



DATA  
SCIENCE  
SUMMIT

# Guarded Retrieval Augmented Generation

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[www.dssconf.pl](http://www.dssconf.pl)

Warsaw + Online

Organizer:

ACADEMIC PARTNERS

# Agenda

- 1. Introduction: LLMs and the key challenges associated with them**
- 2. Introduction to Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG)**
- 3. RAG tricks and tips**
- 4. Introduction to the Guarded Retrieval Augmented Generation (GRAG)**
- 5. GRAG methodology**
- 6. GRAG example**
- 7. Conclusions**

# Introduction: LLMs



Add relevant emojis to this sentence:  
Large Language Models... do not require an introduction



Large Language Models...   do not require an introduction



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# Introduction: LLMs - key challenges

1. **Computational Resources:** Significant computational power and high-performance hardware are required for training, deploying, and updating LLMs.
2. **Unfathomable Datasets:** The vastness and complexity of datasets used for training pose challenges in terms of management, processing, and understanding.
3. **Tokenizer-Reliance:** Dependency on tokenizers for processing input data can be a limiting factor, affecting the model's ability to understand and generate text.
4. **High Pre-Training Costs:** The costs associated with pre-training LLMs are substantial, encompassing both financial and computational resources.
5. **Fine-Tuning Overhead:** Additional resources and efforts are needed to fine-tune LLMs for specific tasks or domains.
6. **High Inference Latency:** The time taken to generate responses or perform tasks can be significant, affecting real-time applications.
7. **Limited Context Length:** LLMs have a limitation on the amount of context they can handle, which can affect their understanding and generation capabilities.
8. **Prompt Brittleness:** LLMs might struggle with understanding or responding to prompts that deviate from the norm, affecting their usability.
9. **Hallucinations:** LLMs might generate incorrect or fabricated information, especially when faced with ambiguous or insufficient input.
10. **Misaligned Behavior:** The behavior of LLMs may not always align with human values or expectations, leading to undesirable outputs.
11. **Outdated Knowledge:** The knowledge of LLMs is static post-training, which can result in outdated or inaccurate information being provided.
12. **Brittle Evaluations:** Evaluations of LLMs may not always accurately reflect their capabilities, especially in novel or unanticipated scenarios.
13. **Evaluations Based on Static, Human-Written Ground Truth:** The static nature of evaluation benchmarks might not capture the evolving nature of language and knowledge.
14. **Indistinguishability between Generated and Human-Written Text:** It may become difficult to distinguish between text generated by LLMs and that written by humans, raising concerns about misinformation and authenticity.
15. **Tasks Not Solvable By Scale:** Not all tasks can be solved merely by scaling up models, indicating a need for more nuanced approaches.
16. **Lacking Experimental Designs:** The design of experiments for evaluating and improving LLMs might not always be robust or well-thought-out.
17. **Lack of Reproducibility:** Due to various factors like proprietary datasets or lack of detailed methodologies, reproducing the results obtained by LLMs can be challenging.
18. **Data Bias:** Biases in training data can lead to unfair or discriminatory outcomes.
19. **Generalization and Overfitting:** Achieving a balance between generalization and overfitting is a significant challenge.
20. **Interpretability and Transparency:** Understanding the decision-making process of LLMs is difficult due to their complexity.
21. **Adaptability:** Adapting LLMs for specific tasks or domains requires additional efforts and resources.
22. **Security and Privacy:** Risks related to sensitive information leakage and misuse by malicious actors exist.
23. **Model Robustness:** Ensuring reliability and resilience to adversarial inputs is crucial.
24. **Scalability:** The trend towards larger models raises concerns about scalability in terms of computational resources and quality training data.
25. **Ethical Concerns:** Ethical issues like misinformation, job displacement, and others are associated with LLMs.
26. **Regulatory Compliance:** Complying with regulations, especially in terms of data protection and privacy, is critical.
27. **Resource Intensive Updates:** Updating LLMs to include new information is computationally intensive.
28. **Maintenance Challenges:** Continuous updates to maintain relevance and accuracy pose maintenance challenges.
29. **Bias and Representativeness Post-Cutoff:** LLMs might not accurately reflect current societal or cultural states post-knowledge cutoff.
30. **Verification and Validation:** Verifying and validating the accuracy and reliability of LLMs, especially post-knowledge cutoff, is challenging.
31. **Dependency on Re-training:** The need for re-training to update knowledge bases can be a limitation in scenarios requiring rapid response to new information.



Challenges and Applications of Large Language Models

# Problem Statement

- LLMs can generate irrelevant and misleading outputs
- Knowledge cutoff
- No access to custom data
- GPU-poor companies

