            1194
                           }
                   1195
                   1196
                         \tl_gset:Nv \l_fontspec_family_tl {g_@@_UID_\l_@@_fontid_tl}
                   1197
                         \cs_if_exist:cTF {g_@@_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop}
                   1198
                          \prg_return_false: \prg_return_true:
                   1199
                   1200 }
\@@_save_family:nn Saves the relevant font information for future processing.
                   1201 \cs_new: Nn \@@_save_family:nn
                   1202
                          \@@_save_fontinfo:n {#2}
                   1203
                          \@@_find_autofonts:
                   1204
                          1205
                          \@@_set_faces:
                   1206
                   1207
                          \@@_info:nxx {defining-font} {#1} {#2}
                        }
                   1208
\@@_save_fontinfo:n Saves the relevant font information for future processing.
                   1209 \cs_new: Nn \@@_save_fontinfo:n
                   1210 {
                         \prop_new:c {g_@@_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop}
                   1211
                        \prop_gput:cnx {g_00_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {fontname} { #1 }
                         \prop_gput:cnx {g_@@_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {options} { \l_@@_all_features_clist }
                   1213
                         \prop_gput:cnx {g_@@_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {fontdef}
                   1214
                   1215
                          \@@_construct_font_call:nn {\l_fontspec_fontname_tl}
                   1216
```

```
{ \l_@@_pre_feat_sclist \l_@@_rawfeatures_sclist }

1218 }

1219 \prop_gput:cnV {g_@@_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {script-num} \l_@@_script_int

1220 \prop_gput:cnV {g_@@_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {lang-num} \l_@@_language_int

1221 \prop_gput:cnV {g_@@_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {script-tag} \l_fontspec_script_tl

1222 \prop_gput:cnV {g_@@_ \l_fontspec_family_tl _prop} {lang-tag} \l_fontspec_lang_tl

1223 }
```

35.2 Setting font shapes in a family

All NFSS specifications take their default values, so if any of them are redefined, the shapes will be selected to fit in with the current state. For example, if \bfdefault is redefined to b, all bold shapes defined by this package will also be assigned to b.

The combination shapes are searched first because they use information that may be redefined in the single cases. E.g., if no bold font is specified then set_autofont will attempt to set it. This has subtle/small ramifications on the logic of choosing the bold italic font.

```
\@@_find_autofonts:
                                                        1224 \cs_new: Nn \@@_find_autofonts:
                                                        1225
                                                                         \bool_if:nF {\l_@@_noit_bool || \l_@@_nobf_bool}
                                                        1226
                                                        1227
                                                                              \@@_set_autofont:Nnn \l_@@_fontname_bfit_tl {\l_@@_fontname_it_tl} {/B}
                                                        1228
                                                                              \@@_set_autofont:Nnn \l_@@_fontname_bfit_tl {\l_@@_fontname_bf_tl} {/I}
                                                        1229
                                                                              \label{local_set_autofont:Nnn local_set_autofont:Nnn local_set_aut
                                                        1230
                                                         1231
                                                         1232
                                                                         \bool_if:NF \l_@@_nobf_bool
                                                        1233
                                                        1234
                                                                              \@@_set_autofont:Nnn \l_@@_fontname_bf_tl {\l_fontspec_fontname_tl} {/B}
                                                        1235
                                                        1236
                                                        1237
                                                                         \bool_if:NF \l_@@_noit_bool
                                                        1238
                                                        1239
                                                                           {
                                                                              \@@_set_autofont:Nnn \l_@@_fontname_it_tl {\l_fontspec_fontname_tl} {/I}
                                                         1240
                                                         1241
                                                                        \@@_set_autofont:Nnn \l_@@_fontname_bfsl_tl {\l_@@_fontname_sl_tl} {/B}
                                                        1243
                                                        1244 }
              \@@_set_faces:
                                                        1245 \cs_new:Nn \@@_set_faces:
                                                        1246 {
                                                                        \@@_add_nfssfont:nnnn \mddefault \updefault \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            \1_@@_fontfeat_up_@
                                                                        \@@_add_nfssfont:nnnn \bfdefault \updefault \l_@@_fontname_bf_tl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          \l_@@_fontfeat_bf_clist
                                                         1248
                                                                         \@@_add_nfssfont:nnnn \mddefault \itdefault \l_@@_fontname_it_tl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          \l_@@_fontfeat_it_clist
                                                        1249
                                                                        \00_add_nfssfont:nnnn \mddefault \sldefault \l_00_fontname_sl_tl
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          \l_@@_fontfeat_sl_clist
                                                        1250
```

1251

1252 1253 \@@ add nfssfont:nnnn \bfdefault \itdefault \1 @@ fontname bfit tl \1 @@ fontfeat bfit clis

\@@_add_nfssfont:nnnn \bfdefault \sldefault \l_@@_fontname_bfsl_tl \l_@@_fontfeat_bfsl_clist

```
\prop_map_inline:Nn \l_@@_nfssfont_prop { \@@_set_faces_aux:nnnnn ##2 }
1255 }
1256 \cs_new:Nn \@@_set_faces_aux:nnnnn
1257 {
1258
                                           \fontspec_complete_fontname: Nn \l_@@_curr_fontname_t1 {#3}
                                            \label{local_cont_shapes:Nnnnn} $$ \end{area} $$ \end{ar
1259
1260 }
```

fontspec_complete_fontname:Nn This macro defines #1 as the input with any * tokens of its input replaced by the font name. This lets us define supplementary fonts in full ("Baskerville Semibold") or in abbreviation ("* Semibold").

```
1261 \cs_set:Nn \fontspec_complete_fontname:Nn
                                                                              1262 {
                                                                                                 \tl_set:Nx #1 {#2}
                                                                              1263
                                                                                                \tl_replace_all:Nnx #1 {*} {\l_@@_basename_tl}
                                                                              1265 (luatex) \tl_remove_all:Nn #1 {~}
                                                                              1266 }
\@@_add_nfssfont:nnnn #1 : series
                                                                                  #2 : shape
                                                                                  #3: fontname
                                                                                  #4 : fontspec features
                                                                              1267 \cs_new: Nn \@@_add_nfssfont:nnnn
                                                                              1268 {
                                                                                                 \tl_set:Nx \l_@0_this_font_tl {#3}
                                                                              1269
                                                                              1270
                                                                                                 \tl_if_empty:xTF {#4}
                                                                              1271
                                                                                                     { \clist_set:Nn \l_@@_sizefeat_clist {Size={-}} }
                                                                              1272
                                                                                                     { \@@_keys_set_known:nxN {fontspec-preparse-nested} {#4} \l_@@_tmp_tl }
                                                                              1273
                                                                              1274
                                                                                                  \tl_if_empty:NF \l_@@_this_font_tl
                                                                              1275
                                                                                                     {
                                                                              1276
                                                                                                          \prop_put:Nxx \l_@@_nfssfont_prop {#1/#2}
                                                                              1277
                                                                                                            { \#1{\#2}{\lower 2}{\lower 2}{\lo
                                                                              1278
                                                                              1279
                                                                              1280 }
```

35.2.1 Fonts

\@@_set_font_type:

Now check if the font is to be rendered with ATSUI or Harfbuzz. This will either be automatic (based on the font type), or specified by the user via a font feature.

This macro sets booleans accordingly depending if the font in \l_fontspec_font is an AAT font or an OpenType font or a font with feature axes (either AAT or Multiple Master), respectively.

```
1281 \cs_new: Nn \@@_set_font_type:
1282 {
1283 (debug) \typeout{:: @@_set_font_type:}
1284 (*xetexx)
    \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_tfm_bool
    \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_atsui_bool
```

```
\bool_set_false:N \l_@@_ot_bool
1287
      \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_mm_bool
1288
      \verb|\bool_set_false:N \l_@@_graphite_bool|
1289
      \ifcase\XeTeXfonttype\l_fontspec_font
1290
        \bool_set_true: N \l_@@_tfm_bool
1291
1292
        \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_atsui_bool
1293
        \ifnum\XeTeXcountvariations\l_fontspec_font > \c_zero
1294
          \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_mm_bool
1295
1296
      \or
1297
        \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_ot_bool
1298
      \fi
1299
```

If automatic, the \l_fontspec_renderer_tl token list will still be empty (other suffices that could be added will be later in the feature processing), and if it is indeed still empty, assign it a value so that the other weights of the font are specifically loaded with the same renderer.

```
\tl_if_empty:NT \l_fontspec_renderer_tl
1301
        \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_atsui_bool
1302
         { \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_renderer_tl {/AAT} }
1303
         {
1304
           \bool_if:NT \l_@@_ot_bool
1305
            { \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_renderer_tl {/OT} }
1306
1307
       }
1308
1309 (/xetexx)
1310 (*luatex)
     \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_ot_bool
1311
1312 (/luatex)
1313 }
```

 $\00_set_autofont:Nnn$ #1 : Font name tl

#2: Base font name

#3 : Font name modifier

This function looks for font with $\langle name \rangle$ and $\langle modifier \rangle$ #2#3, and if found (i.e., different to font with name #2) stores it in tl #1. A modifier is something like /B to look for a bold font, for example.

We can't match external fonts in this way (in X_TT_EX anyway; todo: test with Lua-TeX). If (font name tl) is not empty, then it's already been specified by the user so abort. If $\langle Base font name \rangle$ is not given, we also abort for obvious reasons.

If $\langle font \ name \ tl \rangle$ is empty, then proceed. If not found, $\langle font \ name \ tl \rangle$ remains empty. Otherwise, we have a match.

```
1314 \cs_new:Nn \@@_set_autofont:Nnn
1315 {
     \bool_if:NF \l_@@_external_bool
1316
1317
     \tl if empty:xF {#2}
1318
1319
        \tl_if_empty:NT #1
1320
```

```
1321
                             1322
                                        \@@_if_autofont:nnTF {#2} {#3}
                             1323
                                         { \tl_set:Nx #1 {#2#3} }
                                         { \@@_info:nx {no-font-shape} {#2#3} }
                             1324
                             1325
                             1326
                             1327
                             1328 }
                             1329
                             1330 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \@@_if_autofont:nn {T,TF}
                             1331 {
                                   \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_tmpa_font { \@@_construct_font_call:nn {#1} {} } {\f@size pt}
                                   \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_tmpb_font { \@@_construct_font_call:nn {#1#2} {} } {\f@size primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_tmpb_font { \@@_construct_font_call:nn {#1#2} {} } }
                             1333
                                   \str_if_eq_x:nnTF { \fontname \l_tmpa_font } { \fontname \l_tmpb_font }
                             1334
                                    { \prg_return_false: }
                             1335
                                    { \prg_return_true: }
                             1336
                             1337 }
\@@_make_font_shapes:Nnnnn #1 : Font name
                              #2: Font series
                              #3 : Font shape
                              #4: Font features
                              #5 : Size features
                                  This macro eventually uses \DeclareFontShape to define the font shape in ques-
                              tion.
                             1338 cs_new: Nn \@@_make_font_shapes: Nnnnn
                             1339 {
                             1340
                                   \group_begin:
                                      \@@_keys_set_known:nxN {fontspec-preparse-external} { #4 } \1_@@_leftover_clist
                             1341
                                      \@@_load_fontname:n {#1}
                             1342
                                      \@@_declare_shape:nnxx {#2} {#3} { \1_@@_fontopts_clist, \1_@@_leftover_clist } {#5}
                             1343
                                   \group_end:
                             1344
                             1345 }
                             1346
                             1347 \cs_new: Nn \@@_load_fontname:n
                             1348 {
                                             \typeout{:: @@_load_fontname:n {#1} }
                             1349 (debug)
                                      \@@_load_external_fontoptions:Nn \l_fontspec_fontname_tl {#1}
                             1350
                                      \prop_get:NVNF \g_@@_fontopts_prop \l_fontspec_fontname_tl \l_@@_fontopts_clist
                             1351
                                      { \clist_clear:N \l_@@_fontopts_clist }
                             1352
                                      \@@_primitive_font_set:Nnn \l_fontspec_font { \@@_construct_font_call:nn {\l_fontspec_font_
                             1353
                                      \@@_primitive_font_if_null:NT \l_fontspec_font { \@@_error:nx {font-not-
                                 found} {#1} }
                             1355 }
    \@@_declare_shape:nnnn #1 : Font series
                              #2 : Font shape
                              #3 : Font features
                              #4 : Size features
                                  Wrapper for \DeclareFontShape. And finally the actual font shape declaration us-
                              ing \1_@@_nfss_tl defined above. \1_@@_postadjust_tl is defined in various places
```

to deal with things like the hyphenation character and interword spacing.

The main part is to loop through SizeFeatures arguments, which are of the form SizeFeatures={{<one>},{<thee>}}.

```
1356 \cs_new:Nn \@@_declare_shape:nnnn
                          1357 {
                          _{1358} \langle debug \rangle typeout {=- declare_shape: ~{\l_fontspec_fontname_tl} ~{\#1} ~{\#2}}
                                \tl_clear:N \l_@@_nfss_tl
                                \tl_clear:N \l_@@_nfss_sc_tl
                                \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@@_saved_fontname_tl \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
                          1361
                          1362
                                \exp_args:Nx \clist_map_inline:nn {#4} { \@@_setup_single_size:nn {#3} {##1} }
                          1363
                          1364
                                \@@_declare_shapes_normal:nn {#1} {#2}
                          1365
                                \@@_declare_shapes_smcaps:nn {#1} {#2}
                           1366
                                \@@_declare_shape_slanted:nn {#1} {#2}
                           1367
                                \@@_declare_shape_loginfo:nn {#1} {#2}
                           1368
                          1369 }
                           1370 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \00_declare_shape:nnnn {nnxx}
\@@_setup_single_size:nn
                          1371 \cs_new:Nn \@@_setup_single_size:nn
                           1372
                                   \tl_clear:N \l_@@_size_tl
                           1373
                                   \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@@_sizedfont_tl \l_@@_saved_fontname_tl % in case not spec'ed
                          1374
                          1375
                                   \keys_set_known:nxN {fontspec-sizing} { \exp_after:wN \use:n #2 }
                          1376
                          1377
                                     \l_@@_sizing_leftover_clist
                                   \tl_if_empty:NT \l_@@_size_tl { \@@_error:n {no-size-info} }
                           1378
                           _{1379} \langle debug \rangle typeout{==~ size:~\l_@@_size_tl}
                          1380
                                   % "normal"
                          1381
                                   \@@_load_fontname:n {\l_@@_sizedfont_tl}
                           1382
                                   \@@_setup_nfss:Nnnn \l_@@_nfss_tl {#1} {\l_@@_sizing_leftover_clist} {}
                          1383
                                          \typeout{===~ sized~ font:~ \l_@@_sizedfont_tl}
                          1384 (debug)
                          1385
                                   % small caps
                          1386
                                   \clist set eq:NN \l @@ fontfeat curr clist \l @@ fontfeat sc clist
                          1387
                          1388
                                   \bool_if:NF \l_@@_nosc_bool
                           1389
                           1390
                                     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_@@_fontname_sc_tl
                           1391
                           1392
                                       \@@_make_smallcaps:TF
                          1393
                           1394
                           1395 (debug)\typeout{====~Small~ caps~ found.}
                                         \clist_put_left:Nn \1_00_fontfeat_curr_clist {Letters=SmallCaps}
                          1396
                                        }
                          1397
                                        {
                           1398
                           _{1399} \langle debug \rangle \typeout{====~Small~ caps~ not~ found.}
                                         \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_nosc_bool
                           1400
                           1401
```

```
1402
                                1403
                                             \00_{\odd} fontname:n \1_00_{\odd} fontname_sc_tl} }% local for each size
                                1404
                                1405
                                1406
                                        \bool_if:NF \l_@@_nosc_bool
                                1407
                                          \@@_setup_nfss:Nnnn \l_@@_nfss_sc_tl
                                1408
                                             {#1} {\l_@@_sizing_leftover_clist} {\l_@@_fontfeat_curr_clist}
                                1409
                                         }
                                1410
                                     }
                                1411
         \@@_setup_nfss:Nnnn
                                1412 \cs_new:Nn \@@_setup_nfss:Nnnn
                                1413 {
                                _{1414} = --Setup~NFSS~shape:~<\l_@@_size_tl>~\l_fontspec_fontname_tl}
                                1415
                                      \@@_get_features:Nn \l_@@_rawfeatures_sclist { #2 , #3 , #4 }
                                _{1417} \langle debug \rangle \land typeout{====-Gathered-features:-<math>\lower_{140} \otimes rawfeatures_sclist}
                                1418
                                      \tl_put_right:Nx #1
                                1419
                                       {
                                1420
                                        <\l_@0_size_tl> \l_@0_scale_tl
                                1421
                                          \@@_construct_font_call:nn { \l_fontspec_fontname_tl }
                                1422
                                             { \l_@@_pre_feat_sclist \l_@@_rawfeatures_sclist }
                                1423
                                       }
                                1424
                                1425 }
\@@_declare_shapes_normal:nn
                                {\tt 1426 \backslash cs\_new:Nn \backslash @@\_declare\_shapes\_normal:nn}
                                1427
                                        \@@_DeclareFontShape:xxxxxx {\l_@@_nfss_enc_tl} {\l_fontspec_family_tl}
                                1428
                                          {#1} {#2} {\l_@@_nfss_tl}{\l_@@_postadjust_tl}
                                1429
                                      }
                                1430
\@@_declare_shapes_smcaps:nn
                                1431 \cs_new:Nn \@@_declare_shapes_smcaps:nn
                                     {
                                1432
                                        \tl_if_empty:NF \l_@@_nfss_sc_tl
                                1433
                                1434
                                          \@@_DeclareFontShape:xxxxxx {\l_@@_nfss_enc_tl} {\l_fontspec_family_tl} {#1}
                                1435
                                             {\0@\_combo\_sc\_shape:n {#2} } {\1\_@@\_nfss\_sc\_tl} {\1\_@@\_postadjust\_tl}
                                1436
                                1437
                                      }
                                1438
                                1440 \cs_new: Nn \@@_combo_sc_shape:n
                                1441
                                        \tl_if_exist:cTF { \@@_shape_merge:nn {#1} {\scdefault} }
                                1442
                                              { \tl_use:c { \@@_shape_merge:nn {#1} {\scdefault} } }
                                1443
                                              { \scdefault }
                                1444
                                     }
                                1445
```

\@@_DeclareFontShape:nnnnn

```
1446 \cs_new:Nn \@@_DeclareFontShape:nnnnnn
1447 {
1448 \debug\\typeout{DeclareFontShape:~{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}...}
1449 \group_begin:
1450 \normalsize
1451 \cs_undefine:c {#1/#2/#3/#4/\f@size}
1452 \group_end:
1453 \DeclareFontShape{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}{#6}
1454 }
1455 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \@@_DeclareFontShape:nnnnnn {xxxxxx}
```

\@@_declare_shape_slanted:nn

This extra stuff for the slanted shape substitution is a little bit awkward. We define the slanted shape to be a synonym for it when (a) we're defining an italic font, but also (b) when the default slanted shape isn't 'it'. (Presumably this turned up once in a test and I realised it caused problems. I doubt this would happen much.)

We should test when a slanted font has been specified and not run this code if so, but the \@@_set_slanted: code will overwrite this anyway if necessary.

```
1456 \cs_new: Nn \00_declare_shape_slanted:nn
1457 {
1458
     \bool_if:nT
1459
         \str_if_eq_x_p:nn {#2} {\itdefault} &&
1460
1461
        !(\str_if_eq_x_p:nn {\itdefault} {\sldefault})
      }
1462
      {
1463
       \@@_DeclareFontShape:xxxxxx {\l_@@_nfss_enc_tl}{\l_fontspec_family_tl}{#1}{\sldefault}
1464
          $$ <->ssub*\l_fontspec_family_tl/#1/\itdefault}{\l_@@_postadjust_tl} $$
1465
      }
1466
1467 }
```

\@@_declare_shape_loginfo:nn Lastly some informative messaging.

