

**Name :** GOKULAKANNAN A

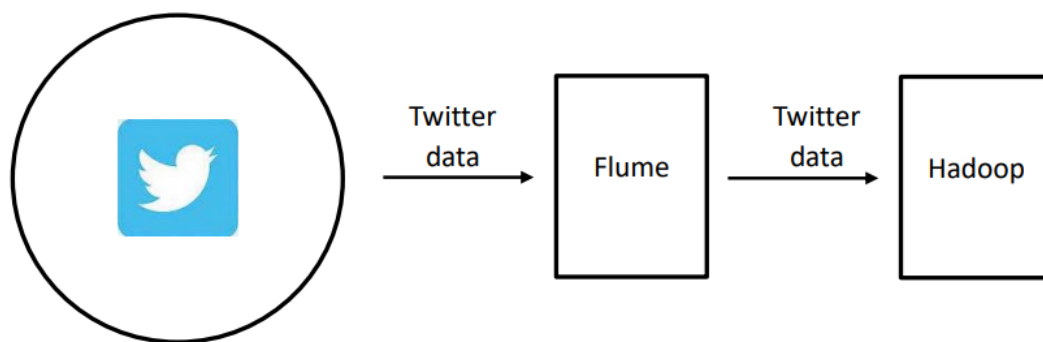
**RegNo :** 913020106002

**Department :** ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

**Project :** BIG DATA ANALYSIS

**Problem Statement:**

Real-time Data Collection Imagine you are a Big Data Engineer, and you need to fetch Twitter data into your Hadoop Cluster for doing some analyses to generate some business insights. The following figure illustrates a scenario where we need to ingest Twitter Data into the Hadoop clusters and then use the ingested data as required.





As a Big Data Engineer, your task is to ingest the Twitter Data into HDFS using Flume agent.

NOTE: Follow the following steps to get started with the project.

**Step 1:** Go to <https://developer.twitter.com/apps>

## Sign in to Twitter

 Sign in with Google

 Sign in with Apple

or

Phone, email, or username

Next


Forgot password?

Don't have an account? [Sign up](#)

**Step 2:** Click Sign up if you don't have account or click sign in if you have account

## Sign in to Twitter

 Sign in with Google

 Sign in with Apple

or


Phone, email, or username

Next

Forgot password?

Don't have an account? [Sign up](#)

**Step 3:** After signing up it will go to twitter website. Again go to <https://developer.twitter.com/apps> and there you can find **CREATE APP** option

 **Create App**

**Step 4:** You should name your App and go to keys and token section

## Name your App

1 App name 2 Keys & Tokens

Apps are where you get your access **keys & tokens**, plus set permissions. You can find them within your Projects.

32

**Step 5:** Copy both API key and API key Secret somewhere safe.

### Did you save your API Key and API Key Secret?

- Save them in a secure location
- Treat them like a password or a set of keys
- If security has been compromised, regenerate them
- DO NOT store them in public places or shared docs

API Key ⓘ

mLwXf4OeVAdHhJEATmZWbUyU5

Copy

API Key Secret ⓘ

85hWz7L8wN0RoMQTANQ73vkOAyrPNUHQ0XyU...

Copy

Yes, I saved them

**Step 6:** After that click dashboard option that is present and it will take you to dashboard

## Projects

Project 1


ELEVATED



MONTHLY TWEET CAP USAGE ⓘ

0%

0 Tweets pulled of 2,000,000      Resets on December 15 at 00:00 UTC

DEVELOPMENT APP


 Deepakcinna\_project

**Step 7:** Click key icon present on the APP

### Consumer Keys

API Key and Secret ⓘ

 [Reveal API Key hint](#)

Regenerate

### Authentication Tokens

Bearer Token ⓘ

Generated November 15, 2022

Revoke      Regenerate

Access Token and Secret ⓘ

Generated November 15, 2022  
For @Sashank57575757

Created with [Read Only](#) permissions

Revoke      Regenerate

**Step 8:** Click Regenerate option in Access Token and Secret. Save Access Token and Access Token Secret Keys safe.

## Did you save your Access Token and Access Token Secret?

- Save them in a secure location
- Treat them like a password or a set of keys
- If security has been compromised, regenerate them
- DO NOT store them in public places or shared docs

### Access Token

1592433201540378624-  
D8RRUdsOzXplRqoapJ86NEgDRGhD54

Copy

### Access Token Secret

6qpZK6jUOCgPEH8KXQTzEA4xzPWGr2h4V5xOZZ...

Copy

Yes, I saved them

**Step 9:** We need to get elevated access for our project. So go to <https://developer.twitter.com/en/portal/products/elevated> and complete the process.

## Elevated

### Overview

Higher levels of access to the Twitter API for free with an approved application.

### Apps

3 environments per project

### Tweets

2M Tweets per month / Project

### Cost

free

Do you need Elevated access for your Project?

Apply

Click Apply and you can fill the required details to get elevated access.