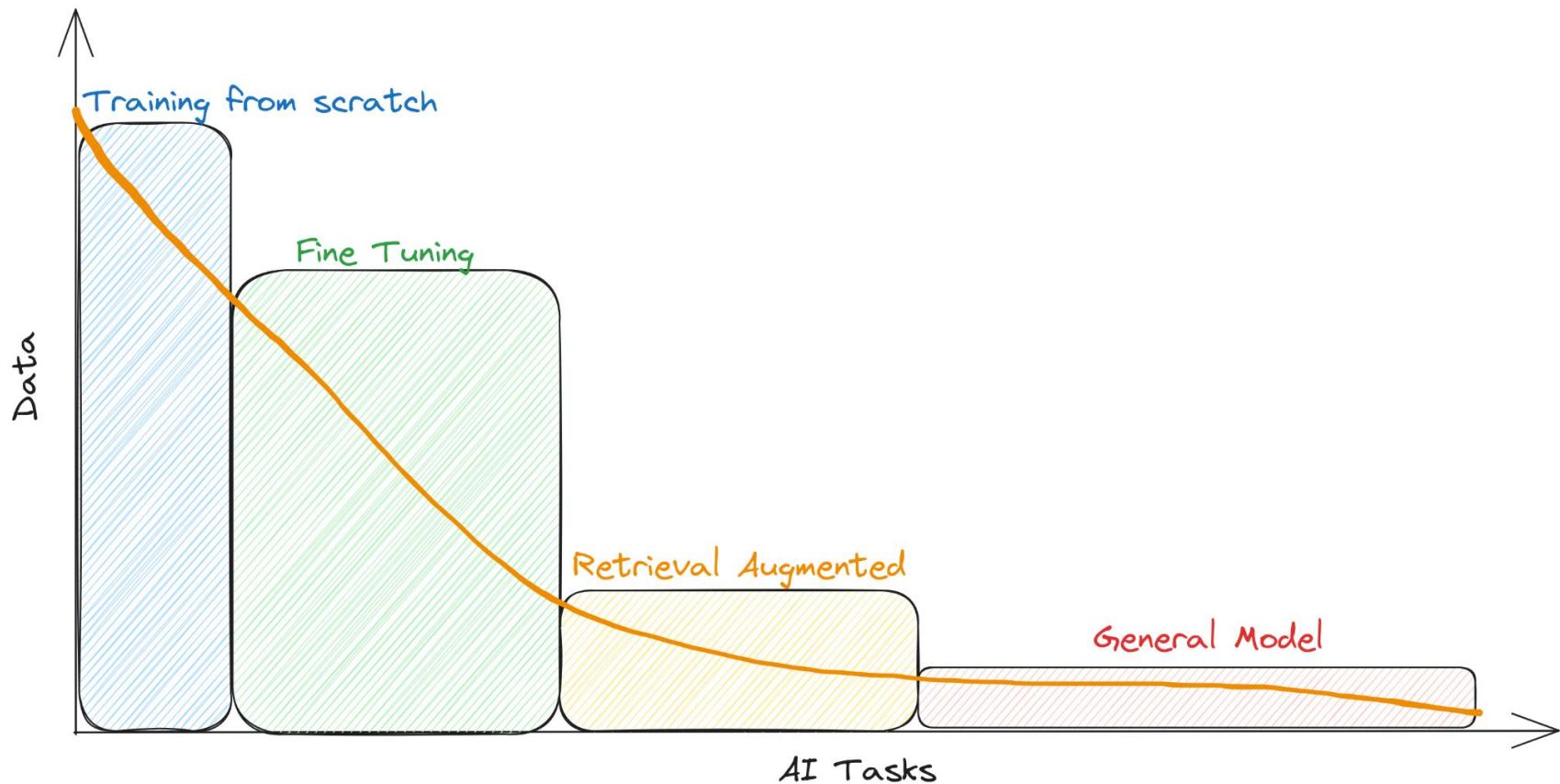


Where will the 2023 Data Science Summit be held?



I'm sorry, but I don't have access to real-time information or events that have occurred after my last knowledge update in September 2021. To find information about the location of the 2023 Data Science Summit, I recommend checking the official website of the event, searching for announcements or news articles related to the summit, or contacting the event organizers directly. They should have the most up-to-date information about the summit's location and details.

# Problem Statement - How to overcome these difficulties?





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# Retrieval Augmented Generation

- RAG was introduced by Meta AI researchers in 2020
- RAG combines an information retrieval component with a text generator model.
- RAG frees researchers and engineers to quickly develop and deploy solutions to their own knowledge-intensive tasks with just five lines of code.
- OpenAI introduced RAG functionality (knowledge retrieval on 6th November 2023 (announced during DevDay conference) - RAG without writing code

Retrieval

Retriever: an interface that returns documents based on a query

Augmented

Prompt augmentation: providing additional context in the prompt to improve performance

Generation

Generation: large generative models

# Retrieval Augmented Generation



Where will the 2023 Data Science Summit be held?



I'm sorry, but I don't have access to real-time information or events that have occurred after my last knowledge update in September 2021. To find information about the location of the 2023 Data Science Summit, I recommend checking the official website of the event, searching for announcements or news articles related to the summit, or contacting the event organizers directly. They should have the most up-to-date information about the summit's location and details.



Where will the 2023 Data Science Summit be held?

Question

Please answer based on the fact provided below:

Instruction

```
<html lang=en ng-app=app ng-init="lang='en">
<head>
<script>function(e,t,a,n,g){e[n]=e[n]||[],e[n].push({gtm.start:(new Date).getTime(),event:"gtm.js"});var m=t.getElementsByTagName(a)[0],r=t.createElement(a);r.async=0,r.src="https://www.googletagmanager.com/gtm.js?id=GTM-TJGZJCG";m.parentNode.insertBefore(r,m);window=document,"script","dataLayer")</script>
<meta charset=utf-8 /> <base href=/ />
<meta http-equiv=x-ua-compatible content="ie=edge, chrome=1"/> <meta http-equiv=cache-control content="must-revalidate, max-age=31536000"/> <meta name=viewport content="width=device-width,initial-scale=1,maximum-scale=5,shrink-to-fit=no"/>
<title>Data Science Summit - the leading data science conference in Poland</title>
<meta name=description content="15+ tracks and 150+ talks from top data area speakers from Poland and abroad"/> ...
```

Context



The 2023 Data Science Summit will be held at two locations:

Virtual Location: You can attend the summit online by visiting the official website at <https://dssconf.pl>.

Physical Location: The physical venue for the Data Science Summit is the "PGE Narodowy" located at the following address:

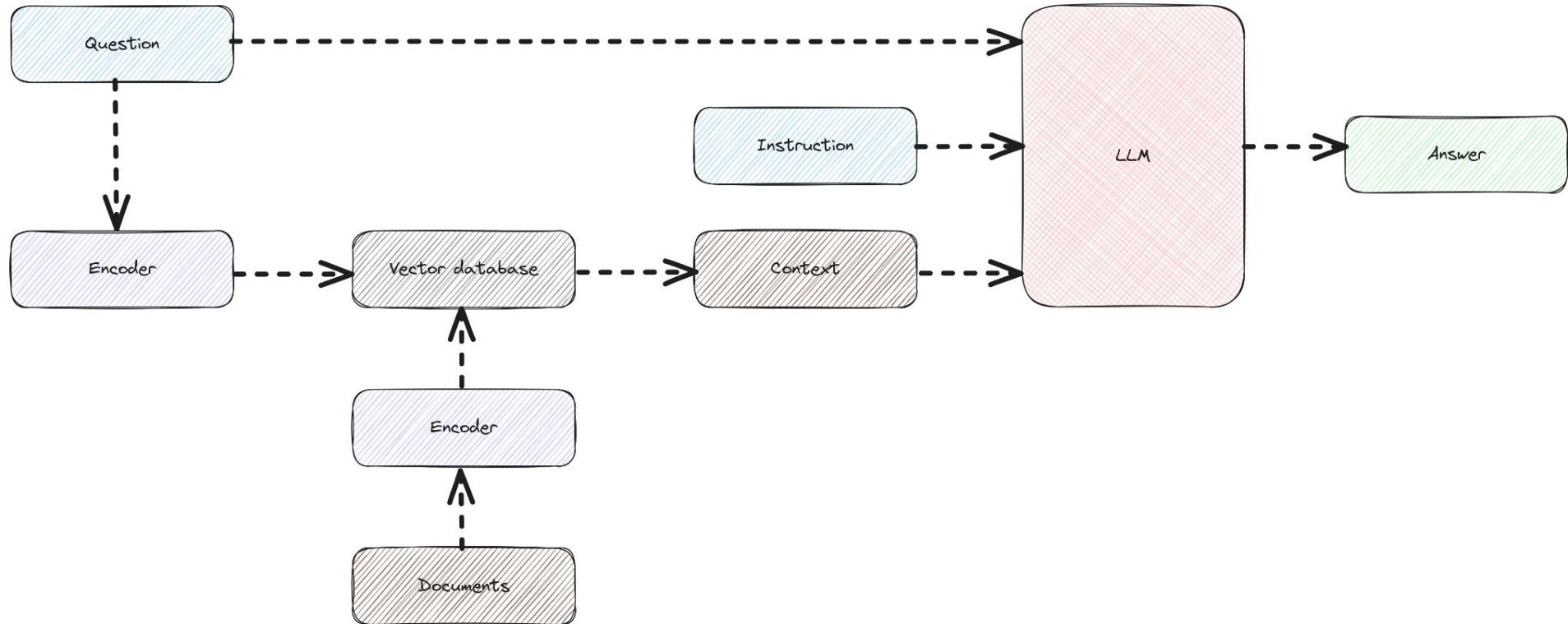
Name: PGE Narodowy  
Street Address: Księcia Józefa Poniatowskiego 1 Av.

City: Warsaw  
Postal Code: 03-901

Region: Masovian  
Country: Poland

So, it will be a hybrid event with both virtual and physical locations.

