## CS 1301 Exam 2 Spring Semester 2020

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- Extra paper is not allowed. If you have exhausted all space on this test, talk with your instructor.
- All code must be in Python.

1) TABLE COMPLETION [18 pts] (3 points each) Pretend you are the python interpreter. Evaluate each of the expressions below. Write down the value that each evaluates to. If your answer is a string include quotes around your answer (i.e "hello"). If your answer is a float make sure you include the decimal (i.e 5.0). Write the word error in both columns if the expression causes an error.

Table 1: Expression

Expression	Return Value of Expression (2 pts)	Data Type of Expression (1 pt)
("frappuccino",)[0][2:0:-1]		
[[2.5, 9.0], 13.1][0][1] + 3		
aList.append("d")		
{1:2, 2:4, 3:6}[1]		
("i","love","coffee") - ("coffee",)		
len({"a":1, "b":4, "c":2, "a":5})		

- 2) MULTIPLE CHOICE [36 pts] (3 points each) For each of the following multiple choice questions, indicate the best answer by bubbling in the corresponding circle. Points may be deducted otherwise.
- a) Which of the following would correctly change a tuple named aTup from ("Refreshers", "Lattes") to ("Mochas", "Refreshers", "Lattes")

O A: aTup.append("Mochas")

O B: aTup = ("Mochas") + aTup

O C: aTup = ("Mochas",) + aTup

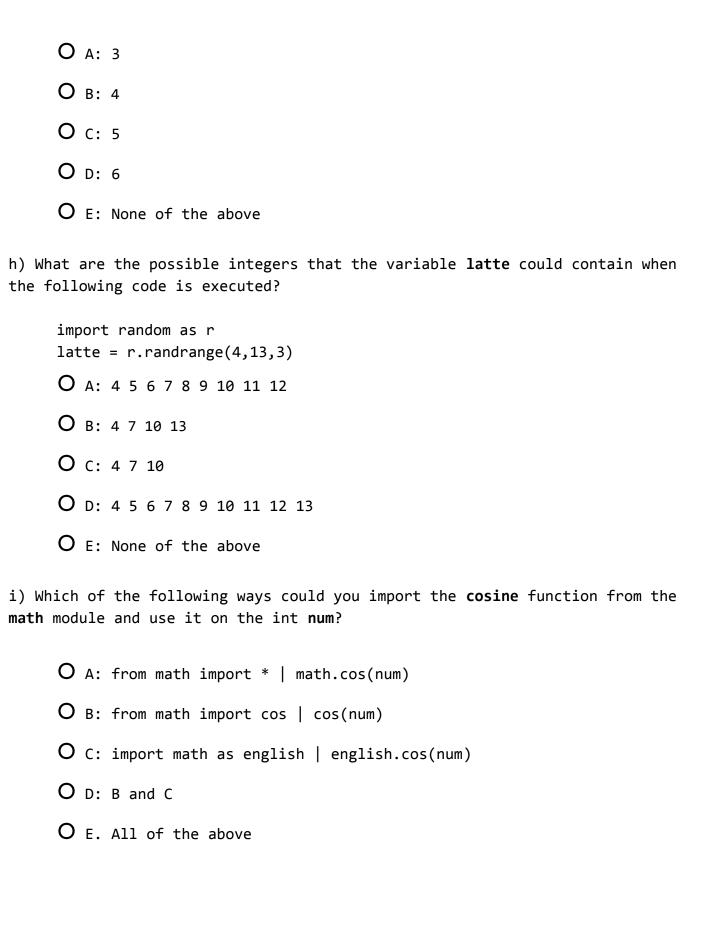
O D: A and C

O E. All of the above

```
["Seattle", "WA"]}}, what is aDict["Coffee"]["Starbucks"][0]*2
     O A: "SeattleSeattle"
     O B: ["Seattle", "Washington", "Seattle", "Washington"]
     O c: 3900
     O D: "QuincyQuincy"
     O E: aDict is not a valid dictionary
c) Which of the following statements is true about closing files?
     O A: Data will not be retrieved if you don't close the file that you have
          opened for reading.
     O B: Data will not be written to a file if you don't close the file that
           you have opened for writing.
     O C: Both A and B
     O D: None of the above
d) Which of the following is a valid dictionary?
     O A: drink order = {print("pink drink"): 5, "americano": {}}
     O B: drink order = {"frappuccino": 1.0, 3.0: True}
     O C: drink order = {("peach lemonade",): [1.0, ["peppermint mocha"]]}
     O D. B and C
     O E. All of the above
```