**Step 10:** Open Virtual box and open Edureka VM and click the terminal. In the terminal check whether java,Hadoop,flume installed or not.

Use:

Java: **echo \$JAVA\_HOME**

Hadoop: **echo \$HADOOP\_HOME**

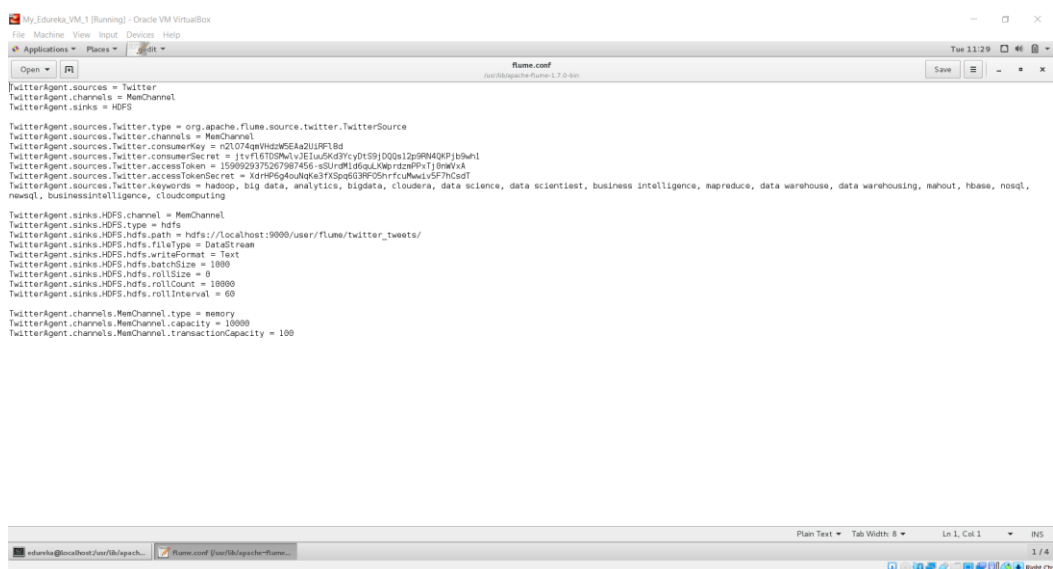
Flume: **echo \$FLUME\_HOME**

```
[edureka@localhost ~]$ echo $JAVA_HOME
/usr/lib/jvm/jdk1.8.0_144
[edureka@localhost ~]$ echo $HADOOP_HOME
/usr/lib/hadoop-2.8.1
[edureka@localhost ~]$ echo $FLUME_HOME
/usr/lib/apache-flume-1.7.0-bin
[edureka@localhost ~]$
```

**Step 11:** Open flume folder by using **cd \$FLUME\_HOME** and then type the command: **sudo gedit flume.conf**  
enter the password as **edureka**.

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[edureka@localhost ~]$ cd $FLUME_HOME
[edureka@localhost apache-flume-1.7.0-bin]$ sudo gedit flume.conf
[sudo] password for edureka:
```

**Step 12:** It will open a text editor with name flume.conf. Type the below code in the text editor



```
TwitterAgent.sources = Twitter
TwitterAgent.channels = MemChannel
TwitterAgent.sinks = HDFS

TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.type = org.apache.flume.source.twitter.TwitterSource
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.channels = MemChannel
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.consumerKey = n2l074qvwHd9SEa2UJRF18d
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.consumerSecret = jtv16T09MwlvJEIu5Kd9ry0t59j00q12p894QKjbbwhl
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.accessToken = l59602375257867456-sSUrndfUdQaU0eyrdz9PH1j9mWv4
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.accessTokenSecret = XdrP5q4uNqke3FXSpq636F05hrfcUmwlv57hCsdT
TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.keywords = hadoop, big data, analytics, bigdata, cloudera, data science, data scientist, business intelligence, mapreduce, data warehouse, data warehousing, mahout, hbase, nosql,
mooql, businessintelligence, cloudcomputing

TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.channel = MemChannel
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.type = hdfs
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.path = hdfs://localhost:9000/user/flume/tweets/
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.fileType = DataStream
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.writeFormat = Text
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.batchSize = 1000
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollSize = 0
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollCount = 10000
TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollInterval = 60

TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.type = memory
TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.capacity = 10000
TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.transactionCapacity = 100
```

TwitterAgent.sources = Twitter

TwitterAgent.channels = MemChannel

TwitterAgent.sinks = HDFS

TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.type = org.apache.flume.source.twitter.TwitterSource

TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.channels = MemChannel

TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.consumerKey = mLwXf4OeVAdHhJEATmZWbUyU5

TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.consumerSecret =  
85hWz7L8wN0RoMQTANQ73vkOAyrPNUHQ0XyUo56WWUTb9yU2AG

TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.accessToken = 1592433201540378624-  
D8RRUdsOzXpIRqoapJ86NEgDRGhD54

TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.accessTokenSecret =  
6qpZK6jU0CgPEH8KXQTzEA4xzPWGr2h4V5xOZZjrlefpk

TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.keywords = hadoop, big data, analytics, bigdata, cloudera,  
data science, data scientiest, business intelligence, mapreduce, data warehouse, data  
warehousing, mahout, hbase, nosql, newsq, businessintelligence, cloudcomputing

TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.channel = MemChannel

TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.type = hdfs

TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.path = hdfs://localhost:9000/user/flume/twitter/

TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.fileType = DataStream

TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.writeFormat = Text

TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.batchSize = 1000

TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollSize = 0

TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollCount = 10000

TwitterAgent.sinks.HDFS.hdfs.rollInterval = 60

TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.type = memory

TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.capacity = 10000

TwitterAgent.channels.MemChannel.transactionCapacity = 100

# After typing the above code save it by pressing Ctrl+S.

**Step 13:** Now go to Hadoop directory with command: **cd \$HADOOP\_HOME**

Then go to sbin directory with command: **cd sbin** and run the command: **./start-all.sh**

```
[edureka@localhost usr]$ cd $HADOOP_HOME
[edureka@localhost hadoop-2.8.1]$ cd sbin
[edureka@localhost sbin]$ ./start-all.sh
```

**Step 14:** In the terminal type command: **cd ..** until you get back to root folder(/).

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[edureka@localhost apache-flume-1.7.0-bin]$ cd ..
[edureka@localhost lib]$ cd ..
[edureka@localhost usr]$ cd ..
[edureka@localhost /]$
```

**Step 15:** After completion of step 14, use flume-ng agent to retrieve the data, to do that use the following command:

**flume-ng agent --name TwitterAgent --conf-file /\$FLUME\_HOME/flume.conf**

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[edureka@localhost /]$ flume-ng agent --name TwitterAgent --conf-file /$FLUME_HOME/flume.conf
```

**Output:**



edureka@localhost/

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

</body>  
</html>

22/11/15 11:51:35 WARN twitter4j.TwitterStreamImpl: This account is not in required role. 403:The request is understood, but it has been refused. An accompanying error message will explain why. This code is used when requests are being denied due to update limits (<https://support.twitter.com/articles/15364-about-twitter-limits-update-api-dm-and-following>).

&lt;html&gt;&lt;head&gt;&lt;meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8"/&gt;&lt;title&gt;Error 403

Please use V2 filtered and sample volume stream as alternatives

&lt;/title&gt;

&lt;/head&gt;

&lt;body&gt;

&lt;h2&gt;HTTP ERROR: 403&lt;/h2&gt;

&lt;p&gt;Problem accessing '/1.1/statuses/sample.json?stall\_warnings=true'. Reason:

&lt;pre&gt;

Please use V2 filtered and sample volume stream as alternatives

&lt;/pre&gt;

&lt;/body&gt;

&lt;/html&gt;

22/11/15 11:51:35 ERROR twitter.TwitterSource: Exception while streaming tweets

403:The request is understood, but it has been refused. An accompanying error message will explain why. This code is used when requests are being denied due to update limits (<https://support.twitter.com/articles/15364-about-twitter-limits-update-api-dm-and-following>).

&lt;html&gt;&lt;head&gt;&lt;meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8"/&gt;&lt;title&gt;Error 403

Please use V2 filtered and sample volume stream as alternatives

&lt;/title&gt;

&lt;/head&gt;

&lt;body&gt;

&lt;h2&gt;HTTP ERROR: 403&lt;/h2&gt;

&lt;p&gt;Problem accessing '/1.1/statuses/sample.json?stall\_warnings=true'. Reason:

&lt;pre&gt;

Please use V2 filtered and sample volume stream as alternatives

&lt;/pre&gt;

&lt;/body&gt;

&lt;/html&gt;

Relevant discussions can be found on the Internet at:

<http://www.google.co.jp/search?q=d0831b0b> or<http://www.google.co.jp/search?q=1db75513>

TwitterException(exceptionCode=[d0831b0b-1db75513], statusCode=403, message=null, code=-1, retryAfter=-1, rateLimitStatus=null, version=3.0.3)

at twitter4j.internal.http.HttpClientImpl.request(HttpClientImpl.java:177)

at twitter4j.internal.http.HttpClientWrapper.request(HttpClientWrapper.java:61)

at twitter4j.internal.http.HttpClientWrapper.get(HttpClientWrapper.java:89)

at twitter4j.TwitterStreamImpl.getSampleStream(TwitterStreamImpl.java:176)

at twitter4j.TwitterStreamImpl\$4.getStream(TwitterStreamImpl.java:164)

at twitter4j.TwitterStreamImpl\$TwitterStreamConsumer.run(TwitterStreamImpl.java:462)

edureka@localhost/

1 / 4