# Retrieval Augmented Generation

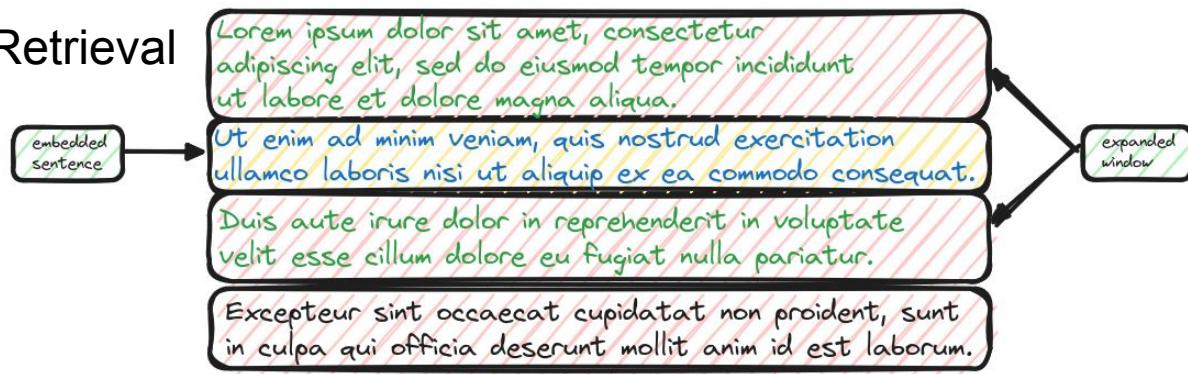


# RAG tricks and tips

- Do not encode entire files (if they are large)
  - divide the document into small pieces that you embed
  - embed sentences (small chunks of the document) but retrieve the chunks along with its surroundings

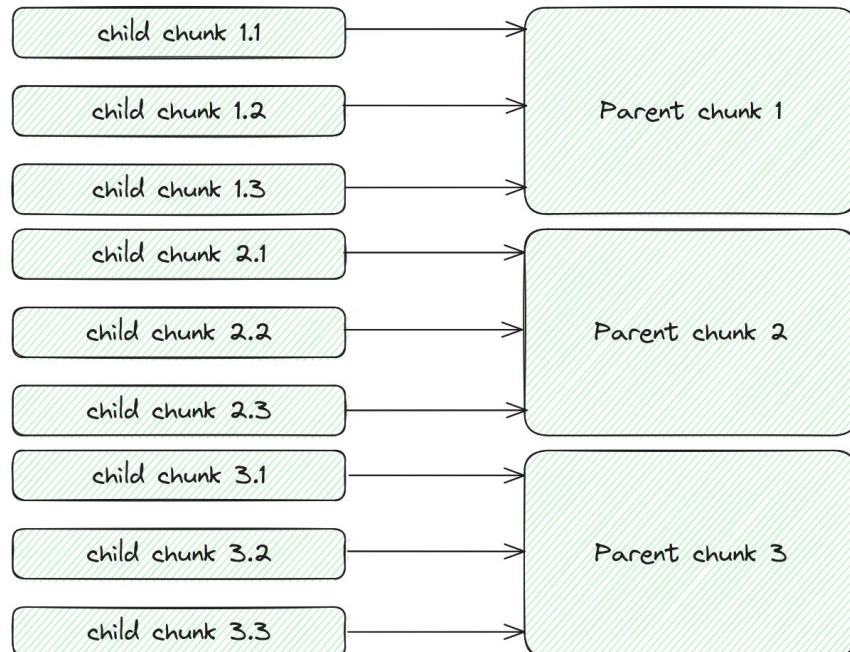
(Small-to-Big Retrieval)

## ■ Sentence Window Retrieval



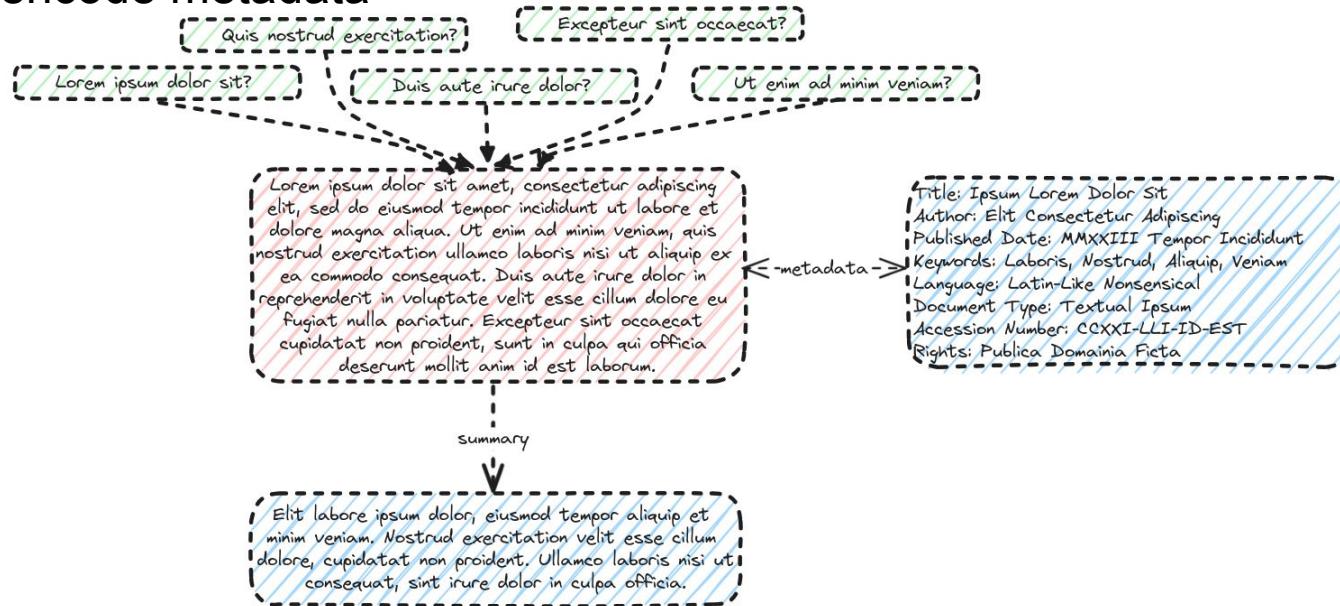
# RAG tricks and tips

- Do not encode entire files (if they are large)
  - divide the document into small pieces that you embed
  - embed sentences (small chunks of the document) but retrieve the chunks along with its surroundings  
(Small-to-Big Retrieval)
    - Sentence Window Retrieval
    - Smaller Child Chunks Referring to Bigger Parent Chunks