```
1468 \cs_new: Nn \@@_declare_shape_loginfo:nn
1469 {
      \tl_gput_right:Nx \l_fontspec_defined_shapes_tl
1470
1471
        \ensuremath{\texttt{exp\_not:n}} \{ \ \ \}
1472
        -~ \exp_not:N \str_case:nn {#1/#2}
1473
         {
1474
            {\mddefault/\updefault} {'normal'~}
1475
            {\bfdefault/\updefault} {'bold'~}
1476
            {\mddefault/\itdefault} {'italic'~}
1477
            {\mddefault/\sldefault} {'slanted'~}
1478
            {\bfdefault/\itdefault} {'bold~ italic'~}
1479
            {\bfdefault/\sldefault} {'bold~ slanted'~}
1480
         } (#1/#2)~
1481
        with~ NFSS~ spec.:~
1482
1483
        \l_00_nfss_tl
        \ensuremath{\texttt{exp\_not:n}} \{ \ \ \}
1484
         -~ \exp_not:N \str_case:nn { #1 / \@@_combo_sc_shape:n {#2} }
1485
         {
1486
            {\mddefault/\scdefault} {'small~ caps'~}
1487
```

```
{\bfdefault/\scdefault} {'bold~ small~ caps'~}
1488
           {\mddefault/\itscdefault} {'italic~ small~ caps'~}
1489
1490
           {\bfdefault/\itscdefault} {'bold~ italic~ small~ caps'~}
1491
           {\mddefault/\slscdefault} {'slanted~ small~ caps'~}
1492
           {\bfdefault/\slscdefault} {'bold~ slanted~ small~ caps'~}
        }~( #1 / \@@_combo_sc_shape:n {#2} )~
1493
        with~ NFSS~ spec.:~
1494
        \1_00_nfss_sc_tl
1495
        \tl_if_empty:fF {\l_@@_postadjust_tl}
1496
1497
          \exp_not:N \\ and~ font~ adjustment~ code: \exp_not:N \\ \l_@@_postadjust_tl
1498
        }
1499
1500
      }
1501 }
```

Maybe \str_if_eq_x:nnF would be better?

35.2.2 Features

\l_@@_pre_feat_sclist These are the features always applied to a font selection before other features.

```
1502 \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_pre_feat_sclist
1503 (*xetexx)
1504 {
     \bool_if:NT \l_@@_ot_bool
1505
1506
        \tl_if_empty:NF \l_fontspec_script_tl
1507
1508
          script = \l_fontspec_script_tl ;
1509
1510
          language = \l_fontspec_lang_tl
1511
1512
       }
1513 }
1514 (/xetexx)
1515 (*luatex)
1516 {
     mode
               = \l_fontspec_mode_tl
1517
     \tl_if_empty:NF \l_fontspec_script_tl
1518
1519
        script = \l_fontspec_script_tl ;
1520
        language = \l_fontspec_lang_tl ;
1521
1522
1523 }
1524 (/luatex)
```

\@@_make_ot_smallcaps:TF This macro checks if the font contains small caps.

```
1525 (luatex)\cs_set:Nn \@@_make_smallcaps:TF
1526 (xetexx)\cs_set:Nn \@@_make_ot_smallcaps:TF
1527 {
1528 \@@_check_ot_feat:nTF {smcp} {#1} {#2}
1529 }
1530 (*xetexx)
1531 \cs_set:Nn \@@_make_smallcaps:TF
```

```
1532 {
     \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_ot_bool
1533
       { \@0_make_ot_smallcaps:TF {#1} {#2} }
1534
1535
1536
         \bool_if:NT \l_@@_atsui_bool
          { \@@_make_AAT_feature_string:nnTF {3}{3} {#1} {#2} }
1537
1538
1539 }
1540 (/xetexx)
```

\@@_update_featstr:n \l_@@_rawfeatures_sclist is the string used to define the list of specific font features. Each time another font feature is requested, this macro is used to add that feature to the list. Font features are separated by semicolons.

```
1541 \cs_new:Nn \@@_update_featstr:n
1542 {
1543 (debug)
                       \typeout{:::: @@_update_featstr:n {#1}}
        \bool_if:NF \l_@@_firsttime_bool
1544
1545
            \tl_gset:Nx \g_00_single_feat_tl { #1 }
1546
                       \typeout{::::~ Adding~ feature.}
1547 (debug)
            \tl_gput_right:Nx \l_@@_rawfeatures_sclist {#1;}
1549
1550
     }
```

\@@_remove_clashing_featstr:n

```
1551 \cs_new:Nn \@@_remove_clashing_featstr:n
1552 {
              \typeout{:::: @@_remove_clashing_featstr:n {#1}}
1553 (debug)
1554
       \clist_map_inline:nn {#1}
1555
1556 (debug)
                  \typeout{::::~ Removing~ feature~ "##1;"}
            \tl_gremove_all:Nn \l_@@_rawfeatures_sclist {##1;}
1557
1558
    }
1559
```

Initialisation 35.3

Initialisations that need to occur once per fontspec font invocation. (Some of these may be redundant. Check whether they're assigned to globally or not.)

```
1560 \cs_set:Npn \@@_init:
1561 {
1562 (debug) \typeout{:: @@_init:}
     \verb|\bool_set_false:N \l_@@\_ot_bool|
1563
     \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_firsttime_bool
1564
1565
     \@@_font_is_name:
     \tl_clear:N \l_@@_font_path_tl
1566
     \tl_clear:N \l_@@_optical_size_tl
1567
     \tl_clear:N \l_@@_ttc_index_tl
1568
     \tl clear:N \l fontspec renderer tl
1569
     \tl clear:N \l fontspec defined shapes tl
1570
1571 \tl_clear:N \g_@@_curr_series_tl
```

```
\tl_gset_eq:NN \l_@@_nfss_enc_tl \g_fontspec_encoding_tl
                   1572
                   1573
                   1574 (*luatex)
                        \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_mode_tl {node}
                   1575
                   1576
                        \int_set:Nn \luatex_prehyphenchar:D { `\- } % fixme
                        \int_zero:N \luatex_posthyphenchar:D
                                                                      % fixme
                   1577
                        \int_zero:N \luatex_preexhyphenchar:D
                                                                      % fixme
                   1579 \int_zero:N \luatex_postexhyphenchar:D
                                                                      % fixme
                   1580 (/luatex)
                   1581 }
\@@_init_fontface: Executed in \@@_get_features:Nn.
                   1582 \cs_new:Nn \@@_init_fontface:
                   1583
                           \tl_clear:N \l_@@_rawfeatures_sclist
                   1584
                           \tl_clear:N \l_@@_scale_tl
                   1585
                           \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@@_opacity_tl \g_@@_opacity_tl
                   1586
                           \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@@_hexcol_tl \g_@@_hexcol_tl
                   1587
                           \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@@_postadjust_tl \g_@@_postadjust_tl
                   1588
                   1589
                           \tl_clear:N \l_@@_wordspace_adjust_tl
                           \tl_clear:N \l_@@_punctspace_adjust_tl
                   1590
                   1591
```

35.4 Miscellaneous

\@@_iv_str_to_num:Nn

This macro takes a four character string and converts it to the numerical representation required for X¬TEX OpenType script/language/feature purposes. The output is stored in #1.

The reason it's ugly is because the input can be of the form of any of these: 'abcd', 'abc', 'abc', 'ab', 'ab', 'etc. (It is assumed the first two chars are always not spaces.) So this macro reads in the string, delimited by a space; this input is padded with \@empty s and anything beyond four chars is snipped. The \@empty s then are used to reconstruct the spaces in the string to number calculation.

```
1592 \cs_set:Nn \@@_iv_str_to_num:Nn
1593 {
1594
     \@@_iv_str_to_num:w #1 \q_nil #2 \c_empty_tl \c_empty_tl \q_nil
1595 }
1596 \cs_set:Npn \@@_iv_str_to_num:w #1 \q_nil #2#3#4#5#6 \q_nil
1597 {
     \int_set:Nn #1
1598
1599
          `#2 * "1000000
1600
       + `#3 * "10000
       + \ifx \c_empty_tl #4 32 \else `#4 \fi * "100
         \ifx \c_empty_tl #5 32 \else `#5 \fi
1603
1604
1605 }
1606 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \@@_iv_str_to_num:Nn {No}
```

36 OpenType definitions code

```
fine_opentype_feature_group:n
                                                                                                                                 1607 \cs_new:Nn \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n
                                                                                                                                 т608
                                                                                                                                                                  \keys_define:nn {fontspec-opentype} { #1 .multichoice: }
                                                                                                                                 1609
                                                                                                                                                         }
                                                                                                                                 1610
define_opentype_feature:nnnnn #1 : Feature key
                                                                                                                                      #2 : Feature option val
                                                                                                                                      #3 : Check feature — leave empty for no check
                                                                                                                                      #4 : Exact tag string to activate — leave empty for disable only
                                                                                                                                      #5 : Tags to remove (clist)
                                                                                                                                 1611 \cs_new:Nn \@@_feat_prop_add:nn
                                                                                                                                                                  \tl_if_empty:nF {#1}
                                                                                                                                 1613
                                                                                                                                 1614
                                                                                                                                                                            \prop_if_in:NnF \g_@@_OT_features_prop {#1}
                                                                                                                                 1615
                                                                                                                                 1616
                                                                                                                                                                                            \prop_gput: \nn \g_00_OT_features_prop \fill \
                                                                                                                                 1617
                                                                                                                                 1618
                                                                                                                                 1619
                                                                                                                                 1620
                                                                                                                                 1621 \cs_new:Nn \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                                                                                                                                          \@@_feat_prop_add:nn {#3} {#1\,=\,#2}
                                                                                                                                 1623
                                                                                                                                                          \keys_define:nn {fontspec-opentype}
                                                                                                                                 1624
                                                                                                                                                             {
                                                                                                                                 1625
                                                                                                                                                                  #1/#2 .code:n =
                                                                                                                                 1626
                                                                                                                                                                          {
                                                                                                                                 1627
                                                                                                                                 1628 (debug)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                \typeout{:::::fontspec-opentype~#1/#2~=~#3/#4/#5}
                                                                                                                                                                                    \@@_make_OT_feature:nnn {#3} {#4} {#5}
                                                                                                                                 1630
                                                                                                                                 1631
                                                                                                                                                             }
ine_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn #1 : Feature key
                                                                                                                                      #2: Feature option val
                                                                                                                                      #3 : Check feature
                                                                                                                                      #4 : Tag prefix to activate: +#4 = on, -#4 = off.
                                                                                                                                      #5 : Tags to remove in the on case (clist)
                                                                                                                                 1633 \cs_new:Nn \@@_feat_off:n {#10ff}
                                                                                                                                 1634 \cs_new:Nn \@@_feat_reset:n {#1Reset}
                                                                                                                                 1635 \cs_new:Nn \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn
                                                                                                                                                        \ensuremath{\texttt{\colored}} \ensuremath{\texttt{\colo
                                                                                                                                                      \exp_args:Nnx \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn {#1} { \@@_feat_off:n
                                                                                                                                                #4} {}
                                                                                                                                                       \exp_args:Nnx \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn {#1} { \@@_feat_reset:n {#2} } {} {} {+#4,-
                                                                                                                                 1639
                                                                                                                                                #4}
```

36.1 Adding features when loading fonts

When remove clashing features,

- remove the feature being added (to avoid duplicates);
- 2. remove the inverse of the feature (to avoid cancellation);
- 3. finally remove all clashing features.

```
1646 \cs_new: Nn \@@_make_OT_feature:nnn
1647
1648 (debug)
            \typeout{:: @@_make_OT_feature:nnn \exp_not:n { {#1}{#2}{#3} } }
1649
        \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_proceed_bool
1650
        \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_check_feat_bool
1651
1652
        \tl_if_empty:nT {#1} { \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_check_feat_bool }
1653
        \bool_if:NT \l_@@_check_feat_bool
1654
1655
            \@@_check_ot_feat:nF {#1}
1656
1657
                \@@_warning:nx {icu-feature-not-exist-in-font} {#1}
1658
                \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_proceed_bool
1659
1660
          }
1661
1662
        \bool_if:NT \l_@@_proceed_bool
1663
1664
            \exp_args:Nx \@@_remove_clashing_featstr:n
1665
              { #2 , \@@_swap_plus_minus:n {#2} , #3 }
1666
1667
1668
            \@@_update_featstr:n {#2}
1669
1670
1671 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \00_make_OT_feature:nnn {xxx}
1672 \cs_new: Nn \@@_swap_plus_minus:n { \@@_swap_plus_minus_aux: Nq #1 \q_nil }
1673 \cs_new:Npn \00_swap_plus_minus_aux:Nq #1#2 \q_nil
1674 { \str_case:nn {#1} { {+} {-#2} {-} {+#2} } }
```

\@@_check_script:nTF This macro takes an OpenType script tag and checks if it exists in the current font.

The output boolean is \@tempswatrue. \1_@@_script_int is used to store the number corresponding to the script tag string.

```
1675 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \@@_check_script:n {TF}
1676
        \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_never_check_bool
1677
          { \prg_return_true: }
1678
1679 (*xetexx)
168o {
1681
     \@@_iv_str_to_num:Nn \l_@@_strnum_int {#1}
     \int_set:Nn \l_tmpb_int { \XeTeXOTcountscripts \l_fontspec_font }
T682
     \int_zero:N \l_tmpa_int
1683
1684
     \bool_set_false: N \l__fontspec_check_bool
1685
      \bool_until_do:nn { \int_compare_p:nNn \l_tmpa_int = \l_tmpb_int }
1686
        \ifnum \XeTeXOTscripttag\l_fontspec_font \l_tmpa_int = \l_@@_strnum_int
1687
          \bool_set_true: N \l__fontspec_check_bool
1688
          \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {\l_tmpb_int}
1689
        \else
1690
          \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
1691
        \fi
1692
1693
      \bool_if:NTF \l__fontspec_check_bool \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
1694
1695 }
1696 (/xetexx)
1697 (*luatex)
1698 {
     \directlua{fontspec.check_ot_script("l_fontspec_font", "#1")}
     \bool_if:NTF \l__fontspec_check_bool \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
1700
1701 }
1702 (/luatex)
1703 }
```

\@@_check_lang:nTF This macro takes an OpenType language tag and checks if it exists in the current font/script. The output boolean is \@tempswatrue. \l_@@_language_int is used to store the number corresponding to the language tag string. The script used is whatever's held in \l_@@_script_int. By default, that's the number corresponding to 'latn'.

```
1704 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \@@_check_lang:n {TF}
1705
                                             \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_never_check_bool
1706
                                                         { \prg_return_true: }
1707
1708 (*xetexx)
1709 {
                                 \label{local_strum_int} $$ \end{area} $$ \
1710
                                \int_set:Nn \l_tmpb_int
                                      { \XeTeXOTcountlanguages \l_fontspec_font \l_@0_script_int }
                              \int_zero:N \l_tmpa_int
1713
                                \bool set false: N \l fontspec check bool
                               \bool_until_do:nn { \int_compare_p:nNn \l_tmpa_int = \l_tmpb_int }
1715
1716
```

```
\ifnum\XeTeXOTlanguagetag\l_fontspec_font\l_@@_script_int \l_tmpa_int =\l_@@_strnum_int
1717
          \bool_set_true: N \l__fontspec_check_bool
1718
1719
          \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {\l_tmpb_int}
1720
        \else
1721
          \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
        \fi
1722
1723
      \bool_if:NTF \l__fontspec_check_bool \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
1724
1725 }
1726 (/xetexx)
1727 (*luatex)
1728 {
     \directlua
1730
        fontspec.check_ot_lang( "l_fontspec_font", "#1", "\l_fontspec_script_tl" )
1731
1732
      \bool_if:NTF \l__fontspec_check_bool \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
1733
1734 }
<sub>1735</sub> (/luatex)
1736 }
```

\@@_check_ot_feat:nTF This macro takes an OpenType feature tag and checks if it exists in the current font/script/language. \l_@@_strnum_int is used to store the number corresponding to the feature tag string. The script used is whatever's held in \l_@@_script_int. By default, that's the number corresponding to 'latn'. The language used is \l_@@_language_int,

by default \(\mathbb{Q} \), the 'default language'.

```
1737 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \@@_check_ot_feat:n {TF,F}
     {
1738
       \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_never_check_bool
1739
          { \prg_return_true: }
1740
1741 (*xetexx)
1742 {
1743 \debug\\typeout{::~ fontspec_check_ot_feat:n~ {#1}}
     \int_set:Nn \l_tmpb_int
1744
1745
        \XeTeXOTcountfeatures \l_fontspec_font
1746
                               \l_@@_script_int
1747
                               \l_@@_language_int
1748
1749
      \@@_iv_str_to_num:Nn \l_@@_strnum_int {#1}
1750
      \int_zero:N \l_tmpa_int
1751
      \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_check_bool
      \bool_until_do:nn { \int_compare_p:nNn \l_tmpa_int = \l_tmpb_int }
1753
1754
       \ifnum\XeTeXOTfeaturetag\l_fontspec_font\l_@@_script_int\l_@@_language_int
1755
             \l_tmpa_int =\l_@@_strnum_int
1756
          \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_check_bool
1757
          \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {\l_tmpb_int}
1758
        \else
1759
          \int_incr:N \l_tmpa_int
1760
       \fi
1761
```

```
}
1762
1763
      \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_check_bool \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
1764 }
1765 (/xetexx)
1766 (*luatex)
1767 {
1768 (debug)\typeout{::~ fontspec_check_ot_feat:n~ {#1}}
1769
1770
        fontspec.check ot feat(
1771
                                 "l_fontspec_font", "#1",
1772
                                 "\l_fontspec_lang_tl", "\l_fontspec_script_tl"
1773
1774
       }
1775
     \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_check_bool \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
1776
1777 }
1778 (/luatex)
1779 }
```

36.2 OpenType feature information

```
1780\prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {aalt}{Access~All~Alternates}
1781 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {abvf}{Above-base~Forms}
1782\prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {abvm}{Above-base~Mark~Positioning}
1783 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {abvs}{Above-base~Substitutions}
1784 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {afrc}{Alternative~Fractions}
1785 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {akhn}{Akhands}
1786 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {blwf}{Below-base~Forms}
1787 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {blwm}{Below-base~Mark~Positioning}
1788 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {blws}{Below-base~Substitutions}
1789 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {calt}{Contextual~Alternates}
1790 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {case}{Case-Sensitive~Forms}
1791 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {ccmp}{Glyph~Composition~/~Decomposition
\label{limits} $$_{1792} \simeq \mathbb{N}_{nn} = \mathbb{Q}_{all\_opentype\_feature\_names\_prop} $$ \{cfar}_{Conjunct\sim Form\sim After\sim Ro} $$
1793 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {cjct}{Conjunct~Forms}
1794 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {clig}{Contextual~Ligatures}
1795 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {cpct}{Centered~CJK~Punctuation}
1796 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {cpsp}{Capital~Spacing}
1797 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {cswh}{Contextual~Swash}
1798 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {curs}{Cursive~Positioning}
1799 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {cvNN}{Character~Variant~$N$}
1800 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {c2pc}{Petite~Capitals~From~Capitals}
1801 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {c2sc}{Small~Capitals~From~Capitals}
\label{local_local_local} $$ 1802 \simeq \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop $$ {dist}{Distances} $$
1803 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {dlig}{Discretionary~Ligatures}
1804 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {dnom}{Denominators}
1805 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {dtls}{Dotless~Forms}
1806 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {expt}{Expert~Forms}
1807 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {falt}{Final~Glyph~on~Line~Alternates}
1808\prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {fin2}{Terminal~Forms~\#2}
1809 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {fin3}{Terminal~Forms~\#3}
```

