Subject: Comments on Section 7, Unresolved issues 334 and 335

From: Van Snyder References: 02-123, 02-133

## 1 Edits that make a technical change

2 Edits refer to 02-007. Page and line numbers are displayed in the margin. Absent other

- instructions, a page and line number or line number range implies all of the indicated text is to
- $_{4}$  be replaced by associated text, while a page and line number followed by + (-) indicates that
- associated text is to be inserted after (before) the indicated line. Remarks are noted in the
- 6 margin, or appear between [ and ] in the text.
- 7 A pointer assignment statement in which data-pointer-object is nonpolymorphic and data-target
- is polymorphic is currently allowed, so long as the dynamic type of data-target is the same as
- 9 the type of data-pointer-object. This implies (at least in good implementations) that there will
- be a run-time check and error message if it fails. Now that we have SELECT TYPE, it would
- be better to prohibit this at the constraint level.
- 12 C714 $\frac{1}{2}$  (R735) If data-target is polymorphic (5.1.1.8), data-pointer-object shall be polymorphic. 136:1-
- If data-pointer-object is polymorphic (5.1.1.8), it assumes the dynamic type of data-object.

## 136:33-34

## 2 Edits having potential technical content

- Surely we don't allow just any kind type parameter for the result in the case of integer operands
- having different kind type parameters but the same decimal exponent range, real operands
- having different kind type parameters but the same decimal precision, or logical operands that
- happen to have different kind type parameters.
- [Editor: "or ... range"  $\Rightarrow$  "if the decimal exponent ranges are different; if the decimal exponent 117:30-31
- 20 ranges are the same, the kind type parameter of the expression is processor dependent, but it
- is the same as that of one of the operands".
- [Editor: "or ... precision"  $\Rightarrow$  "if the decimal precisions are different; if the decimal precisions 117:33-34
- are the same, the kind type parameter of the expression is processor dependent, but it is the
- same as that of one of the operands".]
- 25 [Editor: "processor dependent"  $\Rightarrow$  "is processor dependent, but it is the same as that of one of 117:37
- the operands".

## 27 3 Edits - Hopefully just editorial

- <sup>28</sup> [Editor: Insert ", pointer assignment" after "defined assignment".]
- <sup>29</sup> [Editor: Move first paragraph of 7.1.1 to be last paragraph of 7.1, because it has nothing to do 111:10-11
- with form of expressions.
- $C701\frac{1}{2}$  (R701) The designator shall not be a whole assumed-size array. 111:27
- 32 [Editor: Indent the last line of Note 7.3.] 112:19-
- Editor: Indent the last line in each of Notes 7.4 and 7.5.] 113:3-,18-
- <sup>34</sup> [Editor: Indent the last line of Note 7.6.]