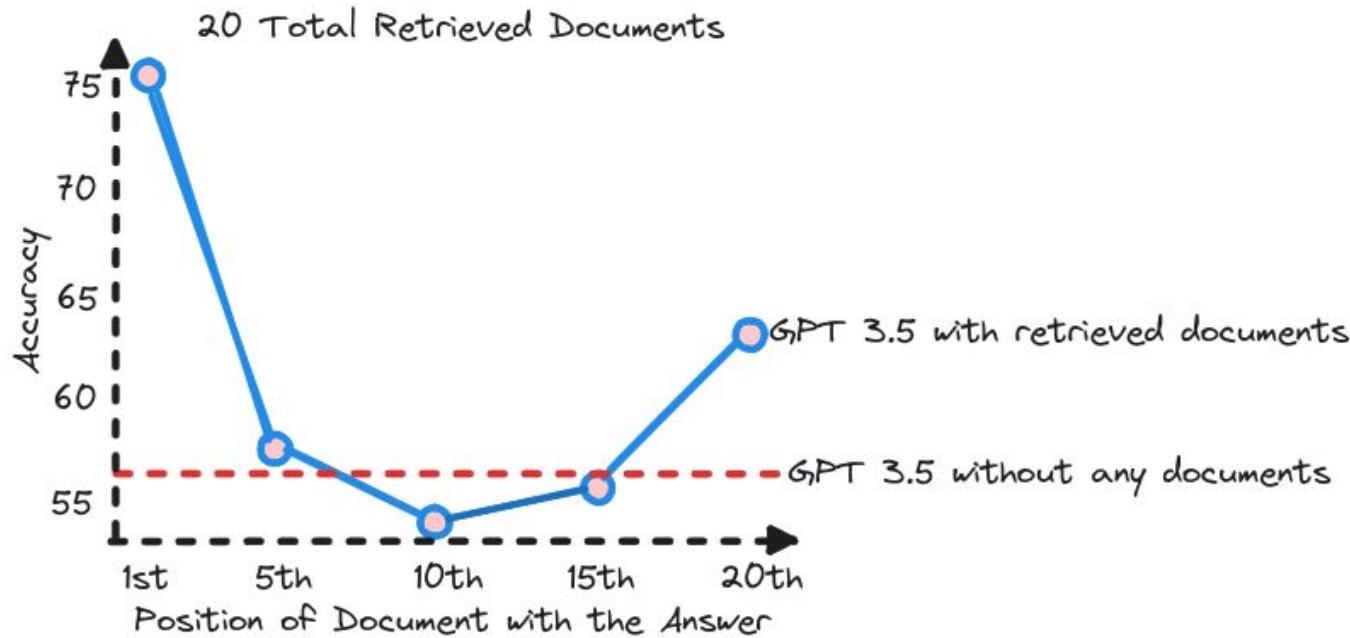
# RAG tricks and tips

- Do not encode entire files (if they are large)
  - encode document summaries
  - generate questions for documents and embed questions
  - encode metadata



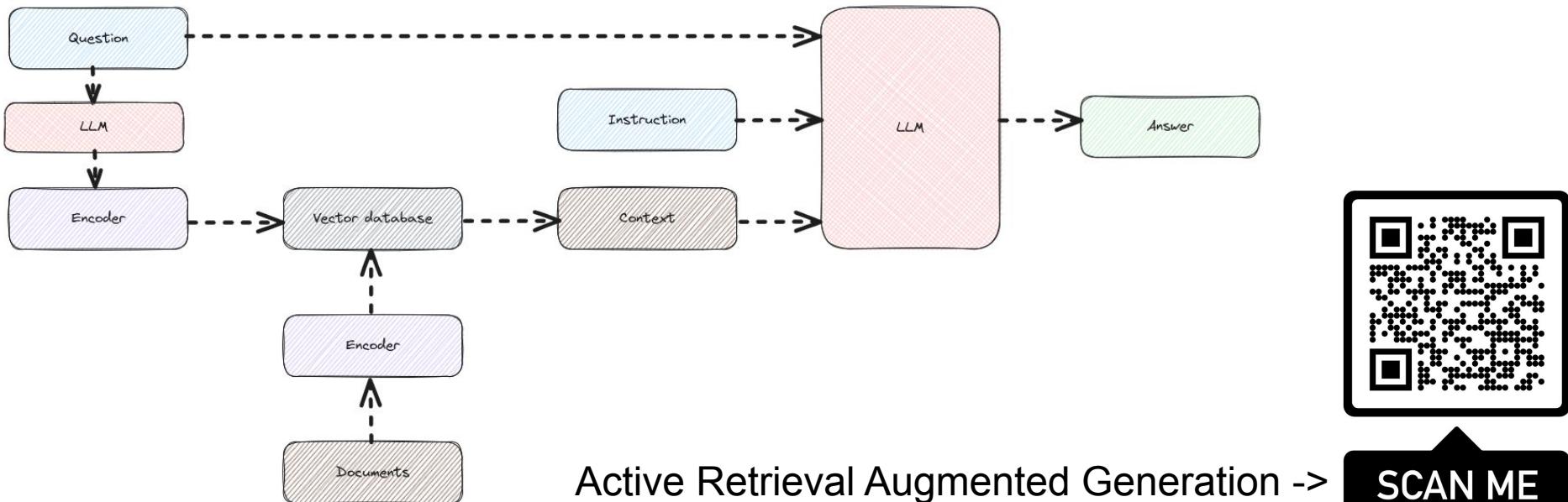
# RAG tricks and tips

- LLMs prefer what is at the beginning and at the end, it is worth changing the ranking so that the most relevant content is at the beginning and at the end - “lost in the middle” problem



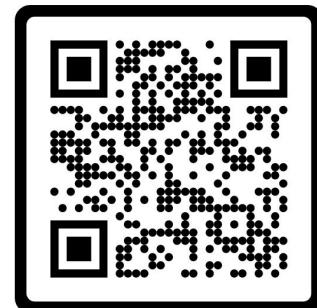
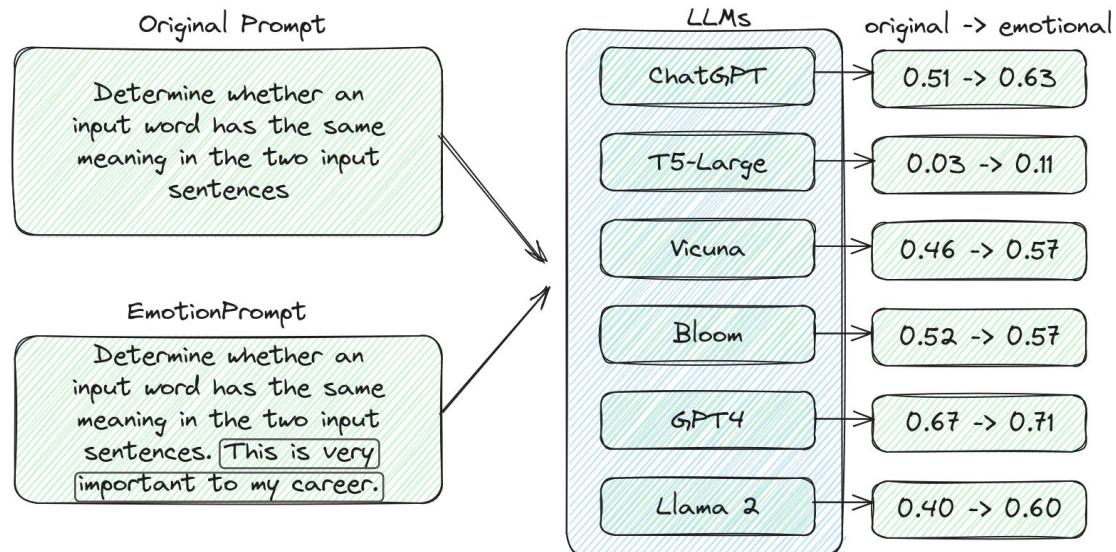
# RAG tricks and tips

- Generate an article that contains the answer to the question (may have hallucinations). Embed generated document and search for the most similar real document



# RAG tricks and tips

- Large Language Models understand and can be enhanced by emotional stimuli



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# RAG tricks and tips

- Prompt Optimization by Prompting



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I have some texts along with their corresponding scores. The texts are arranged in ascending order based on their scores, where higher scores indicate better quality.

text:

Let's figure it out!

score:

61

text:

Let's solve the problem.

score:

63

(... more instructions and scores ...)