```
1810 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {fina}{Terminal~Forms}
1811 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {flac}{Flattened~accent~forms}
1812 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {frac}{Fractions}
1813 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {fwid}{Full~Widths}
1814 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {half}{Half~Forms}
1815 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {haln}{Halant~Forms}
1816 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {halt}{Alternate~Half~Widths}
1817 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {hist}{Historical~Forms}
1818 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {hkna}{Horizontal~Kana~Alternates}
1819 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {hlig}{Historical~Ligatures}
1820 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {hngl}{Hangul}
1821 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {hojo}{Hojo~Kanji~Forms}
1823 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {init}{Initial~Forms}
1824 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {isol}{Isolated~Forms}
1825\prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {ital}{Italics}
1826 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {jalt}{Justification~Alternates}
1827 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {jp78}{JIS78~Forms}
1828\prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {jp83}{JIS83~Forms}
1829 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {jp9@}{JIS9@~Forms}
1830 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {jp@4}{JIS2004~Forms}
1831 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {kern}{Kerning}
1832 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {lfbd}{Left~Bounds}
1833 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_00_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {liga}{Standard~Ligatures}
1834 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {ljmo}{Leading~Jamo~Forms}
1835 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {lnum}{Lining~Figures}
1836 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {locl}{Localized~Forms}
1837 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {ltra}{Left-to-right~alternates}
1838 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {ltrm}{Left-to-right~mirrored~forms}
\label{lem:condition} \ensuremath{^{1839}} \prop\_gput: \nn \g_@@\_all\_opentype\_feature\_names\_prop \ensuremath{^{1839}}\prop\_gput: \nn \g_@\_all\_opentype\_feature\_names\_prop \ensuremath{^{1839}}\prop\_gput: \nn
1840 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {med2}{Medial~Forms~\#2}
1841 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {medi}-{Medial~Forms}
1842 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {mgrk}{Mathematical~Greek}
1843 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {mkmk}{Mark~to~Mark~Positioning}
1844\prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {mset}{Mark~Positioning~via~Substitution
1845 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {nalt}{Alternate~Annotation~Forms}
1846 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {nlck}{NLC~Kanji~Forms}
1847 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {nukt}{Nukta~Forms}
1848 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {numr}{Numerators}
1849 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {onum}{Oldstyle~Figures}
1850 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {opbd}{Optical~Bounds}
1851 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {ordn}{Ordinals}
1852 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {ornm}{Ornaments}
1853 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {palt}{Proportional~Alternate~Widths}
1854 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {pcap}{Petite~Capitals}
1855 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {pkna}{Proportional~Kana}
1856 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {pnum}{Proportional~Figures}
1857 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {pref}{Pre-Base~Forms}
1858 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {pres}{Pre-base~Substitutions}
1859 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {pstf}{Post-base~Forms}
```

1860 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {psts}{Post-base~Substitutions}

```
1861 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {pwid}{Proportional~Widths}
1862 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {qwid}{Quarter~Widths}
1863 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {rand}{Randomize}
1864 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {rclt}{Required~Contextual~Alternates}
1865 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {rkrf}{Rakar~Forms}
1866 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {rlig}{Required~Ligatures}
1867\prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {rphf}{Reph~Forms}
1868 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {rtbd}{Right~Bounds}
1869 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {rtla}{Right-to-left~alternates}
1870 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {rtlm}{Right-to-left~mirrored~forms}
1871 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {ruby}{Ruby~Notation~Forms}
1872 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {rvrn}{Required~Variation~Alternates}
1873 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {salt}{Stylistic~Alternates}
1874 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {sinf}{Scientific~Inferiors}
1875 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {size} { Optical~size}
1876 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {smcp}{Small~Capitals}
1877 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {smpl}{Simplified~Forms}
1878 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {ssNN}{Stylistic~Set~$N$}
1879 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {ssty}{Math~script~style~alternates}
1880 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {stch}{Stretching~Glyph~Decomposition}
1881\prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {subs}{Subscript}
1882 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {sups}{Superscript}
\label{lem:condition} $$_{1883} \simeq \mathbb{N}_{prop\_gput:Nnn } $$ \end{center} $$ \
1884 \prop_gput:\nn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {titl}{Titling}
1885 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {tjmo}{Trailing~Jamo~Forms}
1886 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {tnam}{Traditional~Name~Forms}
1887 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {tnum}{Tabular~Figures}
1888 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {trad}{Traditional~Forms}
1889 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {twid}{Third~Widths}
1890 \prop_gput:\nn \g_00_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {unic}{Unicase}
1891 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {valt}{Alternate~Vertical~Metrics}
1892 \prop_gput:\nn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {\vatu}{\Vattu~\Variants}
1893 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {vert}{Vertical~Writing}
1894 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {vhal}{Alternate~Vertical~Half~Metrics}
1895 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {vjmo}{Vowel~Jamo~Forms}
1896 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {vkna}{Vertical~Kana~Alternates}
1897 \prop_gput:Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {vkrn}{Vertical~Kerning}
1898 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {vpal}{Proportional~Alternate~Vertical~Me
1899 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {vrt2}{Vertical~Alternates~and~Rotation}
\label{local_prop_gput:Nnn} $$ \log_00_all\_opentype\_feature\_names\_prop_{vrtr}{Vertical-Alternates-for-Rotation} $$
1901 \prop_gput: Nnn \g_@@_all_opentype_feature_names_prop {zero}{Slashed~Zero}
```

37 Graphite/AAT code

```
\keys_define:nn {fontspec-aat}
                         1906
                         1907
                         1908
                                 #1/#2 .code:n = { \@@_make_AAT_feature:nn {#3}{#4} }
                         1909
                                }
                         1910 }
\@@_make_AAT_feature:nn
                         1911 \cs_new: Nn \@@_make_AAT_feature:nn
                         1912 {
                               \tl if empty:nTF {#1}
                         1913
                                { \@@_warning:n {aat-feature-not-exist} }
                         1914
                         1915
                                  \@@_make_AAT_feature_string:nnTF {#1}{#2}
                         1916
                         1917
                                     \@@_update_featstr:n {\l_fontspec_feature_string_tl}
                         1918
                         1919
                                  { \@@_warning:nx {aat-feature-not-exist-in-font} {#1,#2} }
                         1920
                                }
                         1921
                         1922 }
```

_make_AAT_feature_string:nnTF

This macro takes the numerical codes for a font feature and creates a specified macro containing the string required in the font definition to turn that feature on or off. Used primarily in [...], but also used to check if small caps exists in the requested font (see page 110).

For exclusive selectors, it's easy; just grab the string: For *non*-exclusive selectors, it's a little more complex. If the selector is even, it corresponds to switching the feature on. If the selector is *odd*, it corresponds to switching the feature off. But X₃T_EX doesn't return a selector string for this number, since the feature is defined for the 'switching on' value. So we need to check the selector of the previous number, and then prefix the feature string with! to denote the switch.

Finally, save out the complete feature string in \l_fontspec_feature_string_tl.

```
1923 \prg_new_conditional: Nnn \00 make AAT_feature_string:nn {TF,T,F}
1924 {
     \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpa_tl { \XeTeXfeaturename \l_fontspec_font #1 }
1925
     \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpa_tl
      { \prg_return_false: }
1927
1928
        \int_compare:nTF { \XeTeXisexclusivefeature\l_fontspec_font #1 > 0 }
1929
1930
          \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpb_tl {\XeTeXselectorname\l_fontspec_font #1\space #2}
1931
        }
1932
         {
1933
          \int_if_even:nTF {#2}
1934
1935
            \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpb_tl {\XeTeXselectorname\l_fontspec_font #1\space #2}
1936
1937
1938
            \tl_set:Nx \l_tmpb_tl
1939
1940
              \XeTeXselectorname\l fontspec font #1\space \numexpr#2-1\relax
1941
1942
```

```
\tl_if_empty:NF \l_tmpb_tl { \tl_put_left:Nn \l_tmpb_tl {!} }
1943
           }
1944
1945
        }
1946
        \tl_if_empty:NTF \l_tmpb_tl
         { \prg_return_false: }
1947
1948
          \tl_set:Nx \l_fontspec_feature_string_tl { \l_tmpa_tl = \l_tmpb_tl }
1949
          \prg_return_true:
1950
1951
      }
1952
1953 }
```

38 Font loading (keyval) definitions

This is the tedious section where we correlate all possible (eventually) font feature requests with their X¬T¬EX representations.

```
1954 \clist_set:Nn \g_@@_all_keyval_modules_clist
    {
1955
       fontspec, fontspec-opentype, fontspec-aat,
1956
       fontspec-preparse, fontspec-preparse-external, fontspec-preparse-nested,
1957
       fontspec-renderer
1958
1959
1960 \cs_new: Nn \@@_keys_define_code:nnn
1961
      1962
1963
    For catching features that cannot be used in \addfontfeatures:
1964 \cs_new:Nn \@@_aff_error:n
1965
       \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-addfeatures} {#1}
1966
         { \@@_error:nx {not-in-addfontfeatures} {#1} }
1967
     }
1968
```

38.0.1 Pre-parsing naming information

These features are extracted from the font feature list before all others.

Path For fonts that aren't installed in the system. If no argument is given, the font is located with kpsewhich; it's either in the current directory or the TEX tree. Otherwise, the argument given defines the file path of the font.

```
1969 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse-external} {Path}
1970 {
1971  \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_nobf_bool
1972  \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_noit_bool
1973  \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_external_bool
1974  \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_font_path_tl {#1}
1975  \@@_font_is_file:
1976 (*xetexx)
1977  \keys_set:nn {fontspec-renderer} {Renderer=OpenType}
```

```
1978 \( //xetexx \)
1979 }
1980 \( \aliasfontfeature{Path}{ExternalLocation} \)
1981 \( \aligne{Q}_{keys_define_code:nnn } {fontspec} {Path} \{ \}
\)
```

Extension For fonts that aren't installed in the system. Specifies the font extension to use.

```
1982 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse-external} {Extension}
1983 {
1984  \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_extension_tl {#1}
1985  \bool_if:NF \l_@@_external_bool
1986  {
1987   \keys_set:nn {fontspec-preparse-external} {Path}
1988  }
1989 }
1990 \tl_clear:N \l_@@_extension_tl
1991 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {Extension} {}
```

38.0.2 Pre-parsed features

After the font name(s) have been sorted out, now need to extract any renderer/font configuration features that need to be processed before all other font features.

Renderer This feature must be processed before all others (the other font shape and features options are also pre-parsed for convenience) because the renderer determines the format of the features and even whether certain features are available.

```
1992 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-renderer}
1993 {
1994
     Renderer .choices:nn =
       {AAT,ICU,OpenType,Graphite,Full,Basic}
1995
1996
        \int_compare:nTF {\l_keys_choice_int <= 4} {</pre>
1997
1998 (*xetexx)
          \tl_set:Nv \l_fontspec_renderer_tl
1999
            { g_fontspec_renderer_tag_ \l_keys_choice_tl }
2000
          \tl_gset:Nx \g_00_single_feat_tl { \l_fontspec_renderer_tl }
2001
2002 (/xetexx)
2003 (*luatex)
          \@@_warning:nx {only-xetex-feature} {Renderer=AAT/OpenType/Graphite}
2004
2005 (/luatex)
         }
2006
2007
2008 (*xetexx)
          \@@_warning:nx {only-luatex-feature} {Renderer=Full/Basic}
2009
2010 (/xetexx)
2011 (*luatex)
          \tl_set:Nv \l_fontspec_mode_tl
            { g_fontspec_mode_tag_ \l_keys_choice_tl }
          \tl_gset:Nx \g_@@_single_feat_tl { mode=\l_fontspec_mode_tl }
2015 (/luatex)
```

```
2016  }
2017  }
2018 }
2019 \tl_set:cn {g_fontspec_renderer_tag_AAT} {/AAT}
2020 \tl_set:cn {g_fontspec_renderer_tag_ICU} {/OT}
2021 \tl_set:cn {g_fontspec_renderer_tag_OpenType} {/OT}
2022 \tl_set:cn {g_fontspec_renderer_tag_Graphite} {/GR}
2023 \tl_set:cn {g_fontspec_mode_tag_Full} {node}
2024 \tl_set:cn {g_fontspec_mode_tag_Basic} {base}
```

OpenType script/language See later for the resolutions from fontspec features to OpenType definitions.

```
2025 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse} {Script}
2026 {
              \keys_set:nn {fontspec-renderer} {Renderer=OpenType}
2027 (xetexx)
2028
    \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_script_name_tl {#1}
2029 }
 Exactly the same:
2030 \00_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse} {Language}
2031 {
              \keys_set:nn {fontspec-renderer} {Renderer=OpenType}
2033 \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_lang_name_tl {#1}
2034 }
 TTC font index
2035 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse} {FontIndex}
2036 {
     \str_if_eq_x:nnF { \str_lower_case:f {\l_@0_extension_tl} } {.ttc}
2037
       { \@@_warning:n {font-index-needs-ttc} }
2038
2039 (xetexx) \tl_set:Nn \l_@0_ttc_index_tl {:#1}
2040 (luatex) \tl_set:Nn \l_@0_ttc_index_tl {(#1)}
2041 }
2042 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {FontIndex}
```

38.0.3 Bold/italic choosing options

2046 }

The Bold, Italic, and BoldItalic features are for defining explicitly the bold and italic fonts used in a font family.

Bold (NFSS) Series By default, fontspec uses the default bold series, **\bfdefault**. We want to be able to make this extensible.

```
2047 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse-external} {BoldSeries}
2048 {
2049 \tl_gset:Nx \g_@@_curr_series_tl { #1 }
2050 \seq_gput_right:Nx \g_@@_bf_series_seq { #1 }
```

```
2051 }
 Fonts Upright:
2052 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse-external} {UprightFont}
2053 {
     \fontspec_complete_fontname: Nn \l_@@_fontname_up_tl {#1}
2054
2055 }
\fontspec_complete_fontname: Nn \l_@@_fontname_up_tl {#1}
2059 }
 Bold:
2060 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse-external} {BoldFont}
2061 {
     \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1}
2062
2063
      {
       \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_nobf_bool
2064
2065
      {
2066
       \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_nobf_bool
2067
       \fontspec_complete_fontname: Nn \l_@@_curr_bfname_tl {#1}
2068
2069
       \seq_if_empty:NT \g_@@_bf_series_seq
        {
         \tl_gset:Nx \g_@@_curr_series_tl {\bfdefault}
2072
         \seq_put_right:Nx \g_00_bf_series_seq {\bfdefault}
2073
2074
       \tl_if_eq:oxT \g_00_curr_series_tl {\bfdefault}
2075
        { \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@0_fontname_bf_tl \l_@0_curr_bfname_tl }
2076
2077
{\tt 2078 \ (debug) \ typeout \{Setting\ bold\ font\ "\ l\_@e\_curr\_bfname\_tl"\ with\ series\ "\ l\_@e\_curr\_series\_tl"\}}
2079
        \prop_put:NxV \1_@@_nfss_prop
2080
        {BoldFont-\g_@@_curr_series_tl} \l_@@_curr_bfname_tl
2081
2082
2083
      }
2084 }
 Same for italic:
2085 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse-external} {ItalicFont}
2086
     \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1}
2087
2088
       \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_noit_bool
2089
      }
2090
      {
2091
       \verb|\bool_set_false:N \l_@@_noit_bool|
2092
       \fontspec_complete_fontname: Nn \l_@@_fontname_it_tl {#1}
2093
      }
2094
2095 }
```

```
Simpler for bold+italic & slanted:
2096 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse-external} {BoldItalicFont}
      \fontspec_complete_fontname: Nn \l_@0_fontname_bfit_tl {#1}
2098
2099 }
2100 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse-external} {SlantedFont}
2101 {
     \fontspec_complete_fontname: Nn \l_@@_fontname_sl_tl {#1}
2102
2103 }
2104\@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse-external} {BoldSlantedFont}
2105 {
     \fontspec_complete_fontname: Nn \l_@@_fontname_bfsl_tl {#1}
2106
2107 }
 Small caps isn't pre-parsed because it can vary with others above:
2108 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {SmallCapsFont}
2109 {
     \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1}
2110
        \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_nosc_bool
2112
       }
2113
2114
        \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_nosc_bool
2115
        \fontspec_complete_fontname: Nn \l_@@_fontname_sc_tl {#1}
2116
       }
2117
2118 }
 Features
2119 \00_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse} {UprightFeatures}
2120 {
      \clist_set:Nn \l_@@_fontfeat_up_clist {#1}
2121
2123 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse} {BoldFeatures}
      \clist_set:Nn \l_@0_fontfeat_bf_clist {#1}
2125
2126
       \prop_put:NxV \l_@@_nfss_prop
2127 %
          {BoldFont-\g_00_curr_series_tl} \l_00_curr_bfname_tl
2128 %
2129 }
2130 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse} {ItalicFeatures}
2131 {
     \clist_set:Nn \l_@0_fontfeat_it_clist {#1}
2132
2134 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse} {BoldItalicFeatures}
2135 {
     \clist_set:Nn \l_@@_fontfeat_bfit_clist {#1}
2136
2137 }
2138 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse} {SlantedFeatures}
     \clist_set:Nn \l_@@_fontfeat_sl_clist {#1}
2141 }
```

```
2142 \00_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse} {BoldSlantedFeatures}
2143 {
2144
               \clist_set:Nn \l_@@_fontfeat_bfsl_clist {#1}
2145 }
    Note that small caps features can vary by shape, so these in fact aren't pre-parsed.
2146 \00_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {SmallCapsFeatures}
2147 {
              \bool_if:NF \l_@@_firsttime_bool
2149
2150
                    \clist_set:Nn \l_@@_fontfeat_sc_clist {#1}
2151
                 }
2152 }
            paragraphFeatures varying by size
2153 \00_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse} {SizeFeatures}
2154 {
              \clist_set:Nn \l_@@_sizefeat_clist {#1}
2155
             \clist_put_right:Nn \l_@@_fontfeat_up_clist { SizeFeatures = {#1} }
2156
2157 }
2158 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse-nested} {SizeFeatures}
2159 {
             \clist_set:Nn \l_@@_sizefeat_clist {#1}
            \tl_if_empty:NT \l_@@_this_font_tl
                { \t = 1 \ \t = 1 \
2164 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse-nested} {Font}
             \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_this_font_tl {#1}
2166
2167 }
2168 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {SizeFeatures}
2169 {
2170 % dummy
2171 }
2172 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {Font}
2173 {
2174
             % dummy
2175 }
2176 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-sizing} {Size}
2177 {
             \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_size_tl {#1}
2178
2179 }
2180 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-sizing} {Font}
             \fontspec_complete_fontname: Nn \l_@@_sizedfont_tl {#1}
2183 }
```

38.0.4 Font-independent features

These features can be applied to any font.

NFSS encoding For the very brave.

```
2184 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-preparse} {NFSSEncoding}
2185 {
2186 \tl_gset:Nx \l_@@_nfss_enc_tl { #1 }
2187 }
```

NFSS family Interactions with other packages will sometimes require setting the NFSS family explicitly. (By default fontspec auto-generates one based on the font name.)

NFSS series/shape This option looks similar in name but has a very different function

```
2195 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {FontFace}
2196 {
     \tl_set:No \l_@@_arg_tl { \use_iii:nnn #1 }
     \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@@_this_feat_tl \l_@@_arg_tl
     \tl_clear:N \l_@@_this_font_tl
2199
     \int_compare:nT { \clist_count:N \l_@@_arg_tl = 1 }
2200
2201
2202 (*debug)
        \typeout{FontFace~ parsing:~ one~ clist~ item}
2203
2204 (/debug)
        \tl_if_in:NnF \l_@@_arg_tl {=}
2205
2206
        {
2207 (*debug)
2208
          \typeout{FontFace~ parsing:~ no~ equals~ =>~ font~ name~ only}
2209 (/debug)
          \tl set eq:NN \l @@ this font tl \l @@ arg tl
2210
          \tl clear:N \l @@ this feat tl
2211
2212
      }
2213
2214
     \@@_add_nfssfont:nnnn
      {\use_i:nnn \ \#1}{\use_ii:nnn \ \#1}{\l_00\_this_font_tl}{\l_00\_this_feat_tl}
2217 }
```

Scale If the input isn't one of the pre-defined string options, then it's gotta be numerical. \fontspec_calc_scale:n does all the work in the auto-scaling cases.

```
2218 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {Scale}
2219 {
2220 \str_case:nnF {#1}
2221 {
```

\@@_calc_scale:n

This macro calculates the amount of scaling between the default roman font and the (default shape of) the font being selected such that the font dimension that is input is equal for both. The only font dimensions that justify this are 5 (lowercase height) and 8 (uppercase height in X¬T¬FX).

This script is executed for every extra shape, which seems wasteful, but allows alternate italic shapes from a separate font, say, to be loaded and to be auto-scaled correctly. Even if this would be ugly.