b) Given aDict = {"Coffee" : {"Dunkin" : ("Quincy", "MA"), "Starbucks":

```
e) Which of the following lines of code would remove the commas from a variable
named frap that contains the value "ice, powder, and milk"?
     O A: frap -= ","
     O B: frap = frap.split(",")[0] + frap.split(",")[1] + frap.split(",")[2]
     O C: frap = frap.strip(",")
     O D: B and C
     O E: None of the above
f) Which of the following lines of code correctly adds the string "cold brew"
to the variable morning coffee containing a list?
     I. morning coffee.append("cold brew")
     II. morning coffee += "cold brew"
     III. morning coffee = morning coffee + ["cold brew"]
     O A: I only
     O B: II only
     O C: III only
     O D: I and III only
     O E: I, II, and III
g) How many lines of code would be printed to the shell after running the
following code?
     def func(tupList):
         try:
             for num1, num2 in tupList:
                 if num1 + num2 == 0:
                     print("bucks")
         except:
             print("star")
         finally:
             return("done")
     tupList = [(0,0),(-2,1),(-8,8),(3,-2,9),(-5,5)]
     print(func(tupList))
```



```
aList = ["coffee", ["Blue Donkey", "Dancing Goats"]]
     bList = aList[:]
     cList = aList
     aList.append("tea")
     cList.append(1971)
     cList[3] -= 5
     aList[1].append("latte")
j) What is the value of alist after the code above is run?
     O A: ["coffee", ["Blue Donkey", "Dancing Goats", "latte"], "tea"]
     O B: ["coffee", ["Blue Donkey", "Dancing Goats", "latte"], "tea", 1966]
     O C: ["coffee", ["Blue Donkey", "Dancing Goats", "latte"], "tea", 1971]
     O D: None (NoneType)
     O E: None of the above
k) What is the value of blist after the code above is run?
     O A: ["coffee", ["Blue Donkey", "Dancing Goats", "latte"]]
     O B: ["coffee", ["Blue Donkey", "Dancing Goats"]]
     O C: ["coffee", ["Blue Donkey", "Dancing Goats", "latte"], "tea", 1966]
     O D: None (NoneType)
     O E: None of the above
1) What is the value of cList after the code above is run?
     O A: ["coffee", ["Blue Donkey", "Dancing Goats", "latte"], "tea"]
     O B: ["coffee", ["Blue Donkey", "Dancing Goats", "latte"], "tea", 1966]
     O C: ["coffee", ["Blue Donkey", "Dancing Goats", "latte"], "tea", 1971]
     O D: None (NoneType)
     O E: None of the above
```

Use the following code to answer parts j, k, and 1.

3) **Tracing** [16 pts] (4 points each) Show exactly what would be printed out when each of the following segments of code are executed. None of these code segments will cause an error. They all have at least partial output that would be shown.

```
a)
def traceMe(aStr):
    myList = aStr.split()
    first = open("aFile.txt","w")
    first.write(myList[1])
   first.close()
   second = open("aFile.txt", "a")
    second.write(myList[3])
    third = open("aFile.txt")
    print(third.read())
print(traceMe("let's go get coffee!"))
b)
def func(aDict):
    newDict = {}
    for item in aDict.items():
        a, b = item
         newDict[b] = a
         newDict[a] = b
    return newDict
dictList = {"iced":"latte",
"coffee":"iced", "mocha":"latte"}
print(func(dictList))
```

```
c)
def tupDrank(aTup, bTup):
    try:
        flavor, drink = aTup
        calorie = aTup[0] + flavor
        print(drink)
        print(calorie/24)
    except:
        print("too many calories!")
    finally:
        print("good night")
tupDrank(("Caramel", "Macchiato"), (800,
"tall"))
d)
def popPrince():
    aDict = {"prince":["Biebs"]}
    aDict["prince"] = ["Harry Styles"]
    for value in aDict:
        print(aDict[value])
    aDict["prince"][0] = "Shawn Mendes"
    print(aDict)
popPrince()
```

4) **CODING** [10 pts] Write a function called **surpriseMe** that takes in two parameters. The first parameter is a list of tuples where each tuple has three ingredients (strings) and the last element of the tuple states if the drink is hot or cold (string). The second parameter is your preference for a hot or cold drink (string). The function should create and return a list of tuples from the original list that matches your hot or cold drink preference. You may assume that the tuples will always contain four strings.

5) **CODING** [10 pts] Write a function called **bulkOrder** that takes in one parameter, a list of drinks. Return a dictionary that maps each drink to the number of times that the drink appears in the list. You can assume all drinks will be in lowercase.

```
Example Output #1:
>>> drinks = ["frap", "americano", "frap", "espresso", "espresso"]
>>> print(bulkOrder(drinks))
{"frap": 2, "americano": 1, "espresso": 2}
```

6) **CODING** [10 pts] Write a function named **sbux\_menu** that takes in the name of a file. This file will contain one drink on each line. Your function should return a tuple of the drinks, where each drink is one element of the tuple. You may assume that the file name will always be valid and that the file is in the same directory as the code.

Hint: Don't forget to remove newline characters!

```
Example Output #1:
>>> print(sbux_menu("sbux.txt"))
("Pink Drink", "Espresso", "Americano", "Cortado")
```

Example sbux.txt (actual file could have many more lines)

```
Pink Drink
Espresso
Americano
Cortado
```