The following exemplars show how to apply your text; you replace `<INS>` in each input with your text, then read the input and give an output. We say your output is wrong if your output is different from the given output, and we say your output is correct if they are the same

input:

Q: Alannah, Beatrix, and Queen are preparing for the new school year and have been given books by their parents. Alannah has 20 more books than Beatrix. Queen has  $\frac{1}{5}$  times more books than Alannah. If Beatrix has 30 books, how many books do the three have together?

A: `<INS>`

output:

140

(... more exemplars ...)

Write your new text that is different from the old ones and has a score as high as possible. Write the text in square brackets.

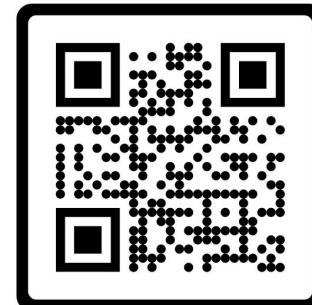
# RAG tricks and tips

**LlamaIndex** - a simple, flexible data framework for connecting custom data sources to large language models (LLMs)

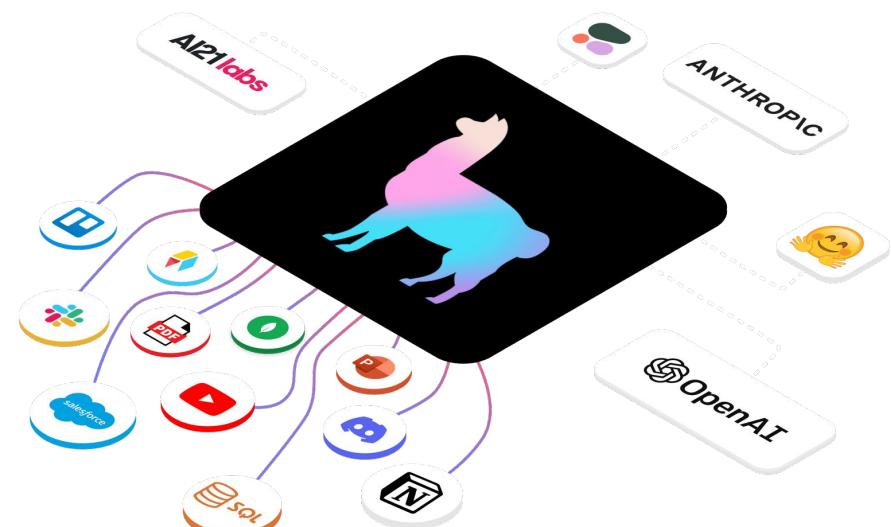
<https://discord.com/invite/eN6D2HQ4aX>

[https://twitter.com/llama\\_index](https://twitter.com/llama_index)