```
2228 \cs_new:Nn \@@_calc_scale:n
2229 {
2230
      \group_begin:
        \rmfamily
2231
        \@@_set_font_dimen:NnN \l_@@_tmpa_dim {#1} \font
2232
        \@@_set_font_dimen:NnN \l_@@_tmpb_dim {#1} \l_fontspec_font
2233
        \tl_gset:Nx \l_@0_scale_tl
2234
2235
          \fp_eval:n { \dim_to_fp:n {\l_@@_tmpa_dim} /
2236
                        \dim_to_fp:n {\l_@@_tmpb_dim} }
2237
2238
        \@@_info:n {set-scale}
2239
      \group_end:
2240
2241 }
```

\@@_set_font_dimen:NnN

This function sets the dimension #1 (for font #3) to 'fontdimen' #2 for either font dimension 5 (x-height) or 8 (cap-height). If, for some reason, these return an incorrect 'zero' value (as \fontdimen8 might for a .tfm font), then we cheat and measure the height of a glyph. We assume in this case that the font contains either an 'X' or an 'x'.

```
2242 \cs_new:Nn \@@_set_font_dimen:NnN
2243 {
      \dim_set:Nn #1 { \fontdimen #2 #3 }
2244
      \dim_{compare:nNnT} #1 = {Qpt}
2245
        \settoheight #1
2247
2248
          \str_if_eq:nnTF {#3} {\font} \rmfamily #3
2249
          \int_case:nnF #2
2250
2251
             {5} {x} % x-height
2252
             {8} {X} % cap-height
2253
           } {?} % "else" clause; never reached.
2254
2255
       }
2256
2257 }
```

Inter-word space These options set the relevant \fontdimens for the font being loaded.

```
2258 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {WordSpace}
2259 {
2260 \bool_if:NF \l_@@_firsttime_bool
2261 { \_fontspec_parse_wordspace:w #1,,,\q_stop }
2262 }
2263 \@@_aff_error:n {WordSpace}
```

_fontspec_parse_wordspace:w

This macro determines if the input to WordSpace is of the form {X} or {X,Y,Z} and executes the font scaling. If the former input, it executes {X,X,X}.

```
2264 \cs_set:Npn \_fontspec_parse_wordspace:w #1,#2,#3,#4 \q_stop
2265 {
     \tl_if_empty:nTF {#4}
2266
2267
       {
2268
        \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_wordspace_adjust_tl
2269
          \fontdimen 2 \font = #1 \fontdimen 2 \font
2270
          \fontdimen 3 \font = #1 \fontdimen 3 \font
          \fontdimen 4 \font = #1 \fontdimen 4 \font
2272
         }
2273
       }
2274
       {
2275
        \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_wordspace_adjust_tl
2276
2277
          \fontdimen 2 \font = #1 \fontdimen 2 \font
2278
          \fontdimen 3 \font = #2 \fontdimen 3 \font
2279
          \fontdimen 4 \font = #3 \fontdimen 4 \font
2280
2281
2282
       }
2283 }
```

Punctuation space Scaling factor for the nominal \fontdimen#7.

```
2284 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {PunctuationSpace}
2285 {
2286
      \str_case_x:nnF {#1}
2287
        {WordSpace}
2288
2289
         \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_punctspace_adjust_tl
2290
          { \fontdimen 7 \font = 0 \fontdimen 2 \font }
2291
2292
        {TwiceWordSpace}
2293
2294
         \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_punctspace_adjust_tl
2295
          { \fontdimen 7 \font = 1 \fontdimen 2 \font }
2296
        }
2297
       }
2298
2299
         \tl set:Nn \l @@ punctspace adjust tl
2300
         { \fontdimen 7 \font = #1 \fontdimen 7 \font }
2301
```

```
}
2302
2303 }
2304 \@@_aff_error:n {PunctuationSpace}
 Secret hook into the font-adjustment code
2305 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {FontAdjustment}
2306 {
     \tl_put_right:Nx \l_@@_postadjust_tl {#1}
2308 }
 Letterspacing
2309 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {LetterSpace}
2310 {
     \@@_update_featstr:n {letterspace=#1}
2311
2312 }
 Hyphenation character This feature takes one of three arguments: 'None', \( \langle glyph \rangle \),
 or \langle slot \rangle. If the input isn't the first, and it's one character, then it's the second; otherwise,
 it's the third.
2313 \00_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {HyphenChar}
2314 {
      \verb|\bool_if:NT \l_@@\_addfontfeatures_bool|\\
2315
       { \00_{error:nx \{not-in-addfontfeatures\}}  {HyphenChar} }
2316
2317
      \str_if_eq:nnTF {#1} {None}
2318
2319
        \tl_put_right:Nn \l_@@_postadjust_tl
2320
          { \hyphenchar \font = \c_minus_one }
2321
       }
2322
       {
2323
        \tl_if_single:nTF {#1}
2324
         { \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_hyphenchar_tl {`#1} }
2325
         { \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_hyphenchar_tl { #1} }
2326
        \@@_primitive_font_glyph_if_exist:NnTF \l_fontspec_font {\l_fontspec_hyphenchar_tl}
2327
2328
          \tl_put_right:Nn \l_@@_postadjust_tl
2329
2330 (*xetexx)
             { \hyphenchar \font = \l_fontspec_hyphenchar_tl \scan_stop: }
2331
2332 (/xetexx)
2333 (*luatex)
2334
               \hyphenchar \font = \c_zero
2335
               \int_set:Nn \luatex_prehyphenchar:D { \l_fontspec_hyphenchar_tl }
2336
2337
2338 (/luatex)
2339
         { \@@_error:nx {no-glyph}{#1} }
2340
2341
2342 }
```

2343 \@@_aff_error:n {HyphenChar}

```
Color Hooks into pkgxcolor, which names its colours \color@<name>.
2344 \00_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {Color}
2345 {
      \cs_if_exist:cTF { \token_to_str:N \color@ #1 }
2346
2347
        \convertcolorspec{named}{#1}{HTML}\l @@ hexcol tl
2348
2349
2350
        \int_compare:nTF { \tl_count:n {#1} == 6 }
2351
          { \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_hexcol_tl {#1} }
2352
2353
           \int_compare:nTF { \tl_count:n {#1} == 8 }
2354
            { \fontspec_parse_colour:viii #1 }
2355
2356
             \bool_if:NF \l_@@_firsttime_bool
2357
               { \@@_warning:nx {bad-colour} {#1} }
2358
2359
          }
2360
2361
2362 }
2363 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_parse_colour:viii #1#2#3#4#5#6#7#8
2364 {
      \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_hexcol_tl {#1#2#3#4#5#6}
2365
      \tl_if_eq:NNF \l_@@_opacity_tl \g_@@_opacity_tl
2367
        \bool_if:NF \l_@@_firsttime_bool
2368
          { \@@_warning:nx {opa-twice-col} {#7#8} }
2369
2370
      \label{local_set_Nn l_00_opacity_tl {#7#8}} $$ \t = \label{local_set_Nn l_00_opacity_tl {#7#8}} $$
2371
2372 }
2373 \aliasfontfeature{Color}{Colour}
_{2374}\00_{eys\_define\_code:nnn} \{fontspec\} \{0pacity\}
2375 {
      \label{local_set:Nn local_set:Nn local} $$ \left( \frac{255}{} \right) $$
2376
      \@@_int_mult_truncate:Nn \l_@@_tmp_int { #1 }
      \label{locality_tl} $$ \tilde{g_00_opacity_tl} \g_00_opacity_tl $$
2379
2380
        \bool_if:NF \l_@@_firsttime_bool
          { \@@_warning:nx {opa-twice} {#1} }
2381
2382
2383
      \t: Nx \l_00_opacity_tl
2384
2385
          \int \int_{0}^{\infty} ds ds = T \left( \int_{0}^{\infty} ds \right) ds
          \int_to_hex:n { \l_@@_tmp_int }
2386
       }
2387
2388 }
 Mapping
2389 (*xetexx)
2390 \00_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-aat} {Mapping}
```

```
{
2391
        2392
2393
2394 \00_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-opentype} {Mapping}
2395
2396
        \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_mapping_tl { #1 }
2397
2398 (/xetexx)
2399 (*luatex)
2400 \00_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-opentype} {Mapping}
2401 {
     \str_if_eq:nnTF {#1} {tex-text}
2402
2403
        \@@_warning:n {no-mapping-ligtex}
2404
        \msg_redirect_name:nnn {fontspec} {no-mapping-ligtex} {none}
2405
        \keys_set:nn {fontspec-opentype} { Ligatures=TeX }
2406
2407
       { \@@_warning:n {no-mapping} }
2408
2409 }
2410 (/luatex)
 38.0.5 Continuous font axes
2411 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {Weight}
2412 {
     \@@_update_featstr:n{weight=#1}
2413
2414 }
2415 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {Width}
2416 {
     \@@_update_featstr:n{width=#1}
2417
2418 }
2419 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec} {OpticalSize}
2420 (*xetexx)
2421 {
     \bool_if:NTF \l_@@_ot_bool
2422
        \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_optical_size_tl {/ S = #1}
2424
       }
2425
2426
        \bool_if:NT \l_@@_mm_bool
2427
2428
          \@@_update_featstr:n { optical size = #1 }
2429
2430
       }
2431
      \bool_if:nT { !\l_@@_ot_bool && !\l_@@_mm_bool }
2432
2433
        \bool_if:NT \l_@@_firsttime_bool
2434
         { \@@_warning:n {no-opticals} }
2435
       }
2436
2437 }
2438 (/xetexx)
<sub>2439</sub> (*luatex)
```

```
2440 {
2441 \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_optical_size_tl {/ S = #1}
2442 }
2443 \/ luatex\
```

38.o.6 Font transformations

These are to be specified to apply directly to a font shape:

```
2444 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
2445 {
      FakeSlant .code:n =
2446
       {
2447
        \verb|\@Q_update_featstr:n{slant=#1}|
2448
       },
2449
      FakeSlant .default:n = \{0.2\}
2452 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
2453 {
      FakeStretch .code:n =
2454
2455
        \@@_update_featstr:n{extend=#1}
2456
       },
2457
      FakeStretch .default:n = {1.2}
2458
2459}
2460 (*xetexx)
2461 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
2462 {
2463
      FakeBold .code:n =
2464
        \@@_update_featstr:n {embolden=#1}
2465
       },
2466
      FakeBold .default:n = {1.5}
2467
2468 }
2469 (/xetexx)
<sub>2470</sub> (*luatex)
2471 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
2472 {
     FakeBold .code:n = { \@@_warning:n {fakebold-only-xetex} }
2473
2474 }
<sub>2475</sub> (/luatex)
```

These are to be given to a shape that has no real bold/italic to signal that fontspec should automatically create 'fake' shapes.

The behaviour is currently that only if both AutoFakeSlant and AutoFakeBold are specified, the bold italic is also faked.

These features presently *override* real shapes found in the font; in the future I'd like these features to be ignored in this case, instead. (This is just a bit harder to program in the current design of fontspec.)

```
2476 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
2477 {
2478   AutoFakeSlant .code:n =
2479   {
```

```
\bool_if:NT \l_@@_firsttime_bool
2480
2481
2482
          \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_fake_slant_tl {#1}
2483
          \clist_put_right:Nn \l_@0_fontfeat_it_clist {FakeSlant=#1}
2484
          \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@@_fontname_it_tl \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
          \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_noit_bool
2485
2486
          \tl_if_empty:NF \l_@@_fake_embolden_tl
2487
2488
            \clist_put_right:Nx \l_@@_fontfeat_bfit_clist
2489
             {FakeBold=\l_@@_fake_embolden_tl}
2490
            \clist_put_right:Nx \l_@@_fontfeat_bfit_clist {FakeSlant=#1}
2491
            \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@@_fontname_bfit_tl \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
2492
2493
         }
2494
      },
2495
      AutoFakeSlant .default:n = \{0.2\}
2496
2497 }
 Same but reversed:
2498 \keys_define:nn {fontspec}
2499 {
2500
     AutoFakeBold .code:n =
2501
        \bool_if:NT \l_@@_firsttime_bool
2502
2503
          \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_fake_embolden_tl {#1}
2504
          \clist_put_right:Nn \l_@@_fontfeat_bf_clist {FakeBold=#1}
2505
          \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@@_fontname_bf_tl \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
2506
          \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_nobf_bool
2507
2508
          \tl_if_empty:NF \l_@0_fake_slant_tl
2509
2510
            \clist_put_right:Nx \l_@@_fontfeat_bfit_clist
2511
             {FakeSlant=\l_@@_fake_slant_tl}
2512
            \clist_put_right:Nx \l_@@_fontfeat_bfit_clist {FakeBold=#1}
2513
            \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@@_fontname_bfit_tl \l_fontspec_fontname_tl
2514
2515
         }
2516
      },
2517
     AutoFakeBold .default:n = {1.5}
2519}
```

38.0.7 Raw feature string

This allows savvy X₃T₂X-ers to input font features manually if they have already memorised the OpenType abbreviations and don't mind not having error checking.

```
2520 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-opentype} {RawFeature}
2521 {
2522 \@@_update_featstr:n {#1}
2523 }
2524 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-aat} {RawFeature}
```

```
2525 {
2526
    \@@_update_featstr:n {#1}
2527 }
         OpenType feature definitions
2528 \@@_feat_prop_add:nn {salt} { Alternate\,=\,$N$ }
2529 \@@_feat_prop_add:nn {nalt} { Annotation\,=\,$N$ }
2530 \@@_feat_prop_add:nn {ornm} { Ornament\,=\,$N$ }
2531 \@@_feat_prop_add:nn {cvNN} { CharacterVariant\,=\,$N$:$M$ }
2532 \@@_feat_prop_add:nn {ssNN} { StylisticSet\,=\,$N$ }
 38.2 Regular key=val / tag definitions
 38.2.1 Ligatures
2533 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Ligatures}
_{2534}\ \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn {Ligatures} {ResetAll} {} {}
2535
       +dlig,-dlig,+rlig,-rlig,+liga,-liga,+dlig,-dlig,+clig,-clig,+hlig,-hlig,
2536
2537 (xetexx) mapping = tex-text
2538 (luatex) +tlig,-tlig
2540 \00_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Ligatures} {Required}
                                                                       {rlig} {rlig} {}
2541 \00_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Ligatures} {Common}
                                                                       {liga} {liga} {}
2542 \00_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Ligatures} {Rare}
                                                                       {dlig} {dlig} {}
2543 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Ligatures} {Discretionary} {dlig} {dlig} {}
2544 \00_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Ligatures} {Contextual}
                                                                      {clig} {clig} {}
2545 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Ligatures} {Historic}
                                                                       {hlig} {hlig} {}
 Emulate CM extra ligatures.
2546 (*xetexx)
2547 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-opentype}
2549
       Ligatures / TeX .code:n = { \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_mapping_tl {tex-text} },
       Ligatures / TeXReset .code:n = { \tl_clear:N \l_@0_mapping_tl },
2550
    }
255I
2552 (/xetexx)
_{2553} (luatex)\@@_define_opentype_onreset:nnnnn {Ligatures} {TeX} {} { +tlig } {}
 38.2.2 Letters
2554 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Letters}
                                       {Letters} {ResetAll} {} {}
2555 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
2556
       +case, +smcp, +pcap, +c2sc, +c2pc, +unic, +rand,
2557
        -case,-smcp,-pcap,-c2sc,-c2pc,-unic,-rand
2558
2559
2560 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Letters} {Uppercase} {case} {case} {+smcp,+pcap,+c2sc,+c
2561 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Letters} {SmallCaps} {smcp} {+pcap,+unic,+rand}
2562 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Letters} {PetiteCaps} {pcap} {pcap} {+smcp,+unic,+rand}
2563 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Letters} {UppercaseSmallCaps} {c2sc} {c2sc} {+c2pc,+unic
```

2564 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Letters} {UppercasePetiteCaps} {c2pc} {c2pc} {+c2sc,+un:

```
2565 \QQ_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Letters} {Unicase} {unic} {+rand}
2566 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Letters} {Random} {rand} {rand} {+unic}
 38.2.3 Numbers
2567 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Numbers}
2568 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                        {Numbers} {ResetAll} {} {}
2569
       +tnum,-tnum.
2570
       +pnum,-pnum,
2571
       +onum,-onum,
2572
       +lnum,-lnum,
2573
       +zero,-zero,
2574
       +anum,-anum,
2575
    }
2576
{\tt 2577} \verb|\@C_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Numbers} {\tt Monospaced}|
                                                                    {tnum} {tnum} {+pnum,-
2578 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Numbers} {Proportional} {pnum} {+tnum,-
2579 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Numbers} {Lowercase}
                                                                    {onum} {onum} {+lnum,-
   lnum}
2580 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Numbers} {Uppercase}
                                                                    {lnum} {lnum} {+onum,-
   onum}
2581 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Numbers} {SlashedZero} {zero} {}
2582 \aliasfontfeatureoption {Numbers} {Monospaced} {Tabular}
2583 \aliasfontfeatureoption {Numbers} {Lowercase} {OldStyle}
2584 \aliasfontfeatureoption {Numbers} {Uppercase} {Lining}
    luaotload provides a custom anum feature for replacing Latin (AKA Arabic) num-
 bers with Arabic (AKA Indic-Arabic). The same feature maps to Farsi (Persian) num-
 bers if font language is Farsi.
2585 (luatex) \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Numbers} {Arabic} {anum} {}
 38.2.4 Vertical position
2586 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {VerticalPosition}
2587 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                          {VerticalPosition} {ResetAll} {} {}
2588
     {
       +sups,-sups,
2589
       +subs,-subs,
2590
       +ordn,-ordn,
2591
       +numr,-numr,
2592
       +dnom,-dnom,
2593
       +sinf,-sinf,
2594
2595
2596 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {VerticalPosition} {Superior}
                                                                                    {sups} {sups} {+
2597 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {VerticalPosition} {Inferior}
                                                                                    {subs} {subs} {+:
2598 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {VerticalPosition} {Ordinal}
                                                                                    {ordn} {ordn} {+:
2599 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {VerticalPosition} {Numerator}
                                                                                    {numr} {numr} {+
2600 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {VerticalPosition} {Denominator}
                                                                                    {dnom} {dnom} {+
2601 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {VerticalPosition} {ScientificInferior} {sinf} {sinf} {+6
```

38.2.5 Contextuals

```
2602 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Contextuals}
2603 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                                                                             {Contextuals} {ResetAll} {} {}
2604
2605
                 +cswh,-cswh,
2606
                 +calt,-calt,
2607
                 +init,-init,
2608
                 +fina,-fina,
                 +falt,-falt,
2609
                 +medi,-medi,
2610
2611
2612 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Contextuals} {Swash}
                                                                                                                                                             {cswh} {cswh} {}
2613 \00_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Contextuals} {Alternate}
                                                                                                                                                             {calt} {calt} {}
2614 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Contextuals} {WordInitial} {init} {}
2615 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Contextuals} {WordFinal}
                                                                                                                                                             {fina} {fina} {}
{\tt 2616 \setminus @@\_define\_opentype\_onoffreset:nnnnn} \ \{Contextuals\} \ \{LineFinal\}
                                                                                                                                                             {falt} {falt} {}
{\tt 2617} \verb|\@Contextuals| {\tt Inner}|
                                                                                                                                                             {medi} {medi} {}
   38.2.6 Diacritics
2618 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Diacritics}
2619 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                                                                             {Diacritics} {ResetAll} {} {}
          {
2620
                 +mark,-mark,
2621
                 +mkmk,-mkmk,
2622
                 +abvm,-abvm,
2623
                 +blwm,-blwm,
2624
2625
2626 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Diacritics} {MarkToBase} {mark} {mark} {}
2628 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Diacritics} {AboveBase} {abvm} {abvm} {}
{\tt 2629 \backslash @Q\_define\_opentype\_onoffreset:nnnnn \{Diacritics\} \{BelowBase\} \quad \{blwm\} \ 
  38.2.7 Kerning
2630 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Kerning}
2631 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                                                                             {Kerning} {ResetAll} {} {}
          Ł
2632
2633
                 +cpsp,-cpsp,
2634
                 +kern,-kern,
2635
           }
2636 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Kerning} {Uppercase} {cpsp} {}
2637 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                                                                             {Kerning} {On}
                                                                                                                                               {kern} {+kern} {-
                                                                                             {Kerning} {Off}
                                                                                                                                               {kern} {-kern} {+kern}
2638 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
2639 \ensuremath{\texttt{Q@\_define\_opentype\_feature:nnnnn}}
                                                                                             {Kerning} {Reset}
                                                                                                                                               {} {} {+kern,-kern}
  38.2.8 Fractions
2640 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Fractions}
_{264\text{I}}\ \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                                                                             {Fractions} {ResetAll} {} {}
2642
2643
                 +frac,-frac,
2644
                 +afrc,-afrc,
2645
          }
```