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1	[Editor: Indent the last five lines of Note 7.7.]	114:8-
2 3 4	[Upside down.] A numeric intrinsic operator is one of +, -, *, / or **. A numeric intrinsic operation is an intrinsic operation for which <i>intrinsic-operator</i> is a numeric intrinsic operator.	115:1-3
5 6	[Editor: After making changes specified below for [129:5-9], move [129:2-14] to here, and delete [129:1] (because the moved stuff is not about interpretation).]	115:23+
7 8	[Editor: After making changes specified below for [129:19-23] and [129:28ff], move [129:16-28] to here, and delete [129:115] (because the moved stuff is not about interpretation).]	115:27+
9	[Editor: Insert "5.1.1.8" after "12.4.2".]	116:32
10	Too wordy. Editor: "In case" $\Rightarrow$ "If the function reference is generic".	116:32-33
11 12	$\overline{\text{[Editor: "The current"} \Rightarrow \text{"The shape, dynamic type and type parameters of a pointer that is associated with a target are those of the".}$	117:7
13 14	[Editor: "," "it has no shape, and its type and type parameters are its declared type and type parameters;".]	117:8
15 16	[Editor: Insert ", type parameters, and shape" after the second "type"; Exchange "The type of the result of a defined (7.3)" and "The shape otherwise".]	117:14-17
17 18 19 20	[No chance to take a breath. In also sounds like expressions of nonintrinsic type don't have type parameters. Editor: "An length parameter" $\Rightarrow$ "The type parameters of the result of an intrinsic operation are as follows:" at [117:18-19]. Then make a list, starting each list item with "For an expression" at lines 22, 24, 26, 34 and 37.]	117:18-39
21	$[Editor: "," \Rightarrow "and".]$	119:20
22	[Editor: Insert "of" before the first "the" in the third line of Note 7.14.]	122:4+4
23 24	Editor: "X" $\Rightarrow$ "A" twice (because it's presumably likely to be a different variable from in the preceding example).	
	NOTE 7.16	122:12+1-3
	In the examples in Note 7.15, if L or W defines its argument, evaluation of the expressions under the specified conditions causes Z to become undefined, no matter whether $L(Z)$ or $W(Z)$ is evaluated.	
26 27	[Editor: Replace "Nonallowable" in the second heading in Note 7.19 with "Forbidden", for consistency with the text two lines above it.]	123:7+a bunch
28	[Editor: Insert "(7.1.3)" after "operations".]	128:17
29	(2) Either	129:5-9
30 31	(a) A generic interface (12.3.2.1) provides the function with a generic-spec of OP-ERATOR $(op)$ , or	
32 33 34	(b) There is a type-bound generic binding $(4.5.1.5)$ in the declared type of $x_2$ with a generic-spec of OPERATOR $(op)$ and there is a corresponding binding to the function in the dynamic type of $x_2$ ,	
35	(3) The type of $d_2$ is compatible with the dynamic type of $x_2$ ,	

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1	(2)	Either	129:19-23
2		(a) A generic interface (12.3.2.1) provides the function with a generic-spec of OPERATOR $(op)$ , or	-
4 5 6		(b) There is a type-bound generic binding $(4.5.1.5)$ in the declared type of $x_1$ or $x_2$ with a generic-spec of OPERATOR $(op)$ and there is a corresponding binding to the function in the dynamic type of $x_1$ or $x_2$ , respectively,	_
7	(3)	The types of $d_1$ and $d_2$ are compatible with the dynamic types of $x_1$ and $x_2$ , respectively,	-
9 10 11	form"	ifications in 7.1.1 seem more to be specifications than implications. Editor: "implied $\Rightarrow$ "corresponding to the form of expressions specified in"; "which $\Rightarrow$ "that"; Delete a on line 31.]	
12	-	clause so far has specified precedence of operations. Editor: Insert "operations defined e "operators".]	d 130:2
4	[Editor: I	ndent the fourth nonblank line of the continuation of Note 7.32.]	131:0+5
15	-	t we have a syntax term index, Note 7.35 is unnecessary. I don't think there are other he same form anyway. Editor: Delete Note 7.35.]	r 131:12+1-2
17	Editor: "	'A variable" $\Rightarrow$ "The variable".]	132:1
8	[Editor: N	Move to [136:0+].	136:8-9
9	Editor: N	Move to [136:0+].	136:13-18
20	4 Exp	oosition of assignment needs work	
21 22 23 24	gets arour it does th stuff abou	ription of intrinsic assignment is quite tangled. The first problem is that it eventually and to saying "intrinsic assignment is an assignment that isn't defined assignment," but	
	stuff, and	nat wrong. It also has stuff about interpretation in the section in conformance, and at definition in the section on interpretation. Hopefully, all we do here is rearrange get it right, not introduce technical differences.	d
26	An assign	nat wrong. It also has stuff about interpretation in the section in conformance, and at definition in the section on interpretation. Hopefully, all we do here is rearranged	d e -
26 27	An assign an intrins	nat wrong. It also has stuff about interpretation in the section in conformance, and the definition in the section on interpretation. Hopefully, all we do here is rearranged get it right, not introduce technical differences.  **Imment-stmt** shall meet the requirements of either a defined assignment statement of the conformance of the	d e -
226 227 228 229 330 331 332 333	An assign an intrins [Editor: " [The desc "say it tw descriptio assignments."]	at wrong. It also has stuff about interpretation in the section in conformance, and at definition in the section on interpretation. Hopefully, all we do here is rearrange get it right, not introduce technical differences.  **ment-stmt* shall meet the requirements of either a defined assignment statement of assignment statement.  **12.3.2.1" \( \Rightarrow  "12.3.2.1.2".]  **ription of defined assignment at [132:12-13] is inadequate. This is an example of cice, get it wrong at least once." We could duplicate the description in 7.5.1.6, but the conformance, and the subclause entitled <b>Defined assignment</b> will below be made complete in the subclause entitled <b>Defined at Statement</b> , which was 7.5.1.2 but is to be moved and will have the definition (burnetation) parts of 7.5.1.6 put into it. Therefore, we now can simply say "not defined assignment will be subclaused in the subclause of the definition (burnetation) parts of 7.5.1.6 put into it. Therefore, we now can simply say "not defined assignment with the subclause of the definition (burnetation) parts of 7.5.1.6 put into it.	132:2 - 132:5 - 132:8-13
226 227 228 229 330 331 332	An assign an intrins  [Editor: "  [The desc "say it tw descriptio assignment interpassignment An intrin	at wrong. It also has stuff about interpretation in the section in conformance, and at definition in the section on interpretation. Hopefully, all we do here is rearrange get it right, not introduce technical differences.  **ment-stmt* shall meet the requirements of either a defined assignment statement of assignment statement.  **12.3.2.1" \( \Rightarrow  "12.3.2.1.2".]  **ription of defined assignment at [132:12-13] is inadequate. This is an example of cice, get it wrong at least once." We could duplicate the description in 7.5.1.6, but the conformance, and the subclause entitled <b>Defined assignment</b> will below be made complete in the subclause entitled <b>Defined at Statement</b> , which was 7.5.1.2 but is to be moved and will have the definition (burnetation) parts of 7.5.1.6 put into it. Therefore, we now can simply say "not defined assignment will be subclaused in the subclause of the definition (burnetation) parts of 7.5.1.6 put into it. Therefore, we now can simply say "not defined assignment with the subclause of the definition (burnetation) parts of 7.5.1.6 put into it.	132:2 - 132:5 - 132:8-13 e 1 t