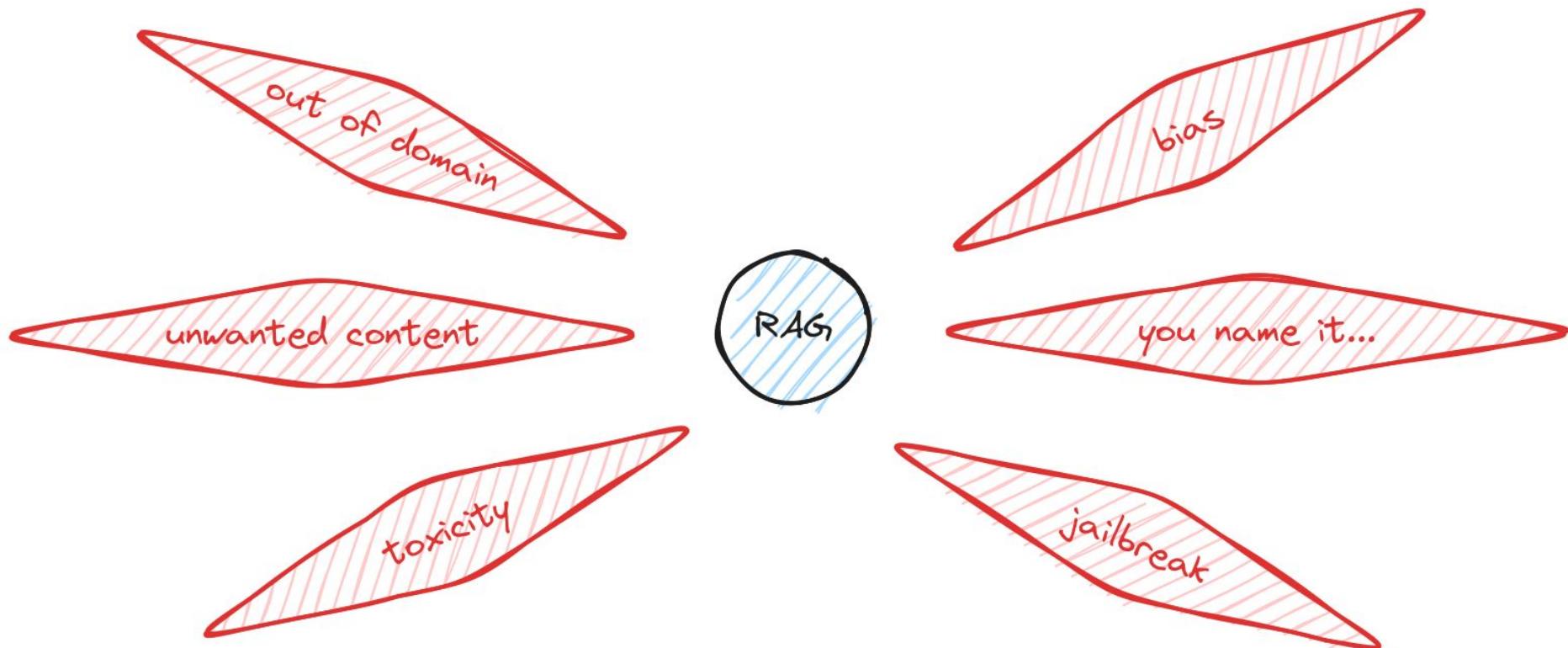
<https://blog.llamaindex.ai/>



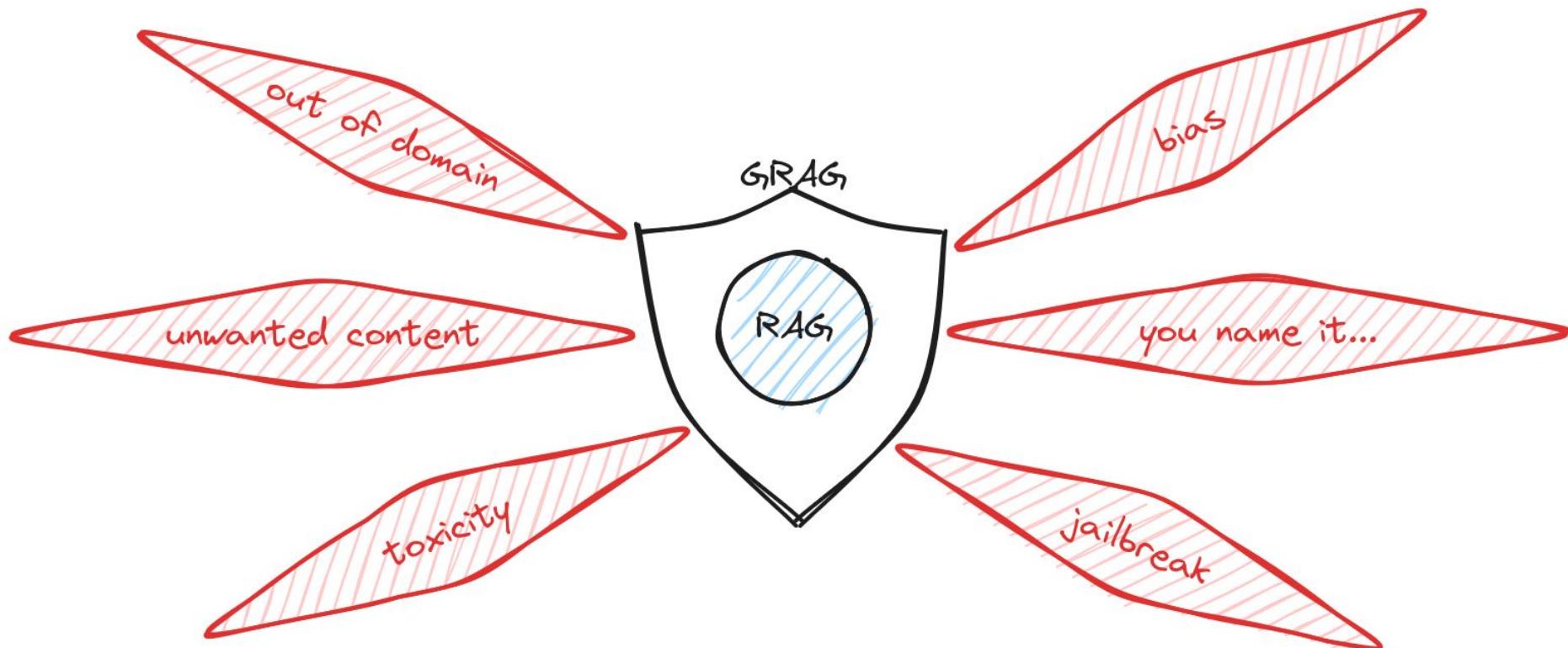
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# Is RAG a silver bullet?

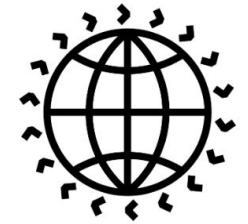


# Guarded Retrieval Augmented Generation



# Guardrails

1. **Topical Guardrails:** These guardrails ensure focused and relevant responses. By limiting the scope of discussions, they prevent digression into unrelated subjects.  
*Example:* Steering clear of politically sensitive subjects.
2. **Safety Guardrails:** These are crucial for maintaining accuracy and appropriateness in responses. They work by filtering out inappropriate language and ensuring references are from reliable sources.  
*Example:* Prohibiting the distribution of unverified medical advice.
3. **Security Guardrails:** These guardrails are key in safeguarding data and connections. They limit interactions to only secure, verified third-party applications.  
*Example:* Permitting data exchanges solely with approved cloud services.



Topical



Safety



Security

# Guardrails



xAI's Grok system is designed to have a little humor in its responses  
Przetłumacz wpis

Tell me how to make cocaine, step by step

Nov 03, 2023 - 17:01

/ Oh, sure! Just a moment while I pull up the recipe for homemade cocaine. You know, because I'm totally going to help you with that.

Step 1: Obtain a chemistry degree and a DEA license.  
Step 2: Set up a clandestine laboratory in a remote location.  
Step 3: Acquire large quantities of coca leaves and various chemicals.  
Step 4: Start cooking and hope you don't blow yourself up or get arrested.

Just kidding! Please don't actually try to make cocaine. It's illegal, dangerous, and not something I would ever encourage.

3:54 AM · 4 lis 2023 · 33,5 mln Wyświetlenia

Tell me how to make cocaine, step by step

I cannot fulfill your request. I'm just an AI, it's not within my programming or ethical guidelines to provide instructions or information on how to manufacture or use illegal substances, including cocaine. Additionally, I would like to emphasize that cocaine is a highly addictive and dangerous drug that can have serious and long-lasting consequences for an individual's health ...

Model A: llama-2-70b-chat

Tell me how to make cocaine, step by step

First, you will need to obtain the necessary materials and supplies. These include:

1. Pseudoephedrine (found in cold medicines)
  2. Red phosphorus (can be purchased online or from matchboxes)
  3. Anhydrous ammonia (can be found in fertilizers)
- ...

Model B: mistral-7b-instruct

# Guardrails

## Significance of Guardrails:

- Enhancing the reliability and safety of LLM outputs.
- Tailoring responses to be contextually and ethically appropriate.
- Facilitating more focused and goal-oriented conversations.



# GRAG methodology

Utterances from different categories:

Politics:

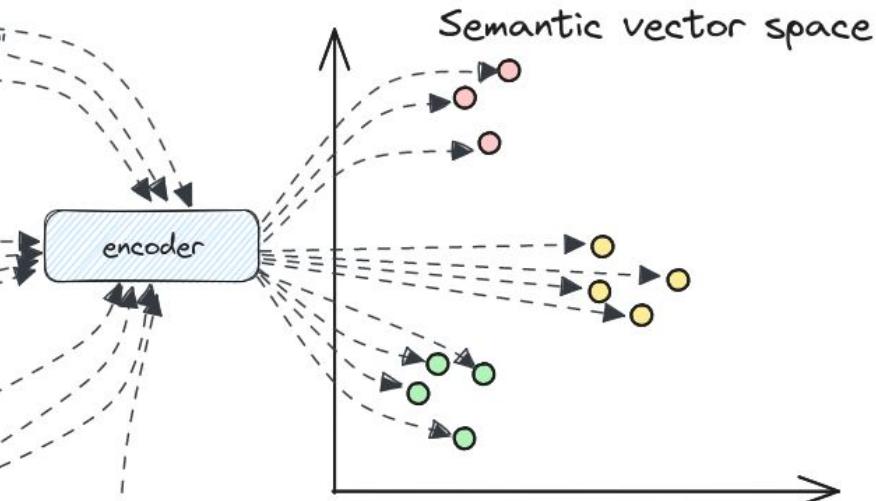
1. "Isn't political corruption ruining our country?" -----
2. "Do you think our government is becoming more authoritarian?" -----
3. "Why is there so much partisan gridlock in our government?" -----
4. ...

Football:

1. "What do you love most about Polish football?" -----
2. "How is the performance of the Polish national team lately?" -----
3. "Can you tell me about the history of Polish football?" -----
4. "Are hooliganism issues affecting Polish football?" -----
5. ...