```
{frac} {+frac} {}
2646 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                           {Fractions} {On}
2647 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                           {Fractions} {Off}
                                                                 {frac} {-frac} {}
2648 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                           {Fractions} {Reset} {} {} {+frac,-frac}
2649 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Fractions} {Alternate} {afrc} {-
   frac}
 38.2.9 Style
2650 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Style}
2651 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                           {Style} {ResetAll} {} {}
2652
        +salt,-salt,
2653
        +ital,-ital,
2654
2655
        +ruby,-ruby,
2656
        +swsh,-swsh,
        +hist,-hist,
2657
        +titl,-titl,
2658
        +hkna,-hkna,
2659
        +vkna,-vkna,
2660
2661
        +ssty=0, -ssty=0,
2662
        +ssty=1, -ssty=1,
2663
     }
2664 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Style} {Alternate}
                                                                         {salt} {salt} {}
                                                                         {ital} {ital} {}
2665 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Style} {Italic}
2666 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Style} {Ruby}
                                                                         {ruby} {ruby} {}
2667 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Style} {Swash}
                                                                         {swsh} {swsh} {}
2668 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Style} {Cursive}
                                                                         {swsh} {curs} {}
2669 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Style} {Historic}
                                                                         {hist} {hist} {}
2670 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Style} {TitlingCaps}
                                                                         {titl} {titl} {}
2671 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Style} {HorizontalKana}
                                                                         {hkna} {hkna} {+vkna,+pkna}
{\tt 2672} \verb|\@0_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Style} {\tt VerticalKana} \\
                                                                         {vkna} {vkna} {+hkna,+pkna}
2673 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Style} {ProportionalKana}
                                                                        {pkna} {pkna} {+vkna,+hkna}
                                           {Style} {MathScript}
2674 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                                                         \{ssty\} \{+ssty=0\} \{+ssty=1\}
_{2675}\ensuremath{\,\backslash\,}00\_define\_opentype\_feature:nnnnn
                                           {Style} {MathScriptScript} {ssty} {+ssty=1} {+ssty=0}
 38.2.10 CJK shape
2676 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n
                                           {CJKShape}
2677 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                           {CJKShape} {ResetAll} {} {}
     {
2678
        +trad,-trad,
2679
        +smpl,-smpl,
2680
        +jp78,-jp78,
2681
        +jp83,-jp83,
2682
        +jp90,-jp90,
2683
2684
        +jp04,-jp04,
        +expt,-expt,
2685
        +nlck,-nlck,
2686
2687
2688 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CJKShape} {Traditional} {trad} {trad} {+smpl,+jp78,+jp86
2689 \@@ define opentype onoffreset:nnnnn {CJKShape} {Simplified}
                                                                      {smpl} {smpl} {+trad,+jp78,+jp83
2690 \@@ define opentype onoffreset:nnnnn {CJKShape} {JIS1978}
                                                                      {jp78} {jp78} {+trad,+smpl,+jp83
```

{jp83} {jp83} {+trad,+smpl,+jp78

2691 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CJKShape} {JIS1983}

```
{jp90} {jp90} {+trad,+smpl,+jp78
2692 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CJKShape} {JIS199@}
2693 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CJKShape} {JIS2004}
                                                                     {jp04} {jp04} {+trad,+smpl,+jp78
2694 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CJKShape} {Expert}
                                                                     {expt} {expt} {+trad,+smpl,+jp78
2695 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CJKShape} {NLC}
                                                                    {nlck} {nlck} {+trad,+smpl,+jp78
 38.2.11 Character width
2696 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {CharacterWidth}
2697 \@@_define_opentype_feature:nnnnn
                                          {CharacterWidth} {ResetAll} {} {}
2698
       +pwid,-pwid,
2699
       +fwid,-fwid,
2700
       +hwid,-hwid,
2701
       +twid,-twid,
2702
       +qwid,-qwid,
2703
       +palt,-palt,
2704
       +halt,-halt,
2705
    }
2706
2707 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CharacterWidth} {Proportional}
                                                                                      {pwid} {pwid} {-
                                                                                      {fwid} {fwid} {-
2708 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CharacterWidth} {Full}
                                                                                      {hwid} {hwid} {-
2709 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CharacterWidth} {Half}
                                                                                      {twid} {twid} {-
2710 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CharacterWidth} {Third}
                                                                                      {qwid} {qwid} {-
2711 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CharacterWidth} {Quarter}
2712 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CharacterWidth} {AlternateProportional} {palt} {palt} {
2713 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {CharacterWidth} {AlternateHalf}
                                                                                      {halt} {halt} {-
 38.2.12 Vertical
 According to spec vkrn must also activate vpal if available but for simplicity we don't
```

do that here (yet?).

```
2714 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Vertical}
2715 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Vertical} {RotatedGlyphs}
                                                                               {vrt2} {vrt2} {+vrtr,
2716 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Vertical} {AlternatesForRotation} {vrtr} {vrtr} {+vrt2}
2717 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Vertical} {Alternates}
                                                                               {vert} {vert} {+vrt2}
2718 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Vertical} {KanaAlternates}
                                                                               {vkna} {vkna} {+hkna}
2719 \00_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Vertical} {Kerning}
                                                                               {vkrn} {vkrn} {}
                                                                               {valt} {valt} {+vhal,
2720 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Vertical} {AlternateMetrics}
                                                                               {vhal} {vhal} {+valt,
{\tt 272I} \verb|\@C_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn| \{Vertical\} \ \{HalfMetrics\}
2722 \@@_define_opentype_onoffreset:nnnnn {Vertical} {ProportionalMetrics}
                                                                               {vpal} {vpal} {+valt,
```

OpenType features that need numbering

38.3.1 Alternate

```
2723 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Alternate}
2724 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-opentype}
2725 {
     Alternate .default:n = \{0\},
2726
2727 (luatex) Alternate / Random .code:n =
<sub>2728</sub> (luatex)
            { \@@_make_OT_feature:nnn {salt}{ +salt = random }{} } ,
2729 Alternate / unknown .code:n =
2730
        \clist map inline:nn {#1}
2731
```

```
{ \color= make_OT_feature:nnn {salt}{ +salt = ##1 }{} }
2732
2733
       }
2734 }
2735 \aliasfontfeature{Alternate}{StylisticAlternates}
 38.3.2 Variant / StylisticSet
2736 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Variant}
2737 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-opentype}
2738 {
     Variant .default:n = \{\emptyset\},
2739
      Variant / unknown .code:n =
       {
2741
        \clist_map_inline:nn {#1}
2742
2743
          {
            \@@_make_OT_feature:xxx { ss \two@digits {##1} } { +ss \two@digits {##1} } {}
2745
2746
       }
2748 \aliasfontfeature{Variant}{StylisticSet}
 38.3.3 CharacterVariant
2749 \@@_define_opentype_feature_group:n {CharacterVariant}
2750 \use:x
2751 {
     \cs_new:Npn \exp_not:N \fontspec_parse_cv:w
2752
2753
          ##1 \c_colon_str ##2 \c_colon_str ##3 \exp_not:N \q_nil
2754
         \@@_make_OT_feature:xxx
2755
           { cv \exp_not:N \two@digits {##1} } { +cv \exp_not:N \two@digits {##1} = ##2 } {}
2756
2757
      \keys_define:nn {fontspec-opentype}
2758
2759
        CharacterVariant / unknown .code:n =
2760
2761
         {
          \clist_map_inline:nn {##1}
2762
           {
2763
            \exp_not:N \fontspec_parse_cv:w
2764
              ####1 \c_colon_str & \c_colon_str \exp_not:N \q_nil
2765
2766
2767
         }
2768
       }
2769 }
 Possibilities: a: \emptyset: \neq_nil or a: b: \emptyset: \neq_nil.
 38.3.4 Annotation
2770 \00_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Annotation}
2771 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-opentype}
     Annotation .default:n = \{\emptyset\},
     Annotation / unknown .code:n =
2774
       {
2775
```

```
\@@_make_OT_feature:nnn {nalt} {+nalt=#1} {}
2776
      }
2777
2778 }
 38.3.5 Ornament
2779 \00_define_opentype_feature_group:n {Ornament}
2780 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-opentype}
2781 {
_{27}8_{2} Ornament .default:n = {0},
     Ornament / unknown .code:n =
2783
2784
        \@@_make_OT_feature:nnn {ornm} { +ornm=#1 } {}
2785
      }
2786
2787 }
         Script and Language
 38.4
 38.4.1 Script
2788 \keys_define:nn { fontspec-opentype } { Script .choice: }
2789 \cs_new: Nn \fontspec_new_script:nn
2790 {
     \keys_define:nn { fontspec-opentype } { Script / #1 .code:n =
2791
        \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_script_exist_bool
2792
        \clist_map_inline:nn {#2}
2793
         {
2794
          \verb|\@0_check_script:nTF {####1}|
2795
2796
            \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_script_tl {###1}
2797
            \int_set:Nn \l_@@_script_int {\l_@@_strnum_int}
2798
            \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_script_exist_bool
2799
            \tl_gset:Nx \g_00_single_feat_tl { script=####1 }
2800
            \clist_map_break:
2801
           }
2802
           { }
2803
         }
2804
        \bool_if:NF \l_@@_script_exist_bool
2805
2807
          \str_if_eq:nnTF {#1} {Latin}
2808
            \@@_warning:nx {script-not-exist} {#1}
2809
           }
2810
           {
2811
            \@@_check_script:nTF {latn}
2812
2813
              \@@_warning:nx {script-not-exist-latn} {#1}
2814
              \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_script_tl {latn}
2815
2816
              \int_set:Nn \l_@@_script_int {\l_@@_strnum_int}
2817
2818
              \@@ warning:nx {script-not-exist} {#1}
2819
2820
           }
```

2821

```
}
2822
       }
2823
2824 }
 38.4.2 Language
2825 \keys_define:nn { fontspec-opentype } { Language .choice: }
2826 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_new_lang:nn
2827 {
      \keys_define:nn { fontspec-opentype } { Language / #1 .code:n =
2828
      \@@_check_lang:nTF {#2}
2830
         {
          \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_lang_tl {#2}
2831
          \int_set:Nn \l_@@_language_int {\l_@@_strnum_int}
2832
2833
          \tl_gset:Nx \g_@@_single_feat_tl { language=#2 }
         }
2834
         {
2835
          \@@_warning:nx {language-not-exist} {#1}
2836
          \keys_set:nn { fontspec-opentype } { Language = Default }
2837
2838
2839
2840 }
 Default
2841 \@@_keys_define_code:nnn {fontspec-opentype}{ Language / Default }
2842 {
     \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_lang_tl {DFLT}
2843
      \int_zero:N \l_@@_language_int
      \tl_gset:Nn \g_00_single_feat_tl { language=DFLT }
2846 }
 than the specified 'TRK'. So we check for both:
```

Turkish Turns out that many fonts use 'TUR' as their Turkish language tag rather

```
2847 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-opentype}
2848 {
     Language / Turkish .code:n =
2849
2850
        \@@_check_lang:nTF {TRK}
2851
         {
2852
          \int_set:Nn \l_@@_language_int {\l_@@_strnum_int}
2853
          \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_lang_tl {TRK}
2854
          \tl_gset:Nn \g_00_single_feat_tl { language=TRK }
2855
         }
2856
         {
2857
          \@@_check_lang:nTF {TUR}
2858
2859
            \int_set:Nn \l_00_language_int {\l_00_strnum_int}
2860
            \tl_set:Nn \l_fontspec_lang_tl {TUR}
2861
2862
            \tl_gset:Nn \g_@@_single_feat_tl { language=TUR }
2863
           }
2864
2865
            \@@_warning:nx {language-not-exist} {Turkish}
```

```
2866 \keys_set:nn {fontspec-opentype} {Language=Default}
2867 }
2868 }
2869 }
2870 }
```

38.5 Backwards compatibility

Backwards compatibility:

```
2871 \cs_new:Nn \@@_ot_compat:nn
2872
     {
        \aliasfontfeatureoption {#1} {#20ff} {No#2}
2873
2874
     }
2875 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Ligatures}
                                    {Rare}
2876 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Ligatures}
                                    {Required}
2877 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Ligatures}
                                    {Common}
2878 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Ligatures}
                                    {Discretionary}
                                    {Contextual}
2879 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Ligatures}
2880 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Ligatures}
                                    {Historic}
2881 \00 ot compat:nn {Numbers}
                                    {SlashedZero}
2882 \@@ ot compat:nn {Contextuals} {Swash}
2883 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Contextuals} {Alternate}
2884 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Contextuals} {WordInitial}
2885 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Contextuals} {WordFinal}
2886 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Contextuals} {LineFinal}
2887 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Contextuals} {Inner}
2888 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Diacritics} {MarkToBase}
2889 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Diacritics}
                                    {MarkToMark}
2890 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Diacritics}
                                    {AboveBase}
2891 \@@_ot_compat:nn {Diacritics} {BelowBase}
```

38.6 Font script definitions

```
2892 \newfontscript{Arabic}{arab}
2893 \newfontscript{Armenian}{armn}
2894 \newfontscript{Balinese}{bali}
2895 \newfontscript{Bengali}{bng2,beng}
2896 \newfontscript{Bopomofo}{bopo}
2897 \newfontscript{Braille}{brai}
2898 \newfontscript{Buginese}{bugi}
2899 \newfontscript{Buhid}{buhd}
2900 \newfontscript{Byzantine~Music}{byzm}
2901 \newfontscript{Canadian~Syllabics}{cans}
2902 \newfontscript{Cherokee}{cher}
2903 \newfontscript{CJK~Ideographic}{hani}
2904 \newfontscript{Coptic}{copt}
2905 \newfontscript{Cypriot~Syllabary}{cprt}
2906 \newfontscript{Cyrillic}{cyrl}
2907 \newfontscript{Default}{DFLT}
2908 \newfontscript{Deseret}{dsrt}
2909 \newfontscript{Devanagari}{dev2,deva}
```

```
2910 \newfontscript{Ethiopic}{ethi}
2911 \newfontscript{Georgian}{geor}
2912 \newfontscript{Glagolitic}{glag}
2913 \newfontscript{Gothic}{goth}
2914 \newfontscript{Greek}{grek}
2915 \newfontscript{Gujarati}{gjr2,gujr}
2916 \newfontscript{Gurmukhi}{gur2,guru}
2917 \newfontscript{Hangul~Jamo}{jamo}
2918 \newfontscript{Hangul}{hang}
2919 \newfontscript{Hanunoo}{hano}
2920 \newfontscript{Hebrew}{hebr}
2921 \newfontscript{Hiragana~and~Katakana}{kana}
2922 \newfontscript{Javanese}{java}
2923 \newfontscript{Kannada}{knd2,knda}
2924 \newfontscript{Kharosthi}{khar}
2925 \newfontscript{Khmer}{khmr}
2926 \newfontscript{Lao}{lao~}
2927 \newfontscript{Latin}{latn}
2928 \newfontscript{Limbu}{limb}
2929 \newfontscript{Linear~B}{linb}
2930 \newfontscript{Malayalam}{mlm2,mlym}
2931 \newfontscript{Math}{math}
2932 \newfontscript{Mongolian}{mong}
2933 \newfontscript{Musical~Symbols}{musc}
2934 \newfontscript{Myanmar}{mymr}
2935 \newfontscript{N'ko}{nko~}
2936 \newfontscript{Ogham}{ogam}
2937 \newfontscript{Old~Italic}{ital}
2938 \newfontscript{Old~Persian~Cuneiform}{xpeo}
2939 \newfontscript{Oriya}{ory2,orya}
2940 \newfontscript{Osmanya}{osma}
2941 \newfontscript{Phags-pa}{phag}
2942 \newfontscript{Phoenician}{phnx}
2943 \newfontscript{Runic}{runr}
2944 \newfontscript{Shavian}{shaw}
2945 \newfontscript{Sinhala}{sinh}
2946 \newfontscript{Sumero-Akkadian~Cuneiform}{xsux}
2947 \newfontscript{Syloti~Nagri}{sylo}
2948 \newfontscript{Syriac}{syrc}
2949 \newfontscript{Tagalog}{tglg}
2950 \newfontscript{Tagbanwa}{tagb}
2951 \newfontscript{Tai~Le}{tale}
2952 \newfontscript{Tai~Lu}{talu}
2953 \newfontscript{Tamil}{tml2,taml}
2954 \newfontscript{Telugu}{tel2,telu}
2955 \newfontscript{Thaana}{thaa}
2956 \newfontscript{Thai}{thai}
2957 \newfontscript{Tibetan}{tibt}
2958 \newfontscript{Tifinagh}{tfng}
2959 \newfontscript{Ugaritic~Cuneiform}{ugar}
2960 \newfontscript{Yi}{yi~~}
```

For convenience:

- 2961 \newfontscript{Kana}{kana}
- 2962 \newfontscript{Maths}{math}
- 2963 \newfontscript{CJK}{hani}

38.7 Font language definitions

- 2964 \newfontlanguage{Abaza}{ABA}
- 2965 \newfontlanguage{Abkhazian}{ABK}
- 2966 \newfontlanguage{Adyghe}{ADY}
- 2967 \newfontlanguage{Afrikaans}{AFK}
- 2968 \newfontlanguage{Afar}{AFR}
- 2969 \newfontlanguage{Agaw}{AGW}
- 2970 \newfontlanguage{Altai}{ALT}
- 2971 \newfontlanguage{Amharic}{AMH}
- 2972 \newfontlanguage{Arabic}{ARA}
- $_{2973} \rightarrow \{ARI\}$
- 2974 \newfontlanguage{Arakanese}{ARK}
- 2975 \newfontlanguage{Assamese}{ASM}
- 2976 \newfontlanguage{Athapaskan}{ATH}
- 2977 \newfontlanguage{Avar}{AVR}
- 2978 \newfontlanguage{Awadhi}{AWA}
- 2979 \newfontlanguage{Aymara}{AYM}
- 2980 \newfontlanguage{Azeri}{AZE}
- 2981 \newfontlanguage{Badaga}{BAD}
- 2982 \newfontlanguage{Baghelkhandi}{BAG}
- 2983 \newfontlanguage{Balkar}{BAL}
- 2984 \newfontlanguage{Baule}{BAU}
- ${\tt 2985 \backslash newfontlanguage\{Berber\}\{BBR\}}$
- 2986 \newfontlanguage{Bench}{BCH}
- 2988 \newfontlanguage{Belarussian}{BEL}
- 2989 \newfontlanguage{Bemba}{BEM}
- 2990 \newfontlanguage{Bengali}{BEN}
- 2991 \newfontlanguage{Bulgarian}{BGR}
- 2992 \newfontlanguage{Bhili}{BHI}
- ${\tt 2993 \ \ lember 18H0} \\$
- 2994 \newfontlanguage{Bikol}{BIK}
- 2995 \newfontlanguage{Bilen}{BIL}
- 2996 \newfontlanguage{Blackfoot}{BKF}
- 2998 \newfontlanguage{Balante}{BLN}
- ${\tt 2999 \ \ language \{Balti\}\{BLT\}}$
- 3000 \newfontlanguage{Bambara}{BMB}
- 3001 \newfontlanguage{Bamileke}{BML}
- 3002 \newfontlanguage{Breton}{BRE} 3003 \newfontlanguage{Brahui}{BRH}
- 3004 \newfontlanguage{Braj~Bhasha}{BRI}
- 3005 \newfontlanguage{Burmese}{BRM}
- 3006 \newfontlanguage{Bashkir}{BSH}
- 3007 \newfontlanguage{Beti}{BTI}
- 3008 \newfontlanguage{Catalan}{CAT}