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The types of variable and expr are intrinsic and conform as specified in Table 7.8, or2 The dynamic types of variable and expr are the same derived type with the 3 same type parameter values and *variable* is not polymorphic. [Editor: Move table 7.8 to here.] [Editor: Delete "and have the same kind type parameter" because it's already said in table 7.8.] 132:16 [Editor: "is of ... parameters"  $\Rightarrow$  "and expr are of derived type".] 132:19-22 [Editor: Delete (because conformance is now more spread out into 7.5.1.3).] 132:25 [Editor: Move (including Note 7.37) to [134:4-].] 133:2-13+2[Editor: After making changes noted above for [132:5], move [132:3-6] to here. Then, after 135:1+ 10 making changes noted below for [135:7-11] and in section 6 for [135:15], move [135:4-19] to here 11 (because the moved stuff is not about interpretation). 12 (2)Either 135:7-11 13 A generic interface (12.3.2.1) provides the subroutine with a qeneric-spec of (a) ASSIGNMENT (=), or There is a type-bound generic binding (4.5.1.5) in the declared type of  $x_1$  or x<sub>2</sub> with a *generic-spec* of ASSIGNMENT (=) and there is a corresponding 17 binding to the subroutine in the dynamic type of  $x_1$  or  $x_2$ , respectively, 18 The types of  $d_1$  and  $d_2$  are compatible with the dynamic types of  $x_1$  and  $x_2$ , respec-19 tively, 20 Unresolved issue 334 21 [Editor: Delete unresolved issue 334 note.] 137:15+1ff 22 [Editor: "and type parameters"  $\Rightarrow$  "; corresponding type parameters shall either both be 137:24 23 deferred or both have the same value"]. 24 Unresolved issue 335 25 [Editor: Insert ",  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  are conformable," after "elemental".] 129:27 26 [Editor: Delete unresolved issue 335 note.] 129:28+1ff 27 [Editor: Insert ",  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  are conformable," after "elemental".] 135:15

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