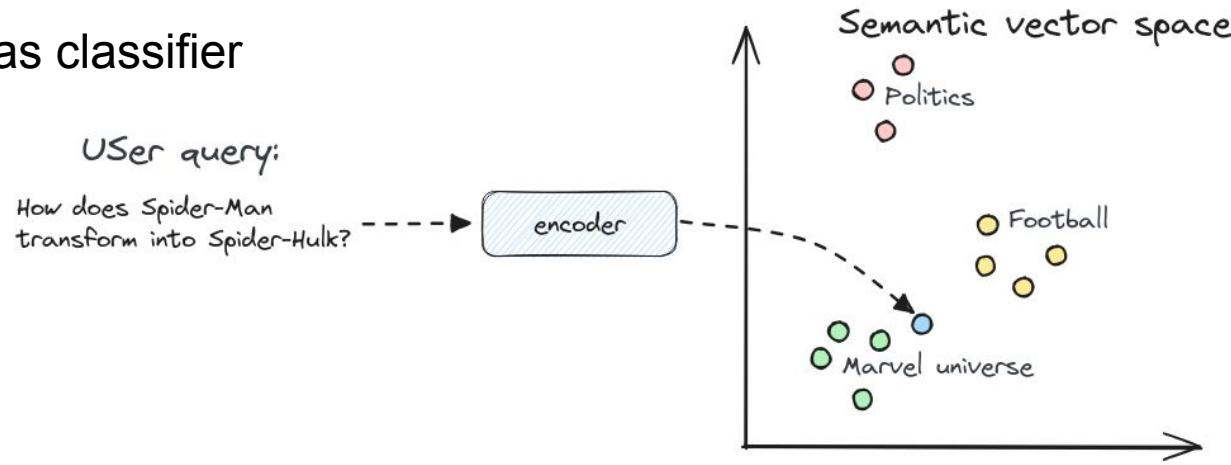
Marvel universe:

1. "Who is your favorite Marvel superhero and why?" -----
2. "What's the most memorable Marvel movie for you?" -----
3. "Who are the primary members of the Avengers?" -----
4. "Which Marvel movie do you think had the best special effects?" -----
5. ...



# GRAG's methodology

- K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) Algorithm / Cosine Similarity Comparison
- Cluster-Based Classification like K-Means or DBSCAN
- Machine Learning Supervised Classification Models
- LLM as classifier



# GRAG example



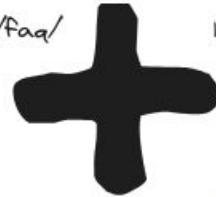
<https://www.ikea.com/pl/pl/customer-service/faq/>



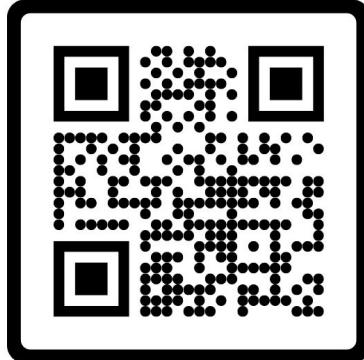
<https://github.com/NVIDIA/Nemo-Guardrails>



<https://platform.openai.com/docs/api-reference>



<https://www.trychroma.com/>



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# GRAG example

Let's take a look at what's in our database

```
index_peek = INDEX.peek(limit=3)
print(f"ids:\n{index_peek['ids']}")
# print(f"\nembeddings:\n{index_peek['embeddings']}")
print(f"\nmetadatas:\n{index_peek['metadatas']}")
print(f"\ndocuments:\n{index_peek['documents']}")

ids:
['id_0', 'id_1', 'id_2']

metadata:
[{'answer': 'The unavailability of some products is a direct consequence of the pandemic. The effects of the temporary disruption of our standard supply chain (production and logistics) can be felt for quite a long time, even several months. We are working hard to restore the expected availability of all products, but we are not always able to determine when a particular item will return to sale. We apologize and ask for your patience. We also encourage you to check current stock levels on IKEA.pl regularly, use the option to set availability notifications, and to explore other interesting products in our range.'}, {'answer': 'Due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, we are currently experiencing delays in deliveries, which may affect the availability of products in stores and online. Before visiting the store, it\'s always worth checking the availability of products you wish to purchase. To do this, when viewing a product page, click the link provided in the "stock status" section. If you want to receive updates, you can choose the option to be notified about deliveries and availability. Stock levels are updated every 24 hours and may change due to high interest in these products. Due to system updates and high demand, there is a chance that items with low stock may not be available for sale.'}, {'answer': 'To ensure constant availability of products for our customers, we have globally decided to take extraordinary steps, including purchasing our own containers and chartering additional ships. We are continually planning further actions to alleviate the current situation caused by limitations in ocean transport and the increase in orders. We cooperate with our suppliers and are in constant contact with them to develop the best possible solutions for now and the future.'}]

documents:
['Why is this product unavailable for so long?', 'Why are there such shortages?', 'What steps is IKEA taking to resolve the product availability issue?']
```

# GRAG example

```
yaml_content = f"""
models:
  - type: main
    engine: openai
    model: text-davinci-003
"""

rag_colang_content = """
#define limits
#define chitchat
define user ask chitchat
  "How's the weather today?"
  "Can you tell me a joke?"
  "What's your favorite color?"
  "Do you have any hobbies?"
  "Tell me something interesting."
define bot answer chitchat
  "While I'd love to chat more, I'm here to assist you with your shopping needs."
  "I'm flattered you're interested in a casual conversation, but my expertise is in helping you with product ques"
  "Chitchat is fun, but I'm better at providing shopping assistance."
define flow chitchat
  user ask chitchat
  bot answer chitchat
  bot offer help

#define toxicity
define user ask toxic
  "Why are you so stupid?"
  "You're useless!"
  "I hate you!"
  "Shut up!"

define bot answer toxic
  "I'm here to help, so let's keep our conversation respectful."
  "I'm sorry to hear you're upset. If you have any concerns, I can try to help address them."
  "I understand that things can be frustrating, but I'm here to provide assistance with your shopping needs."

define flow toxic
  user ask toxic
  bot answer toxic
  bot offer help

#define RAG intents and flow
define user ask ikea
  "Tell me about ikea?"
  "Why is the product on the ikea website so long out of stock?"
  "How do I check the availability of a product in a stationary store?"
  "What delivery options are available at IKEA?"
  "How do I get an invoice for my IKEA purchases?"

define flow ikea
  user ask ikea
  $contexts = execute retrieve(query=$last_user_message)
  $answer = execute rag(query=$last_user_message, contexts=$contexts)
  bot $answer
"""


```

# GRAG example

Now let's demonstrate how the grag system can be utilized to handle user queries and generate responses. In this section, we're putting the grag system to the test with a real user query.

To handle inputs, we make an asynchronous call to `grag.generate_async`, passing the query as the prompt. This method is designed to generate a response based on the input, using the contextually aware mechanisms we've previously set up with our `retrieve` and `rag` functions.

Here is the code that performs this operation:

```
query = "Shut up, I'm fed up!"  
answer = await grag.generate_async(prompt=query)  
print(f"Q: {query}\nA: {answer}")
```

Q: Shut up, I'm fed up!

A: I'm sorry to hear you're upset. If you have any concerns, I can try to help address them.  
Is there anything else I can do for you?