```
3009 \newfontlanguage{Cebuano}{CEB}
3010 \newfontlanguage{Chechen}{CHE}
3011 \newfontlanguage{Chaha~Gurage}{CHG}
3012 \newfontlanguage{Chattisgarhi}{CHH}
3013 \newfontlanguage{Chichewa}{CHI}
3014 \newfontlanguage{Chukchi}{CHK}
3015 \newfontlanguage{Chipewyan}{CHP}
3016 \newfontlanguage{Cherokee}{CHR}
3017 \newfontlanguage{Chuvash}{CHU}
3018 \newfontlanguage{Comorian}{CMR}
3019 \newfontlanguage{Coptic}{COP}
3020 \newfontlanguage{Cree}{CRE}
3021 \newfontlanguage{Carrier}{CRR}
3023 \newfontlanguage{Church~Slavonic}{CSL}
3024 \newfontlanguage{Czech}{CSY}
3025 \newfontlanguage{Danish}{DAN}
3026 \newfontlanguage{Dargwa}{DAR}
3027 \newfontlanguage{Woods~Cree}{DCR}
3028 \newfontlanguage{German}{DEU}
3029 \newfontlanguage{Dogri}{DGR}
3030 \newfontlanguage{Divehi}{DIV}
3031 \newfontlanguage{Djerma}{DJR}
3032 \newfontlanguage{Dangme}{DNG}
3033 \newfontlanguage{Dinka}{DNK}
3034 \newfontlanguage{Dungan}{DUN}
3035 \newfontlanguage{Dzongkha}{DZN}
3036 \newfontlanguage{Ebira}{EBI}
3037 \newfontlanguage{Eastern~Cree}{ECR}
3038 \newfontlanguage{Edo}{EDO}
3039 \newfontlanguage{Efik}{EFI}
3040 \newfontlanguage{Greek}{ELL}
3041 \newfontlanguage{English}{ENG}
3042 \newfontlanguage{Erzya}{ERZ}
3043 \newfontlanguage{Spanish}{ESP}
3044 \newfontlanguage{Estonian}{ETI}
3045 \newfontlanguage{Basque}{EUQ}
3046 \newfontlanguage{Evenki}{EVK}
3047 \newfontlanguage{Even}{EVN}
3048 \newfontlanguage{Ewe}{EWE}
3050 \newfontlanguage{Farsi}{FAR}
3051 \newfontlanguage{Parsi}{FAR}
3052 \newfontlanguage{Persian}{FAR}
3053 \newfontlanguage{Finnish}{FIN}
3054 \newfontlanguage{Fijian}{FJI}
3055 \newfontlanguage{Flemish}{FLE}
3056 \newfontlanguage{Forest~Nenets}{FNE}
3057 \newfontlanguage{Fon}{FON}
3058 \newfontlanguage{Faroese}{FOS}
3059 \newfontlanguage{French}{FRA}
```

```
3060 \newfontlanguage{Frisian}{FRI}
3061 \newfontlanguage{Friulian}{FRL}
3062 \newfontlanguage{Futa}{FTA}
3063 \newfontlanguage{Fulani}{FUL}
3064 \newfontlanguage{Ga}{GAD}
3065 \newfontlanguage{Gaelic}{GAE}
3066 \newfontlanguage{Gagauz}{GAG}
3067 \newfontlanguage{Galician}{GAL}
3068 \newfontlanguage{Garshuni}{GAR}
3069 \newfontlanguage{Garhwali}{GAW}
3070 \newfontlanguage{Ge'ez}{GEZ}
3071 \newfontlanguage{Gilyak}{GIL}
3072 \newfontlanguage{Gumuz}{GMZ}
3073 \newfontlanguage{Gondi}{GON}
3074 \newfontlanguage{Greenlandic}{GRN}
3075 \newfontlanguage{Garo}{GRO}
3076 \newfontlanguage{Guarani}{GUA}
3077 \newfontlanguage{Gujarati}{GUJ}
3078 \newfontlanguage{Haitian}{HAI}
3079 \newfontlanguage{Halam}{HAL}
3080 \newfontlanguage{Harauti}{HAR}
3081 \newfontlanguage{Hausa}{HAU}
3082 \newfontlanguage{Hawaiin}{HAW}
3083 \newfontlanguage{Hammer-Banna}{HBN}
3084 \newfontlanguage{Hiligaynon}{HIL}
3085 \newfontlanguage{Hindi}{HIN}
3086 \newfontlanguage{High~Mari}{HMA}
3087 \newfontlanguage{Hindko}{HND}
3088 \newfontlanguage{Ho}{HO}
3089 \newfontlanguage{Harari}{HRI}
3090 \newfontlanguage{Croatian}{HRV}
3091 \newfontlanguage{Hungarian}{HUN}
3092 \newfontlanguage{Armenian}{HYE}
3093 \newfontlanguage{Igbo}{IBO}
3094 \newfontlanguage{Ijo}{IJO}
3095 \newfontlanguage{Ilokano}{ILO}
3096 \newfontlanguage{Indonesian}{IND}
3097 \newfontlanguage{Ingush}{ING}
3098 \newfontlanguage{Inuktitut}{INU}
3099 \newfontlanguage{Irish}{IRI}
{\tt 3IOO} \verb|\newfont| language{Irish~Traditional}{IRT}
3101 \newfontlanguage{Icelandic}{ISL}
3102 \newfontlanguage{Inari~Sami}{ISM}
3103 \newfontlanguage{Italian}{ITA}
3104 \newfontlanguage{Hebrew}{IWR}
3105 \newfontlanguage{Javanese}{JAV}
3106 \newfontlanguage{Yiddish}{JII}
3107 \newfontlanguage{Japanese}{JAN}
3108 \newfontlanguage{Judezmo}{JUD}
3109 \newfontlanguage{Jula}{JUL}
```

3110 \newfontlanguage{Kabardian}{KAB}

```
3111 \newfontlanguage{Kachchi}{KAC}
3112 \newfontlanguage{Kalenjin}{KAL}
3113 \newfontlanguage{Kannada}{KAN}
3114 \newfontlanguage{Karachay}{KAR}
3115 \newfontlanguage{Georgian}{KAT}
3116 \newfontlanguage{Kazakh}{KAZ}
3117 \newfontlanguage{Kebena}{KEB}
3118 \newfontlanguage{Khutsuri~Georgian}{KGE}
3119 \newfontlanguage{Khakass}{KHA}
3120 \newfontlanguage{Khanty-Kazim}{KHK}
3121 \newfontlanguage{Khmer}{KHM}
3122 \newfontlanguage{Khanty-Shurishkar}{KHS}
3123 \newfontlanguage{Khanty-Vakhi}{KHV}
3124 \neq Mnewfontlanguage\{Khowar\}\{KHW\}
3125 \newfontlanguage{Kikuyu}{KIK}
3126 \newfontlanguage{Kirghiz}{KIR}
3127 \newfontlanguage{Kisii}{KIS}
3128 \newfontlanguage{Kokni}{KKN}
3129 \newfontlanguage{Kalmyk}{KLM}
3130 \newfontlanguage{Kamba}{KMB}
3131 \newfontlanguage{Kumaoni}{KMN}
3132 \newfontlanguage{Komo}{KMO}
3133 \newfontlanguage{Komso}{KMS}
3134 \newfontlanguage{Kanuri}{KNR}
3135 \newfontlanguage{Kodagu}{KOD}
3136 \newfontlanguage{Korean~Old~Hangul}{KOH}
3137 \newfontlanguage{Konkani}{KOK}
3138 \newfontlanguage{Kikongo}{KON}
3139 \newfontlanguage{Komi-Permyak}{KOP}
3140 \newfontlanguage{Korean}{KOR}
3141 \newfontlanguage{Komi-Zyrian}{KOZ}
3142 \newfontlanguage{Kpelle}{KPL}
3143 \newfontlanguage{Krio}{KRI}
3144 \newfontlanguage{Karakalpak}{KRK}
3145 \newfontlanguage{Karelian}{KRL}
3146 \newfontlanguage{Karaim}{KRM}
3147 \newfontlanguage{Karen}{KRN}
3148 \newfontlanguage{Koorete}{KRT}
3149 \newfontlanguage{Kashmiri}{KSH}
3150 \rightarrow KSI
3151 \newfontlanguage{Kildin~Sami}{KSM}
3152 \newfontlanguage{Kui}{KUI}
3153 \newfontlanguage{Kulvi}{KUL}
3154 \newfontlanguage{Kumyk}{KUM}
3155 \newfontlanguage{Kurdish}{KUR}
3156 \newfontlanguage{Kurukh}{KUU}
3157 \newfontlanguage{Kuy}{KUY}
3158 \newfontlanguage{Koryak}{KYK}
3159 \newfontlanguage{Ladin}{LAD}
3160 \newfontlanguage{Lahuli}{LAH}
```

3161 \newfontlanguage{Lak}{LAK}

```
3162 \newfontlanguage{Lambani}{LAM}
3163 \newfontlanguage{Lao}{LAO}
3164 \newfontlanguage{Latin}{LAT}
3165 \neq LAZ
3166 \newfontlanguage{L-Cree}{LCR}
3167 \newfontlanguage{Ladakhi}{LDK}
3168 \newfontlanguage{Lezgi}{LEZ}
3169 \newfontlanguage{Lingala}{LIN}
3170 \newfontlanguage{Low~Mari}{LMA}
3171 \newfontlanguage{Limbu}{LMB}
3172 \newfontlanguage{Lomwe}{LMW}
3173 \newfontlanguage{Lower~Sorbian}{LSB}
3174 \newfontlanguage{Lule~Sami}{LSM}
3175 \newfontlanguage{Lithuanian}{LTH}
3176 \newfontlanguage{Luba}{LUB}
3177 \newfontlanguage{Luganda}{LUG}
3178 \newfontlanguage{Luhya}{LUH}
3179 \newfontlanguage{Luo}{LUO}
3180 \newfontlanguage{Latvian}{LVI}
3181 \newfontlanguage{Majang}{MAJ}
3182 \neq MAK
3183 \newfontlanguage{Malayalam~Traditional}{MAL}
3184 \newfontlanguage{Mansi}{MAN}
3185 \newfontlanguage{Marathi}{MAR}
3186 \newfontlanguage{Marwari}{MAW}
3187 \newfontlanguage{Mbundu}{MBN}
3188 \newfontlanguage{Manchu}{MCH}
3189 \newfontlanguage{Moose~Cree}{MCR}
3190 \newfontlanguage{Mende}{MDE}
3191 \newfontlanguage{Me'en}{MEN}
3192 \newfontlanguage{Mizo}{MIZ}
3193 \neq MKD
3194 \newfontlanguage{Male}{MLE}
3195 \newfontlanguage{Malagasy}{MLG}
3196 \newfontlanguage{Malinke}{MLN}
3197 \newfontlanguage{Malayalam~Reformed}{MLR}
3198 \newfontlanguage{Malay}{MLY}
3199 \newfontlanguage{Mandinka}{MND}
3200 \newfontlanguage{Mongolian}{MNG}
3201 \newfontlanguage{Manipuri}{MNI}
3202 \neq Maninka (MNK)
3203 \newfontlanguage{Manx~Gaelic}{MNX}
3204 \newfontlanguage{Moksha}{MOK}
3205 \newfontlanguage{Moldavian}{MOL}
3206 \newfontlanguage{Mon}{MON}
3207 \newfontlanguage{Moroccan}{MOR}
3208 \newfontlanguage{Maori}{MRI}
3209 \newfontlanguage{Maithili}{MTH}
3210 \newfontlanguage{Maltese}{MTS}
3211 \newfontlanguage{Mundari}{MUN}
3212 \newfontlanguage{Naga-Assamese}{NAG}
```

```
3213 \newfontlanguage{Nanai}{NAN}
3214 \newfontlanguage{Naskapi}{NAS}
3215 \newfontlanguage{N-Cree}{NCR}
3216 \newfontlanguage{Ndebele}{NDB}
3217 \newfontlanguage{Ndonga}{NDG}
3218 \newfontlanguage{Nepali}{NEP}
3219 \newfontlanguage{Newari}{NEW}
3220 \newfontlanguage{Nagari}{NGR}
3221 \newfontlanguage{Norway~House~Cree}{NHC}
3222 \newfontlanguage{Nisi}{NIS}
3223 \newfontlanguage{Niuean}{NIU}
3224 \newfontlanguage{Nkole}{NKL}
3225 \newfontlanguage{N'ko}{NKO}
3226 \newfontlanguage{Dutch}{NLD}
3227 \newfontlanguage{Nogai}{NOG}
3228 \newfontlanguage{Norwegian}{NOR}
3229 \newfontlanguage{Northern~Sami}{NSM}
3230 \newfontlanguage{Northern~Tai}{NTA}
3231 \newfontlanguage{Esperanto}{NTO}
3232 \newfontlanguage{Nynorsk}{NYN}
3233 \newfontlanguage{Oji-Cree}{OCR}
3234 \newfontlanguage{Ojibway}{OJB}
3235 \newfontlanguage{Oriya}{ORI}
3236 \newfontlanguage{Oromo}{ORO}
3237 \newfontlanguage{Ossetian}{OSS}
3238 \newfontlanguage{Palestinian~Aramaic}{PAA}
3239 \newfontlanguage{Pali}{PAL}
3240 \newfontlanguage{Punjabi}{PAN}
3241 \newfontlanguage{Palpa}{PAP}
3242 \newfontlanguage{Pashto}{PAS}
3243 \newfontlanguage{Polytonic~Greek}{PGR}
3244 \newfontlanguage{Pilipino}{PIL}
3245 \newfontlanguage{Palaung}{PLG}
3246 \newfontlanguage{Polish}{PLK}
3247 \newfontlanguage{Provencal}{PRO}
3248 \newfontlanguage{Portuguese}{PTG}
3249 \newfontlanguage{Chin}{QIN}
3250 \newfontlanguage{Rajasthani}{RAJ}
3251 \newfontlanguage{R-Cree}{RCR}
3252 \newfontlanguage{Russian~Buriat}{RBU}
3253 \neq RIA
3254 \newfontlanguage{Rhaeto-Romanic}{RMS}
3255 \newfontlanguage{Romanian}{ROM}
3256 \newfontlanguage{Romany}{ROY}
3257 \newfontlanguage{Rusyn}{RSY}
3258 \newfontlanguage{Ruanda}{RUA}
3259 \newfontlanguage{Russian}{RUS}
3260 \newfontlanguage{Sadri}{SAD}
3261 \newfontlanguage{Sanskrit}{SAN}
3262 \newfontlanguage{Santali}{SAT}
3263 \newfontlanguage{Sayisi}{SAY}
```

```
3264 \newfontlanguage{Sekota}{SEK}
```

- 3265 \newfontlanguage{Selkup}{SEL}
- 3266 \newfontlanguage{Sango}{SGO}
- 3267 \newfontlanguage{Shan}{SHN}
- 3268 \newfontlanguage{Sibe}{SIB}
- 3269 \newfontlanguage{Sidamo}{SID}
- 3270 \newfontlanguage{Silte~Gurage}{SIG}
- 3271 \newfontlanguage{Skolt~Sami}{SKS}
- 3272 \newfontlanguage{Slovak}{SKY}
- 3273 \newfontlanguage{Slavey}{SLA}
- 3274 \newfontlanguage{Slovenian}{SLV}
- 3275 \newfontlanguage{Somali}{SML}
- 3276 \newfontlanguage{Samoan}{SMO}
- 3277 \newfontlanguage{Sena}{SNA}
- 3278 \newfontlanguage{Sindhi}{SND}
- 3279 \newfontlanguage{Sinhalese}{SNH}
- 3280 \newfontlanguage{Soninke}{SNK}
- 3281 \newfontlanguage{Sodo~Gurage}{SOG}
- 3282 \newfontlanguage{Sotho}{SOT}
- 3283 \newfontlanguage{Albanian}{SQI}
- $3284 \neq SRB$
- 3285 \newfontlanguage{Saraiki}{SRK}
- 3286 \newfontlanguage{Serer}{SRR}
- $3287 \neq SSL$
- 3288 \newfontlanguage{Southern~Sami}{SSM}
- 3289 \newfontlanguage{Suri}{SUR}
- 3290 \newfontlanguage{Svan}{SVA}
- 3291 \newfontlanguage{Swedish}{SVE}
- 3292 \newfontlanguage{Swadaya~Aramaic}{SWA}
- 3293 \newfontlanguage{Swahili}{SWK}
- 3294 \newfontlanguage{Swazi}{SWZ}
- 3295 \newfontlanguage{Sutu}{SXT}
- 3296 \newfontlanguage{Syriac}{SYR}
- 3297 \newfontlanguage{Tabasaran}{TAB}
- 3298 \newfontlanguage{Tajiki}{TAJ}
- 3299 \newfontlanguage{Tamil}{TAM}
- 3300 \newfontlanguage{Tatar}{TAT}
- 3301 \newfontlanguage{TH-Cree}{TCR}
- 3302 \newfontlanguage{Telugu}{TEL}
- 3303 \newfontlanguage{Tongan}{TGN}
- 3304 \newfontlanguage{Tigre}{TGR}
- 3305 \newfontlanguage{Tigrinya}{TGY}
- 3306 \newfontlanguage{Thai}{THA}
- 3307 \newfontlanguage{Tahitian}{THT} 3308 \newfontlanguage{Tibetan}{TIB}
- 3309 \newfontlanguage{Turkmen}{TKM}
- 3310 \newfontlanguage{Temne}{TMN}
- 3311 \newfontlanguage{Tswana}{TNA}

3312 \newfontlanguage{Tundra~Nenets}{TNE}

- 3313 \newfontlanguage{Tonga}{TNG}
- 3314 \newfontlanguage{Todo}{TOD}

```
3315 \newfontlanguage{Tsonga}{TSG}
3316 \newfontlanguage{Turoyo~Aramaic}{TUA}
3317 \newfontlanguage{Tulu}{TUL}
3318 \newfontlanguage{Tuvin}{TUV}
3319 \newfontlanguage{Twi}{TWI}
3320 \newfontlanguage{Udmurt}{UDM}
3321 \newfontlanguage{Ukrainian}{UKR}
3322 \newfontlanguage{Urdu}{URD}
3323 \newfontlanguage{Upper~Sorbian}{USB}
3324 \newfontlanguage{Uyghur}{UYG}
3325 \newfontlanguage{Uzbek}{UZB}
3326 \newfontlanguage{Venda}{VEN}
3327 \newfontlanguage{Vietnamese}{VIT}
3328 \newfontlanguage{Wa}{WA}
3329 \newfontlanguage{Wagdi}{WAG}
3330 \newfontlanguage{West-Cree}{WCR}
3331 \newfontlanguage{Welsh}{WEL}
3332 \newfontlanguage{Wolof}{WLF}
3333 \newfontlanguage{Tai~Lue}{XBD}
3334 \newfontlanguage{Xhosa}{XHS}
3335 \newfontlanguage{Yakut}{YAK}
3336 \newfontlanguage{Yoruba}{YBA}
3337 \newfontlanguage{Y-Cree}{YCR}
3338 \newfontlanguage{Yi~Classic}{YIC}
3339 \newfontlanguage{Yi~Modern}{YIM}
3340 \newfontlanguage{Chinese~Hong~Kong}{ZHH}
3341 \newfontlanguage{Chinese~Phonetic}{ZHP}
3342 \newfontlanguage{Chinese~Simplified}{ZHS}
3343 \newfontlanguage{Chinese~Traditional}{ZHT}
3344 \newfontlanguage{Zande}{ZND}
3345 \newfontlanguage{Zulu}{ZUL}
```

38.8 AAT feature definitions

These are only defined for X₃T_EX.

38.8.1 Ligatures

```
3346 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {Ligatures}
3347 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {Required} {1} {0}
3348 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {NoRequired} {1} {1}
                                      {Ligatures} {Common} {1} {2}
3349 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
3350 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {NoCommon} {1} {3}
3351 \00_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {Rare} {1} {4}
3352 \00 define aat feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {NoRare} {1} {5}
                                      {Ligatures} {Discretionary} {1} {4}
3353 \00 define aat feature:nnnn
3354 \00_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {NoDiscretionary} {1} {5}
3355 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {Logos} {1} {6}
                                      {Ligatures} {NoLogos} {1} {7}
3356 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {Rebus} {1} {8}
3357 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {NoRebus} {1} {9}
3358 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
3359 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {Diphthong} {1} {10}
```

```
{Ligatures} {NoDiphthong} {1} {11}
3360 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {Squared} {1} {12}
3361 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
3362 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {NoSquared} {1} {13}
3363 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {AbbrevSquared} {1} {14}
3364 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {NoAbbrevSquared} {1} {15}
3365 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {Icelandic} {1} {32}
3366 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Ligatures} {NoIcelandic} {1} {33}
 Emulate CM extra ligatures.
3367 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-aat}
3368 {
     Ligatures / TeX .code:n =
3369
3370
         \tl_set:Nn \l_@@_mapping_tl { tex-text }
3371
3372
3373 }
 38.8.2 Letters
3374 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {Letters}
3375 \00_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Letters} {Normal} {3} {0}
3376 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Letters} {Uppercase} {3} {1}
3377 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Letters} {Lowercase} {3} {2}
3378 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Letters} {SmallCaps} {3} {3}
3379 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Letters} {InitialCaps} {3} {4}
```

These were originally separated into NumberCase and NumberSpacing following AAT,

Both naming conventions are offered to select the number case.

38.8.3 Numbers

but it makes more sense to combine them.

```
3380 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {Numbers}
                                      {Numbers} {Monospaced} {6} {0}
3381 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Numbers} {Proportional} {6} {1}
3382 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
3383 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Numbers} {Lowercase} {21} {0}
3384 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Numbers} {OldStyle} {21} {0}
3385 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Numbers} {Uppercase} {21} {1}
3386 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Numbers} {Lining} {21} {1}
3387 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Numbers} {SlashedZero} {14} {5}
3388 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Numbers} {NoSlashedZero} {14} {4}
 38.8.4 Contextuals
```

```
3389 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n
                                      {Contextuals}
                                      {Contextuals} {WordInitial} {8} {0}
3390 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Contextuals} {NoWordInitial} {8} {1}
3391 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Contextuals} {WordFinal} {8} {2}
3392 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
3393 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Contextuals} {NoWordFinal} {8} {3}
3394 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Contextuals} {LineInitial} {8} {4}
3395 \00_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Contextuals} {NoLineInitial} {8} {5}
                                      {Contextuals} {LineFinal} {8} {6}
3396 \@@ define aat feature:nnnn
3397 \00_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Contextuals} {NoLineFinal} {8} {7}
3398 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                      {Contextuals} {Inner} {8} {8}
```

```
{Contextuals} {NoInner} {8} {9}
3399 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
 38.8.5 Diacritics
3400 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {Diacritics}
3401 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Diacritics} {Show} \{9\} {\emptyset}
3402 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Diacritics} {Hide} {9} {1}
3403 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Diacritics} {Decompose} {9} {2}
 38.8.6 Vertical position
3404 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {VerticalPosition}
3405 \00_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {VerticalPosition} {Normal} {10} {0}
3406 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {VerticalPosition} {Superior} {10} {1}
3407 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {VerticalPosition} {Inferior} {10} {2}
                                       {VerticalPosition} {Ordinal} \{10\} {3}
3408 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
 38.8.7 Fractions
3409 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {Fractions}
_{34}10 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Fractions} {On} {11} {1}
3411 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Fractions} \{0ff\} \{11\} \{\emptyset\}
_{34^{12}}\ensuremath{\mbox{00\_define\_aat\_feature:nnnn}}
                                       {Fractions} {Diagonal} {11} {2}
 38.8.8 Alternate
3413 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n { Alternate }
3414 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-aat}
3415 {
     Alternate .default:n = \{\emptyset\},
3416
      Alternate / unknown .code:n =
3418
        \clist_map_inline:nn {#1}
3419
3420
             \00_{make\_AAT\_feature:nn } \{17\}{\#1}
3421
3422
       }
3423
3424 }
 38.8.9 Variant / StylisticSet
3425 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {Variant}
3426 \keys_define:nn {fontspec-aat}
3427 {
_{3428} Variant .default:n = {0},
     Variant / unknown .code:n =
3429
3430
        \clist_map_inline:nn {#1}
3431
          { \@@_make_AAT_feature:nn {18}{##1} }
3432
3433
3434 }
3435 \aliasfontfeature{Variant}{StylisticSet}
3436 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {Vertical}
3437 \keys define:nn {fontspec-aat}
3438 {
3439 Vertical .choice:,
```

```
Vertical / RotatedGlyphs .code:n =
3440
3441
3442
          \__fontspec_update_featstr:n {vertical}
3443
3444 }
3445
 38.8.10 Style
3446 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {Style}
3447 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Style} {Italic} {32} {2}
3448 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Style} {Ruby} {28} {2}
                                       {Style} {Display} {19} {1}
3449 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
3450 \@@ define aat feature:nnnn
                                       {Style} {Engraved} {19} {2}
3451 \00_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Style} {TitlingCaps} {19} {4}
3452 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Style} {TallCaps} {19} {5}
 38.8.11 CJK shape
3453 \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {CJKShape}
3454 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CJKShape} {Traditional} {20} {0}
3455 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CJKShape} {Simplified} {20} {1}
_{3456}\ensuremath{\,\backslash\,} @@\_define\_aat\_feature:nnnn
                                       {CJKShape} {JIS1978} {20} {2}
_{3457}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc 00\_define\_aat\_feature:nnnn}}
                                       {CJKShape} {JIS1983} {20} {3}
_{345}8 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CJKShape} {JIS1990} {20} {4}
3459 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CJKShape} {Expert} {20} {10}
3460 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CJKShape} {NLC} {20} {13}
 38.8.12 Character width
_{346} \@@_define_aat_feature_group:n {CharacterWidth}
                                       {CharacterWidth} {Proportional} {22} {0}
3462 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CharacterWidth} {Full} {22} {1}
3463 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CharacterWidth} {Half} {22} {2}
3464 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
3465 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CharacterWidth} {Third} {22} {3}
3466 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CharacterWidth} {Quarter} {22} {4}
3467 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CharacterWidth} {AlternateProportional} {22} {5}
3468 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CharacterWidth} {AlternateHalf} {22} {6}
3469 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {CharacterWidth} {Default} {22} {7}
 38.8.13 Annotation
3470 \00 define aat feature group:n {Annotation}
                                       {Annotation} {Off} {24} {0}
3471 \00 define aat feature:nnnn
3472 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Annotation} {Box} {24} {1}
3473 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Annotation} {RoundedBox} {24} {2}
                                       {Annotation} {Circle} {24} {3}
3474 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Annotation} {BlackCircle} {24} {4}
3475 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Annotation} {Parenthesis} {24} {5}
3476 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Annotation} {Period} {24} {6}
3477 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Annotation} {RomanNumerals} {24} {7}
3478 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
3479 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Annotation} {Diamond} {24} {8}
                                       {Annotation} {BlackSquare} {24} {9}
3480 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
3481 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Annotation} {BlackRoundSquare} {24} {10}
3482 \@@_define_aat_feature:nnnn
                                       {Annotation} {DoubleCircle} {24} {11}
```

39 Extended font encodings

```
To be removed after the 2017 release of LaTeX2e:
                           3483 \providecommand\UnicodeFontFile[2]{"[#1]:#2"}
                           3484 \providecommand\UnicodeFontName[2]{"#1:#2"}
                           3485 (xetexx)\providecommand\UnicodeFontTeXLigatures{mapping=tex-text;}
                           3486 (luatex)\providecommand\UnicodeFontTeXLigatures{+tlig;}
                           _{3487} \providecommand\add@unicode@accent[2]{#2\char#1\relax}
                           3488 \providecommand \DeclareUnicodeAccent [3] {%
                                 \DeclareTextCommand{#1}{#2}{\add@unicode@accent{#3}}%
                           3490 }
         \EncodingCommand
                           3491 \DeclareDocumentCommand \EncodingCommand \m0{}m}
                                   \bool_if:NF \l_@@_defining_encoding_bool
                           3493
                                     { \@@_error:nn {only-inside-encdef} \EncodingCommand }
                           3494
                                   \DeclareTextCommand{#1}{\UnicodeEncodingName}[#2]{#3}
                           3495
                           3496
          \EncodingAccent
                           3497 \DeclareDocumentCommand \EncodingAccent {mm}
                           3498
                                   \bool_if:NF \l_@@_defining_encoding_bool
                           3499
                                     { \@@_error:nn {only-inside-encdef} \EncodingAccent }
                           3500
                                   \DeclareTextCommand{#1}{\UnicodeEncodingName}{\add@unicode@accent{#2}}
                           3501
                           3502
          \EncodingSymbol
                           3503 \DeclareDocumentCommand \EncodingSymbol {mm}
                                   \bool_if:NF \l_@@_defining_encoding_bool
                           3505
                                     { \@@_error:nn {only-inside-encdef} \EncodingSymbol }
                           3506
                                   \DeclareTextSymbol{#1}{\UnicodeEncodingName}{#2}
                           3507
                           3508
       \EncodingComposite
                           3509 \DeclareDocumentCommand \EncodingComposite {mmm}
                           3510
                                   \bool_if:NF \l_@@_defining_encoding_bool
                           3511
                                     { \@@_error:nn {only-inside-encdef} \EncodingComposite }
                           3512
                                   \DeclareTextComposite{#1}{\UnicodeEncodingName}{#2}{#3}
                           3513
                           3514
\EncodingCompositeCommand
                           3515 \setminus DeclareDocumentCommand \setminus EncodingCompositeCommand \{mmm\}
                           3516
                                   \bool_if:NF \l_@@_defining_encoding_bool
                           3517
                                     { \@@ error:nn {only-inside-encdef} \EncodingCompositeCommand }
                           3518
                                   \DeclareTextCompositeCommand{#1}{\UnicodeEncodingName}{#2}{#3}
                           3519
                                }
                           3520
```

```
\DeclareUnicodeEncoding
```

```
3522
                             \DeclareFontEncoding{#1}{}{}
                    3523
                             \DeclareErrorFont{#1}{lmr}{m}{n}{10}
                    3524
                             \DeclareFontSubstitution{#1}{lmr}{m}{n}
                    3525
                             \DeclareFontFamily{#1}{lmr}{}
                    3526
                    3527
                             \DeclareFontShape{#1}{lmr}{m}{n}
                    3528
                               \label{lem:condef} $$ <->\UnicodeFontFile{lmroman10-regular}_{\UnicodeFontTeXLigatures}$$
                     3529
                             \DeclareFontShape{#1}{lmr}{m}{it}
                    3530
                               {<->\UnicodeFontFile{lmroman10-italic}{\UnicodeFontTeXLigatures}}{}
                    3531
                             \DeclareFontShape{#1}{lmr}{m}{sc}
                    3532
                               {<->\UnicodeFontFile{lmromancaps10-regular}{\UnicodeFontTeXLigatures}}{}
                    3533
                             \DeclareFontShape{#1}{lmr}{bx}{n}
                    3534
                               {<->\UnicodeFontFile{lmroman10-bold}{\UnicodeFontTeXLigatures}}{}
                    3535
                             \DeclareFontShape{#1}{lmr}{bx}{it}
                    3536
                               {<->\UnicodeFontFile{lmroman10-bolditalic}{\UnicodeFontTeXLigatures}}{}
                    3537
                    3538
                             \tl_set_eq:NN \l_@@_prev_unicode_name_tl \UnicodeEncodingName
                    3539
                             \tl_set:Nn \UnicodeEncodingName {#1}
                    3540
                             \bool_set_true:N \l_@@_defining_encoding_bool
                    3541
                    3542
                             \bool_set_false:N \l_@@_defining_encoding_bool
                    3543
                             \tl_set_eq:NN \UnicodeEncodingName \l_@@_prev_unicode_name_tl
                    3544
                    3545
   \UndeclareSymbol
                    3546 \DeclareDocumentCommand \UndeclareSymbol {m}
                    3547
                             \bool_if:NF \l_@@_defining_encoding_bool
                    3548
                               { \@@ error:nn {only-inside-encdef} \UndeclareSymbol }
                    3549
                             \UndeclareTextCommand {#1} {\UnicodeEncodingName}
                    3550
                          }
                    3551
                    3552
\UndeclareComposite
                    3553 \DeclareDocumentCommand \UndeclareComposite {mm}
                    3554
                             \bool_if:NF \l_@@_defining_encoding_bool
                    3555
                               { \@@_error:nn {only-inside-encdef} \UndeclareComposite }
                    3556
                             \cs_undefine:c
                    3557
                               { \c_backslash_str \UnicodeEncodingName \token_to_str:N #1 - \t1_to_str:n {#2} }
                    3558
                    3559
```

3521 \DeclareDocumentCommand \DeclareUnicodeEncoding {mm}

40 Selecting maths fonts

Here, the fonts used in math mode are redefined to correspond to the default roman, sans serif and typewriter fonts. Unfortunately, you can only define maths fonts in the preamble, otherwise I'd run this code whenever \setmainfont and friends was run.

\fontspec_setup_maths:

Everything here is performed \AtBeginDocument in order to overwrite euler's attempt. This means fontspec must be loaded *after* euler. We set up a conditional to return an error if this rule is violated.

Since every maths setup is slightly different, we also take different paths for defining various math glyphs depending which maths font package has been loaded.

```
3560 \@ifpackageloaded{euler}
3561 {
      \bool_set_true:N \g_@@_pkg_euler_loaded_bool
3562
3563
3564
3565
      \bool_set_false:N \g_@@_pkg_euler_loaded_bool
3566 }
3567 \cs_set:Nn \fontspec_setup_maths:
3568 {
     \@ifpackageloaded{euler}
3569
3570
        \bool_if:NTF \g_@@_pkg_euler_loaded_bool
3571
         { \bool_set_true: N \g_@@_math_euler_bool }
3572
         { \@@_error:n {euler-too-late} }
3573
      }
3574
      {}
3575
      \@ifpackageloaded{lucbmath}{\bool_set_true:N \g_@@_math_lucida_bool}{}
3576
      \@ifpackageloaded{lucidabr}{\bool_set_true:N \g_@@_math_lucida_bool}{}
3577
      \@ifpackageloaded{lucimatx}{\bool_set_true:N \g_@@_math_lucida_bool}{}
3578
```

Knuth's CM fonts fonts are all squashed together, combining letters, accents, text symbols and maths symbols all in the one font, cmr, plus other things in other fonts. Because we are changing the roman font in the document, we need to redefine all of the maths glyphs in Lagrange maths font to still go back to the legacy cmr font for all these random glyphs, unless a separate maths font package has been loaded instead.

In every case, the maths accents are always taken from the operators font, which is generally the main text font. (Actually, there is a \hat accent in EulerFractur, but it's ugly. So I ignore it. Sorry if this causes inconvenience.)

```
\DeclareSymbolFont{legacymaths}{OT1}{cmr}{m}{n}
3579
3580
      \SetSymbolFont{legacymaths}{bold}{OT1}{cmr}{bx}{n}
3581
      \DeclareMathAccent{\acute}
                                    {\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{19}
      \DeclareMathAccent{\grave}
                                    {\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{18}
3582
      \DeclareMathAccent{\ddot}
                                    {\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{127}
3583
     \DeclareMathAccent{\tilde}
                                    {\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{126}
3584
      \DeclareMathAccent{\bar}
                                    {\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{22}
3585
     \DeclareMathAccent{\breve}
                                    {\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{21}
3586
                                    {\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{20}
     \DeclareMathAccent{\check}
3587
     \DeclareMathAccent{\hat}
                                    {\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{94} % too bad, eu-
3588
   ler
     \DeclareMathAccent{\dot}
                                    {\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{95}
3589
     \DeclareMathAccent{\mathring}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{23}
3590
```

\colon: what's going on? Okay, so: and \colon in maths mode are defined in a few places, so I need to work out what does what. Respectively, we have:

```
% % fontmath.ltx:
% \DeclareMathSymbol{\colon}{\mathpunct}{operators}{"3A}
% \DeclareMathSymbol{:}{\mathrel}{operators}{"3A}
%
% amsmath.sty:
% \renewcommand{\colon}{\nobreak\mskip2mu\mathpunct{}\nonscript
\ \mkern-\thinmuskip{:}\mskip6muplus1mu\relax}
%
% euler.sty:
% \DeclareMathSymbol{:}\mathrel {EulerFraktur}{"3A}
%
% lucbmath.sty:
% \DeclareMathSymbol{\@tempb}{\mathpunct}{operators}{58}
% \ifx\colon\@tempb
% \DeclareMathSymbol{\colon}{\mathpunct}{operators}{58}
% \fi
% \DeclareMathSymbol{\colon}{\mathpunct}{operators}{58}
% \fi
% \DeclareMathSymbol{:}{\mathrel}{operators}{58}
```

 $(3A_16 = 58_10)$ So I think, based on this summary, that it is fair to tell fontspec to 'replace' the operators font with legacymaths for this symbol, except when amsmath is loaded since we want to keep its definition.

```
3591 \group_begin:
3592 \mathchardef\@tempa="6Q3A \relax
3593 \ifx\colon\@tempa
3594 \DeclareMathSymbol{\colon}{\mathpunct}{legacymaths}{58}
3595 \fi
3596 \group_end:
```

The following symbols are only defined specifically in euler, so skip them if that package is loaded.

And these ones are defined both in euler and lucbmath, so we only need to run this code if no extra maths package has been loaded.

```
\bool_if:NF \g_@@_math_lucida_bool
3603
         {
3604
          \DeclareMathSymbol{0}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`0}
3605
          \DeclareMathSymbol{1}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`1}
3606
          \DeclareMathSymbol{2}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`2}
3607
          \DeclareMathSymbol{3}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`3}
3608
          \DeclareMathSymbol{4}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`4}
3609
          \DeclareMathSymbol{5}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`5}
3610
          \DeclareMathSymbol{6}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`6}
3611
          \DeclareMathSymbol{7}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`7}
3612
          \DeclareMathSymbol{8}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`8}
3613
```

```
\DeclareMathSymbol{9}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{`9}
3614
3615
          \DeclareMathSymbol{\Gamma}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{\Q}
3616
          \DeclareMathSymbol{\Delta}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{1}
3617
          \DeclareMathSymbol{\Theta}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{2}
3618
          \DeclareMathSymbol{\Lambda}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{3}
          \DeclareMathSymbol{\Xi}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{4}
3619
          \DeclareMathSymbol{\Pi}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{5}
3620
          \DeclareMathSymbol{\Sigma}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{6}
3621
          \DeclareMathSymbol{\Upsilon}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{7}
3622
          \DeclareMathSymbol{\Phi}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{8}
3623
          \DeclareMathSymbol{\Psi}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{9}
3624
         \DeclareMathSymbol{\Omega}{\mathalpha}{legacymaths}{10}
3625
          \DeclareMathSymbol{+}{\mathbin}{legacymaths}{43}
3626
          \DeclareMathSymbol{=}{\mathrel}{legacymaths}{61}
3627
          \DeclareMathDelimiter{(}{\mathopen} {legacymaths}{40}{largesymbols}{0}
3628
          \DeclareMathDelimiter{)}{\mathclose}{legacymaths}{41}{largesymbols}{1}
3629
          \DeclareMathDelimiter{[]{\mathopen} {legacymaths}{91}{largesymbols}{2}
3630
          \DeclareMathDelimiter{]}{\mathclose}{legacymaths}{93}{largesymbols}{3}
3631
          \DeclareMathDelimiter{/}{\mathord}{legacymaths}{47}{largesymbols}{14}
3632
          \DeclareMathSymbol{\mathdollar}{\mathord}{legacymaths}{36}
3633
       }
3634
3635
```

Finally, we change the font definitions for \mathrm and so on. These are defined using the \g_@@_mathrm_tl (...) macros, which default to \rmdefault but may be specified with the \setmathrm (...) commands in the preamble.

Since LTEX only generally defines one level of boldness, we omit \mathbf in the bold maths series. It can be specified as per usual with \setboldmathrm, which stores the appropriate family name in \g_@@_bfmathrm_tl.