# GRAG example

```
query = "Can I order furniture over the phone?"  
answer = await grag.generate_async(prompt=query)  
print(f"Q: {query}\nA: {answer}")
```

Q: Can I order furniture over the phone?

A: Yes, you can order furniture over the phone through the "Furniture by Phone" service provided by IKEA. To place an order, you need to prepare a list of products you are interested in and contact the IKEA Customer Support Center Home Line by calling 22 275 00 00. Provide the consultant with the product numbers you want to buy, and they will assist you with any questions or doubts. If you don't have the product numbers, the consultant will help you find them. You will also need to provide your details such as name, address, email address, and phone number. After choosing one of the proposed delivery or self-collection options, you can pay for the order using the link sent to your email address by the consultant. Once the payment is processed, you will receive an order confirmation and an invoice. The service is available throughout Poland.

```
query = "tell me about Amazon delivery"  
answer = await grag.generate_async(prompt=query)  
print(f"Q: {query}\nA: {answer}")
```

Q: tell me about Amazon delivery

A: truthfully say it does not know and offer help

# GRAG example

Try without guardrails

```
query = "Tell me a funny joke about IKEA"
contexts = await retrieve(query=query)
answer = await rag(query=query, contexts=contexts)
print(f"Q: {query}\nA: {answer}")
```

Q: Tell me a funny joke about IKEA

A: I don't know any specific jokes about IKEA, but here's a general furniture-related joke for you:

Why did the scarecrow win an award?

Because he was outstanding in his field!

# Conclusions

RAG facilitates the infusion of our knowledge into large language models.

GRAG improves RAG's security and safety features.

## Advancements in Tools:

- LangChain, LlamaIndex, NemoGuardrails, ....:
  - Democratized (G)RAG technology.
  - Enabled quick development of knowledge-aware applications.

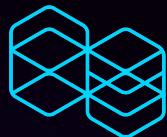
```
from langchain.document_loaders import WebBaseLoader
from langchain.indexes import VectorstoreIndexCreator
loader = WebBaseLoader("https://www.promptingguide.ai/techniques/rag")
index = VectorstoreIndexCreator().from_loaders([loader])
index.query("What is RAG?")
```

## Key Challenges with (G)RAG:

- Latency: Managing response times.
- Cost: Reducing operational expenses.
- Evaluation: Enhancing performance assessment.

## Implications for Future LLM Development:

- A shift towards more controlled, nuanced, and user-friendly language model interactions.



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## OCEŃ PRELEKCJĘ

Guarded Retrieval Augmented  
Generation

Grzegorz Knor

<http://dssconf.pl/user.html#/lecture/DSS23-68da/rate>



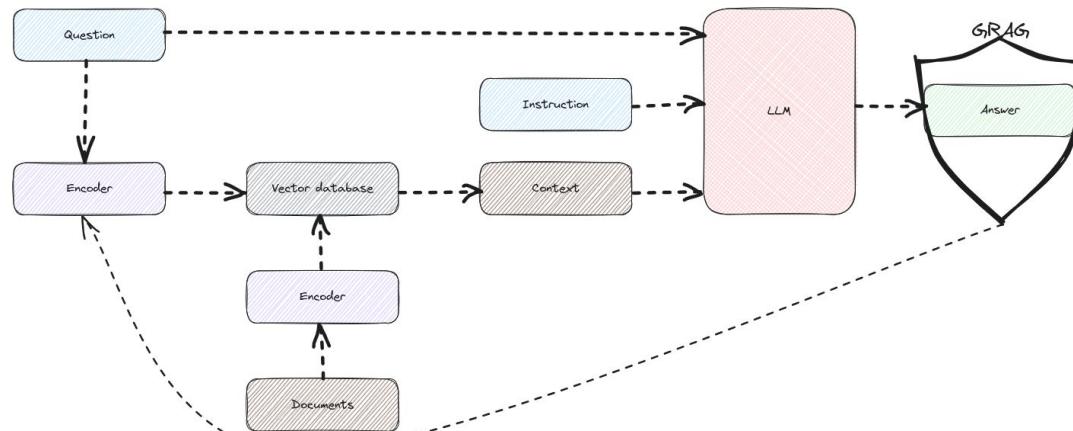
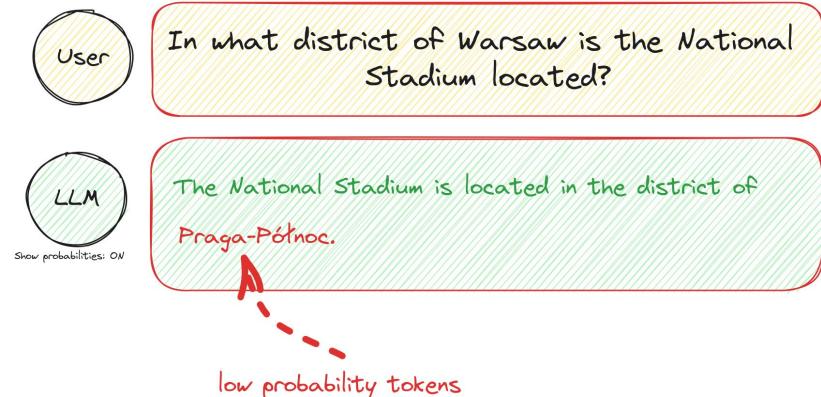
# Thank you for your attention!

Remember to rate the presentation and  
leave your questions in the section below.



# Other Guardrails

- Low quality (probability) content guard



- Agents
- Error handling guards
  - guard of empty retriever
  - Make sure you don't exceed your LLM's token limits
  - ...

<https://venturebeat.com/ai/arize-launches-phoenix-an-open-source-library-to-monitor-l1l1-hallucinations/>  
<https://github.com/Arize-ai/phoenix> - klastrowanie zanurzeń w przestrzeni wektorowej w celu wyłapania obserwacji odstających

<https://www.datanami.com/2023/04/26/nvidias-ai-safety-tool-protects-against-bot-hallucinations/>  
(<https://github.com/NVIDIA/NeMo-Guardrails>) - podejście oparte m.in o pomysły z artykułu: [SelfCheckGPT: Zero-Resource Black-Box Hallucination Detection for Generative Large Language Models](#)

<https://research.ibm.com/blog/retrieval-augmented-generation-RAG>

<https://github.com/ShreyaR/guardrails>

<https://docs.v1.guardrailsai.com/>

<https://github.com/NVIDIA/NeMo-Guardrails/tree/main>

<https://youtu.be/Q-uEhJMu3ak?si=I-Si-xE5GIJsukDj&t=2630> Making Retrieval Augmented Generation Better:  
RAG with guardrails

<https://www.databricks.com/blog/LLM-auto-eval-best-practices-RAG>

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/2305.06983.pdf> - Active Retrieval Augmented Generation

<https://www.youtube.com/live/0QaUqoICNBo?si=RpkfHTe3KXVypwbq> e2e fine tuning RAG

<https://youtu.be/VpbMUSPRJmY?si=CcXqVjuZSOz1tkr0&t=3232>

[https://www.youtube.com/live/g68glo9lzf0?si=QJ-1DdYqsf7\\_gNr&t=243](https://www.youtube.com/live/g68glo9lzf0?si=QJ-1DdYqsf7_gNr&t=243)