```
\DeclareSymbolFont{operators}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_mathrm_tl\mddefault\updefault
3636
     \SetSymbolFont{operators}{normal}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_mathrm_tl\mddefault\updefault
3637
     \DeclareSymbolFontAlphabet\mathrm{operators}
3638
     \SetMathAlphabet\mathit{normal}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_mathrm_tl\mddefault\itdefault
3639
3640
     \SetMathAlphabet\mathbf{normal}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_mathrm_tl\bfdefault\updefault
     \SetMathAlphabet\mathsf{normal}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_mathsf_tl\mddefault\updefault
3641
     \SetMathAlphabet\mathtt{normal}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_mathtt_tl\mddefault\updefault
3642
     \SetSymbolFont{operators}{bold}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_mathrm_tl\bfdefault\updefault
3643
     \tl_if_empty:NTF \g_@@_bfmathrm_tl
3644
3645
       3646
      }
3647
3648
       \SetMathAlphabet\mathrm{bold}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_bfmathrm_tl\mddefault\updefault
3649
       \SetMathAlphabet\mathbf{bold}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_bfmathrm_tl\bfdefault\updefault
3650
       \SetMathAlphabet\mathit{bold}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_bfmathrm_tl\mddefault\itdefault
3651
3652
3653
     \SetMathAlphabet\mathsf{bold}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_mathsf_tl\bfdefault\updefault
     \SetMathAlphabet\mathtt{bold}\g_fontspec_encoding_tl\g_@@_mathtt_tl\bfdefault\updefault
3654
3655 }
```

\fontspec_maybe_setup_maths:

We're a little less sophisticated about not executing the maths setup if various other maths font packages are loaded. This list is based on the wonderful 'MEXFont Cat-

alogue': http://www.tug.dk/FontCatalogue/mathfonts.html. I'm sure there are more I've missed. Do the TFX Gyre fonts have maths support yet?

Untested: would \unless\ifnum\Gamma=28672\relax\bool_set_false: N \g_@@_math_bool\fi be a better test? This needs more cooperation with euler and lucida, I think.

```
3656 \cs_new: Nn \fontspec_maybe_setup_maths:
3657 {
      \@ifpackageloaded{anttor}
3658
       {
3659
        \ifx\define@antt@mathversions a\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool\fi
3660
3661
      \@ifpackageloaded{arevmath}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
      \@ifpackageloaded{eulervm}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
      \@ifpackageloaded{mathdesign}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3664
      \@ifpackageloaded{concmath}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3665
      \@ifpackageloaded{cmbright}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3666
      \@ifpackageloaded{mathesf}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3667
      \label{local_gfsartemisia} $$ \operatorname{local_set_false:N \ \g_00_math_bool}{} $$ $$ \operatorname{local_set_false:N \ \g_00_math_bool}{} $$
3668
      \@ifpackageloaded{gfsneohellenic}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3669
      \@ifpackageloaded{iwona}
3670
3671
        3672
3673
3674
      \@ifpackageloaded{kpfonts}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
      \label{local_set_false:N g_00_math_bool} $$ \operatorname{local_set_false:N g_00_math_bool}_{\label{local_set_false:N}} $$
3675
      \@ifpackageloaded{kurier}
3676
3677
       \ifx\define@kurier@mathversions a\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool\fi
3678
3679
      \@ifpackageloaded{fouriernc}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3680
      \@ifpackageloaded{fourier}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3681
      \@ifpackageloaded{lmodern}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3682
      \@ifpackageloaded{mathpazo}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3683
      \@ifpackageloaded{mathptmx}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3684
      \@ifpackageloaded{MinionPro}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3685
      \@ifpackageloaded{unicode-math}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3686
      \@ifpackageloaded{breqn}{\bool_set_false:N \g_@@_math_bool}{}
3687
      \bool_if:NT \g_@@_math_bool
3688
3689
        \@@_info:n {setup-math}
3690
3691
        \fontspec_setup_maths:
3692
3693 }
3694 \AtBeginDocument{\fontspec_maybe_setup_maths:}
```

41 Closing code

41.1 Compatibility

```
\zf@enc Old interfaces. These are needed by, at least, the mathspec package. \zf@family _{3695} \tl_set:Nn \zf@enc { \g_fontspec_encoding_tl } \zf@basefont \zf@fontspec
```

```
3696 \cs_set:Npn \zf@fontspec #1 #2
3697 {
3698 \@@_select_font_family:nn {#1} {#2}
3699 \tl_set:Nn \zf@family { \l_fontspec_family_tl }
3700 \tl_set:Nn \zf@basefont { \l_fontspec_font }
3701 }
```

41.2 Finishing up

Now we just want to set up loading the .cfg file, if it exists.

```
3702 \bool_if:NT \g_@@_cfg_bool
3703 {
3704 \InputIfFileExists{fontspec.cfg}
3705 {}
3706 {\typeout{No~ fontspec.cfg~ file~ found;~ no~ configuration~ loaded.}}
3707 }
```

42 Changes to the NFSS

3708 (*fontspec)

42.1 Italic small caps and so on

These commands for actually selecting italic small caps have been defined for many years; I'm inclined to drop them. They're probably used very infrequently; I personally prefer just writing \textit{\textsc{...}} instead.

```
3709 \providecommand*\itscdefault{\itdefault\scdefault}
3710 \providecommand*\slscdefault{\sldefault\scdefault}
3711 \DeclareRobustCommand{\sishape}
3712 {
3713 \not@math@alphabet\sishape\relax
3714 \fontshape{\itscdefault}\selectfont
3715 }
3716 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textsi}{\sishape}
```

Lagrange of the ETeX's 'shape' font axis needs to be overloaded to support italic small caps and slanted small caps. These are the combinations to support:

```
3717 \cs_new:Nn \@@_shape_merge:nn { c_@@_shape_#1_#2_tl }
3718 \tl_const:cn { \@@_shape_merge:nn \itdefault \scdefault } {\itscdefault}
3719 \tl_const:cn { \@@_shape_merge:nn \sldefault \scdefault } {\itscdefault}
3720 \tl_const:cn { \@@_shape_merge:nn \scdefault \itdefault } {\itscdefault}
3721 \tl_const:cn { \@@_shape_merge:nn \scdefault \sldefault } {\itscdefault}
3722 \tl_const:cn { \@@_shape_merge:nn \slscdefault \itdefault } {\itscdefault}
3723 \tl_const:cn { \@@_shape_merge:nn \itscdefault \sldefault } {\slscdefault}
3724 \tl_const:cn { \@@_shape_merge:nn \itscdefault \updefault } {\scdefault}
3725 \tl_const:cn { \@@_shape_merge:nn \slscdefault \updefault } {\scdefault}
```

\fontspec_merge_shape:n These macros enable the overload on the \..shape commands. First, a shape 'new+current' (prefix) or 'current+new' (suffix) is tried. If not found, fall back on the 'new' shape.

```
3726 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_merge_shape:n
```

```
\@@_if_merge_shape:nTF {#1}
                                      3728
                                                               { \theta \in \mathbb{Z}  } \fontshape { \theta \in \mathbb{Z}  } } \setaintimes (\fontshape) {#1} } \setaintimes (\fontshape) $\delta \text{$\delta \cong $\delta \
                                      3729
                                               lectfont }
                                      3730
                                                               { \fontshape {#1} \selectfont }
                                      3731
                                        The following is rather specific; it only returns true if the merged shape exists, but
                                         more importantly also if the merged shape is defined for the current font.
                                      3732 \prg_new_conditional:Nnn \@@_if_merge_shape:n {TF}
                                                   {
                                      3733
                                                          \bool_if:nTF
                                      3734
                                      3735
                                                                     \tl_if_exist_p:c { \@@_shape_merge:nn {\f@shape} {#1} }
                                      3736
                                                                     \cs_if_exist_p:c
                                      3737
                                      3738
                                                                         {
                                                                               \f@encoding/\f@family/\f@series/
                                      3739
                                                                               \tl_use:c { \@@_shape_merge:nn {\f@shape} {#1} }
                                      3740
                                      3741
                                      3742
                                                          \prg_return_true: \prg_return_false:
                                      3743
                                      3744
               \itshape The original \...shape commands are redefined to use the merge shape macro.
               \sc shape 3745 \DeclareRobustCommand \itshape
               \upshape 3746 {
               \slshape 3747
                                                    \not@math@alphabet\itshape\mathit
                                                    \fontspec_merge_shape:n\itdefault
                                      3748
                                      3749 }
                                      _{3750}\,\mbox{\sc NeclareRobustCommand} \slshape
                                      3751 {
                                                    \not@math@alphabet\slshape\relax
                                      3752
                                                    \fontspec_merge_shape:n\sldefault
                                      3753
                                      3754 }
                                      3755 \DeclareRobustCommand \scshape
                                      3756 {
                                                     \not@math@alphabet\scshape\relax
                                                   \fontspec_merge_shape:n\scdefault
                                      3760 \DeclareRobustCommand \upshape
                                                     \not@math@alphabet\upshape\relax
                                                   \fontspec_merge_shape:n\updefault
                                      3763
                                      3764 }
                                         42.2 Emphasis
\emfontdeclare
                                      3765 \cs_new_protected:Npn \emfontdeclare #1
                                      3766 {
                                                         \prop_clear:N
                                                                                                      \g_@@_em_prop
                                      3767
```

3727

```
\int_zero:N
                               \label{local_emdef_int} $$1_00_{\mathrm{emdef}_{\mathrm{int}}}$
    3768
    3769
            \bool_set_true:N \g_@@_em_normalise_slant_bool
    3770
    3771
            \tl_if_in:nnT {#1} {\slshape}
    3772
                 \tl_if_in:nnT {#1} {\itshape}
    3773
    3774
                     \bool_set_false:N \g_@@_em_normalise_slant_bool
    3775
    3776
              }
    3777
   3778
            \group_begin:
   3779
   3780
              \normalfont
              \clist_map_inline:nn {\emreset,#1}
   3781
                 {
    3782
                   ##1
   3783
                   \prop_gput_if_new:NxV \g_@0_em_prop { \f@shape } { \l_@0_emdef_int }
   3784
                   \prop_gput:Nxn \g_@@_em_prop { switch-\int_use:N \l_@@_emdef_int } { ##1 }
    3785
    3786
                   \int_incr:N \l_@@_emdef_int
   3787
            \group_end:
    3788
   3789
          }
\em
    3790 \DeclareRobustCommand \em
         {
   3792
            \@nomath\em
            \tl_set:Nx \l_@@_emshape_query_tl { \f@shape }
   3793
   3794
            \bool_if:NT \g_@@_em_normalise_slant_bool
    3795
    3796
                 \tl_replace_all:Nnn \l_@0_emshape_query_tl {/sl} {/it}
    3797
    3798
    3799
    _{3800} \langle debug \rangle \ \typeout\{Emph~ level:~\int_use:N \l_@@_em_int\}
            \prop_get:NxNT \g_@0_em_prop { \l_@0_emshape_query_tl } \l_@0_em_tmp_tl
    3801
    3802
                 \int_set:Nn \l_@@_em_int { \l_@@_em_tmp_tl }
    3803
    _{3804} (debug) \typeout{Shape~ (\1_@@_emshape_query_t1)~ detected;~ new~ level:~\int_use:N \1_@@_em_i
    3805
    3806
    3807
            \int_incr:N \l_@@_em_int
    3808
            \prop_get:NxNTF \g_@0@_em_prop { switch-\int_use:N \l_@0@_em_int } \l_@0@_em_switch_tl
    3809
              { \l_@@_em_switch_tl }
    3810
    3811
                 \int_zero:N \l_@@_em_int
    3812
   3813
                 \emreset
   3814
   3815
   3816 }
```

```
\verb|\emshape|_{3817} \verb|\DeclareTextFontCommand{\emph}{\emph}$ \emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphorement{$\emphoreme
                    \eminnershape 3818 \cs_set:Npn \emreset { \upshape }
                                        \emreset 3819 \cs_set:Npn \emshape { \itshape }
                                                                         3820 \cs_set:Npn \eminnershape { \upshape }
                                                                               42.3 Strong emphasis
\strongfontdeclare
                                                                          _{3821}\cs_new\_protected:Npn\strongfontdeclare #1
                                                                          3822
                                                                                                        \prop_clear:N
                                                                                                                                                                            \g_@@_strong_prop
                                                                          3823
                                                                                                                                                                           \l_@@_strongdef_int
                                                                                                        \int_zero:N
                                                                          3824
                                                                          3825
                                                                          3826
                                                                                                        \group_begin:
                                                                          3827
                                                                                                                \normalfont
                                                                          3828
                                                                                                                \clist_map_inline:nn {\strongreset,#1}
                                                                                                                       {
                                                                          3829
                                                                                                                               ##1
                                                                          3830
                                                                                                                                \prop_gput_if_new:NxV \g_00_strong_prop { \f0series } { \l_00_strongdef_int }
                                                                          3831
                                                                                                                                \prop_gput:Nxn \g_@@_strong_prop { switch-\int_use:N \l_@@_strongdef_int } { ##1 }
                                                                          3832
                                                                                                                                \int_incr:N \l_@@_strongdef_int
                                                                          3833
                                                                                                                       }
                                                                         3834
                                                                         3835
                                                                                                         \group_end:
                                                                                              }
                                                                         3836
                               \strongenv
                                                                          3837 \DeclareRobustCommand \strongenv
                                                                          3838
                                                                                                        \@nomath\strongenv
                                                                          3839
                                                                          3840
                                                                          3841 (debug) \typeout{Strong~ level:~\int_use:N \l_@@_strong_int}
                                                                                                         \prop_get:NxNT \g_@@_strong_prop { \f@series } \l_@@_strong_tmp_tl
                                                                          3842
                                                                          3843
                                                                                                                        \int_set:Nn \l_@0_strong_int { \l_@0_strong_tmp_tl }
                                                                          3844
                                                                          3846
                                                                         3847
                                                                         3848
                                                                                                       \int_incr:N \l_@@_strong_int
                                                                         3849
                                                                                                        \prop_get:NxNTF \g_@@_strong_prop { switch-\int_use:N \l_@@_strong_int } \l_@@_strong_switch-\int_use:N \l_@@_strong_switch-\int_use:N \l_@@_strong_switch-\int_use:N \l_@@_strong_switch-\int_use:N \l_@@_strong_int } \l_@_strong_switch-\int_use:N \l_@_strong_int } \l_@_strong_switch-\int_use:N \l_@_strong_int } \l_@_strong_switch-\int_use:N \l_@_strong_int } \l_@_strong_switch-\int_use:N \l_@_strong_int } \l_@_strong_switch-\int_use:N \l_wset:N \l_wse
                                                                         3850
                                                                                                                { \l_@@_strong_switch_tl }
                                                                          3851
                                                                          3852
                                                                                                                        \int_zero:N \l_@@_strong_int
                                                                          3853
                                                                          3854
                                                                                                                        \strongreset
                                                                          3855
                                                                          3856
                                                                          3857
                                           \strong
                       \strongreset 3858 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\strong}{\strongenv}
```

\emph

```
3859 \cs_set:Npn \strongreset {}
\reset@font Ensure nesting resets when necessary:
            3860 \cs_set:Npn \reset@font
            3861
            3862
                    \normalfont
                    \int_zero:N \l_@@_em_int
            3863
                    \int_zero:N \l_@@_strong_int
            3864
            3865
                 Programmer's interface for setting nesting levels:
            3866 \cs new:Nn \fontspec set em level:n
                                                          { \int_set:Nn \l_@@_em_int
            3867\cs_new:Nn \fontspec_set_strong_level:n { \int_set:Nn \l_@@_strong_int {#1} }
                 Defaults:
            3868\strongfontdeclare{\bfseries}
            3869 \emfontdeclare { \emshape, \eminnershape }
            3870 (/fontspec)
```

43 Patching code

```
3871 (*fontspec)
```

43.1 \-

\- This macro is courtesy of Frank Mittelbach and the \LaTeX 2 ε source code.

```
3872 \DeclareRobustCommand{\-}
3873 {
     \discretionary
3874
3875
3876
        \char\ifnum\hyphenchar\font<\z@
               \xlx@defaulthyphenchar
3877
3878
                \hyphenchar\font
3879
3880
             \fi
       }{}{}
3881
3882 }
3883 \det xlx@defaulthyphenchar{`\-}
```

43.2 Verbatims

Many thanks to Apostolos Syropoulos for discovering this problem and writing the redefinion of LATEX's verbatim environment and \verb* command.

\fontspec_visible_space: Print u+2423: OPEN BOX, which is used to visibly display a space character.

```
tspec_visible_space_fallback: If the current font doesn't have u+2423: OPEN BOX, use Latin Modern Mono instead.
                              3890 \cs_new:Nn \fontspec_visible_space_fallback:
                              3891 {
                              3892
                                     \usefont{\g_fontspec_encoding_tl}{lmtt}{\f0series}{\f0shape}
                              3893
                              3894
                                     \textvisiblespace
                              3895
                              3896 }
ontspec_print_visible_spaces: Helper macro to turn spaces (^^20) active and print visible space instead.
                              3897 \group_begin:
                              3898 \char_set_catcode_active:n{"20}%
                              3899 \cs_gset:Npn\fontspec_print_visible_spaces:{%
                              3901 \cs_set_eq:NN^^2\( \)\fontspec_visible_space:\( \)
                              3902 }%
                              3903 \group_end:
                        \verb Redefine \verb to use \fontspec_print_visible_spaces:.
                       \verb*_{3904} \def\verb
                              3905 {
                                    \relax\ifmmode\hbox\else\leavevmode\null\fi
                              3906
                              3907
                              3908
                                      \verb@eol@error \let\do\@makeother \dospecials
                                      \verbatim@font\@noligs
                              3909
                                      \@ifstar\@@sverb\@verb
                              3910
                              3911 }
                              3912 \def\@@sverb{\fontspec_print_visible_spaces:\@sverb}
                                   It's better to put small things into \AtBeginDocument, so here we go:
                              3913 \AtBeginDocument
                              3914 {
                                    \fontspec_patch_verbatim:
                              3915
                                    \fontspec_patch_moreverb:
                                    \fontspec_patch_fancyvrb:
                                    \fontspec_patch_listings:
                              3918
                    verbatim* With the verbatim package.
                              3920 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_patch_verbatim:
                                    \@ifpackageloaded{verbatim}
                              3922
                              3923
                                      \cs_set:cpn {verbatim*}
                              3924
                              3925
                                        \group_begin: \@verbatim \fontspec_print_visible_spaces: \verbatim@start
                              3926
                              3927
                                     }
                              3928
                               This is for vanilla LATEX.
```

{

3929

```
\cs_set:cpn {verbatim*}
             3930
             3931
             3932
                        \@verbatim \fontspec_print_visible_spaces: \@sxverbatim
                       }
             3933
             3934
                     }
             3935 }
listingcont* This is for moreverb. The main listing* environment inherits this definition.
             3936 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_patch_moreverb:
             3937
                    \@ifpackageloaded{moreverb}{
             3938
                      \cs_set:cpn {listingcont*}
             3939
             3940
                        \cs_set:Npn \verbatim@processline
             3941
             3942
                          \thelisting@line \global\advance\listing@line\c_one
             3943
                          \the\verbatim@line\par
             3944
             3945
                        \Overbatim \fontspec_print_visible_spaces: \verbatimOstart
             3946
             3947
                   }{}
             3948
             3949 }
                  listings and fancvrb make things nice and easy:
             3950 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_patch_fancyvrb:
             3951 {
                    \@ifpackageloaded{fancyvrb}
             3952
                     {
             3953
                      \cs_set_eq:NN \FancyVerbSpace \fontspec_visible_space:
             3954
                     }{}
             3955
             3956 }
             3957 \cs_set:Npn \fontspec_patch_listings:
             3958 {
                    \@ifpackageloaded{listings}
             3959
             3960
                      \cs_set_eq:NN \lst@visiblespace \fontspec_visible_space:
             3961
             3962
                     }{}
             3963 }
```

43.3 \oldstylenums

\oldstylenums This command obviously needs a redefinition. And we may as well provide the reverse \liningnums command.

 $_{397^2}$ $\langle / fontspec \rangle$

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